

## FISCAL YEAR 2024-25 BUDGET PUBLIC HEARING

June 11, 2024





## **AGENDA**



- Budget team
- Fiscal year 2023-24 budget update
- City Council priorities
- Proposed fiscal year 2024-25 budget and assumptions
- Five-year General Fund forecast
- Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)
- Budget strategies
- Questions





#### **BUDGET TEAM**

- Justin I.C. Murphy, City Manager
- Stephen Stolte, Assistant City Manager
- Nicole Nagaya, Deputy City Manager
- Brittany Mello, Administrative Services Director
- Jared Hansen, Assistant Administrative Services Director
- Rani Singh, Interim Finance and Budget Manager
- Ying Chen, Senior Accountant
- Adrian Patino, Management Analyst II





#### **BUDGET CONTRIBUTORS**

- General Administration
  - Nicole Casados, Judi Herren
- Administrative Services
  - Anna Peluffo, Sandy Pimentel
- Community Development
  - Deanna Chow, Vanh Malathong, Adam Patterson, Kyle Perata, Tim Wong
- Library and Community Services
  - Sean Reinhart, Nick Szegda, Ashley Walker
- Police
  - David Norris, Dani O'Connor
- Public Works
  - Azalea Mitch, Eren Romero







#### **ECONOMIC OVERVIEW**

- Economic trends do not indicate a recession, but higher interest rates will restrain growth throughout 2024
  - Real gross domestic product (GDP) increased at an annual rate of 1.3% in the first quarter of 2024 down from 3.4% in the fourth quarter of 2023
    - Primarily reflects an overall slowing of consumer spending
  - California's GDP grew at a 3.8% compound annual rate from the first to the third quarter of 2023 (the latest data available), faster than the U.S.
  - Federal Reserve not expected to decrease rates until later in the year
    - Higher interest rates will restrain growth
    - Prices in the California housing market continue to rise despite higher rates
  - U.S. labor markets remain strong
  - Potential risk factors include a government shutdown, geopolitical events, and economic policy changes following presidential election



## FISCAL YEAR 2023-24 GENERAL FUND YEAR-END PROJECTION



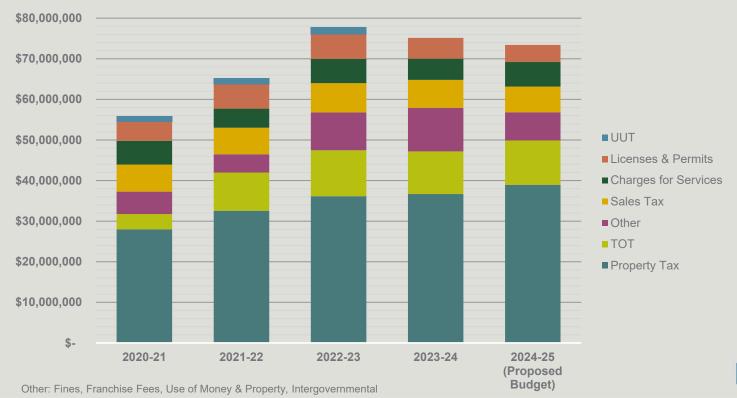
- Fiscal year 2023-24 is projected to have a surplus of \$3.1 million
  - Primarily due to savings from staff turnover and vacant positions
  - Slower spending due to reduced staff capacity

Fiscal year 2023-24 General Fund year-end projection				
Revenues	\$74,788,965			
Expenditures	(71,656,264)			
Surplus/(Deficit)	\$3,132,701			



