# **Planning Commission**



#### **REGULAR MEETING AGENDA**

Date: 2/8/2016
Time: 7:00 p.m.
City Council Chambers
701 Laurel St., Menlo Park, CA 94025

- A. Call To Order
- B. Roll Call

#### C. Reports and Announcements

Under "Reports and Announcements," staff and Commission members may communicate general information of interest regarding matters within the jurisdiction of the Commission. No Commission discussion or action can occur on any of the presented items.

#### D. Public Comment

Under "Public Comment," the public may address the Commission on any subject not listed on the agenda, and items listed under Consent Calendar. Each speaker may address the Commission once under Public Comment for a limit of three minutes. Please clearly state your name and address or political jurisdiction in which you live. The Commission cannot act on items not listed on the agenda and, therefore, the Commission cannot respond to non-agenda issues brought up under Public Comment other than to provide general information.

#### E. Consent Calendar

- E1. Approval of minutes from the January 11, 2016 Planning Commission meeting. (Attachment)
- E2. Architectural Control/Chris Hall/1029 El Camino Real: Request for architectural control to allow modifications to the façade of an existing commercial building in conjunction with a restaurant use in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district. The existing second floor would be reconfigured to include a dining area, but the gross floor area for the building would not increase as part of the project. (Staff Report #16-006-PC)

#### F. Public Hearing

#### F1. Use Permit/Andrea Henry/605 Cotton Street:

Request for a use permit to demolish an existing single-story, single-family residence and build a two-story, single-family residence with a basement on a substandard lot with regard to width in the R-1-S (Single Family Suburban) zoning district. In addition, one heritage fruitless mulberry tree (16.2-inch diameter), in poor condition, at the left side of the property would be removed. (Staff Report #16-008-PC)

- F2. Use Permit/Amin Ahmadi/427 Bay Road:
  - Request for a use permit for an addition to, and remodeling of, an existing, nonconforming one-story, single-family residence on a lot in the R-1-U (Single-Family Urban) zoning district. The value of the work would exceed 75 percent of existing replacement value in a 12-month period. *Item continued to a future meeting.*
- F3. Use Permit Revision/InVisage Technologies, Inc./990 Hamilton Avenue:
  Request for a revision to a use permit, previously approved in July 2011, for the indoor storage and use of hazardous materials for the research and development of novel semiconductor materials and devices in the M-2 (General Industrial) zoning district. (Staff Report #16-009-PC)
- F4. Use Permit/Henry Riggs/210 McKendry Drive:

Request for a use permit to add a second floor, as well as conduct interior modifications, to a single-family residence that would exceed 50 percent of the replacement value of the existing nonconforming structure in a 12-month period. The proposal would also exceed 50 percent of the existing floor area and is considered equivalent to a new structure. The subject parcel is located on a substandard lot in the R-1-U (Single-Family Urban) zoning district. (Staff Report #16-007-PC)

#### G. Informational Items

- G1. Future Planning Commission Meeting Schedule The upcoming Planning Commission meetings are listed here, for reference. No action will be taken on the meeting schedule, although individual Commissioners may notify staff of planned absences.
  - Regular Meeting: February 22, 2016
  - Regular Meeting: March 7, 2016
  - Regular Meeting: March 21, 2016

#### H. Adjournment

Agendas are posted in accordance with Government Code Section 54954.2(a) or Section 54956. Members of the public can view electronic agendas and staff reports by accessing the City website at <a href="https://www.menlopark.org">www.menlopark.org</a> and can receive e-mail notification of agenda and staff report postings by subscribing to the "Notify Me" service at <a href="menlopark.org/notifyme">menlopark.org/notifyme</a>. Agendas and staff reports may also be obtained by contacting the Planning Division at 650-330-6702. (Posted: 2/3/16)

At every Regular Meeting of the Commission, in addition to the Public Comment period where the public shall have the right to address the Commission on any matters of public interest not listed on the agenda, members of the public have the right to directly address the Commission on any item listed on the agenda at a time designated by the Chair, either before or during the Commission's consideration of the item.

At every Special Meeting of the Commission, members of the public have the right to directly address the Commission on any item listed on the agenda at a time designated by the Chair, either before or during consideration of the item.

Any writing that is distributed to a majority of the Commission by any person in connection with an agenda item is a public record (subject to any exemption under the Public Records Act) and is available for inspection at the City Clerk's Office, 701 Laurel St., Menlo Park, CA 94025 during regular business hours.

Persons with disabilities, who require auxiliary aids or services in attending or participating in Commission meetings, may call the City Clerk's Office at 650-330-6620.

# **Planning Commission**



#### **REGULAR MEETING MINUTES - DRAFT**

Date: 1/11/2016
Time: 7:01 p.m.
City Council Chambers
701 Laurel St., Menlo Park, CA 94025

#### A. Call To Order

Chair Onken called the meeting to order at 7:01 p.m.

#### B. Roll Call

Present: Andrew Combs, Katie Ferrick, John Kadvany, Larry Kahle, John Onken (Chair), Katherine Strehl (Vice Chair)

Absent: Susan Goodhue

Staff: Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner; Michele Morris, Assistant Planner; Corinna Sandmeier,

Associate Planner

#### C. Reports and Announcements

Principal Planner Thomas Rogers said the City Council at its January 12 meeting would consider the 133 Encinal Drive project. He said the project, 24 residential units on the former Roger Reynolds nursery site, was reviewed by the Planning Commission with a positive recommendation to the City Council with an encouragement to the applicant to work with neighbors regarding the rear building. He said the applicants have revised the plan in that area and staff was making a positive recommendation to the City Council to approve. He said the General Plan update or ConnectMenlo would have a zoning focus group meeting on Thursday, January 14. He said the draft zoning information has been released online.

Replying to Commissioner Katherine Strehl's question about the 133 Encinal Drive project, Principal Planner Rogers said the applicant had originally proposed to do one three-unit building in the rear with a residents' community amenities space in the former carriage house, but now would remove the carriage-style building. He said that would allow an increase to the first floor of the residential building, which would pull back the second story and reduce the potential for direct views to neighbors and limit the height from what was allowable.

Commissioner Katie Ferrick said that former Council Member Andy Cohen had passed away, and she wanted to acknowledge his many years of public service to the City and his focus on poverty alleviation and social justice. She said he had encouraged her to become involved in public service during a town hall meeting in 2003 at a neighborhood coffee house.

Commissioner John Kadvany asked about Facebook's plan to study the Dumbarton corridor. Principal Planner Rogers said that he did not have information beyond the news article he had seen, but he would find out if there was any additional information to share with the Commissioner

later.

#### D. Public Comment

There was none.

#### E. Consent Calendar

E1. Approval of minutes from the December 7, 2015 Planning Commission meeting. (Attachment)

**ACTION:** Motion and second (Strehl/Combs) to approve the minutes as submitted; passes 5-0 with Commissioner Ferrick abstaining and Commissioner Goodhue absent.

#### F. Public Hearing

F1. Use Permit/Karen Douglass/1253 University Drive:

Request for a use permit to demolish an existing single-story, single-family residence and detached garage and construct a new two-story, single-family residence with an attached garage on a substandard lot with regard to lot width and area in the R-1-U (Single-Family Urban) zoning district. (Staff Report #16-001-PC)

Staff Comment: Associate Planner Corinna Sandmeier said there was a correction to the data table to include the basement in the total square footage.

Applicant Comment: Mr. Alan Douglass said he and his wife Karen were the property owners.

Commissioner Larry Kahle noted the letter from the neighbor at 1265 University Drive and asked if they had addressed that neighbor's concerns about the facing windows and the location of the air conditioner.

Mr. Douglass said they had worked with that neighbor and relocated the air conditioning unit and reduced the size of the windows.

Replying to a question from Commissioner Ferrick, Mr. Douglass said the air conditioner unit would be in the light well in the left back corner if facing the house. Commissioner Ferrick asked if the neighbor on that side had been informed about the location of the air conditioner. Mr. Douglass said they had worked with that neighbor on the location of trees and that home's bedrooms were on the opposite side from their home.

Responding to a question from Commissioner Ferrick regarding the changes to the windows, Mr. Jim Stoecker, Stoecker and Northway Architects Incorporated, project architect, said they had raised the sill heights to 36-inches on all the side yard windows on the east and west. Commissioner Ferrick asked if both neighbors had an opportunity to review the changes. Mr. Stoecker said he sent an email to both neighbors regarding the change to the plans after they made their first revision.

Chair Onken asked about the first floor gable and roof junction on the south elevation, Mr. Stoecker said that they slipped the roof under the gable, noting the gable roof extends from the back to front yard.

Commissioner Strehl confirmed with the architect that the garage was two-car; she noted the data sheet showed a one-car garage, which was acknowledged as an error.

Commissioner Kahle said there were numerous and different roof. He said on the front elevation, the ridge from the back at the master bedroom would be visible from the street. Mr. Stoecker said that it would not appear as prominent on the structure as it appeared in the 2-D graphic. He said the only solution would be to bring that gable forward, and he thought a small gable would look odd on top of the ridge spanning from east to west.

Commissioner Ferrick asked for detail on why the property owners chose this particular design style on this lot. Mr. Stoecker said the lot was only 50-foot wide and substandard in lot size as well. He said the property owners' goals were to have a style appropriate for the community and to maximize the floor area ratio and lot coverage allowed. Commissioner Ferrick asked why they wanted to maximize the square footage. He said the 2,800 square feet allowed was modest compared to other homes in the area and the property owners wanted bedroom space. Commissioner Ferrick asked about energy efficiencies that might minimize the environmental impact of a large home. Mr. Stoecker said CalGreen standards required certain levels of efficiencies in development. He said additionally they would use spray-in insulation at the rafter level and would have a high-recovery water tank system. Commissioner Ferrick asked about the plate heights. Mr. Stoecker said the first floor plate height was eight-feet, nine-inches.

Chair Onken asked if a street parking space was lost due to the driveway widening. Associate Planner Sandmeier said she did not think there was a designated parking space in front of the project site.

Chair Onken opened the public hearing. There being no speakers, he closed the public hearing.

Commission Comment: Commissioner Kadvany noted that 10-foot of curb was being lost with the driveway widening and he suggested this loss of curb and street parking was something they needed to start paying attention to with development projects.

Recognized by the Chair, Mr. Stoecker said they had looked at how best to provide access to the two-car garage and protect a tree by doing a curb cut around it. He said there had been no comments received about on street parking space preservation. He said he was not sure if there were parking space marks on the street.

Commissioner Ferrick noted the Google photo showed a red curb there.

Commissioner Kahle said this was an R-1-U lot that interfaced with a commercial and more urban area. He said it was a nicely designed project with the exception of the piece of ridge toward the back of the house he would like to see eliminated. He moved to approve as recommended in the staff report. Commissioner Kadvany seconded the motion.

Commissioner Ferrick asked about landscape screening between the project and adjacent neighbors. Mr. Stoecker said they considered landscape screening particularly for the west side yard as that neighbor had a concern. He said an existing pittosporum and liquid amber tree were directly in front of the main two-story elements and almost as tall as the window heights on the second story, which greatly protected that adjacent property. He said on the other side that currently it was a driveway without plant screening. He said he did not think having a side yard path on that side would worsen the existing situation. Commissioner Ferrick said she disagreed as the project would be built to the five-foot setback where now there was open air, space and light. She suggested a robust planting plan of hedges or trees to reduce the impact to the neighbors' views of a large structure.

Commissioner Strehl said the project met all of the specific standards but was a very big house on a small lot. She said she would support the project but thought this amount of lot coverage was something to be discussed in an appropriate context such as residential design guidelines.

Commissioner Combs said he was supportive of the project. He suggested that more discussion regarding building to the maximums should occur.

Commissioner Ferrick said the design was beautiful but she wished the lot was much larger. She said this project was built to the maximum and all the elements that were allowed to encroach, such as the eaves and chimney, were encroaching. She said one reason a project like this had discretionary review rather than administrative review was for an experienced body like the Commission to look at the nuances of a project within the context of the neighborhood. She said with the lack of screening she would need to oppose the project.

Commissioner Kadvany said with this project and the area in which it was situated that there should be more of a setback on the second story element. He said if they needed to have a front facing garage, it should be pushed back so that visually living space was dominant.

Commissioner Combs said he understood the concerns being expressed. He said the neighborhood context in addition to the adjacent one-story and modest two-story residences was commercial and included a multi-story building.

In response to Chair Onken, Commissioner Ferrick said requiring a landscape plan would help alleviate her concerns. She said Commissioner Combs made a good point that there was greater density and more developable area in the larger area beyond the immediate neighbors' properties. She said however she was sensitive to the impact of a much more massive residence just five feet away from smaller scaled homes. She said the project would stand out because of the bulk.

Commissioner Kadvany suggested screening could be planted along the path on the west side. Mr. Stoecker said within the five-foot setbacks there were window pop-outs and they were trying to maintain a three-foot wide path. He said they would have about two feet of planting area and any planting would need to be a vertical shrub along the fence. Commissioner Kadvany said he thought it was essential to have a screening plan.

Chair Onken confirmed with Commissioners Kahle and Kadvany as the makers of the motion to approve and the second to add a condition for a landscaping plan.

Mr. Stoecker said that fortunately on the west side where they would have window bump outs there was quite a lot of screening on the neighbor's property including a liquid amber and pittosporum. He asked adjacent to the bum pouts if they could leave the area clear to the fence and create a little planting strip on either side of the bump outs so the path would weave around those.

Chair Onken said the plan needed to show clearly on either side what would be planted. He said they should work with staff on the details and then staff would email the Commission with it and ask if the Commission found it in conformance with the project approval.

Commissioner Kadvany asked whether the pavers were pervious. Mr. Stoecker said that they were interlocking pavers and as such partially pervious. Chair Onken said driveways were either pervious or not.

Commissioner Ferrick said a letter from a neighbor asked how airborne dust particles from the basement excavation would be mitigated. Mr. Stoecker said the only way was to water it; he said

they had talked with the neighbor about that concern. Commissioner Ferrick asked if the neighbor acknowledged their acceptance of that. Mr. Stoecker said they were fine with all the solutions and measures they had discussed including the curb cut around their tree, the basement excavation, and debris issue.

**ACTION:** Motion and second (Kahle/Kadvany) to approve the item with the following modification; passes 5-1 with Commissioner Ferrick opposed and Commissioner Goodhue absent.

- 1. Make a finding that the project is categorically exempt under Class 3 (Section 15303, "New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures") of the current CEQA Guidelines.
- 2. Make findings, as per Section 16.82.030 of the Zoning Ordinance pertaining to the granting of use permits, that the proposed use will not be detrimental to the health, safety, morals, comfort and general welfare of the persons residing or working in the neighborhood of such proposed use, and will not be detrimental to property and improvements in the neighborhood or the general welfare of the City.
- 3. Approve the use permit subject to the following *standard* conditions:
  - a. Development of the project shall be substantially in conformance with the plans prepared by Stoecker and Northway Architects Incorporated consisting of 12 plan sheets, dated received January 4, 2016, and approved by the Planning Commission on January 11, 2015, except as modified by the conditions contained herein, subject to review and approval by the Planning Division.
  - b. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all Sanitary District, Menlo Park Fire Protection District, and utility companies' regulations that are directly applicable to the project.
  - c. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all requirements of the Building Division, Engineering Division, and Transportation Division that are directly applicable to the project.
  - d. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall submit a plan for any new utility installations or upgrades for review and approval by the Planning, Engineering and Building Divisions. All utility equipment that is installed outside of a building and that cannot be placed underground shall be properly screened by landscaping. The plan shall show exact locations of all meters, back flow prevention devices, transformers, junction boxes, relay boxes, and other equipment boxes.
  - e. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit plans indicating that the applicant shall remove and replace any damaged and significantly worn sections of frontage improvements. The plans shall be submitted for review and approval of the Engineering Division.
  - f. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit a Grading and Drainage Plan for review and approval of the Engineering Division. The Grading and Drainage Plan shall be approved prior to the issuance of grading, demolition or building permits.

- g. Heritage and street trees in the vicinity of the construction project shall be protected pursuant to the arborist report by Kevin Kielty Arborist Services LLC, dated received December 18, 2015.
- 4. Approve the use permit subject to the following *project-specific* condition:
  - a. The lightwell on the left (east side) of the property shall be constructed using shotcrete techniques as described in the letter from GeoForensics Inc, dated received December 4, 2015. The building permit plans shall include clear specifications to this effect, subject to review and approval of the Planning Division.
  - b. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit an enhanced landscape plan, which shall have the objective of providing additional screening along both side property lines. The revised landscape plan shall be subject to review and approval of the Planning Division. The Planning Commission shall be notified by email of this action, and any Commissioner may request that the Planning Division's approval of the revised landscape plan may be considered at the next Planning Commission meeting. The revised landscape plan shall be fully approved prior to issuance of the overall building permit.
- F2. Use Permit/Cheryl Cheng/760 Hobart Street:

Request for a use permit to demolish an existing single-story residence and construct a new two-story residence with a basement on a substandard lot as to lot width in the R-1-S (Single Family Suburban Residential) zoning district. (Staff Report #16-002-PC)

Staff Comment: Assistant Planner Michele T. Morris said there were no additions to the staff report.

Applicant Comment: Mr. Jon Jang, project architect, said the home was a mixture of gables with shed roofs coming off those gables. He said the upper floor side walls were set back and there was a fair amount of articulation of the upper floor side wall mass. He said the front second-story massing was also setback. He said the garage although attached in front was mitigated somewhat by the veranda.

Chair Onken asked if they had considered the second-story view from the side facing windows and the neighbors' privacy. He said there was considerable fenestration on the east side.

Mr. Jang said the window placement had addressed not looking over into any of the neighbors' patio living area.

Chair Onken opened the public hearing. He closed the public hearing as there were no speakers.

Commission Comment: Chair Onken said in contrast to the last project they saw this project's mass was moved back on the second story. He said the roof lines were challenging but he appreciated the complexity. He said his only concern was the size of the windows on the second-story sides specifically on the east side, where there was a large pair of casements between two other windows with two-foot, six-inch sills. He said he would like the sill height to be higher on a side second-story wall.

Commissioner Kahle said the last project had six roof pitches and this one has nine roof pitches. He said his main concern was how the second-story massing on the front elevation seemed so much larger than that of the first story. He said he did not think the shed roof of the gable should

be tied into the main roof but should have a secondary ridge drop from there. He said he would like the massing addressed if not the roof pitches.

Chair Onken said this house from the street would be seen as a two-car garage. He asked if there was something they could do to mitigate the appearance of the double garage doors. Mr. Jang said he agreed with that but his client's preference was for a single garage door. Chair Onken said there were ways to visually alter the appearance so it did not look like a single garage door.

Mr. Jang said he could see Commission Kahle's point about not having the shed roof tie into the ridge but he worried that the shed roof pitch would get very shallow when viewed from the side. He said regarding pitch roof variations that they vary on the gables and while they looked prominent in the 2-D drawings he did not think people would notice them in reality from one gable to another.

Chair Onken said he was comfortable with varying roof pitches.

Commissioner Kahle said the siding was noted as vertical v-groove. He asked if this was intended to have a farmhouse type of look. Mr. Jang said it was not intended noting the client liked the v-groove look. Commissioner Kahle asked if they had thought about using some other material or vents for the gable noting there was a lot of the v-groove around the gables at the garage end and elsewhere. Mr. Jang said a vent or trellis would help.

Commissioner Kadvany said this was a 70-foot wide lot and the two-car garage was as prominent as it possibly could be. He said the existing home, which was a one-story was configured similarly, but it would be demolished. He said this was one of the nicest streets with some of the nicest homes in Menlo Park, and he could not support the project as designed. In reply to Chair Onken, Commissioner Kadvany said that possibly a side-facing garage would work.

Commissioner Ferrick said she thought there were options for split-look garage doors. She said if the garage was moved to a side entrance most of the front landscaping would be destroyed. She said there were two trees that would need to be removed for that type of garage placement. She concurred however with minimizing the garage face.

Commissioner Kahle said he still could not support the project. He said he thought the project needed another round of design refinement.

Commissioner Kadvany said that from the aerial view the garage would not line up with neighbors' garages.

Commissioner Ferrick said if they recommended to continue that she would like to see more articulation about the plant screening for the project. She said she was comfortable with the size of the house on this size lot.

Commissioner Kadvany moved to continue the project for redesign. Motion died for lack of a second.

Chair Onken said the garage door needed to be looked at; but also the roof form at the garage. He asked if the gable there had to come all the way out or whether it could stop and another roof pitch come down lower noting there was no habitable space over the garage except rafters. He said they were concerned about the size and prominence of the garage.

Commissioner Kahle asked about neighbor outreach. Assistant Planner Morris said the neighbors had received notices, and she had received no comments on the project.