# GENERAL FUND REVENUE TRENDS

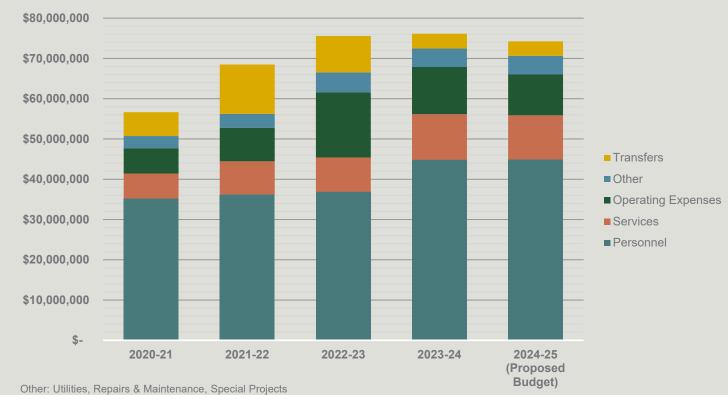






# GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURE TRENDS











#### **CITY COUNCIL PRIORITIES**

During the annual goal setting workshop on March 12, the City Council identified the following priorities:

- Climate action mitigation, adaptation and resilience
  - Launching the communitywide home electrification program
  - Upgrading City facilities at no cost for solar installation
  - Waiving fees, providing credits, and vouchers for eligible projects
- Emergency and disaster preparedness
  - Hired an emergency preparedness coordinator
  - Established an emergency shelter location at Belle Haven Community Campus (BHCC)
  - Continuing partnerships with other agencies and community organizations
- Housing
  - Implementing Housing Element programs
  - Finalizing new Environmental Justice Element and updates to Safety Element
  - Continuing development of multiple affordable residential and mixed-use housing projects
- Safe routes
  - Adoption of Vision Zero Action Plan
  - Ongoing pavement maintenance with focus on incorporating safety upgrades
  - Collaborating with other agencies, especially local schools





## FISCAL YEAR 2024-25 OPERATING BUDGET: REVENUE



- Key revenue assumptions
  - American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds were fully expended in fiscal year 2023-24, resulting in the loss of a \$3.7 million subsidy to the General Fund
  - Property Tax in Lieu of Vehicle License Fee (VLF) shortfall of \$2.0 million anticipated, which is approximately 2-3% of the General Fund
  - Utility Users Tax (UUT) annual revenue loss of \$1.7 million, which is approximately 2% of the General Fund
  - Sales Tax is \$0.5 million lower than the prior fiscal year budget due to the slowing of the economy and reallocation of prior year taxes
  - Development Agreements with Meta of \$1.45 million are now recorded separately in the Developer Special Revenue Fund per City Council direction
  - Planning and building permits are \$1.7 million lower due to less development activity, particularly in large development projects



## FISCAL YEAR 2024-25 OPERATING BUDGET: EXPENDITURES



- Key expenditure assumptions
  - Personnel
    - 292.5 full-time equivalent positions (FTEs)
    - General Fund supports an estimated 84% of City staff
    - Factored in a vacancy and turnover rate of 13%
  - Departments conducted a comprehensive review of their operating budgets to minimize expense growth while maintaining delivery of services.
    - Non-spendable operating factor of 10% added based on historical spending rates to account for lower staff capacity
    - Mid-year adjustments may be needed to accommodate expenditure levels
  - Transfer from the General Fund for the CIP of \$3.2 million
  - Additional CalPERS unfunded accrued liability (UAL) payment of \$1.1 million is needed to match the 15-year amortization schedule



## FISCAL YEAR 2024-25 OPERATING BUDGET: RESULTS



- Proposed fiscal year 2024-25 General Fund budget results in a deficit of \$0.82 million achieving operational efficiency while minimizing the use of reserves
  - Balanced using \$0.82 million in unassigned fund balance

Proposed fiscal year 2024-25 budget					
	General Fund	All other funds			
Revenues	\$73,412,487	\$98,155,055			
Expenditures	(74,231,260)	(97,819,049)			
Surplus/(Deficit)	\$(818,773)	\$336,006			