Commissioner Strehl said she had to leave. She said she agreed the prominence of the garage was problematic. She said she felt some frustration with voting for a continuance because this project was a better house than the last one they approved and this project provided greater side setbacks.

Chair Onken noted Commissioner Strehl had departed. He said he would like to make a motion to continue the project.

Commissioner Combs said he could not vote for a continuance unless he knew the specific guidance they would provide to support the continuance.

Chair Onken said the desired changes he would like to see was to adjust the roof at the garage so there was not a full tall gable all the way to the front. He said if there was enough scope to do so the garage could be moved back. He said additionally the garage door could be articulated so it did not appear to be such a wide double-garage door.

Commissioner Kahle asked if the applicant could also create a more cohesive roof plane noting especially the second story front gable and how that affected the shed behind it. He suggested they also consider a better refinement of the materials noting the predominance of one material, and as suggested by Commissioner Ferrick some type of landscape plan.

Commissioner Combs said he could support a continuance based upon reducing the prominence of the garage door and providing landscaping plan information. He moved to second the motion.

**ACTION:** Motion and second (Onken/Combs) to continue the item with direction for redesign, in particular with regard to reducing the prominence of the; passes 5-0 with Commissioners Goodhue and Strehl absent.

#### G. Informational Items

- G1. Future Planning Commission Meeting Schedule The upcoming Planning Commission meetings are listed here, for reference. No action will be taken on the meeting schedule, although individual Commissioners may notify staff of planned absences.
  - Regular Meeting: January 25, 2016
  - Regular Meeting: February 8, 2016
  - Regular Meeting: February 22, 2016

#### H. Adjournment

Chair Onken adjourned the meeting at 8:28 p.m.

Staff Liaison: Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner

Recording Secretary: Brenda Bennett

# **Community Development**



#### **STAFF REPORT**

**Planning Commission** 

Meeting Date: 2/8/2016 Staff Report Number: 16-006-PC

Consent Calendar: Architectural Control/Chris Hall/1029 El Camino

Real

#### Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve the architectural control to allow modifications to the façade of an existing commercial building in conjunction with a restaurant use, located at 1029 El Camino Real in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district. The existing second floor would be reconfigured to include a dining area, but the gross floor area for the building would not increase as part of the project. The recommended actions are contained within Attachment A.

#### **Policy Issues**

Each architectural control request is considered individually. The Planning Commission should consider whether the required architectural control findings can be made for the proposal.

#### **Background**

#### Site location

The subject property is located at 1029 El Camino Real, on the west side of El Camino Real between Santa Cruz Avenue and Menlo Avenue, where El Camino Real is oriented in a north-south direction, in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district. Johnson Lane, a service alley, is located along the rear of the property. The property consists of a two-story commercial building with three tenant spaces. Restaurant uses have occupied the subject tenant space since 1995, with Menlo Hub, a full-service restaurant with live entertainment, being the most recent tenant. The two other tenant spaces in the building are both currently occupied by small-scale commercial recreational uses. A location map is included as Attachment B.

Surrounding properties are likewise in the SP-ECR/D zoning district, and consist of a mix of commercial uses (retail, restaurant, offices). The adjacent parcel to the south (1001 El Camino Real) includes both ground-floor commercial space and residential units on the second floor. The adjacent parcel to the rear across Johnson Lane is a private parking lot that serves the subject property, and is owned by the owner of the subject property.

#### **Analysis**

#### **Project description**

The applicant is proposing to modify the front and rear building façades as part of the tenant improvements for a full-service restaurant, with minor site improvements on an adjacent parking lot property serving the subject property. The floor area would be reconfigured between the two floors within the subject tenant space to allow a dining area on the second floor, but would not result in an increase in gross floor area. The project plans and the applicant's project description letter are included as Attachments C and D, respectively.

#### Design and materials

The applicant is requesting exterior façade modifications as part of the tenant improvements for the restaurant use.

The proposed changes to the front (El Camino Real) façade would include the following:

- Replace the existing decorative panels and light fixtures above the awning with cedar wood slat panels and new light fixtures;
- Replace the existing wood awning with a steel canopy, and install heaters under the new canopy;
- Replace all existing storefront windows and main entry door;
- Add an exit door and vestibule;
- Install black tile wainscot; and,
- Remove existing building signage. New signs would be reviewed under a separate permit.

The proposed changes to the rear (Johnson Lane) façade would include the following:

- Remove the existing menu display window and fill with stucco wall;
- Replace the existing door; and,
- · Remove windows above the existing door and extend existing stucco wall.

The applicant is proposing to modify the color scheme on both elevations to include stucco walls painted in light grey with dark grey accent walls, and dark brown parapet cornice. These colors would be complemented by the cedar wood slat decorative panels, black steel canopy, and black wainscot tiles on the front façade.

The applicant is also proposing to add new rooftop mechanical installations. As currently proposed, some of the equipment could be visible along public streets. Condition 4a has been included to ensure that rooftop equipment would be screened from view from publicly accessible spaces.

Staff believes that the proposed changes are appropriate for the proposed restaurant use and would be compatible with the existing and surrounding buildings. Staff believes these changes would comply with relevant El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan design standards and guidelines, as documented in Attachment E, and would represent a comprehensive, cohesive aesthetic update.

#### Gross floor area

The proposed renovations would result in a substantially reconfigured floor plan where existing square footage would be reallocated between the two floors. Changes that would result in a reduction of floor area include the vestibule for a new exit door along the front and expanding the rear service entry vestibule. Expansions would occur on the second level to accommodate a dining area. The proposed utility equipment closets are eligible for exclusion from the gross floor area (GFA) calculation. A summary of the proposed changes to the gross floor area is provided in the following table:

Table 1: Gross Floor Area (GFA) Summary					
Existing Proposed Floor GFA GFA Change					
Ground Floor	4513.9 sf	4381.4 sf	-132.5 sf		
Second Floor	865.5 sf	996.6 sf	+131.1 sf		
TOTAL	5379.4 sf	5378.0 sf	-1.4 sf		

With the removal of square footage on the ground floor and other floor plan changes, the proposed project would result in a slight overall reduction of 1.4 square foot of gross floor area as compared with existing conditions. Any proposal to modify floor area may be subject to further review and discretionary approval.

#### On-site consumption of alcohol

The sale of alcoholic beverages is regulated by both the City and the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC). The subject site had previously been granted a license for the sale of beer, wine, and liquor for on-site consumption from the ABC (ABC Type 47, "On-Sale General for Bona Fide Public Eating Place") as part of the operation of the previous restaurants. The applicant is in the process of applying for the same type of liquor license (ABC Type 47) to include alcohol service inside the building. Given that the site had previously been approved for on-site consumption of alcohol, no additional discretionary approval is required for the proposed on-site consumption of alcoholic beverages as part of the restaurant use. As included in condition 4b, any citation or violation of the liquor license would be grounds for considering revocation of the architectural control.

#### Parking and circulation

A private parking lot located at the southeast corner of Menlo Avenue and Johnson Lane, to the rear of the subject property, has historically provided off-street parking for the subject property. Because the project would not increase the current GFA, no additional parking is required to be provided. The parking lot currently contains 24 vehicular parking spaces, a bicycle rack for five bicycles, and an uncovered trash enclosure. In order to bring the parking lot into compliance with accessibility requirements, minor restriping is proposed to create a compliant accessible parking space. The proposed restriping would result in an overall reduction of two vehicular parking spaces, but would preserve the five bicycle parking spaces through relocation of the existing bicycle rack. The Zoning Ordinance specifies that elimination of parking spaces in order to comply with accessibility requirements is not considered nonconforming in regards to

parking. As part of the recommended condition 4c, the applicant would be required to construct a cover over this parking lot's uncovered trash enclosure, which would prevent the contamination of stormwater runoff.

#### Correspondence

Staff has not received any items of correspondence on the proposed project.

#### **Conclusion**

Staff believes that the scale, materials, and proposed design would be compatible with the existing building and other commercial buildings in the area. The proposed contemporary design elements, such as the cedar slat panels, metal canopy, and revised color scheme would update the building's design. The proposed project is a cohesive aesthetic update, and would comply with relevant El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan design standards and guidelines. Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve the proposed project.

#### **Impact on City Resources**

The project sponsor is required to pay Planning, Building and Public Works permit fees, based on the City's Master Fee Schedule, to fully cover the cost of staff time spent on the review of the project.

#### **Environmental Review**

The Specific Plan process included detailed review of projected environmental impacts through a program Environmental Impact Report (EIR), as required by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). In compliance with CEQA requirements, the Draft EIR was released in April 2011, with a public comment period that closed in June 2011. The Final EIR, incorporating responses to Draft EIR comments, as well as text changes to parts of the Draft EIR itself, was released in April 2012, and certified along with the final Plan approvals in June 2012.

The proposed project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines, and as such, no additional environmental analysis is required above and beyond the Specific Plan EIR. However, relevant mitigation measures from this EIR have been applied and would be adopted as part of the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP), which is included as Attachment F. Mitigation measures include construction-related best practices regarding noise and the handling of any hazardous materials. The MMRP also includes a completed mitigation measure relating to cultural resources: due to the age of the structure being greater than 50 years, a historic resource evaluation was prepared as part of the initial project review. This review, which was conducted by a qualified architectural historian, concluded that the building is not eligible for listing in the State or National historic registers. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in any significant impacts to historic resources.

#### **Public Notice**

Public Notification was achieved by posting the agenda, with the agenda items being listed, at least 72 hours prior to the meeting. Public notification also consisted of publishing a notice in the local newspaper and notification by mail of owners and occupants within a 300-foot radius of the subject property.

#### **Appeal Period**

The Planning Commission action will be effective after 15 days unless the action is appealed to the City Council, in which case the outcome of the application shall be determined by the City Council.

#### **Attachments**

- A. Recommended Actions
- B. Location Map
- C. Project Plans
- D. Project Description Letter
- E. Specific Plan Standards and Guidelines Compliance Worksheet
- F. Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

#### **Disclaimer**

Attached are reduced versions of maps and diagrams submitted by the applicants. The accuracy of the information in these drawings is the responsibility of the applicants, and verification of the accuracy by City Staff is not always possible. The original full-scale maps, drawings and exhibits are available for public viewing at the Community Development Department.

#### **Exhibits to Be Provided at Meeting**

Color and Material Samples

Report prepared by: Jean Lin, Senior Planner

Report reviewed by:

Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner

#### 1029 El Camino Real – Attachment A: Recommended Actions

**LOCATION: 1029 EI** PROJECT NUMBER: **APPLICANT: Chris Hall** OWNER: Linmax Camino Real PLN2015-00075 Trading and Investment Company REQUEST: **DECISION ENTITY: Planning** DATE: February 8, 2016 **ACTION: TBD** Commission

VOTE: TBD (Combs, Ferrick, Goodhue, Kadvany, Kahle, Onken, Strehl)

#### ACTION:

- 1. Make findings with regard to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) that the proposal is within the scope of the project covered by the El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan Program EIR, which was certified on June 5, 2012. Specifically, make findings that:
  - a. The project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current CEQA Guidelines.
  - b. Relevant mitigation measures have been incorporated into the project through the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (Attachment F), which is approved as part of this finding.
- 2. Adopt the following findings, as per Section 16.68.020 of the Zoning Ordinance, pertaining to architectural control approval:
  - a. The general appearance of the structure is in keeping with the character of the neighborhood.
  - b. The development will not be detrimental to the harmonious and orderly growth of the City.
  - c. The development will not impair the desirability of investment or occupation in the neighborhood.
  - d. The development provides adequate parking as required in all applicable City Ordinances and has made adequate provisions for access to such parking.
  - e. The development is consistent with the El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan, as verified in detail in the Standards and Guidelines Compliance Worksheet (Attachment E).
- 3. Approve the architectural control subject to the following standard conditions:
  - a. Development of the project shall be substantially in conformance with the plans provided by Eaton Hall Architecture, consisting of seven plan sheets, dated received February 1, 2016. and approved by the Planning Commission on February 8, 2016 except as modified by the conditions contained herein, subject to review and approval of the Planning Division.
  - b. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all Sanitary District, Menlo Park Fire Protection District, Recology, and utility companies' regulations that are directly applicable to the project.
  - c. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall comply with all requirements of the Building Division, Engineering Division, and Transportation Division that are directly applicable to the project.
  - d. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit plans indicating that the applicant shall remove and replace any damaged and significantly worn sections of frontage improvements. The plans shall be submitted for review

**PAGE**: 1 of 2

#### 1029 El Camino Real - Attachment A: Recommended Actions

LOCATION: 1029 EI Camino Real

PROJECT NUMBER: PLN2015-00075

APPLICANT: Chris Hall OWNER: Linmax Trading and Investment Company

REQUEST:

DECISION ENTITY: Planning Commission

DATE: February 8, 2016

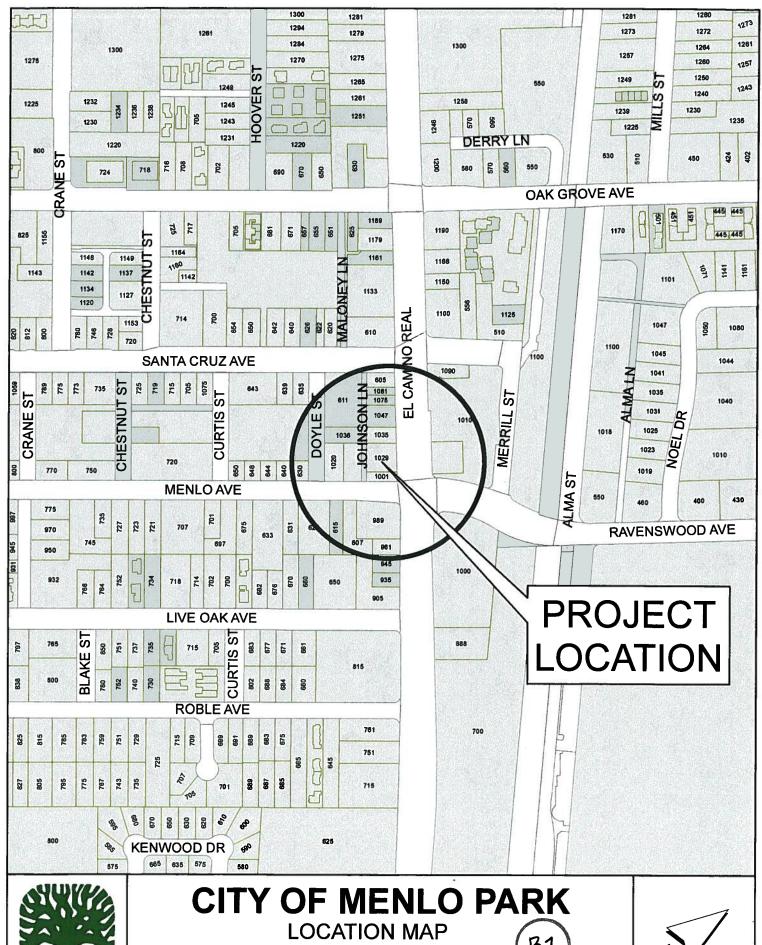
ACTION: TBD

VOTE: TBD (Combs, Ferrick, Goodhue, Kadvany, Kahle, Onken, Strehl)

#### **ACTION:**

and approval of the Engineering Division.

- e. Prior to commencing any construction activities in the public right-of-way or public easements, including, but not limited to, installation of the proposed canopy over the public sidewalk, the applicant shall obtain an encroachment permit for review and approval of the Engineering Division.
- 4. Approve the architectural control subject to the following *project-specific* conditions:
  - a. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit revised plans showing rooftop mechanical installations are screened from view from publicly accessible spaces, subject to review and approval of the Planning Division.
  - b. Any citation or notification of violation by the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control or other agency having responsibility to assure public health and safety for the sale of alcoholic beverages will be grounds for considering revocation of the architectural control.
  - c. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit plans showing a cover over the existing trash enclosure in the adjacent private parking lot located at the southeast corner of Menlo Avenue and Johnson Lane, subject to review and approval of the Planning Division and Engineering Division.



MENLO PARK

1029 EL CAMINO REAL

DRAWN: TAS CHECKED: JPL

DATE: 2/8/16

SCALE: 1" = 300' SHEET: 1 FEB 0 1 2016

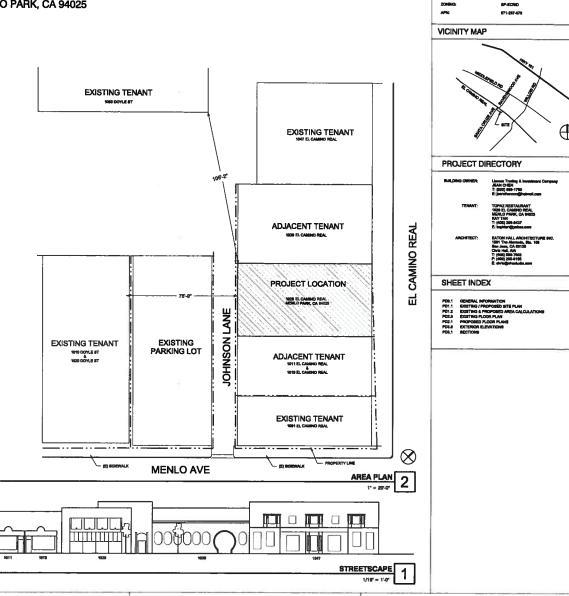
CITY OF MENLO PARK BUILDING

# TOPAZ RESTAURANT T.I.

EXTERIOR FACADE IMPROVEMENT

01/27/2016

1029 EL CAMINO REAL MENLO PARK, CA 94025



**GENERAL INFORMATION** 

TEL 408.265.5255 FAX 408.265.6153

TOPAZ RESTAURANT T.I. 1029 EL CAMINO REAL MENLO PARK, CA 94025

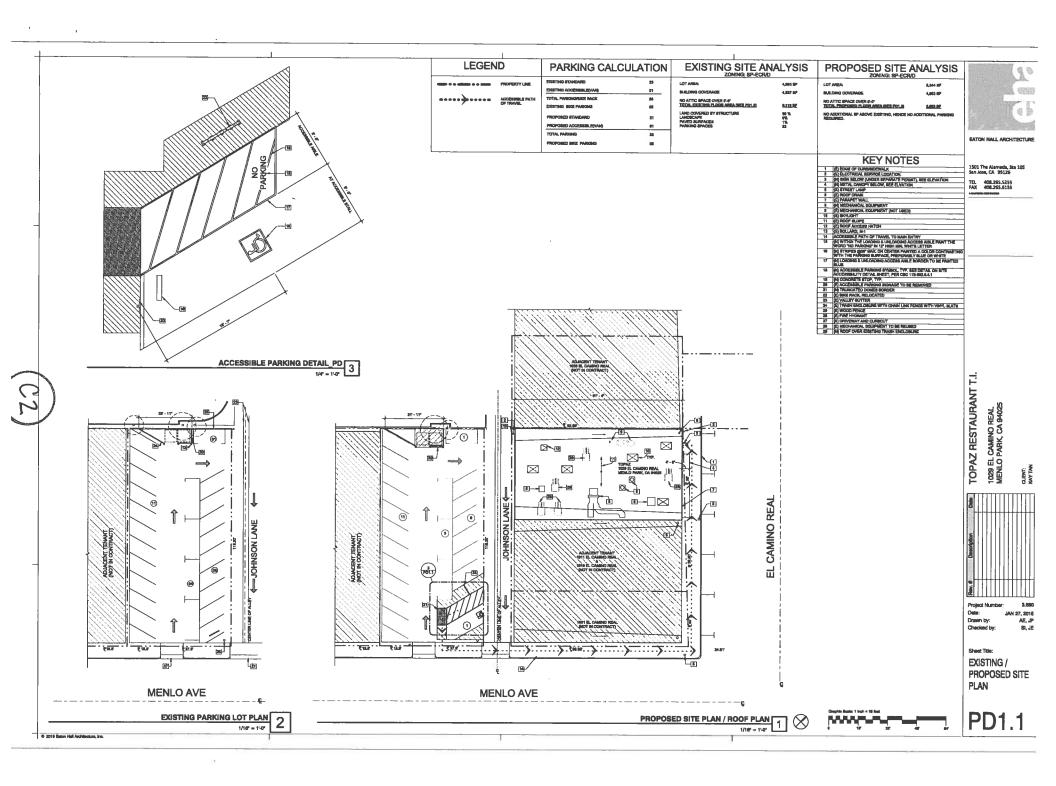
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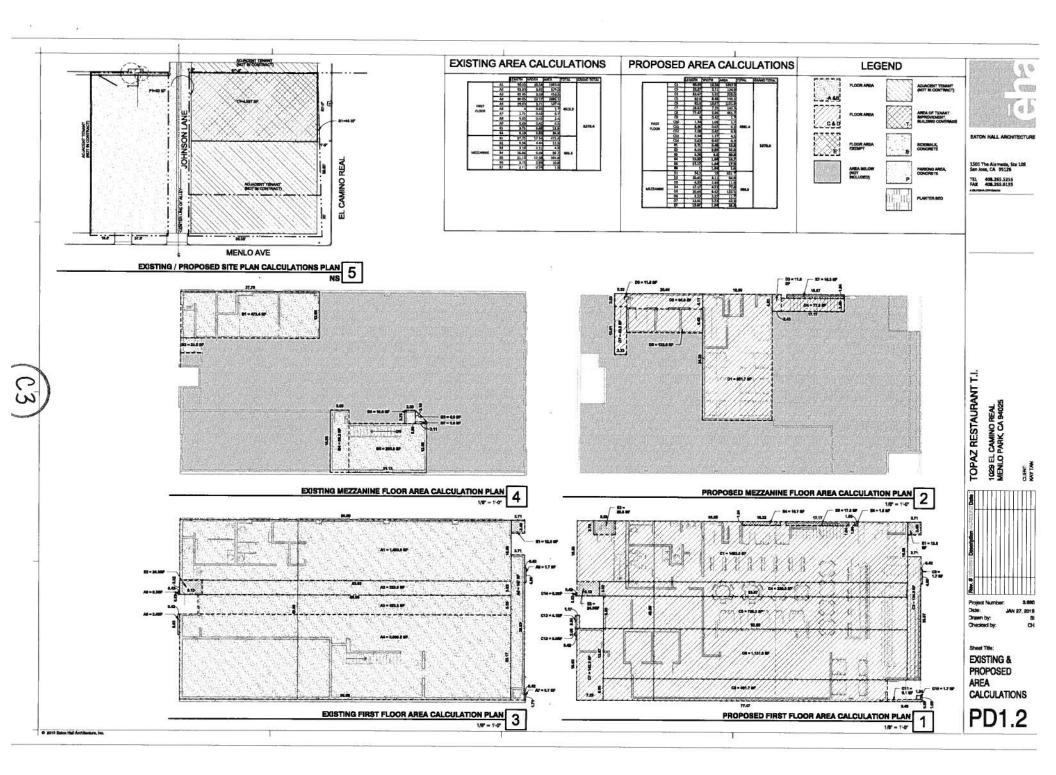
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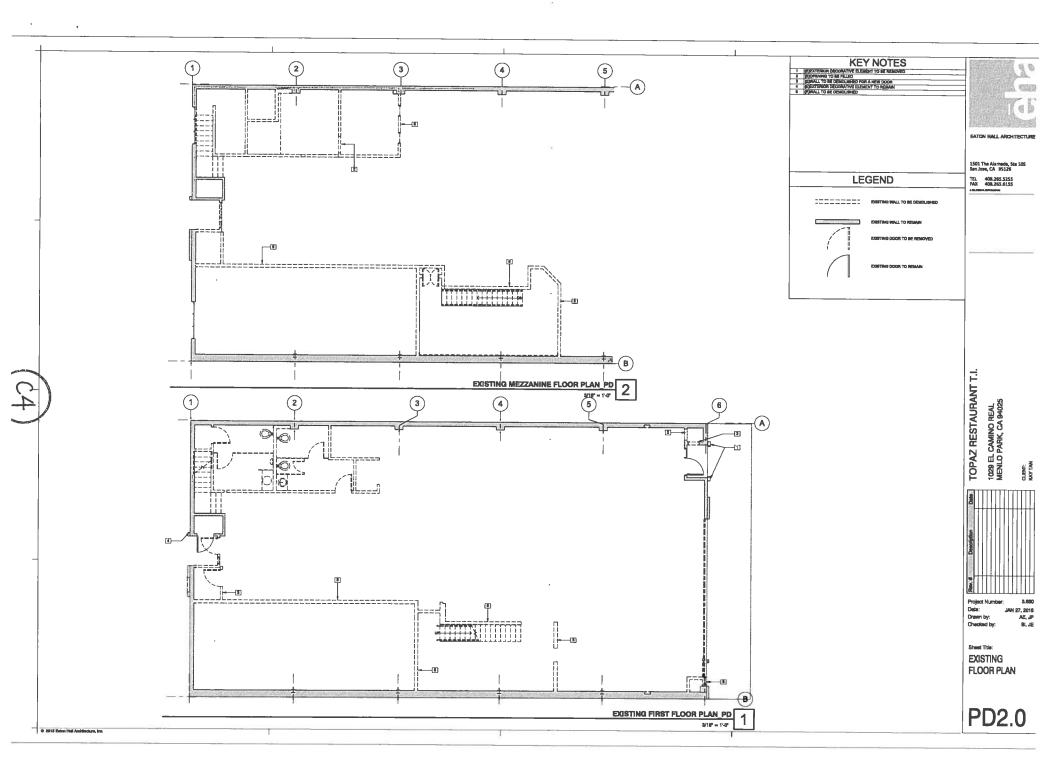
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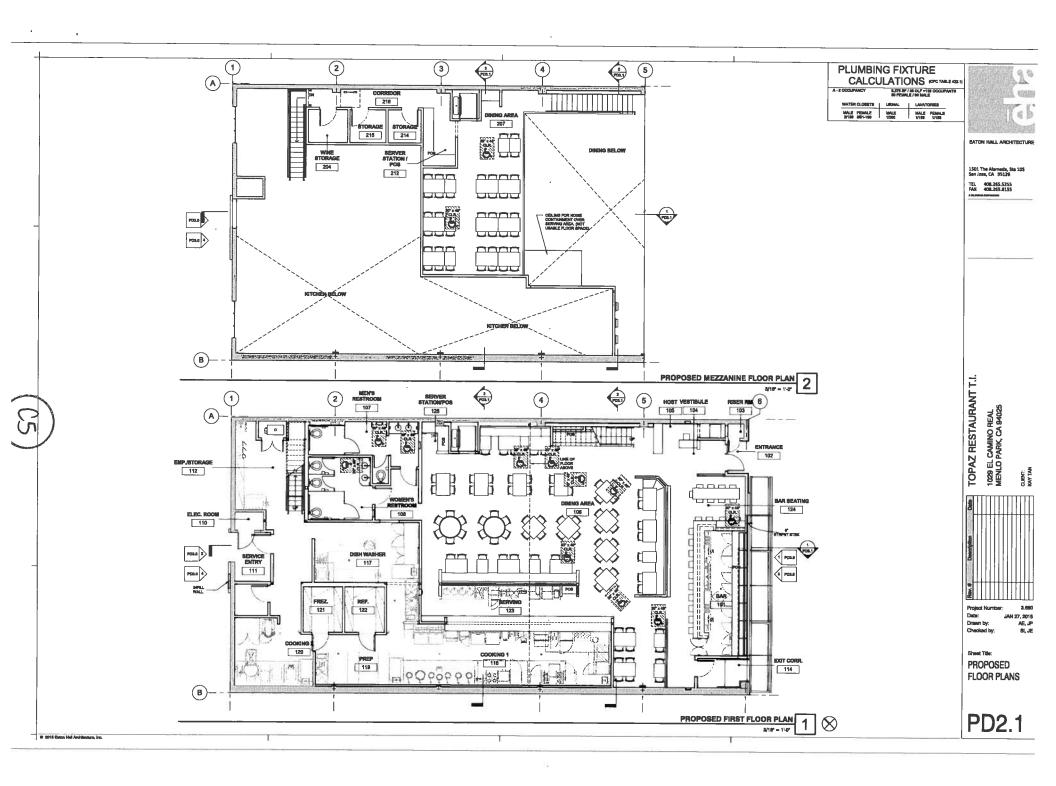
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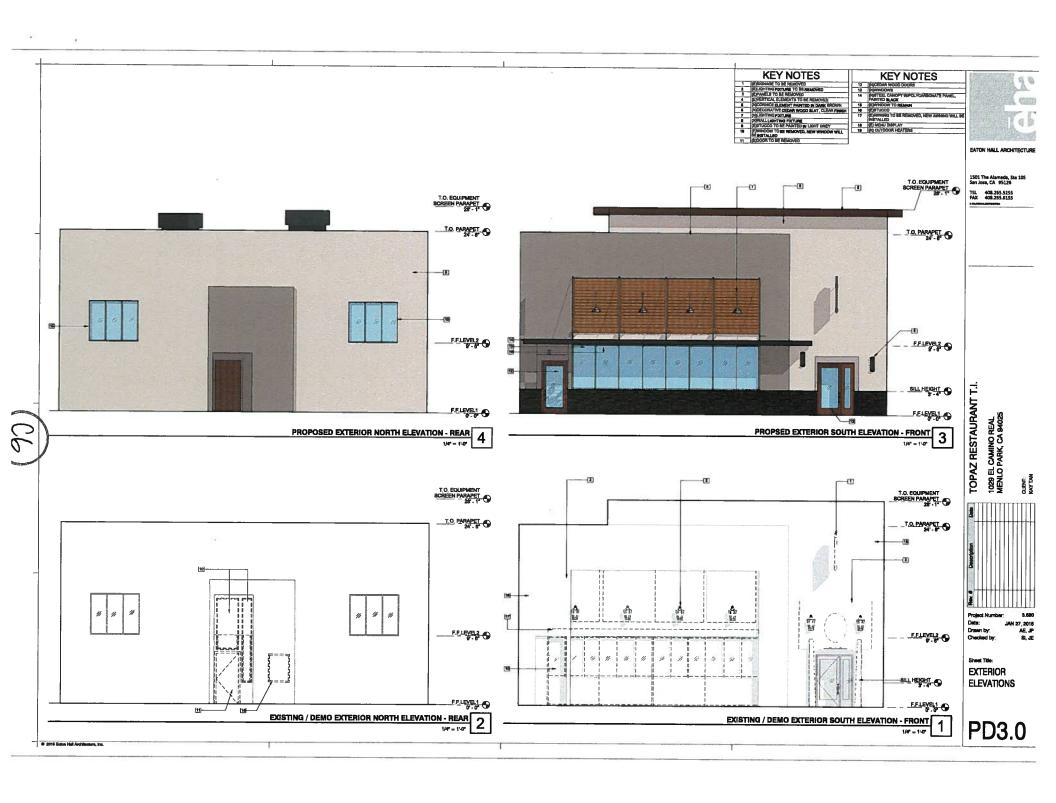
O 2015 Eaton Hall Architecture, Inc.

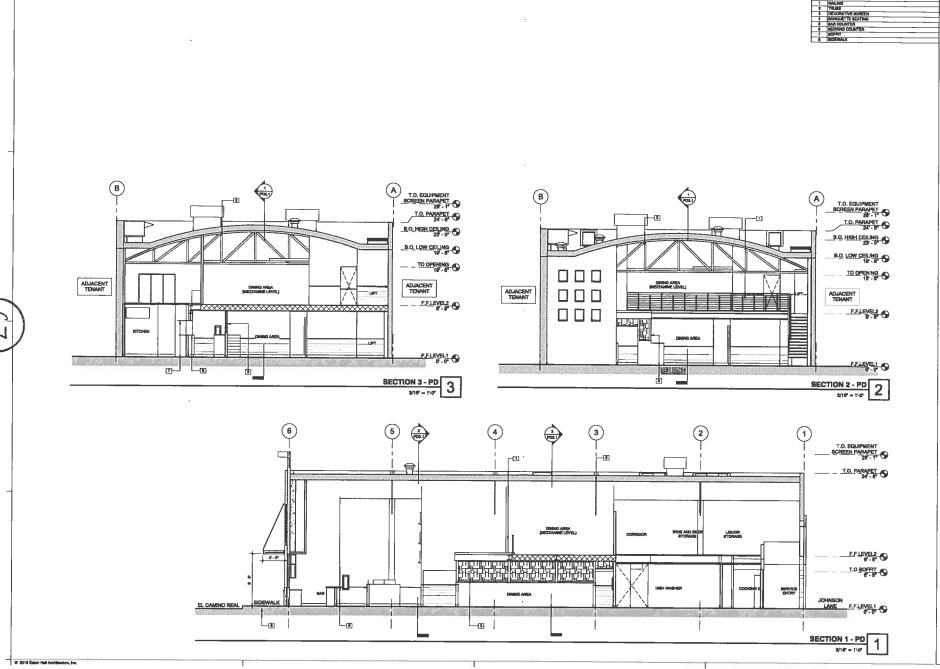












**KEY NOTES** 

EATON HALL ARCHITECTURE

1501 The Alamede, Ste 105 Sen Jose, CA 95126

TEL 408.265.5255 FAX 408.265.6155

TOPAZ RESTAURANT T.I. 1029 EL CAMINO REAL MENLO PARK, CA 94025



Sheet Title:

Sheet Title: SECTIONS

PD3.1





# **Project Description - 1029 El Camino Real**

The proposed project will be an interior tenant improvement for a 5,378 sf restaurant in an existing building with modifications to the façade along El Camino Real. The proposed floor area is lower than the previous restaurant tenant (5,379.4 sf).

The scope of work of exterior improvements includes replacement of existing windows along El Camino Real to add aluminum storefront that will allow more light into the space. Also proposed are replacement of exterior panels with wood panels and replacement of exterior light fixtures. Site improvements include restriping of the existing parking lot to provide an accessible parking space in conformance with current code requirements.

The proposed façade modifications aim to improve the presence of the building along El Camino Real while maintaining the character and architectural style guidelines in the Downtown Specific Plan. The materials proposed as a part of the Exterior Improvements are stucco (see elevations for paint colors), aluminum storefront, decorative wood paneling, tile wainscot, and metal awning.

Section	Standard or	Requirement	Evaluation
	Guideline		V <del>-Vilouis</del>
E.3.1 Deve	lopment Intensi	ty	
E.3.1.01	Standard	Business and Professional office (inclusive of medical and dental office) shall not exceed one half of the base FAR or public benefit bonus FAR, whichever is applicable.	Not Applicable: No office uses occur on the site.
E.3.1.02	Standard	Medical and Dental office shall not exceed one third of the base FAR or public benefit bonus FAR, whichever is applicable.	Not Applicable: No office uses occur on the site.
E.3.2 Heig			
E.3.2.01	Standard	Roof-mounted mechanical equipment, solar panels, and similar equipment may exceed the maximum building height, but shall be screened from view from publicly-accessible spaces.	Conditionally Complies: New rooftop equipment would be installed, and some existing rooftop equipment are proposed to remain. Existing and proposed rooftop installations would not be visible along El Camino Real due to the higher parapet along the front elevation. Some equipment may be visible from Menlo Avenue and/or Doyle Street due to the lower parapet along the rear elevation. Recommended condition of approval 4a would ensure that rooftop equipment would be screened from view from publicly-accessible spaces.
E.3.2.02	Standard	Vertical building projections such as parapets and balcony railings may extend up to 4 feet beyond the maximum façade height or the maximum building height, and shall be integrated into the design of the building.	Not Applicable: No changes are proposed to the existing building parapet. Existing parapet design is integrated with the building.
E.3.2.03	Standard	Rooftop elements that may need to exceed the maximum building height due to their function, such as stair and elevator towers, shall not exceed 14 feet beyond the maximum building height. Such rooftop elements shall be integrated into the design of the building.	Not Applicable: No stair or elevator towers are proposed.
E.3.3 Setba	cks and Project	tions within Setbacks	<u> </u>
E.3.3.01	Standard	Front setback areas shall be developed with sidewalks, plazas, and/or landscaping as appropriate.	Not Applicable: The existing building is constructed up to the front property line, and no changes are proposed to the front setback.
E.3.3.02	Standard	Parking shall not be permitted in front setback areas.	Complies: No parking is proposed within the front setback area.
E.3.3.03	Standard	In areas where no or a minimal setback is required, limited setback for store or lobby entry recesses shall not exceed a maximum of 4-foot depth and a maximum of 6-foot width.	Complies: The main entry is recessed approximately 3.7 feet from the primary building façade. A new exit door is proposed along the El Camino Real frontage that would need to be recessed approximately 9.5 feet in order to meet egress accessibility requirements, as the sidewalk is not flush with the interior slab at that location. However, the exit door is a secondary door and would not serve as the building entry.

Section	Standard or Guideline	<u>Requirement</u>	<u>Evaluation</u>
E.3.3.04	Standard	In areas where no or a minimal setback is required, building projections, such as balconies, bay windows and dormer windows, shall not project beyond a maximum of 3 feet from the building face into the sidewalk clear walking zone, public right-of-way or public spaces, provided they have a minimum 8-foot vertical clearance above the sidewalk clear walking zone, public right-of-way or public space.	Not Applicable: No building projections are proposed.
E.3.3.05	Standard	In areas where setbacks are required, building projections, such as balconies, bay windows and dormer windows, at or above the second habitable floor shall not project beyond a maximum of 5 feet from the building face into the setback area.	Not Applicable: No building projections are proposed.
E.3.3.06	Standard	The total area of all building projections shall not exceed 35% of the primary building façade area. Primary building façade is the façade built at the property or setback line.	Not Applicable: No building projections are proposed.
E.3.3.07	Standard	Architectural projections like canopies, awnings and signage shall not project beyond a maximum of 6 feet horizontally from the building face at the property line or at the minimum setback line. There shall be a minimum of 8-foot vertical clearance above the sidewalk, public right-of-way or public space.	Complies: Proposed new metal canopy extending over the sidewalk along El Camino Real would have a vertical clearance of 9.5 feet over the sidewalk. See sheet PD3.1.
E.3.3.08	Standard	No development activities may take place within the San Francisquito Creek bed, below the creek bank, or in the riparian corridor.	Not Applicable: The site is not near San Francisquito Creek.
E.3.4 Mass	ing and Modula		
E.3.4.1 Bui	Iding Breaks		
E.3.4.1.01	Standard	The total of all building breaks shall not exceed 25 percent of the primary façade plane in a development.	Not Applicable: No building breaks are proposed.
E.3.4.1.02	Standard	Building breaks shall be located at ground level and extend the entire building height.	Not Applicable: No building breaks are proposed.
E.3.4.1.03	Standard	In all districts except the ECR-SE zoning district, recesses that function as building breaks shall have minimum dimensions of 20 feet in width and depth and a maximum dimension of 50 feet in width. For the ECR-SE zoning district, recesses that function as building breaks shall have a minimum dimension of 60 feet in width and 40 feet in depth.	Not Applicable: No building recesses functioning as breaks are proposed.
E.3.4.1.04	Standard	Building breaks shall be accompanied with a major change in fenestration pattern, material and color to have a distinct treatment for each volume.	Not Applicable: No building breaks are proposed.
E.3.4.1.05	Standard	In all districts except the ECR-SE zoning district, building breaks shall be required as shown in Table E3.	Not Applicable: No building breaks are proposed.



Section	Standard or	Requirement	<u>Evaluation</u>
F34106	<u>Guideline</u> Standard	In the ECR-SE zoning district and	Not Applicable: Site is not in the ECR SE
E.3.4.1.06	Standard	In the ECR-SE zoning district, and consistent with Table E4 the building breaks shall:  Comply with Figure E9; Be a minimum of 60 feet in width, except where noted on Figure E9; Be a minimum of 120 feet in width at Middle Avenue; Align with intersecting streets, except for the area between Roble Avenue and Middle Avenue; Be provided at least every 350 feet in the area between Roble Avenue and Middle Avenue; where properties under different ownership coincide with this measurement, the standard side setbacks (10 to 25 feet) shall be applied, resulting in an effective break of between 20 to 50 feet.  Extend through the entire building height and depth at Live Oak Avenue, Roble Avenue, Middle Avenue, Partridge Avenue and Harvard Avenue;	Not Applicable: Site is not in the ECR-SE zoning district.
		and	
		Include two publicly-accessible building breaks at Middle Avenue and Roble Avenue.	
E.3.4.1.07	Standard	In the ECR-SE zoning district, the Middle Avenue break shall include vehicular access; publicly-accessible open space with seating, landscaping and shade; retail and restaurant uses activating the open space; and a pedestrian/bicycle connection to Alma Street and Burgess Park. The Roble Avenue break shall include publicly-accessible open space with seating, landscaping and shade.	Not Applicable: Site is not in the ECR-SE zoning district.
E.3.4.1.08	Guideline	In the ECR-SE zoning district, the breaks at Live Oak, Roble, Middle, Partridge and Harvard Avenues may provide vehicular	Not Applicable: Site is not in the ECR-SE zoning district.
E.3.4 2 Fac	ade Modulation	and Treatment	
E.3.4.2.01	Standard	Building façades facing public rights-of-	Not Applicable: Existing building façade
		way or public open spaces shall not exceed 50 feet in length without a minor building façade modulation. At a minimum of every 50' façade length, the minor vertical façade modulation shall be a minimum 2 feet deep by 5 feet wide recess or a minimum 2 foot setback of the building plane from the primary building façade.	would remain substantially intact, and would not trigger the minor vertical façade modulation requirement.

Section *	Standard or Guideline	Requirement	<u>Evaluation</u>
E.3.4.2.02	Standard	Building façades facing public rights-of-way or public open spaces shall not exceed 100 feet in length without a major building modulation. At a minimum of every 100 feet of façade length, a major vertical façade modulation shall be a minimum of 6 feet deep by 20 feet wide recess or a minimum of 6 feet setback of building plane from primary building façade for the full height of the building. This standard applies to all districts except ECR NE-L and ECR SW since those two districts are required to provide a building break at every 100 feet.	Not Applicable: Existing building façade wall would remain substantially intact, and would not trigger the major vertical façade modulation requirement.
E.3.4.2.03	Standard	In addition, the major building façade modulation shall be accompanied with a 4-foot minimum height modulation and a major change in fenestration pattern, material and/or color.	Not Applicable: Existing building façade wall would remain substantially intact, and would not trigger the major vertical façade modulation requirement.
E.3.4.2.04	Guideline	Minor façade modulation may be accompanied with a change in fenestration pattern, and/or material, and/or color, and/or height.	Not Applicable: Existing building façade wall would remain substantially intact, and would not trigger the minor vertical façade modulation requirement.
E.3.4.2.05	Guideline	Buildings should consider sun shading mechanisms, like overhangs, bris soleils and clerestory lighting, as façade articulation strategies.	Complies: Proposed metal canopy along the front elevation would provide sun shading and would help articulate the façade.
E.3.4.3 Bui	Iding Profile		<u> </u>
E.3.4.3.01	Standard	The 45-degree building profile shall be set at the minimum setback line to allow for flexibility and variation in building façade height within a district.	Not Applicable: No changes are proposed to the existing building profile and height. Existing building façade is 28'-1", and already complies with 38-foot building façade height.
E.3.4.3.02	Standard	Horizontal building and architectural projections, like balconies, bay windows, dormer windows, canopies, awnings, and signage, beyond the 45-degree building profile shall comply with the standards for Building Setbacks & Projection within Setbacks (E.3.3.04 to E.3.3.07) and shall be integrated into the design of the building.	Not Applicable: The proposed façade modifications would not result in any projections extending beyond the 45-degree building profile.
E.3.4.3.03	Standard	Vertical building projections like parapets and balcony railings shall not extend 4 feet beyond the 45-degree building profile and shall be integrated into the design of the building.	Not Applicable: No changes are proposed to the existing building parapet. Existing parapet design is integrated with the building.
E.3.4.3.04	Standard	Rooftop elements that may need to extend beyond the 45-degree building profile due to their function, such as stair and elevator towers, shall be integrated into the design of the building.	Not Applicable: No stair or elevator towers are proposed.
	er Story Façade		
E.3.4.4.01	Standard	Building stories above the 38-foot façade height shall have a maximum allowable façade length of 175 feet along a public right-of-way or public open space.	Not Applicable: Existing building façade is 28'-1", which is well below the 38-foot building façade height.



E.3.5 Gro	und Floor Treat	ment, Entry and Commercial Frontage	
Ground F	loor Treatment		
E.3.5.01	Standard	The retail or commercial ground floor shall be a minimum 15-foot floor-to-floor height to allow natural light into the space.	Not Applicable: Existing building is not designed to accommodate a 15-foot ground floor height. The proposed second finished floor would be at 9'-6", which is substantially the same height as the existing second floor.
E.3.5.02	Standard	Ground floor commercial buildings shall have a minimum of 50% transparency (i.e., clear-glass windows) for retail uses, office uses and lobbies to enhance the visual experience from the sidewalk and street. Heavily tinted or mirrored glass shall not be permitted.	Not Applicable: The proposed project would retain a substantial portion of the front façade wall, therefore ground floor transparency requirements would not be triggered. New windows and glass doors would be installed, and the amount of transparent area would be substantially the same as existing.
E.3.5.03	Guideline	Buildings should orient ground-floor retail uses, entries and direct-access residential units to the street.	Complies: Main entry is oriented towards El Camino Real.
E.3.5.04	Guideline	Buildings should activate the street by providing visually interesting and active uses, such as retail and personal service uses, in ground floors that face the street. If office and residential uses are provided, they should be enhanced with landscaping and interesting building design and materials.	Complies: Main entry and windows along El Camino Real façade would provide visual interest.
E.3.5.05	Guideline	For buildings where ground floor retail, commercial or residential uses are not desired or viable, other project-related uses, such as a community room, fitness center, daycare facility or sales center, should be located at the ground floor to activate the street.	Not Applicable: Proposed project includes a restaurant use on the ground floor.
E.3.5.06	Guideline	Blank walls at ground floor are discouraged and should be minimized. When unavoidable, continuous lengths of blank wall at the street should use other appropriate measures such as landscaping or artistic intervention, such as murals.	Complies: Proposed El Camino Real façade would incorporate material and color changes in conjunction with a large windows and prominent doorway, and would not have any blank walls.
E.3.5.07	Guideline	Residential units located at ground level should have their floors elevated a minimum of 2 feet to a maximum of 4 feet above the finished grade sidewalk for better transition and privacy, provided that accessibility codes are met.	Not Applicable: No residential uses are proposed.
E.3.5.08	Guideline	Architectural projections like canopies and awnings should be integrated with the ground floor and overall building design to break up building mass, to add visual interest to the building and provide shelter and shade.	Complies: Proposed metal canopy would be integrated with the ground floor and overall building design.

Building I	Entries		
E.3.5.09	Standard	Building entries shall be oriented to a public street or other public space. For larger residential buildings with shared entries, the main entry shall be through prominent entry lobbies or central courtyards facing the street. From the street, these entries and courtyards provide additional visual interest,	Complies: Main entry is oriented towards El Camino Real.
	-	orientation and a sense of invitation.	
E.3.5.10	Guideline	Entries should be prominent and visually distinctive from the rest of the façade with creative use of scale, materials, glazing, projecting or recessed forms, architectural details, color, and/or awnings.	Complies: Main entry is accented with a different wall color and decorative light fixtures.
E.3.5.11	Guideline	Multiple entries at street level are encouraged where appropriate.	Complies: All tenant spaces in the building have individual entries at the street level.
E.3.5.12	Guideline	Ground floor residential units are encouraged to have their entrance from the street.	Not Applicable: No residential uses are proposed.
E.3.5.13	Guideline	Stoops and entry steps from the street are encouraged for individual unit entries when compliant with applicable accessibility codes. Stoops associated with landscaping create inviting, usable and visually attractive transitions from private spaces to the street.	Not Applicable: No residential uses are proposed.
E.3.5.14	Guideline	Building entries are allowed to be recessed from the primary building façade.	Complies: The main entry is recessed approximately 3.7 feet from the primary building façade.
	al Frontage		
E.3.5.15	Standard	Commercial windows/storefronts shall be recessed from the primary building façade a minimum of 6 inches	Complies: Proposed new windows on front façade would be recessed 6 inches from the primary building façade, see sheet PD2.1.
E.3.5.16	Standard	Retail frontage, whether ground floor or upper floor, shall have a minimum 50% of the façade area transparent with clear vision glass, not heavily tinted or highly mirrored glass.	Not Applicable: The proposed project would retain a substantial portion of the front façade wall, therefore ground floor transparency requirements would not be triggered. New windows and glass doors would be installed, and the amount of transparent area would be substantially the same as existing.
E.3.5.17	Guideline	Storefront design should be consistent with the building's overall design and contribute to establishing a well-defined ground floor for the façade along streets.	Complies: Proposed storefront design is consistent with the building's overall design, and includes large windows, steel canopy, and decorative lighting that would emphasize the ground floor and main entry.
E.3.5.18	Guideline	The distinction between individual storefronts, entire building façades and adjacent properties should be maintained.	Complies: Proposed storefront design is differentiated from the storefronts of adjacent tenant spaces.
E.3.5.19	Guideline	Storefront elements such as windows, entrances and signage should provide clarity and lend interest to the façade.	Complies: Proposed storefront design is cohesive and incorporates visually interesting architectural elements.
E.3.5.20	Guideline	Individual storefronts should have clearly defined bays. These bays should be no greater than 20 feet in length. Architectural elements, such as piers, recesses and projections help articulate bays.	Complies: Existing bays of less than 20 feet in length would be largely maintained and reinforced with decorative cedar slat paneling at the bays.



	T =		
E.3.5.21	Guideline	All individual retail uses should have direct access from the public sidewalk. For larger retail tenants, entries should occur at lengths at a maximum at every 50 feet, consistent with the typical lot size in downtown.	Complies: All tenant spaces in the building have individual entries at the street level. Proposed entry for the subject tenant space would be at the same location as existing, and a new exit door is proposed, and both doors would have direct access to/from the public sidewalk. Door-to-door distances for the building would be less than 50 feet apart.
E.3.5.22	Guideline	Recessed doorways for retail uses should be a minimum of two feet in depth. Recessed doorways provide cover or shade, help identify the location of store entrances, provide a clear area for outswinging doors and offer the opportunity for interesting paving patterns, signage and displays.	Complies: The main entry is recessed approximately 3.7 feet from the primary building façade.
E.3.5.23	Guideline	Storefronts should remain un-shuttered at night and provide clear views of interior spaces lit from within. If storefronts must be shuttered for security reasons, the shutters should be located on the inside of the store windows and allow for maximum visibility of the interior.	Complies: Shutters are not proposed at storefront windows.
E.3.5.24	Guideline	Storefronts should not be completely obscured with display cases that prevent customers and pedestrians from seeing inside.	Complies: Storefront windows would look into the proposed bar and dining areas.
E.3.5.25	Guideline	Signage should not be attached to storefront windows.	Tentatively Complies: No signage is proposed attached to the storefront windows. Any new signs would need to be reviewed under a separate permit.
E.3.6 Open	n Space		
E.3.6.01	Standard	Residential developments or Mixed Use developments with residential use shall have a minimum of 100 square feet of open space per unit created as common open space or a minimum of 80 square feet of open space per unit created as private open space, where private open space shall have a minimum dimension of 6 feet by 6 feet. In case of a mix of private and common open space, such common open space shall be provided at a ratio equal to 1.25 square feet for each one square foot of private open space that is not provided.	Not Applicable: No residential uses are proposed.
E.3.6.02	Standard	Residential open space (whether in common or private areas) and accessible open space above parking podiums up to 16 feet high shall count towards the minimum open space requirement for the development.	Not Applicable: No residential uses are proposed.
E.3.6.03	Guideline	Private and/or common open spaces are encouraged in all developments as part of building modulation and articulation to enhance building façade.	Not Applicable: The existing site is already built out, with the existing building extending up to the property lines. No open space is currently provided on the site.

E.3.6.04	Guideline	Private development should provide accessible and usable common open space for building occupants and/or the general public.	Not Applicable: The existing site is already built out, with the existing building extending up to the property lines. No open space is currently provided on the site.
E.3.6.05	Guideline	For residential developments, private open space should be designed as an extension of the indoor living area, providing an area that is usable and has some degree of privacy.	Not Applicable: No residential uses are proposed.
E.3.6.06	Guideline	Landscaping in setback areas should define and enhance pedestrian and open space areas. It should provide visual interest to streets and sidewalks, particularly where building façades are long.	Not Applicable: The existing site is already built out, with the existing building extending up to the property lines.
E.3.6.07	Guideline	Landscaping of private open spaces should be attractive, durable and drought-resistant.	Not Applicable: The existing site is already built out, with the existing building extending up to the property lines. No open space is currently provided on the site.
	ing, Service an		
E.3.7.01	arking and Sen		I 0
E.3.7.01	Guideline	The location, number and width of parking and service entrances should be limited to minimize breaks in building design, sidewalk curb cuts and potential conflicts with streetscape elements.	Complies: Service entrance is at the rear of the building and is accessible only through a service alley, and would not interfere with the building design or other streetscape elements.
E.3.7.02	Guideline	In order to minimize curb cuts, shared entrances for both retail and residential use are encouraged. In shared entrance conditions, secure access for residential parking should be provided.	Not Applicable: No residential uses are proposed.
E.3.7.03	Guideline	When feasible, service access and loading docks should be located on secondary streets or alleys and to the rear of the building.	Complies: Johnson Lane to the rear of the site currently provides service access to the site.
E.3.7.04	Guideline	The size and pattern of loading dock entrances and doors should be integrated with the overall building design.	Not Applicable: No loading docks are proposed.
E.3.7.05	Guideline	Loading docks should be screened from public ways and adjacent properties to the greatest extent possible. In particular, buildings that directly adjoin residential properties should limit the potential for loading-related impacts, such as noise. Where possible, loading docks should be internal to the building envelope and equipped with closable doors. For all locations, loading areas should be kept clean.	Not Applicable: No loading docks are proposed.
E.3.7.06	Guideline	Surface parking should be visually attractive, address security and safety concerns, retain existing mature trees and incorporate canopy trees for shade. See Section D.5 for more compete guidelines regarding landscaping in parking areas.	Not Applicable: Existing surface parking will not be substantially modified.
Utilities	Cuidaliaa	All validation in annia mention of the	Alex Applicable Decision
E.3.7.07	Guideline	All utilities in conjunction with new residential and commercial development should be placed underground.	Not Applicable: Proposed project is a remodel for a new tenant, and would not result in redevelopment of the site.

E.3.7.08	Guideline	Above ground meters, boxes and other	Complies: All utility meters are currently
		utility equipment should be screened from public view through use of landscaping or by integrating into the overall building design.	located at the rear of the building or undergrounded in the public sidewalk.
Parking G			
E.3.7.09	Standard	To promote the use of bicycles, secure bicycle parking shall be provided at the street level of public parking garages. Bicycle parking is also discussed in more detail in Section F.5 "Bicycle Storage Standards and Guidelines."	Not Applicable: No parking garages are proposed.
E.3.7.10	Guideline	Parking garages on downtown parking plazas should avoid monolithic massing by employing change in façade rhythm, materials and/or color.	Not Applicable: No parking garages are proposed.
E.3.7.11	Guideline	To minimize or eliminate their visibility and impact from the street and other significant public spaces, parking garages should be underground, wrapped by other uses (i.e. parking podium within a development) and/or screened from view through architectural and/or landscape treatment.	Not Applicable: No parking garages are proposed.
E.3.7.12	Guideline	Whether free-standing or incorporated into overall building design, garage façades should be designed with a modulated system of vertical openings and pilasters, with design attention to an overall building façade that fits comfortably and compatibly into the pattern, articulation, scale and massing of surrounding building character.	Not Applicable: No parking garages are proposed.
E.3.7.13	Guideline	Shared parking is encouraged where feasible to minimize space needs, and it is effectively codified through the plan's offstreet parking standards and allowance for shared parking studies.	Complies: The site is in the Downtown Shared/Unbundled Parking Area where a portion of the parking demand generated by the site is being accommodated by shared public parking lots in downtown. A private parking lot at the corner of Menlo Avenue and Johnson Lane to the rear of the site accommodates the remaining portion of the site's parking demand.
E.3.7.14	Guideline	A parking garage roof should be approached as a usable surface and an opportunity for sustainable strategies, such as installment of a green roof, solar panels or other measures that minimize the heat island effect.	Not Applicable: No parking garages are proposed.

Overall St	andards	<b></b>		
E.3.8.01	Standard	Unless the Specific Plan area is explicitly exempted, all citywide sustainability codes or requirements shall apply.	Acknowledged.	_
Overall G	uidelines			
E.3.8.02	Guideline	Because green building standards are constantly evolving, the requirements in this section should be reviewed and updated on a regular basis of at least every two years.	Acknowledged.	

E 2 0 02	Chandand	Development shall a shipper LEED	Alex A - Paris Tr
E.3.8.03	Standard	Development shall achieve LEED	Not Applicable: The proposed project
		certification, at Silver level or higher, or a	includes renovation of an existing 5,380
		LEED Silver equivalent standard for the	square foot tenant space, and would not
i		project types listed below. For LEED	trigger the need for LEED certification.
		certification, the applicable standards	
İ		include LEED New Construction; LEED	
		Core and Shell; LEED New Homes; LEED	
		Schools; and LEED Commercial Interiors.	
		Attainment shall be achieved through	
		LEED certification or through a City-	
		approved outside auditor for those projects	
		pursing a LEED equivalent standard. The	
		requirements, process and applicable fees	
		for an outside auditor program shall be	
		established by the City and shall be	
		reviewed and updated on a regular basis.	
		LEED certification or equivalent standard,	
		at a Silver lever or higher, shall be	
1		required for:	
		Newly constructed residential	
1	1	buildings of Group R (single-family,	
		duplex and multi-family);	
1		Newly constructed commercial	
		buildings of Group B (occupancies	
	ł	including among others office,	
		professional and service type	
		transactions) and Group M	
		(occupancies including among others	
		display or sale of merchandise such	
		as department stores, retail stores,	
		wholesale stores, markets and sales	
		rooms) that are 5,000 gross square	
		feet or more;	
		New first-time build-outs of	
		commercial interiors that are 20,000	
		gross square feet or more in buildings	
		of Group B and M occupancies; and	
		Major alterations that are 20,000	
_		gross square feet or more in existing	
		buildings of Group B, M and R	
		occupancies, where interior finishes	!
		are removed and significant upgrades	
		to structural and mechanical,	
		electrical and/or plumbing systems	
		are proposed.	
		All residential and/or mixed use	
		developments of sufficient size to require	
		LEED certification or equivalent standard	
		under the Specific Plan shall install one	
		dedicated electric vehicle/plug-in hybrid	
		electric vehicle recharging station for every	
		20 residential parking spaces provided.	
		Per the Climate Action Plan the complying	
		applicant could receive incentives, such as	
		streamlined permit processing, fee	
		discounts, or design templates.	

Leadershi	p in Energy and	Environmental Design (LEED) Guidelines	
E.3.8.04	Guideline	The development of larger projects allows for more comprehensive sustainability planning and design, such as efficiency in water use, stormwater management, renewable energy sources and carbon reduction features. A larger development project is defined as one with two or more buildings on a lot one acre or larger in size. Such development projects should have sustainability requirements and GHG reduction targets that address neighborhood planning, in addition to the sustainability requirements for individual buildings (See Standard E.3.8.03 above). These should include being certified or equivalently verified at a LEED-ND (neighborhood development), Silver level or higher, and mandating a phased reduction of GHG emissions over a period of time as prescribed in the 2030 Challenge.  The sustainable guidelines listed below are also relevant to the project area. They relate to but do not replace LEED certification or equivalent standard rating	Not Applicable: The proposed project includes renovation of an existing 5,380 square foot tenant space, and would not trigger the need for LEED-ND certification.
Duilding D	Secien Cuideline	requirements.	
E.3.8.05	esign Guidelines Guideline	Buildings should incorporate narrow floor	Complies: Existing floor plates for toward
		plates to allow natural light deeper into the interior.	Complies: Existing floor plates for tenant spaces in this building are fairly narrow.
E.3.8.06	Guideline	Buildings should reduce use of daytime artificial lighting through design elements, such as bigger wall openings, light shelves, clerestory lighting, skylights, and translucent wall materials.	Complies: Existing skylights proposed to remain provide natural light and help reduce use of daytime artificial lighting.
E.3.8.07	Guideline	Buildings should allow for flexibility to regulate the amount of direct sunlight into the interiors. Louvered wall openings or shading devices like bris soleils help control solar gain and check overheating. Bris soleils, which are permanent sunshading elements, extend from the sunfacing façade of a building, in the form of horizontal or vertical projections depending on sun orientation, to cut out the sun's direct rays, help protect windows from excessive solar light and heat and reduce glare within.	Complies: The proposed 4-foot deep canopy on the front elevation would regulate the exposure of direct sunlight into the interiors.
E.3.8.08	Guideline	Where appropriate, buildings should incorporate arcades, trellis and appropriate tree planting to screen and mitigate south and west sun exposure during summer. This guideline would not apply to downtown, the station area and the west side of El Camino Real where buildings have a narrower setback and street trees provide shade.	Not Applicable: Subject site is located on the west side of El Camino Real, where there is limited opportunity to incorporate arcades, trellis, and plantings.

E.3.8.09	Guideline	Operable windows are encouraged in new buildings for natural ventilation.	Not Applicable: Operable windows facing El Camino Real would not be compatible with the proposed restaurant use, and would effectively be infeasible to implement.
E.3.8.10	Guideline	To maximize use of solar energy, buildings should consider integrating photovoltaic panels on roofs.	Not Applicable: No photovoltaic panels are proposed. The relatively small sizes of individual tenant spaces at this building render it unlikely for photovoltaic panels to be installed. The skylights and rooftop mechanical equipment serving the subject tenant space limit the ability to install photovoltaic panels.
E.3.8.11	Guideline	Inclusion of recycling centers in kitchen facilities of commercial and residential buildings shall be encouraged. The minimum size of recycling centers in commercial buildings should be 20 cubic feet (48 inches wide x 30 inches deep x 24 inches high) to provide for garbage and recyclable materials.	Complies: Existing trash enclosure can accommodate garbage and recycling bins.
		ater Management Guidelines	
E.3.8.12	Guideline	Buildings should incorporate intensive or extensive green roofs in their design.  Green roofs harvest rain water that can be recycled for plant irrigation or for some domestic uses. Green roofs are also effective in cutting-back on the cooling load of the air-conditioning system of the building and reducing the heat island	Not Applicable: The existing building was constructed in 1946, and would require significant modifications in order to accommodate green roofs.
E.3.8.13	Guideline	effect from the roof surface.  Projects should use porous material on driveways and parking lots to minimize stormwater run-off from paved surfaces.	Not Applicable: No changes to paved and impervious surfaces are proposed.
Landscap	ing Guidelines	Stormwater furr-on from paved surfaces.	
E.3.8.14	Guideline	Planting plans should support passive heating and cooling of buildings and outdoor spaces.	Not Applicable: The existing site is already built out, with the existing building extending up to the property lines. No landscaping is provided on the site.
E.3.8.15	Guideline	Regional native and drought resistant plant species are encouraged as planting material.	Not Applicable: The existing site is already built out, with the existing building extending up to the property lines. No landscaping is provided on the site.
E.3.8.16	Guideline	Provision of efficient irrigation system is recommended, consistent with the City's Municipal Code Chapter 12.44 "Water-Efficient Landscaping".	Not Applicable: The existing site is already built out, with the existing building extending up to the property lines. No landscaping is provided on the site.
Lighting S	tandards		,
E.3.8.17	Standard	Exterior lighting fixtures shall use fixtures with low cut-off angles, appropriately positioned, to minimize glare into dwelling units and light pollution into the night sky.	Tentatively Complies: Proposed light fixtures as shown on sheet PD3.0 appear to have low cut-off angles. Due to the distance between proposed outdoor lighting and the nearest residential use, outdoor lighting is not likely to result in glare to nearby dwelling units. Exact light fixture design would be reviewed as part of the building permit application.

E.3.8.18	Standard	Lighting in parking garages shall be screened and controlled so as not to disturb surrounding properties, but shall ensure adequate public security.	Not Applicable: No parking garages are proposed.
Lighting G	uidelines		
E.3.8.19	Guideline	Energy-efficient and color-balanced outdoor lighting, at the lowest lighting levels possible, are encouraged to provide for safe pedestrian and auto circulation.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant, the project would use energy-efficient and color-balanced outdoor lighting.
E.3.8.20	Guideline	Improvements should use ENERGY STAR-qualified fixtures to reduce a building's energy consumption.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant, the project would use ENERGY STAR fixtures to the greatest extent possible.
E.3.8.21	Guideline	Installation of high-efficiency lighting systems with advanced lighting control, including motion sensors tied to dimmable lighting controls or lighting controlled by timers set to turn off at the earliest practicable hour, are recommended.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant, the project would use highefficiency lighting with dimmable controls and motion sensors to the greatest extent possible.
	lding Material (		
E.3.8.22	Guideline	The reuse and recycle of construction and demolition materials is recommended. The use of demolition materials as a base course for a parking lot keeps materials out of landfills and reduces costs.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant, the project will strive to use construction demolition materials, where feasible.
E.3.8.23	Guideline	The use of products with identifiable recycled content, including post-industrial content with a preference for post-consumer content, are encouraged.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant, the project will strive to use materials with recycled content.
E.3.8.24	Guideline	Building materials, components, and systems found locally or regionally should be used, thereby saving energy and resources in transportation.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant, the project will strive to use locally-sourced materials.
E.3.8.25	Guideline	A design with adequate space to facilitate recycling collection and to incorporate a solid waste management program, preventing waste generation, is recommended.	Complies: Existing trash enclosure can accommodate garbage and recycling bins.
E.3.8.26	Guideline	The use of material from renewable sources is encouraged.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant, the project will strive to use materials from renewable resources.



1029 El Camino Real Project Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program
Action Timing Mitigation Measure Implementing Monitoring Party

magaton measure	ACION	riming	Party	Monitoring Party
	AIR QUALITY	1 1 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1000年度 77 中国电影发展	nice the control of t
IMPACT BEING ADDRESSED: Impact AIR-1: Implementativith construction activities that could contribute substate	tion of the Specific Plan would result in ntially to an air quality violation. (Signif	increased long-term e icant)	emissions of criteria p	ollutants associated
Mitigation Measure AIR-1a: During construction of individual projects under the Specific Plan, project applicants shall require the construction contractor(s) to implement the following measures required as part of Bay Area Air Quality Management District's (BAAQMD) basic dust control procedures required for construction sites. For projects for which construction emissions exceed one or more of the applicable BAAQMD thresholds, additional measures shall be required as indicated in the list following the Basic Controls.		Measures shown on plans, construction documents and ongoing during demolition, excavation and construction.	Project sponsor(s) and contractor(s)	PW/CDD
Basic Controls that Apply to All Construction Sites  1. All exposed surfaces (e.g., parking areas, staging areas, soil piles, graded areas, and unpaved access roads) shall be watered two times per day.	Exposed surfaces shall be watered twice daily.			
2. All haul trucks transporting soil, sand, or other loose material off-site shall be covered.	Trucks carrying demolition debris shall be covered.			
3. All visible mud or dirt track-out onto adjacent public roads shall be removed using wet power vacuum street sweepers at least once per day. The use of dry power sweeping is prohibited.	Dirt carried from construction areas shall be cleaned daily.		×	
4. All vehicle speeds on unpaved roads shall be limited to 15 mph.	Speed limit on unpaved roads shall be 15 mph.			
5. All roadways, driveways, and sidewalks to be paved shall be completed as soon as possible. Building pads shall be laid as soon as possible after grading unless seeding or soil binders are used.	Roadways, driveways, sidewalks and building pads shall be laid as soon as possible after grading.			
6. Idling times shall be minimized either by shutting equipment off when not in use or reducing the maximum idling time to 5 minutes (as required by the California airborne toxics control measure Title 13, Section 2485 of California Code of Regulations [CCR]). Clear signage shall be provided for construction workers at all access points.	Idling times shall be minimized to 5 minutes or less; Signage posted at all access points.	**		
7. All construction equipment shall be maintained and properly tuned in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. All equipment shall be checked by a certified mechanic and determined to be running in proper condition prior to operation.	Construction equipment shall be properly tuned and maintained.			

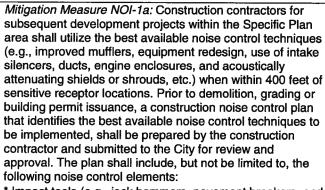
1029 El Camino Real Project Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program  Mitigation Measure Action Timing Impl				
Action	Timing	Implementing Party	Monitoring Party	
Signage will be posted with the appropriate contact information regarding dust complaints.				
BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES	e se a san san san ga e san	The Control of the American		
TO SECURE A SECURE OF THE SECURE AS A SECURE OF THE SECURE	ecies due to lighting co	onditions. (Potentially	y Significant)	
Reduce building lighting from exterior sources.	Prior to building permit issuance and ongoing.	Project sponsor(s) and contractor(s)	CDD	
Reduce building lighting from interior sources.	Prior to building permit issuance and ongoing.	Project sponsor(s) and contractor(s)	CDD	
	Signage will be posted with the appropriate contact information regarding dust complaints.  BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES status birds and other special-status sp.  Reduce building lighting from exterior sources.	Signage will be posted with the appropriate contact information regarding dust complaints.  BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES status birds and other special-status species due to lighting considerable.  Reduce building lighting from exterior sources.  Prior to building permit issuance and ongoing.  Reduce building lighting from interior sources.	Signage will be posted with the appropriate contact information regarding dust complaints.  BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES  status birds and other special-status species due to lighting conditions. (Potentially permit issuance and ongoing.  Prior to building permit issuance and ongoing.  Reduce building lighting from interior sources.  Prior to building permit issuance and ongoing.  Project sponsor(s) and contractor(s)	

Action

		19	Party	Monitoring Party
	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS			
Impact HAZ-3: Hazardous materials used on any individuenvironment through improper handling or storage. (Potential Control of the Control of	al site during construction activities (i.e entially Significant)	e., fuels, lubricants, se	olvents) could be relea	ased to the
Mitigation Measure HAZ-3: All development and redevelopment shall require the use of construction Best Management Practices (BMPs) to control handling of hazardous materials during construction to minimize the potential negative effects from accidental release to groundwater and soils. For projects that disturb less than one acre, a list of BMPs to be implemented shall be part of building specifications and approved of by the City Building Department prior to issuance of a building permit.	Implement best management practices to reduce the release of hazardous materials during construction.	Prior to building permit issuance for sites disturbing less than one acre and on-going during construction for all project sites	Project sponsor(s) and contractor(s)	CDD

#### NOISE

Impact NOI-1: Construction activities associated with implementation of the Specific Plan would result in substantial temporary or periodic increases in ambient noise levels in the Specific Plan area above levels existing without the Specific Plan and in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies. (Potentially Significant)



Mitigation Measure

- \* Impact tools (e.g., jack hammers, pavement breakers, and rock drills) used for construction shall be hydraulically or electrically powered wherever possible to avoid noise associated with compressed air exhaust from pneumatically powered tools. However, where use of pneumatic tools is unavoidable, an exhaust muffler on the compressed air exhaust shall be used; this muffler shall achieve lower noise levels from the exhaust by approximately 10 dBA. External jackets on the tools themselves shall be used where feasible in order to achieve a reduction of 5 dBA. Quieter procedures shall be used, such as drills rather than impact equipment, whenever feasible:
- \* Stationary noise sources shall be located as far from adjacent receptors as possible and they shall be muffled and enclosed within temporary sheds, incorporate

A construction noise control plan shall
be prepared and submitted to the City
for review.

Implement noise control techniques to reduce ambient noise levels.

## Prior to demolition. grading or building permit issuance

Timing

Measures shown on plans, construction documents and specification and

# Project sponsor(s) and contractor(s)

Implementing

Project sponsor(s) and contractor(s)

Monitoring Party

CDD

CDD

ongoing through construction

Mitigation Measure	Action	Timing	Implementing Party	Monitoring Party
insulation barriers, or other measures to the extent feasible; and  * When construction occurs near residents, affected parties within 400 feet of the construction area shall be notified of the construction schedule prior to demolition, grading or building permit issuance. Notices sent to residents shall include a project hotline where residents would be able to call and issue complaints. A Project Construction Complaint and Enforcement Manager shall be designated to receive complaints and notify the appropriate City staff of such complaints. Signs shall be posted at the construction site that include permitted construction days and hours, a day and evening contact number for the job site, and day and evening contact numbers, both for the construction contractor and City representative(s), in the event of problems.				



# **Community Development**



### **STAFF REPORT**

Planning Commission

Meeting Date: 2/8/2016 Staff Report Number: 16-008-PC

Public Hearing: Use Permit/Andrea Henry/605 Cotton Street

#### Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve a use permit to demolish an existing single-story, single-family residence and build a two-story, single-family residence with a basement on a substandard lot with regard to width in the R-1-S (Single Family Suburban) zoning district at 605 Cotton Street. In addition, one heritage fruitless mulberry tree (16.2-inches in diameter), in poor condition, at the left side of the property would be removed. The recommended actions are included as Attachment A.

## **Policy Issues**

Each use permit request is considered individually. The Planning Commission should consider whether the required use permit findings can be made for the proposal.

## **Background**

#### Site location

The subject property is located along the south side of Cotton Street, between Santa Cruz Avenue and Middle Avenue in the West Menlo neighborhood. A location map is included as Attachment B. The subject property is surrounded by two-story, single-family residences, but single-story, single-family residences can also be found along Cotton Street and throughout the neighborhood. Older residences in the neighborhood are generally one story in height, while newer residences are typically two stories in height. Single-story residences in the area tend to have a ranch architectural style, while two-story homes have a variety of styles including contemporary, Mediterranean, and traditional. All contiguous parcels on the south side of Cotton Street are also zoned R-1-S, while the larger parcels on the north side of Cotton Street are located in the R-E (Residential Estate) zoning district. Residences within the R-1-S zoning district on Cotton Street mainly have attached garages, while the R-E-zoned properties tend to have detached garages.

## **Analysis**

## **Project description**

The subject site is currently occupied by a single-story residence with an attached two-car garage that is nonconforming with regard to the side setbacks. The applicant is proposing to remove the existing residence to construct a new two-story, single-family residence with a basement and an attached two-car garage. A data table summarizing parcel and project attributes is included as Attachment C. The project

plans and the applicant's project description letter are included as Attachments D and E, respectively.

The proposed residence would be a five-bedroom home with four full bathrooms and two half-bathrooms. The first story living space would feature an office, kitchen, combined dining and family room space, two half-bathrooms and a two-car garage. At the rear left of the residence, a sliding glass wall system would open from the family and dining room onto a large outdoor covered patio with an outdoor kitchen. The second story would contain four bedrooms and three bathrooms. The master suite at the rear of the second story would feature a balcony that would be located more than 20 feet from the side property lines and more than 30 feet from the rear property line, as required by the Zoning Ordinance. The basement would have one bedroom and bathroom, a recreation room, a gym area, and storage and mechanical spaces. On the right side of the recreation room, the basement would extend beyond the footprint of the main structure above to create a skylight and bring natural light into the space. The portion of the basement that is not located under the structure above would count as additional floor area toward the overall proposal.

The floor area, building coverage, and height of the proposed residence would all be below the maximum amounts permitted by the Zoning Ordinance. Additionally, the structure would comply with the daylight plane for a two-story home in the R-1-S zoning district.

## Design and materials

The applicant states that the proposed residence would be constructed in a Northern California modern style. The primary cladding material of the residence would be painted stucco with a fine sand finish. Wood panel accents would be located above or between certain windows and doors. Rectilinear stone would be used for cladding on the front steps and landing, as well as the fireplace at the rear of the structure. The front door would be wood, stained to match the other wood accents on the building exterior, while the garage door would be aluminum and glass. The proposed roof would be a shed roof, sloping upward from the front of the structure to the rear of the structure, and would be clad in standing-seam metal.

The proposed windows would be framed by bronze-colored anodized aluminum. Second-story windows along both side elevations are proposed to have sill heights of at least three feet, six inches to promote privacy for the neighboring homes. At the middle-right of the residence, a wall of windows, approximately 13 feet across, would face the rear yard and extend from the second story stairwell to one of the basement lightwells below. The windows would be located more than 90 feet away from the rear property line, and views would be partially obscured by the large covered patio on the first floor, as well as by trees and screening plants along the rear property line. The windows would not directly face either side property line. However, the left side property could be affected by light from the stairwell window, which could warrant a condition to add new landscaping, as noted in a following section. In addition, the use of the space as a stairwell would mean privacy impacts would potentially be limited, given the short amounts of time that the space would typically be in use.

During preliminary reviews of the project, staff indicated two primary concerns with the proposed design, based on responses by the Planning Commission to past projects. First, the location of the garage in front of the main living space and front porch of the proposed structure, as well as the use of a single garage

door, would increase its prominence as viewed from the street. The applicant indicated a preference to retain the proposed configuration with a single garage door. Additionally, staff expressed concern regarding the right-side elevation of the proposal, which offers no second-story setback and limited articulation to break up the massing of the wall. The applicant indicated a preference to retain the proposed design for the right-side elevation, stating that the mix of stucco, glass, bronze window frames, wood planking, and the metal railing around the lightwell offer some differentiation of materials, while keeping with the overall goal of architectural simplicity for the residence. Staff does also acknowledge that the right-side wall would be set back 15 feet from the side property line, where 10 feet is required, which could also limit the perception of mass. The applicant prepared two renderings of the proposed residence to provide the Commission with a better understanding of the overall design. Staff believes that the scale, materials, and style of the proposed residence are consistent with the broader neighborhood, given the diversity in architectural styles and designs of residences on similar-sized lots in the neighborhood.

# Trees and landscaping

At present, there are twenty-three trees on or in close proximity to the project site, two of which are heritage trees on the subject property. Eight of the trees are located on the adjacent lot to the right. As part of the proposal, a 16.2-inch-diameter fruitless mulberry heritage tree would be removed from the left side of the lot due to poor form and decay in the trunk. The City Arborist has tentatively approved the heritage tree removal, pending Planning Commission approval of the project. A Grecian laurel heritage replacement tree is proposed in the right-side rear yard, which would help to further screen the master bedroom balcony from adjacent properties. With the removal of non-heritage trees along the sides of the proposed residence, additional screening trees could be proposed to help promote privacy and limit light in the vicinity of the stairwell windows on the left side of the residence, and to screen the mass of the proposed right-side wall of the residence. The Planning Commission may wish to consider adding a condition to this effect, requiring an enhanced landscape plan with the building permit submittal, subject to staff review and approval. An arborist report has been submitted detailing the condition of each tree (Attachment F). The demolition of the existing residence and construction of the proposed addition are not anticipated to adversely affect the remaining heritage tree on the subject site. Standard heritage tree protection measures will be ensured through recommended condition 3g.

## Correspondence

The applicant indicates that outreach was performed by contacting six households in the vicinity regarding the proposed project, and the proposal was met with general support. Three letters were submitted with the application, all of which express support for the proposed project (Attachment G).

#### Conclusion

Staff believes that the scale and materials of the proposed residence are compatible with the greater neighborhood. Although the main architectural styles represented in the neighborhood are ranch and traditional variations, there are other examples of modern and contemporary architecture found in the vicinity. The floor area, building coverage, and height of the proposed residence would all be at or below the maximum amounts permitted by the Zoning Ordinance, and the new structure would be within the daylight plane requirements. Neighbors were contacted regarding the proposal, and three submitted

letters of support for the proposal. Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve the proposed project.

# **Impact on City Resources**

The project sponsor is required to pay Planning, Building and Public Works permit fees, based on the City's Master Fee Schedule, to fully cover the cost of staff time spent on the review of the project.

### **Environmental Review**

The project is categorically exempt under Class 3 (Section 15303, "New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.

#### **Public Notice**

Public Notification was achieved by posting the agenda, with the agenda items being listed, at least 72 hours prior to the meeting. Public notification also consisted of publishing a notice in the local newspaper and notification by mail of owners and occupants within a 300-foot radius of the subject property.

# **Appeal Period**

The Planning Commission action will be effective after 15 days unless the action is appealed to the City Council, in which case the outcome of the application shall be determined by the City Council.

## **Attachments**

- A. Recommended Actions
- B. Location Map
- C. Data Table
- D. Project Plans
- E. Project Description Letter
- F. Arborist Report
- G. Correspondence

#### Disclaimer

Attached are reduced versions of maps and diagrams submitted by the applicants. The accuracy of the information in these drawings is the responsibility of the applicants, and verification of the accuracy by City Staff is not always possible. The original full-scale maps, drawings and exhibits are available for public viewing at the Community Development Department.

# **Exhibits to Be Provided at Meeting**

None

Staff Report #: 16-008-PC

Report prepared by:

Tom Smith, Associate Planner

Report reviewed by:

Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner

## 605 Cotton Street - Attachment A: Recommended Actions

Street PROJECT NUMBER: APPLICANT: Andrea Brian Henry OWNER: Andrea and Brian Henry

**REQUEST:** Use Permit/Andrea Henry/605 Cotton Street: Request for a use permit to demolish an existing single-story, single-family residence and build a two-story, single-family residence with a basement on a substandard lot with regard to width in the R-1-S (Single Family Suburban) zoning district. In addition, one heritage fruitless mulberry tree (16.2-inch diameter), in poor condition, at the left side of the property would be removed.

DECISION ENTITY: Planning
Commission

DATE: February 8, 2016

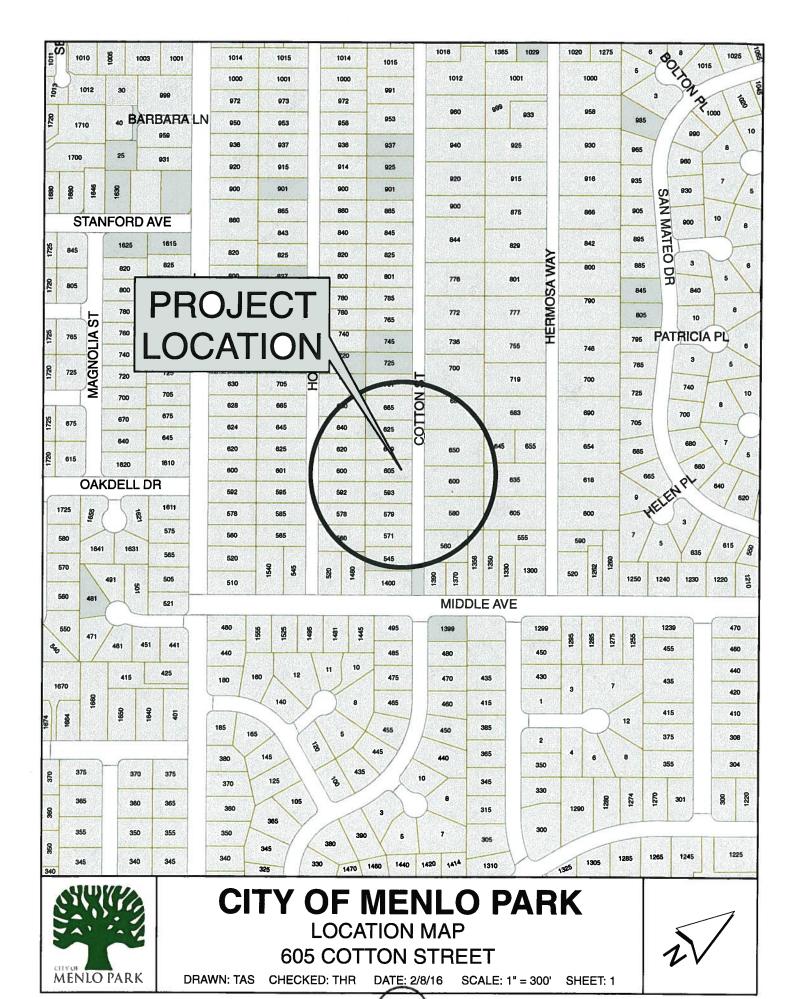
ACTION: TBD

VOTE: TBD (Combs, Ferrick, Goodhue, Kadvany, Kahle, Onken, Strehl)

#### **ACTION:**

- 1. Make a finding that the project is categorically exempt Class 3 (Section 15303, "New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures") of the current CEQA Guidelines.
- 2. Make findings, as per Section 16.82.030 of the Zoning Ordinance pertaining to the granting of use permits, that the proposed use will not be detrimental to the health, safety, morals, comfort and general welfare of the persons residing or working in the neighborhood of such proposed use, and will not be detrimental to property and improvements in the neighborhood or the general welfare of the City.
- 3. Approve the use permit subject to the following standard conditions:
  - a. Development of the project shall be substantially in conformance with the plans prepared by opq design, consisting of 17 plan sheets, dated received on January 25, 2016, and approved by the Planning Commission on February 8, 2016, except as modified by the conditions contained herein, subject to review and approval by the Planning Division.
  - b. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all Sanitary District, Menlo Park Fire Protection District, and utility companies' regulations that are directly applicable to the project.
  - c. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all requirements of the Building Division, Engineering Division, and Transportation Division that are directly applicable to the project.
  - d. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall submit a plan for any new utility installations or upgrades for review and approval by the Planning, Engineering and Building Divisions. All utility equipment that is installed outside of a building and that cannot be placed underground shall be properly screened by landscaping. The plan shall show exact locations of all meters, back flow prevention devices, transformers, junction boxes, relay boxes, and other equipment boxes.
  - e. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit plans indicating that the applicant shall remove and replace any damaged and significantly worn sections of frontage improvements. The plans shall be submitted for review and approval of the Engineering Division.
  - f. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit a Grading and Drainage Plan for review and approval of the Engineering Division. The Grading and Drainage Plan shall be approved prior to the issuance of grading, demolition or building permits.
  - g. Heritage trees in the vicinity of the construction project shall be protected pursuant to the Heritage Tree Ordinance.

PAGE: 1 of 1 Al



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# 605 Cotton Street - Attachment C: Data Table

	PROPOSED PROJECT			EXISTING PROJECT		ZONING ORDINANCE	
Lot area	10,681	sf	10,681	sf	10,000	sf min.	
Lot width	70	ft.	70	ft.	80	ft. min.	
Lot depth	152.8	ft.	152.8	ft.	100	ft. min.	
Setbacks							
Front	20	ft.	38.1	ft.	20	ft. min.	
Rear	63.8	ft.	63.8	ft.	20	ft. min.	
Side (left)	11	ft.	8.3	ft.	10	ft. min.	
Side (right)	14.9	ft.	5.6	ft.	10	ft. min.	
Building coverage	2,649.9	sf	2,811.5	sf	3,738.4	sf max.	
	24.8	%	26.3	%	35	% max.	
FAL (Floor Area Limit)	3,717.9	sf	2,525	sf	3,720.3	sf max.	
Square footage by floor	1,739.5	sf/1st	1,708	sf/1st			
	1,456.4	sf/2nd	492	sf/garage			
	441.8	sf/garage	286.5	sf/porches			
	1,400.4	sf/basement	325	sf/accessory			
	462.0	sf/porch		_			
	6.6	sf/fireplace					
Square footage of	5,506.7	sf	2,811.5	sf			
buildings							
Building height	25.3	ft.	19.2	ft.	28	ft. max.	
Parking	2 co\		2 cov			uncovered	
Note: Areas shown highlighted indicate a nonconforming or substandard situation.					n.		

Trees

Heritage trees	2	Non-Heritage trees	21*	New Trees	1
Heritage trees proposed for removal	1	Non-Heritage trees proposed for removal	6	Total Number of Trees	17

<sup>\*</sup>Includes eight trees on adjacent property

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

CONSTRUCTION: Drawings shall not be scated for dimensional information. All persion dimensions are to solding finish face of wells unless otherwise noted. Patch, repair and align

a contractor shall comply with all rules and utations of city, state and lederal regulatory incles having jurisdiction over the work. The inactor shall obtain building permit, process is complete all controlled inspection reports

#### **GENERAL CONDITIONS**

NSURFANCE: The consector shall ministrin such insurance as will probe this regist and/or in owner from device, assumed and confingent liability for claims for damage, for personal spuries, including death, market demange to properly, without may strike two operations to be confined without much confined without much operations to be yellow confined without much operations to be yellow confined without much operations to be yellow the property of the strike of the property of the strike of the yellow the strike of the property of the strike of the yellow to the yellow the strike of the yellow to the yellow the yel

In contractor shall also require that each of real principles and education of the carry propher and education and education and education are accorded withoutheast and Public Liabelay shall be all liabelay reasonated under the forest contractor and the deliberation by the contract of the liabelance by the contractor at the time the contract is signed.

- NOT detail as the street of the contract is significant. 
  NOTIONATION Should any person, printers or property be lightered or dismapped, the contract or of property be lightered or dismapped, the street of the contraction or the system and contraction, or by any publication of the contraction or properties under the properties or of printers making from any patients or of printers making from any patients or of printers and find printers or contractor and and printers making from any or contractor and any one be label, responsed and printers and the printers of printers and printers and printers and distingent from any of the printers and distingent from any distingent and distingent from all distingent from the support of the printers of distingent from the support of the printers of the printers of the support of making and printers of the support of the printers of the printers of the support of the support of the printers of the support of the printers of the support of the support of the printers of the support of the su

lekther final certificate for payment, nor any introduced in the Contract Documents shall

- PELS AND PERMITS\* It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to pick up and pay it the fluiding Permit for the Contract Work and for all cartificates of inspection and approveds required by the authorities having jurisdiction. The Contractor shall be responsible for the The Contractor shall be responsible for the phymient of all fees and the performance and coordination of all work in regard to all requir contrated and semi-controlled inspections

ECUPMENT AND PARTS: All material used in the execution of the Vert with the tectory new, unused and in first cases condition. The Continuator shall warranty that he has good and clear title to all materials and supplies used for the project, they from all claims, forms and

The Contractor shall febricate, construct and install work in accordance with applicable manufacturer, inside and industry standards. First in surfaces shall be need, require, levels, smooth, flush and fitted elecurely. Joints between fixed stems shall be straight, hainting joints. Joints between operating stems shall be inclusing or manufacturar's standards, witchness.

In all closes where a product, device or part is herein reterred to in the straption number, it is intended that such reference shall apply to as nearly such products, devices and parts as an required to complete the Work. Where some then one place of the same time is required on the project, all shall be by the same

All exit shall be performed by reachanics and tradeumen trained and separational in the tradeumen trained and separational in the trainedischangelotics of the performal from binny braidbuddepolect. Work shall be performed in a first class semanter, in accordance with inhality trade practices or menufacturar's intelletion instructions, whicheyer is surper marketives. What followers as not confinence marketives. What followers as not confinence metalletion instructions, whicheyer is surper metalletion. What followers are not confinence metalletion or processing and metalleting metallet

THE WORK: The Work covers all demolitic materials and new construction implied and shown in the Contract documents.

STANDARDS: General Referenced Standards shall recen the letter deficient of such Blandards published as of the date of the Project Manual, unless otherwise roted. All work, waterfall, products and equipment shall comply to standards where application.

- CODES: The Work shall be performed in conformence to the applicable codes. The selection of applicable codes will be determined by Local Code Enforcing Agency.
- PROTECTION: The Contractor shall provide temporary protection for the duration of the
- STORM DRAIN POLLUTION PREVENTION:
  Protect downstope drainings courses, streams
  and storm drains with help bales, semporary
  drain intel filters. Cover stockpless and
  excitatings, seminal with secure store or storm
  drain intel filters. Cover stockpless and
  excitatings did with secured stope or plessic
  sheeting. For further information contact:

San Mates Countywide Stonswater Pollullon prevention Program 10 Twin Dolprin Drive, Sta. C-200 Redwood City, CA 94085 413-699-1420

- HERITAGE TREE PROTECTION: It is unlawful to disringe or remove a haritage into with a gents from the Town. All trees must be properly protected in accordance with the Atherton Municipal Code section 6, 10.

GENERAL CLOSEOUT REQUIREMENTS: Operator instruction: The Installer of each system requirem operation and maintenance shall provide on-site instruction to the Owner in sufficient detail to ensure the proper operation and maintenance of the operating system.

The Television of the project closes, the Contenter shall clean at White. The will reduce convoiding all no present was protection and memoring all not present was protection and set separate fresh the property of the prop

#### **DEMOLITION NOTES**

- Do not scale drawings. Consult Designer If there are questions as to extent of demolition
- Any uncovered or unenticipated field condition
- Materials adjacent to those to be removed shall be protocled from impact, dust or any other damage.
- All removed electrical devices theil be disconnected at the penelboard and stockpile All electrical devices to be relocated shall be

#### STRUCTURAL NOTES

- Special inspection or structural observation is not a substitute for inspection by the Bullding Ollicial or Bullding Inspectior. Specially inspected work that is installed or covered without this approval of the Building Ollicial AND the special inspector AND designer engineer is subject to removal or exposure.
- Place and secure of enchor botts and other liters to be cast in concrete for foundation inspection. Was setting enchor botts or retiferating after placement of concrete is not

#### FIRE BLOCKING NOTES Fire blocking shall be placed as per CRC in the following locations:

- In concessed screens of shad water and cost
- At all interconnections between concesses vertical and horizontal spaces such as oo softis, drop callings, and cove ceilings.
- In concreted spaces between stalr stringers at top and bottom of the run and between study along and in line with the run of the states if the walls under the stains are understelled.

Fire block construction, except as provided lean 94 above, shell constst of 2 inches non Aunitor or 2 thicknesses of 1 inch nominal furnior with broken top joints, or other code accessed method.

# HENRY RESIDENCE 605 Cotton Street Menlo Park, CA 94025

#### project information

Andrea & Brian Henry (415) 734-8804 Project Address 605 Cotton Street Menio Park, CA 94025

APN: 071-232-110

Zoning R-18 Occupancy Group: R-3/U Construction Type V-B

Parking: Flood Zone:

Fire Sprinklers:

All construction, regardless of details on plans, shall comply with 2013 California Building Code, 2013 California Residential Code, 2013 California Green Building Standards Code, 2013 California Medicariaci Standards Code, 2013 California Medicariaci Code, 2013 California Building Code, 2013 California Energy Code, and the 2013 California Foreign Code, 2013 Calif

Scope of Work: New 2-story single family residence with full basement and attached garage

2,649.9 m < 3,738 m

3,354.7 st = 3,504 st 3)% gHot area

3,327.1ef + 2,000 sf = 5,327.1 sf 5,327.1 / 10,641 = 49% 51% of lot area is permeable surface

Δ

10 881st

Maximum Height:

Maximum Lot Coverage: 35% x 10.681 = 3.738sf

Madmum FAL: 2,800sf + 25% (10,681 - 7,000) = 3,720 sf

**Daylight Plane** side setback up19'-8" 45 decrees

99.0 st A 109.1 st 404.8 st 1

106.0 st 50.0 st 3,354.7 st

DESIGN DATA FLOOR AREA CALCULATIONS: 1,739.5 st first floor area: second floor area: 3,717.9 sf < 3,720 sf 35% of lot area basement floor area minus 1.320 2 sf

**BUILDING COVERAGE CALCULATIONS** 404.8 st 2,649.0 st

IMPERVIOUS SURFACE CALCULATION IMPERVIOUS SURFACE CALCULS-are (n) driveway: 357 et (n) front wattowey: 134 et (n) front wattowey: 134 et (n) side wattowey: 171 et (n) side wattowey: 171 et (n) side wattowey: 2,000 et (n) side wattowey: 2,000 et (n) side impervious surface: 2,000 et (n) side impervious surface: 3,327.T et (n) driveringer: 5,327.T et (n) driveringer: 5

residence: garage: front landing & steps: slde landing & step: rear landing & step: pool equipment pad: lighthesis covered patio trash enclosure pad skylight to besement souloment pad

#### index

- Title Sheet
- São Plan & Tree Protection Disc
- a1.3 Floor Area Calculations
- 82.2
  - Proposed Floor Plan Basement Leve
- Proposed Floor Plan Second Floor Lave
- Proposed Roof Plan
- Proposed Exterior Elevations
  Proposed Exterior Elevations & Streetscape
- a3.3 Photos of Existing Residence Proposed Sections
- Topographic Survey Plan



JAN 2 3 2016

# CITY OF MENLO PARK BUILDING

#### AUTOMATIC FIRE SPRINKLERS ARE REQUIRED

This project contains a proposed automatic fire sprinkler system. Plans to be submitted to the Menio Park Fire Dept. for review of fire sprinkler installation.

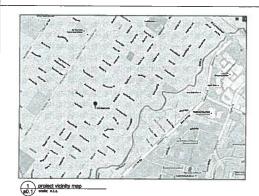
#### SOILS REPORT COMPLIANCE

Earthwork, sizb subgrade preparation, basement drainage, foundation construction, talkly trench and basement was backfilling, and size drainage should be performed in accordance with the geotechnical report prepared by Murray Engineers, Inc., deted September 24, 2013. Murray Engineers should be notified a least 46 hours in advance of any earthwork or bundedon construction and should observe and test during earthwork for undidation construction as recommended in the geotechnical sport.

#### CAL GREEN BUILDING STANDARDS CODE

This project contains notes outlining green features proposed for incorporation into the new residence as required by the California Green Building Standards Code

Note: Contractor to develop homeowner operation & maintenance manual of green features/benefits, see note for specifications, a0.2.



consultants

Contractor

Structural Engineer

Civil Engineer

Title 24 Compliance Energy Calc Co. 45 Mitchell Blvd, ste. 16 San Rafael, CA 94903 415-457-0990

Surveyor Chappell Surveying Svs. 680 Esther Way Oakdale, CA 95361

Soils Engineer

Kielty Arborist Services LLC P.O. Box 6187 650-515-9783

# opq design

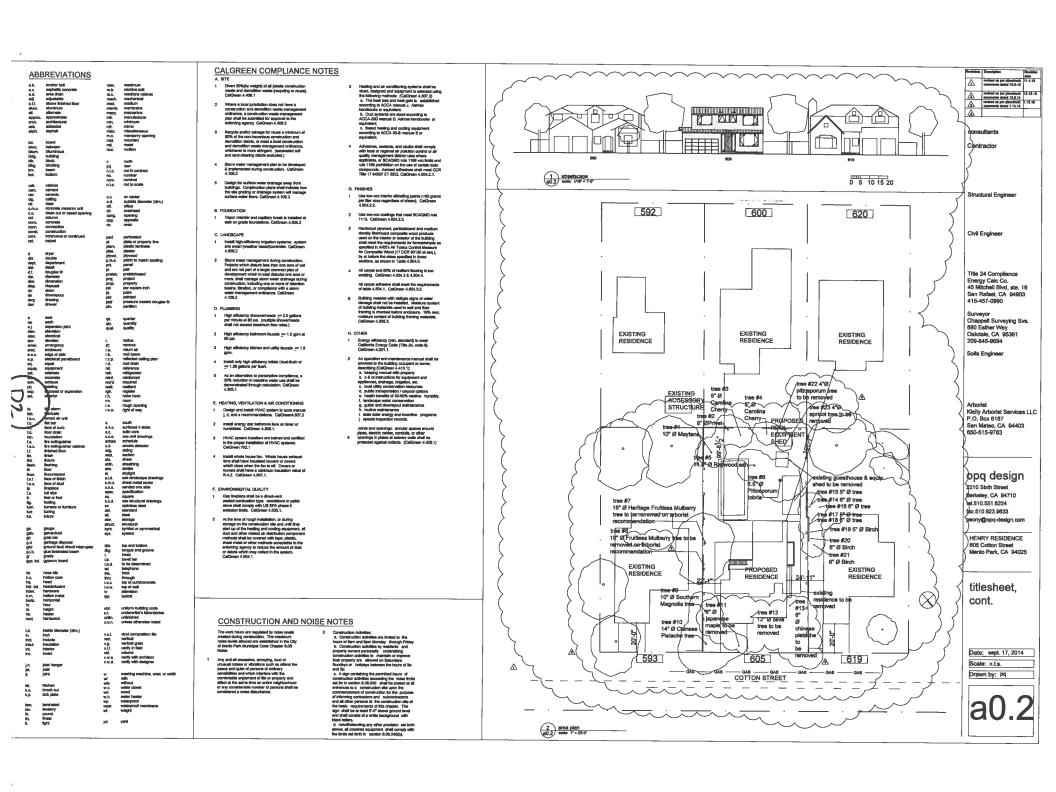
2210 South Street erkeley, CA 94710 tel.510.551,6224 fax.510.923.9633 Decny@cog-design.com

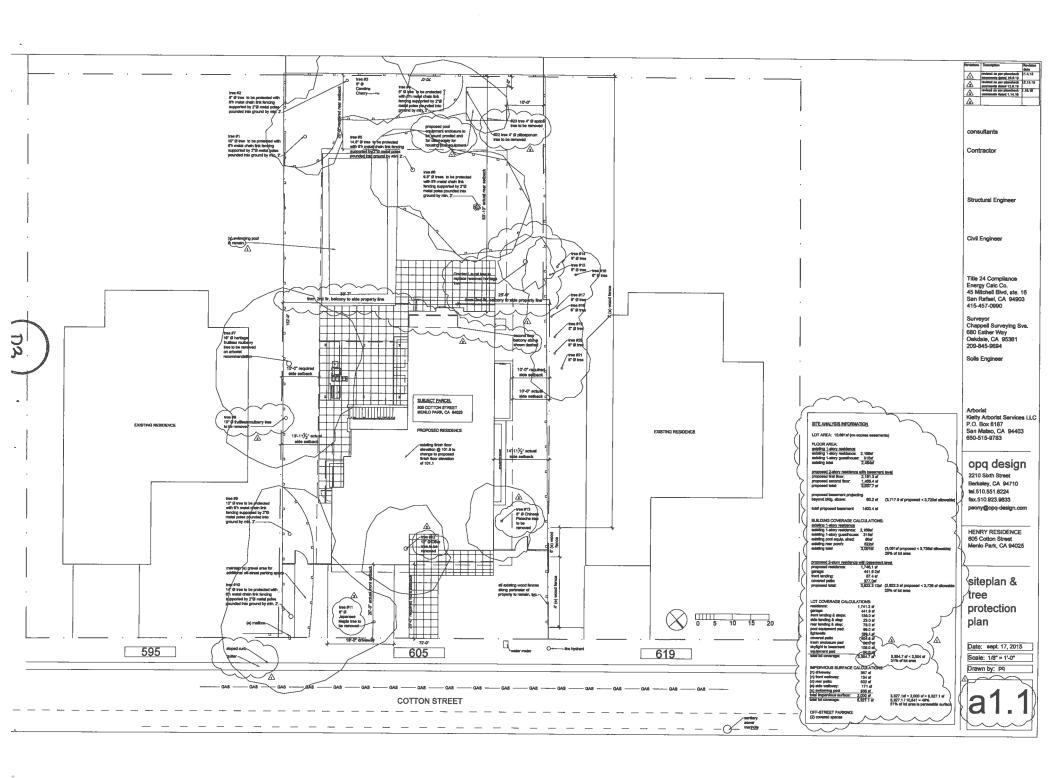
HENRY RESIDENCE Menio Park, CA 94025

titlesheet

Date: sept. 17, 2014 Scale: n.t.s. Drawn by: 🙉

a0.





Kielty Arborist Services LLC Certified Arborist WE/0476A P.O. Box 6187 Sax Matoo, CA 94403 650-515-9783

Appear 19, 2015 Revised October 21, 2015

Ms. Andrea Heary 605 Cotton Menio Park CA 94025

Site: 605 Cotton, Monio Purk, CA

Dear Ms. Heary,

As requested on Wodnesday, August 19, 2015, I visited the above site to inspect and comment on the trees. A new home is planned for this sits and your concern for the future health and safety of the trees has prompted this visit.

Method:
All improficus were made from the ground; the tree was not climbed for this inspection. The tree is question were located on a map provided by you. The trees were then excessed for climater at 84 inches shower ground here! (DBII or dismerter at least height). Each tree was given a condition rating for form and vitality. The trees' condition rating is based on 30 percent vitality and 50 percent Community and Following series one of the condition of the c

605 Cotton/8/19/15

(2)

Surve Trees 1	y: Species Maytens (Maytenus bo	DBH 10.1 aria)	CUN 55		Comments Fair vigor, poor-fair form, codomisses at 3 foct.
2	Privet (Ligustrum Japonicus	8.6 4)	50	30/20	Poor to fair vigor, fair form, codominant at 5 feet.
3	Carolina cherry (Prumes caroliniana)	5.2	55	25/15	Good vigor, fair form, good screen.
4	Carolina cherry (Prunus caroliniana)	5.6	45	20/15	Poor-fair vigor, poor form, supported by
5	Raywood ash (Fraxinus oxyoarpa)	14.8	60	30/35	Fair vigor, fair form, multi leader at 4 feet.
6	Pittosporum tobirs 20 (Pittosporum tobira)	@base	65	30/25	Good vigor, poor-fair form, multi at beec.
7X	Pruitless mulberry (Morris alba)	16.2	40	35/30	Good vigor, poor form, decay in trunk.
8X	Fruitless mulberry (Morris alba)	10.0	50	30/30	Fair vigor, poor form, bleeding canteer on trunk.
9	Southern magnolia (Magnolia grandiflor	10.7 ¢)	70	25/25	Good vigor, good form.
10	Chinese pistache (Ptstachia chinausis)	12.8	65	25/20	Good vigot, poor-fair form, poor crotch at 8 feet.
11 <b>X</b>	Japanese maple (Acer pelmetum)	8.7	50	10/10	Good vigor. Poor-fair form, verticilium wilt.
12X	Olive (Olea europa)	14.1	55	25/20	Poor-fair vigor, fair form, in raised planter

13X Chinese pistache 6.8 40 40 20/20 Poor vigor, fair form, in severe (Ptrtochta chinesuit) declino.

6est 55 30/15 Good vigor, fair form, 3 feet from feace

605 Cotton/8/19/15

(3)

	Spacies			BT/SI	Comments
15*	Birth (Behia pendala)	Seat.	30.	20/15	Good vigor, Jair Stans, i Stot from Stace line.
16*	Birch (Birila palatita)	6est	55	30/15	Good vigne, thir form, 8 feet from Junes line.
17*	Birch (Betula pendula)	Sest	50	25/1,5	Good vigor, thir flats, 3 feet from faces line.
ig.	Birch (Betula pendula)	65est	55	30/15	Good vigor, this form, 1 foot from function.
19*	Birch (Betula pendula)	Stat	55	30/15	Good vigor, fair form, 2 feet from three line.
20*	Birch (Betule pendula)	6est	55	30715	Good.vigor, fair form, 2 feet from feace line.
2] >	Birch (Bitula pinahila)	6pst	55	30/15	Good vigor, fair form, 4 fast from fence line.
22 X	Pittosporum (Pittosporum ingentic	4.1 (day)	45	20/10	Good vigor, poor form, leans east, suppressed, supported by stales.
23X	Agricut (Proma armentaca)	4.6	45	15/10	Good vigor, poor form, multi leader at 4 feet, decay in trunk, topped in past.

Semmery:
The tree on his are a mix of imported trees (exceled), there are no naive trees on size. The tree is the first to good condition with no excellent trees. One beritage sized tree will be removed, findings numberly tree \$7. The numberry is a your speciment with a large decayed cavity on the trunk. The tree is proof; located between the two houses and the neighbor has constrains shout finding demagnit that the tree may cause.



Ispanes maple tree #11 will be removed and replaced as it heavily decayed. This tree has also been radically topped. Picture alsowing large requiring cuts.

605 Cotton/#19/15

The swentining trees to be removed are all less than heritage size and do not constitute to the size. The trees to remain will only have minor impacts to their root zmess. The following tree protection plan will help to minimize root damage lessening the impacts to the resistant trees.

Tree Pretections Plans:
Tree pretections zones should be catabilished and maintained throughout the entire longth of the project. Plenning for the protection zones should be 6 floot tall metal chain link type supported my 2 isch metal poles pounded sint to the grownd by no less than 2 floot. The support poles should be spaced no more than 10 fleet space on center. The longing for the pretection for the protection flowing about 10 stars and some should be passed on flooring should be to as close to the driphine as possible still allowing room for construction to staftly continue. Signs should be placed on fencing signifying "Tree Protection 2000-x (exp Out," No materials or equipment should be stored or densed similable the tree protection zones. Areas outside the faceting but still beauth the driphine of protected trees, where foot traffic is expected to be heavy, should be maid-thed while 4 to 6 inches of chipper thips. The wooden fencing will suffice for the neighbor's trees.

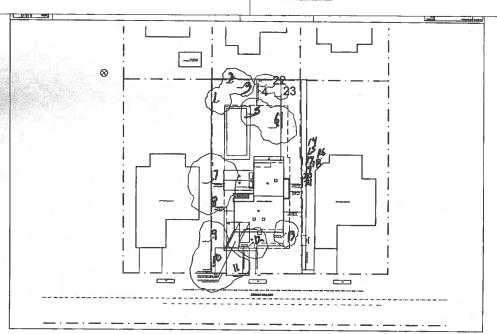
Treaching for irrigation, electrical, draimage or any other reason should be hand dug when benoals the driplines of protested trees. Hand digging and carefully laying pipes below or beside protected most will dramatically reduce root loss of desired trees thus reducing traums to the calire tree. Treaches should be bestifilled as soon as possible with antire material and communication and the communication as soon as possible with a starter material and companied to sent its original level. Tereshees that must be left exposed for a period of time should also be covered with layers of burkap or straw waitle and kept moist. Plywood over the top of the trench will also help protect exposed coots below.

Normal irrigation should be maintained throughout the entire length of the project. The imported trees on this site will require irrigation during the warm season mentals. Some irrigation may be required during the winder months deposaling on the associant sinfall. During the nurmer mouths the trees on this site should receive heavy flood type Irrigation 2 times a month. During the fall and winter i time a month should selfice. Muldiving the root zone of protected trees will help the soil rotation moistures, thus reducing water consumption.

The information included in this report is believed to be true and based on sound arboricultural principles and practices.

Sincerely.

Kevia R. Kielty Certified Arborist WEI0476A



revised to per plantings. 11.4.15 ∆ A

consultanta

Contractor

Structural Engineer

Civil Engineer

Title 24 Compliance Energy Calc Co. 45 Mitchell Blvd, ste. 16 San Rafael, CA 94903 415-457-0990

Surveyor Chappell Surveying Svs. 680 Esther Way Oakdale, CA 95361

Soils Engineer

Kielty Arborist Services LLC P.O. Box 6187 San Mateo, CA 94403

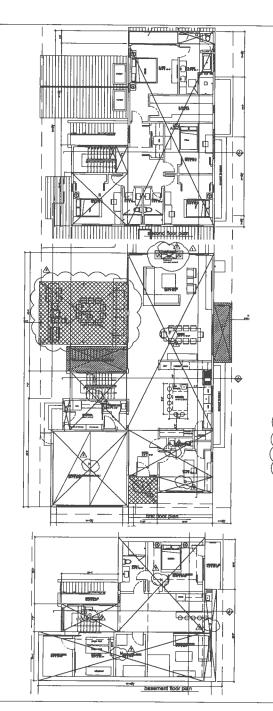
opq design

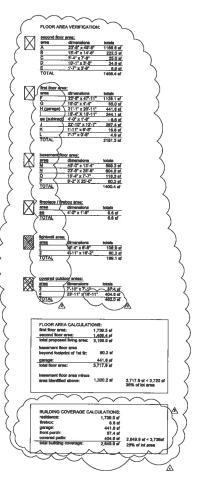
2210 Sbith Street Berkeley, CA 94710 tel.510.551.6224 fax.510.923.9633 peony@opq-design.com

HENRY RESIDENCE 805 Cotton Street Menio Park, CA 94025

arborist report

Date: sept. 17, 2015 Scale: n.t.s. Drawn by: pq





Provisions	Cosorbiles	Plandplass date
Δ	novleed as per plantheck comorte stated 10.0.15	11.446
A	revised no per planshook comede dated 12.0.15	12.66.16
Δ		
Δ		

Contractor

Structural Engineer

Civil Engineer

Title 24 Compliance Energy Calc Co. 45 Mitchell Blvd, ste. 16 San Rafael, CA 94903 415-457-0990

Surveyor Chappell Surveying Sva. 880 Esther Way Oakdale, CA 95361 209-845-9694

Soils Engineer

Arborist Kletty Arborist Services LLC P.O. Box 6187 San Mateo, CA 94403 650-515-9783

#### opq design

2210 Sixth Street
Berkeley, CA 94710
tel.510.551.6224
fax.510.923.9633
peony@opq-design.com

HENRY RESIDENCE 605 Cotton Street Menio Park, CA 94025

floor area calculations

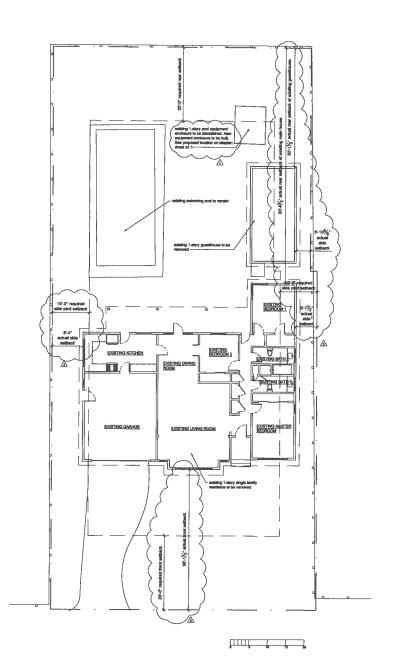
Date: sept. 17, 2015 Scale: 1/8" = 1'-0"

Drawn by: Pq

0 5 10 15 20

a1.3





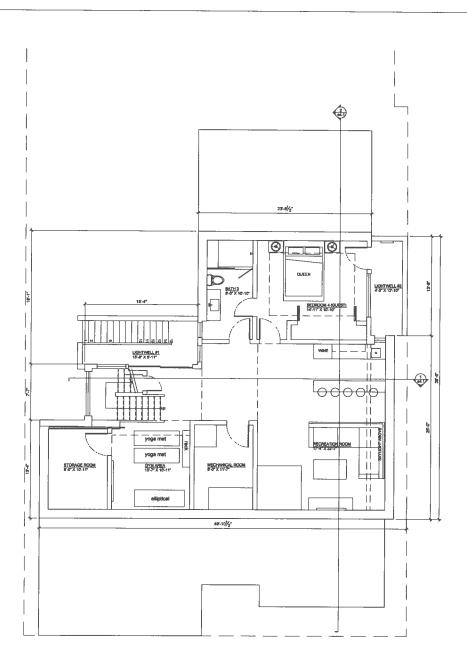
Pervisions	Decolption	Planetation
Δ	revised so per planature). commits debut 10.0.15	11,4,18
Δ	revision in per plancheck comments deland 12,6,18	12.18.18
Δ		
Δ		

opq design 2210 Sbith Street Berkeley, CA 94710 tel.510.551.8224 fex.510.923.9833 peony@opq-design.com

HENRY RESIDENCE 805 Cotton Street Merilo Park, CA 94025

existing siteplan

Date: sept. 17, 2015 Scale: 1/6" = 1'-0"



Contractor

Structural Engineer

Civil Engineer

Title 24 Compliance Energy Calc Co. 45 Mitchell Blvd, ste. 16 San Rafael, CA 94903 415-457-0990

Surveyor Chappell Surveying Svs. 680 Esther Way Oakdale, CA 95381 209-845-9684

Soils Engineer

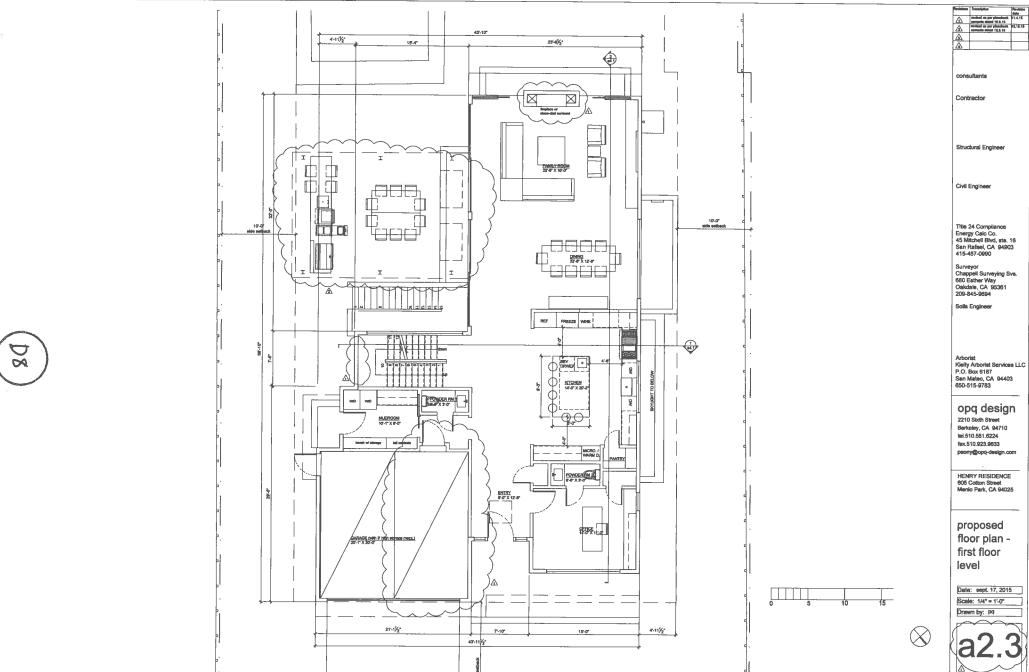
Arborist Kleity Arborist Services LLC P.O. Box 6187 San Mateo, CA 94403 650-615-9783

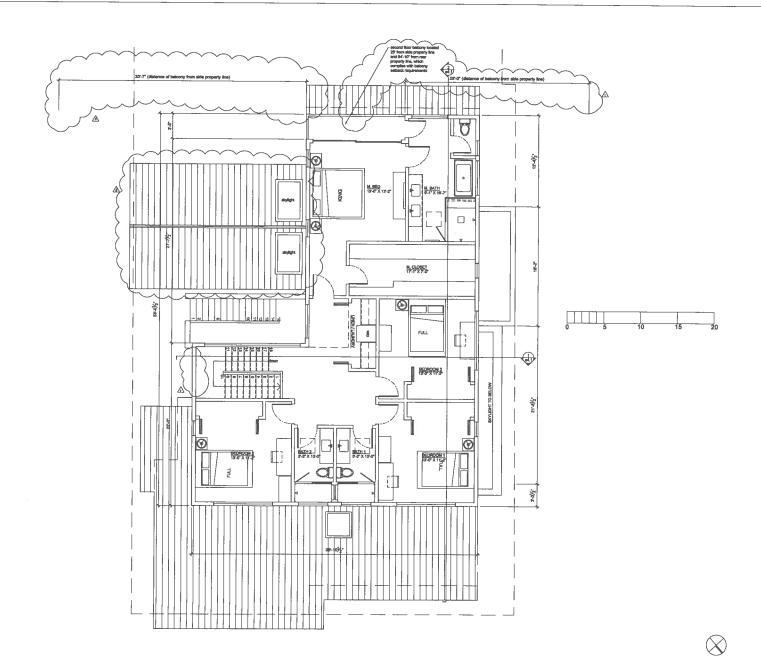
opq design 2210 Shith Street Berkeley, CA 94710 tel.510.551.6224 fax.510.923.9633 peony@opq-design.com

HENRY RESIDENCE 805 Cotton Street Menio Perk, CA 94025

proposed floor plan basement level

Date: sept. 17, 2015 Scale: 1/4" = 1'-0"





| Providence | Description | Providence | Description | Providence | Description | Providence | Description | Desc

consultants Contractor

Structural Engineer

Civil Engineer

Title 24 Compliance Energy Calc Co. 45 Mitchell Blvd, ste. 16 San Rafael, CA 94903 415-457-0990

Surveyor Chappell Surveying Svs. 680 Eather Way Cakdale, CA 95361 209-845-9694

Soils Engineer

Arborist Klefty Arborist Services LLC P.O. Box 6187 San Mateo, CA 94403 650-515-9783

opq design

2210 Sbtth Street
Berkeley, CA 94710
tel.510.551.6224
fax.510.923.9633
peony@opq-design.com

HENRY RESIDENCE 605 Cotton Street Menio Park, CA 94025

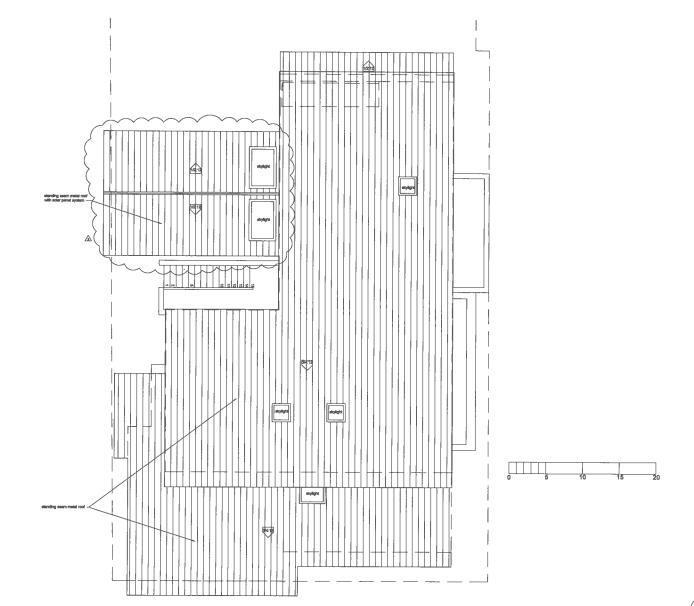
proposed floor plan second floor level

Date: sept. 17, 2015 Scale: 1/4" = 1'-0"

Drawn by: P9

a2.4

Pa





Contractor

Structural Engineer

Civil Engineer

Title 24 Compliance Energy Calc Co. 45 Mitchell Blvd, ste. 16 San Rafael, CA 94903 415-457-0990

Surveyor Chappell Surveying Svs. 680 Eather Way Oakdale, CA 95361 209-845-9694

Soils Engineer

Arborist Kielty Arborist Services LLC P.O. Box 6167 Sen Mateo, CA 94403 650-515-9763

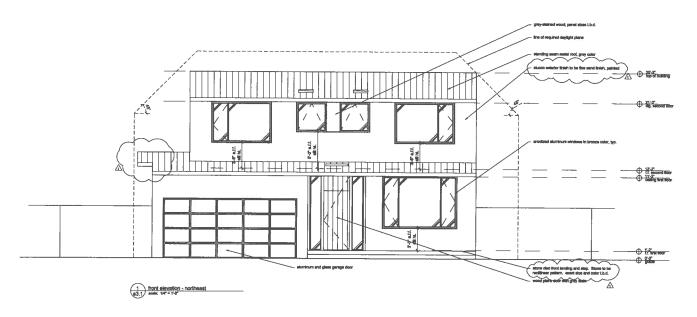
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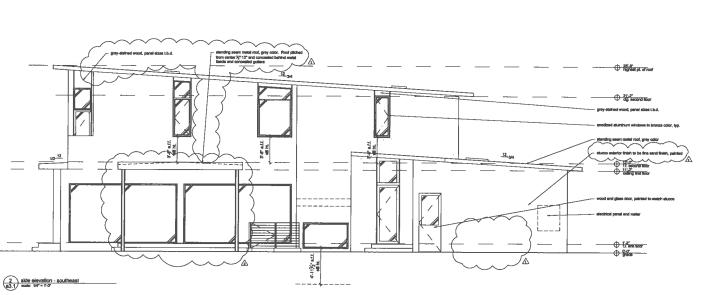
HENRY RESIDENCE 605 Cotton Street Menio Park, CA 94025

proposed roof plan

Date: sept. 17, 2015 Scale: 1/4" = 1'-0"







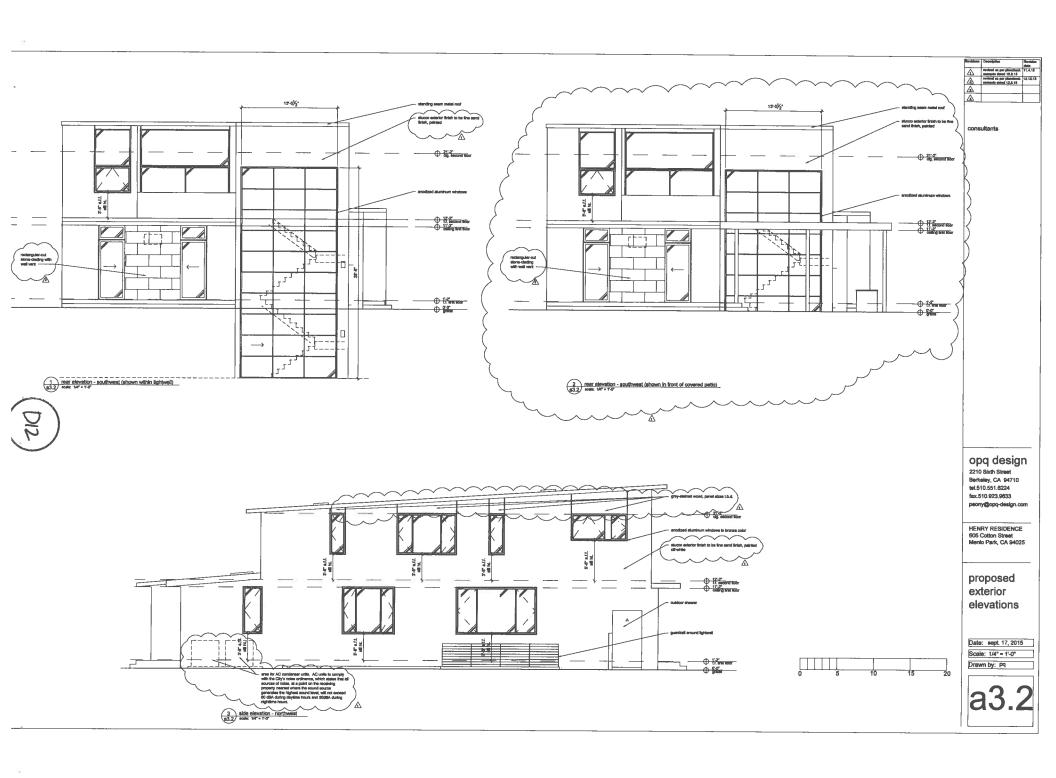
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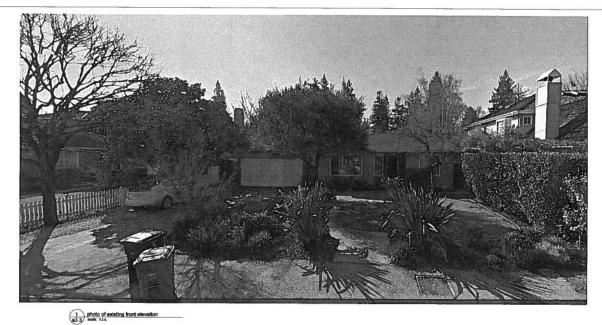
HENRY RESIDENCE 605 Cotton Street Menio Park, CA 94025

exterior elevations

Date: sept. 17, 2015 Scale: 1/4" = 1'-0"

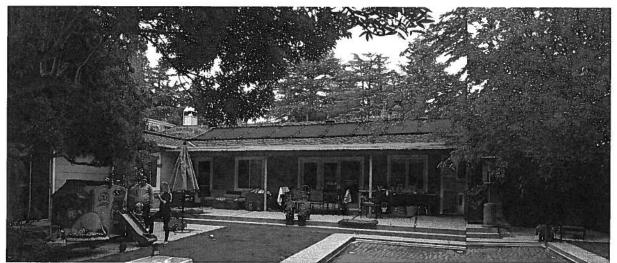
Drawn by: Pq







2 secial photo of existing house



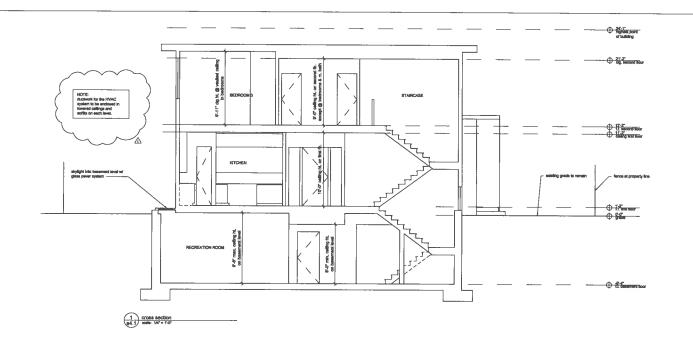
3 photo of existing rear elevation a3.3 some ALA

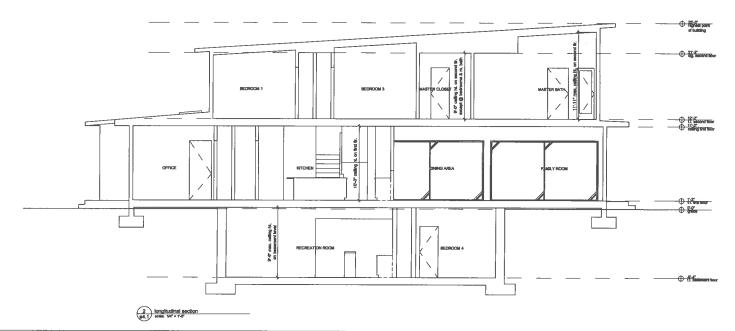
Opq design 2210 Sloth Street Berkeley, CA 94710 tel 510.551.6224 fax.510.923.9833 peony@opq-design

HENRY RESIDENCE 805 Cotton Street Menio Park, CA 94025

existing exterior photos

Date: sept. 17, 2015 Scale: n.t.s. Drawn by: Pq





| Davidium | Davidium | Carrison 
consultants

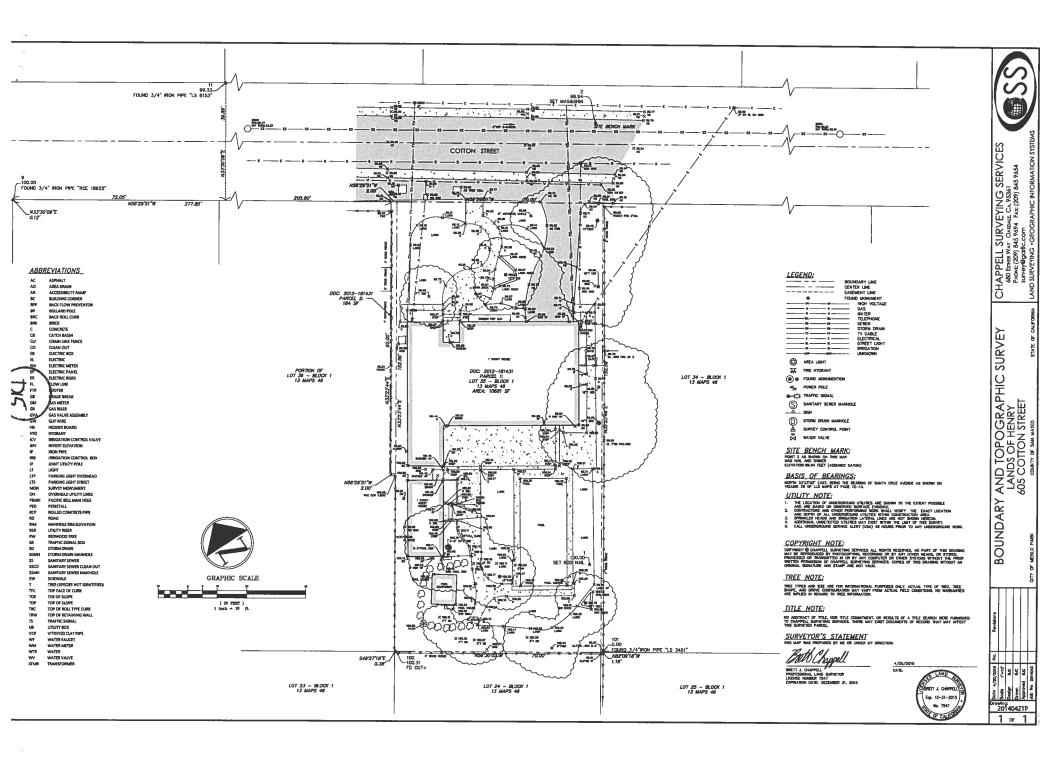
Opq design 2210 Sixth Street Berkeley, CA 94710 tel.510.551.6224 fax.510.923.9633 peony@opq-design.com

HENRY RESIDENCE 605 Cotton Street Menio Park, CA 94025

sections

Date: sept. 17, 2015 Scale: 1/4" = 1'-0"

Drawn by: P9



18 September 2015

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Menlo Park Planning Commission 701 Laurel Street Menlo Park, CA 90425 RECEIVED

SEP 2 1 2015

CITY OF MENLO PARK PLANNING

To Whom It May Concern:

We are submitting an application for a use permit because the subject property at 605 Cotton Street is 72 feet wide rather than the minimum width of 80 feet, and the homeowners, Andrea and Brian Henry, would like to build a house on the property that can accommodate their growing family. They deeply and appreciate and enjoy the neighborhood, but the family has outgrown the one-story ranch house that is on the property.

We are proposing that the existing house be demolished and replaced with a two-story house with a basement. The square footage of the proposed house is 5,035sf with 3,715sf counting towards the FAL. The proposed design includes five bedrooms, three full bathrooms, and two powder rooms. It also offers enough storage space for a growing family with two to three children. The construction process will follow all recommendations from Menlo Park as well as the Cal Green Building Standards, which are measures good for the environment and which we fully support.

The architectural style of the proposed house is Northern California modern with rustic characteristics. There will be a shed roof in standing seam metal, painted stucco exterior finish on the walls most likely in an off-white color, anodized aluminum windows in a bronze color, and stained grey wood trim details. Any stone on the house or as paved groundcover will be in a natural neutral color, possibly in warm greys or sand colored. We would like to create a house with a quiet and warm presence on the street. The shape or volume of the proposed house steps and slopes towards the back of the house, which allows for a greater sense of openness at the front of the property. Like many Menlo Park homes, our intention with this proposed design is a house that is harmonious with its surrounding gardens and neighborhood. We envision the simple lines of the house in combination with trees and vibrant landscaping. The wood fence along the perimeter of the property is to remain, and any new gate and fence will be in wood and match the character of the existing fencing. The existing swimming pool on the property will remain, and we plan to maintain as much of the existing landscape as possible. We would like to keep the lush and green garden while adding droughttolerant and environmentally-conscious plantings to fill in the areas that will be exposed with the demolition of the existing house, guesthouse and pool equipment enclosure. We are also interested in incorporating plants that are natural to the area.

The proposed house is situated on site to allow for a generous rear garden and follow the basic pattern of the existing streetscape. Most of the houses on the street are twostory houses, so the proposed design will match the scale of the neighborhood houses.



Andrea and Brian have spoken with six households of their surrounding neighbors and have met with general support for their proposed project. They've already received three letters of support which were included in the application package and hope to get one more. Though they did not request a letter from the neighbors immediately behind their property, they did speak with them and received verbal support for their project.

We appreciate your review of our proposed project and hope to receive your approval to move forward.

Regards,

Peony Quan opq design



# Kielty Arborist Services LLC

Certified Arborist WE#0476A P.O. Box 6187 San Mateo, CA 94403 650-515-9783

August 19, 2015 Revised October 21, 2015

Ms. Andrea Henry 605 Cotton Menlo Park CA 94025

Site: 605 Cotton, Menlo Park, CA

Dear Ms. Henry,

As requested on Wednesday, August 19, 2015, I visited the above site to inspect and comment on the trees. A new home is planned for this site and your concern for the future health and safety of the trees has prompted this visit.

### Method:

All inspections were made from the ground; the tree was not climbed for this inspection. The trees in question were located on a map provided by you. The trees were then measured for diameter at 54 inches above ground level (DBH or diameter at breast height). Each tree was given a condition rating for form and vitality. The trees' condition rating is based on 50 percent vitality and 50 percent form, using the following scale.

1 - 29 Very Poor

30 - 49 Poor

50 - 69 Fair

70 - 89 Good

90 - 100 Excellent

The height of the tree was measured using a Nikon Forestry 550 Hypsometer. The spread was paced off. Comments and recommendations for future maintenance are provided.

# 605 Cotton/8/19/15

(2)

Surve Tree# 1	ey: Species Maytens (Maytenus bo	<b>DBH</b> 10.1 aria)	CON 55		PComments Fair vigor, poor-fair form, codominant at 3 feet.
2	Privet (Ligustrum japonicum	8.6 n)	50	30/20	Poor to fair vigor, fair form, codominant at 5 feet.
3	Carolina cherry (Prunus caroliniana)	5.2	55	25/15	Good vigor, fair form, good screen.
4	Carolina cherry (Prunus caroliniana)	5.6	45	20/15	Poor-fair vigor, poor form, supported by
5	Raywood ash (Fraxinus oxycarpa)	14.8	60	30/35	Fair vigor, fair form, multi leader at 4 feet.
6	Pittosporum tobira 20 (Pittosporum tobira)	)@base	65	30/25	Good vigor, poor-fair form, multi at base.
7X	Fruitless mulberry (Morris alba)	16.2	40	35/30	Good vigor, poor form, decay in trunk.
8X	Fruitless mulberry (Morris alba)	10.0	50	30/30	Fair vigor, poor form, bleeding canker on trunk.
9	Southern magnolia (Magnolia grandiflor	10.7 a)	70	25/25	Good vigor, good form.
10	Chinese pistache (Pistachia chinensis)	12.8	65	25/20	Good vigor, poor-fair form, poor crotch at 8 feet.
11X	Japanese maple (Acer palmatum)	8.7	50	10/10	Good vigor. Poor-fair form, verticilium wilt.
12X	Olive (Olea europa)	14.1	55	25/20	Poor-fair vigor, fair form, in raised planter.
13X	Chinese pistache (Pistachia chinensis)	6.8	40	40	20/20 Poor vigor, fair form, in severe decline.
14*	Birch (Betula pendula)	6est	55	30/15	Good vigor, fair form, 3 feet from fence line.

Survey:							
	<b>Tree#</b> 15*	Species Birch (Betula pendula)	DBH 5est	<b>CON</b> 50		PComments Good vigor, fair form, 1 foot from fence line.	
	16*	Birch (Betula pendula)	6est	55	30/15	Good vigor, fair form, 8 feet from fence line.	
	17*	Birch (Betula pendula)	5est	50	25/15	Good vigor, fair form, 3 feet from fence line.	
	18*	Birch (Betula pendula)	65est	55	30/15	Good vigor, fair form, 1 foot from fence line.	
	19*	Birch (Betula pendula)	5est	55	30/15	Good vigor, fair form, 2 feet from fence line.	
	20*	Birch (Betula pendula)	6est	55	30/15	Good vigor, fair form, 2 feet from fence line.	
	21*	Birch (Betula pendula)	6est	55	30/15	Good vigor, fair form, 4 feet from fence line.	
	22X	Pittosporum (Pittosporum eugenio	4.1 ides)	45	20/10	Good vigor, poor form, leans east, suppressed, supported by stake.	
		Apricot (Prunus armeniaca)	4.6	45		Good vigor, poor form, multi leader at 4 feet, decay in trunk, topped in past.	
	*indicates neighbors tree X indicated removal is planned.						

### Summary:

The trees on site are a mix of imported trees (exotics), there are no native trees on site. The trees are in fair to good condition with no excellent trees. One heritage sized tree will be removed, fruitless mulberry tree #7. The mulberry is a poor specimen with a large decayed cavity on the trunk. The tree is poorly located between the two houses and the neighbor has concerns about future damages that the tree may cause.



Japanese maple tree #11 will be removed and replaced as it heavily decayed. This tree has also been radically topped.

Picture showing large topping cuts.

605 Cotton/8/19/15

(4)

The remaining trees to be removed are all less than heritage size and do not contribute to the site. The trees to remain will only have minor impacts to their root zones. The following tree protection plan will help to minimize root damage lessening the impacts to the retained trees.

### **Tree Protection Plan:**

Tree protection zones should be established and maintained throughout the entire length of the project. Fencing for the protection zones should be 6 foot tall metal chain link type supported my 2 inch metal poles pounded into the ground by no less than 2 feet. The support poles should be spaced no more than 10 feet apart on center. The location for the protection fencing should be as close to the dripline as possible still allowing room for construction to safely continue. Signs should be placed on fencing signifying "Tree Protection Zone - Keep Out". No materials or equipment should be stored or cleaned inside the tree protection zones. Areas outside the fencing but still beneath the dripline of protected trees, where foot traffic is expected to be heavy, should be mulched with 4 to 6 inches of chipper chips. The wooden fencing will suffice for the neighbor's trees.

Trenching for irrigation, electrical, drainage or any other reason should be hand dug when beneath the driplines of protected trees. Hand digging and carefully laying pipes below or beside protected roots will dramatically reduce root loss of desired trees thus reducing trauma to the entire tree. Trenches should be backfilled as soon as possible with native material and compacted to near its original level. Trenches that must be left exposed for a period of time should also be covered with layers of burlap or straw wattle and kept moist. Plywood over the top of the trench will also help protect exposed roots below.

Normal irrigation should be maintained throughout the entire length of the project. The imported trees on this site will require irrigation during the warm season months. Some irrigation may be required during the winter months depending on the seasonal rainfall. During the summer months the trees on this site should receive heavy flood type irrigation 2 times a month. During the fall and winter 1 time a month should suffice. Mulching the root zone of protected trees will help the soil retain moisture, thus reducing water consumption.

The information included in this report is believed to be true and based on sound arboricultural principles and practices.

Sincerely,

Kevin R. Kielty Certified Arborist WE#0476A





Menlo Park Planning Commission City Council Chambers 701 Laurel St Menlo Park, CA 94025

SEP 1 7 2015

CITY OF MENLO PARK PLANNING

Re: Application for Use Permit for 605 Cotton Street, Menlo Park, CA

Dear Planning Commission,

We live at 600 Cotton Street, Menlo Park, directly across the street the Henry family at 605 Cotton Street, Menlo Park. The Henrys have shared with us their plans for the new house they want to build on their property, and we are writing today to inform you that we are in support of their project.

Please let us know if you have any follow up questions.

Best,

Jung Choi and Bill Park

### ALLEN A. RUDOLPH 593 COTTON STREET MENLO PARK, CALIFORNIA 94025

# RECEIVED

SEP 1 7 2015

CITY OF MENLO PARK PLANNING

Dear Meulo Park Planning Commission,

My name is Allen Rudolph. My wike Pam and I live at 593 (attenst. Our neighbors The Henry's live next door at 605 Cotton. Last week we met with them and reviewed the design of their new home. We want you to know that we support their project.

If you have any questions don't hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely allen Ruelspy Menlo Park Planning Commission City Council Chambers 701 Laurel St Menlo Park, CA 94025

Re: Application for Use Permit for 605 Cotton Street, Menlo Park, CA

Dear Planning Commission,

We live at 650 Cotton Street, Menlo Park, across the street from the Henry Family at 605 Cotton Street, Menlo Park. The Henrys have shared with us their plans for the new house they want to build on their property, and we are writing today to inform you that we are in support of their project.

Please let us know if you have any follow up questions.

Best, MANT MOODY 650 GSAM St

# **Community Development**



### **STAFF REPORT**

Planning Commission

Meeting Date: 2/8/2016 Staff Report Number: 16-009-PC

Public Hearing: Use Permit/InVisage Technologies, Inc./990

**Hamilton Avenue** 

### Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve a request for a revision to a use permit, previously approved in July 2011, for the indoor storage and use of hazardous materials for the research and development (R&D) of novel semiconductor materials and devices at 990 Hamilton Avenue in the M-2 (General Industrial) zoning district. The recommended actions are contained within Attachment A.

### **Policy Issues**

Each use permit request is considered individually. The Planning Commission should consider whether the required use permit findings can be made for the proposal.

### **Background**

#### Site location

The project site is an office and R&D building located at 990 Hamilton Avenue (formerly 978 Hamilton Avenue), within the Menlo Technology and Science Park (formerly known as AMB Willow Park). A location map is included as