## FISCAL YEAR 2024-25 OPERATING BUDGET: RESERVES

- Projected General Fund Reserve Levels
  - Strategic pension: \$0.2 million
  - Emergency Contingency Reserve: \$11.1 million at 15% (meets policy minimum)
  - Economic Stabilization Reserve: \$14.8 million at 20% (meets policy minimum)
  - Unassigned: \$10.7 million

Fund Balance	2023-24 ending fund balance	2024-25 proposed budget	2024-25 ending fund balance
Strategic Pension Funding	\$1,326,164	\$(1,140,023)	\$186,141
Emergency Contingencies (15%)	\$11,307,250	\$(172,561)	\$11,134,689
Economic Stabilization (20%)	\$15,076,333	\$(230,081)	\$14,846,252
Unassigned	\$10,006,759	\$723,892	\$10,730,651
Total Fund Balance	\$37,716,506	\$(818,773)	\$36,897,733





#### SERVICE LEVEL ENHANCEMENTS

- Considering the challenges facing the General Fund, staff are proposing a limited number of service level enhancements:
  - Additional part-time benefited overnight parking enforcement position
    - Addition of 0.5 FTE
    - Annual recurring cost of \$40,013
  - Flock fixed license plate readers
    - Included based on City Council direction from May 7 study session
    - Annual recurring costs of \$112,500







- Revenue assumptions Property tax
  - Property Tax grows at an average of 4.5%
  - Assumes the shortfall from Property Tax in Lieu of Vehicle License Fee is repaid two years in arrears as historically has been the case
  - Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) rebate is held flat with the assumption that growth in the ERAF rebate will be used to pay the VLF
  - The State currently uses ERAF for its obligation to pay VLF to cities





- Revenue assumptions Other revenues
  - Transient Occupancy Tax grows at an average of 3.4%
  - Sales Tax grows at an average of 2.6%
  - Licenses & Permits increase an average of 3.0%, plus an additional \$0.5 million as development activity increases
  - Approximately \$1 million annual use of California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust for retiree premiums
  - Transfers of \$1 million from the Developer Special Revenue Fund for BHCC operations for 5 years per City Council direction





- Expense assumptions
  - Personnel costs forecasted using CalPERS actuarial data
    - 242 FTE total full-time equivalents (FTEs)
    - Includes vacancy and turnover rate assumption
    - Other benefits anticipated average growth of 7% annually
  - Additional UAL payment is approximately \$0.95 million annually
    - Calculated annually based on the value of the future benefits members are projected to receive that are not covered by current plan assets
    - Occurs when past actuarial assumptions are not met
    - Early payments increase the amount of investment earnings available to pay benefits and reduce the total contributions required by the City
    - Pension reserve will be will be depleted by the end of fiscal year 2025-26
    - Transfer for the CIP of approximately \$3.2 million, increased by an inflationary factor of 5% every 5 years



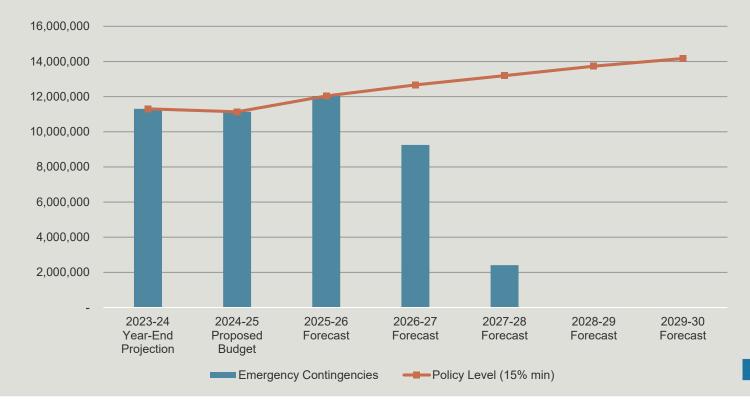


- Surplus/(Deficit) and Impacts to the Reserve
  - Total fund balance trends downward from \$36.9 million in the proposed fiscal year
     2024-25 budget to \$6.8 million in fiscal year 2029-30 forecast
  - Emergency Contingency Reserve (15% minimum policy level)
    - Falls below the minimum in fiscal year 2026-27
    - No longer funded in fiscal year 2028-29
  - Economic Stabilization Reserve (20% minimum policy level)
    - Falls below the minimum in fiscal year 2028-29



## GENERAL FUND RESERVE: EMERGENCY CONTINGENCY

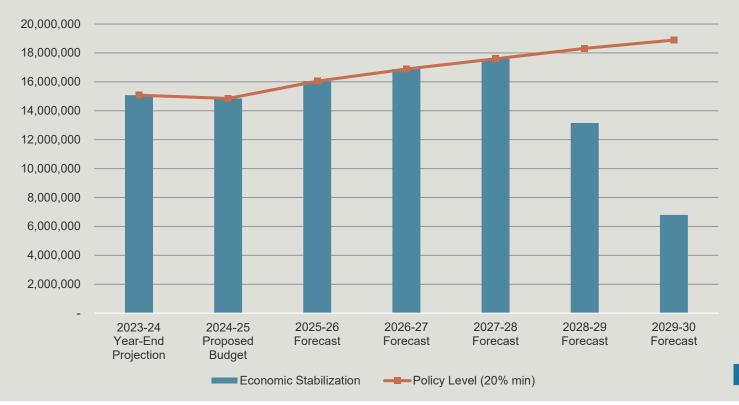






## GENERAL FUND RESERVE: ECONOMIC STABILIZATION











# FISCAL YEAR 2024-25 GENERAL FUND DEPARTMENT BUDGETS

Department	Revenues	Expenditures	FTEs
Police	\$449,000	\$(25,386,758)	69.5
Public Works	\$1,155,700	\$(17,332,995)	47.74
Library and Community Services	\$4,248,500	\$(14,284,305)	55.25
Community Development	\$3,723,050	\$(11,109,082)	33.5
General Administration	\$300	\$(7,022,248)	17.36
Administrative Services	-	\$(5,438,280)	18.75
Non-Departmental*	\$63,835,937	\$6,342,408	-
Total	\$73,412,487	\$(74,231,260)	242.1

<sup>\*</sup>Non-Departmental includes items not attributable to a specific department. Revenues include taxes, franchise fees, business licenses, and investment income. Expenditures include the vacancy and turnover factor, operating factor, and transfers to other funds.







### CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN (CIP)

- \$97 million CIP budget for 64 projects in the following areas:
- City buildings and systems: \$8.9 million
- Environment: \$3.2 million
- Parks and Recreation: \$9.5 million
  - Aquatic center maintenance and park improvements
  - Sport field renovations and court maintenance
- Stormwater: \$12.4 million

- Streets and sidewalks: \$16.7 million
  - Street resurfacing
- Transportation: \$31.0 million
  - Traffic signal modifications
  - Transportation projects
- Water: \$15.7 million
  - Water main replacement
  - Water system improvements





### **CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN (CIP)**

- Funding for the CIP comes from the following sources:
  - Special Revenue Funds: \$48.7 million
  - General Capital Projects Fund: \$32.6 million
    - Average annual transfer from the General Fund: \$4.7 million
  - City Municipal Water Fund: \$15.7 million
  - Grant Reimbursements
- \$11 million in ongoing needs each year
  - Streets, buildings, aquatics, water, traffic
  - Stormwater
    - \$67 million for the SAFER Bay project (2026-29)
  - Transportation
    - \$4 million quiet zone (2025-26)
    - \$17.5 million grade separation (2025-27)
  - Water
    - \$27 million for water storage (2026-27)





### FISCAL YEAR 2024-25 NEXT STEPS



- Staff requests direction from the City Council after considering the budget assumptions, the proposed budget including SLEs, and the five-year forecast
- Feedback received from the City Council will be incorporated into the proposed budget for adoption on June 25
- Proposed budget available on OpenGov: menlopark.gov/budget

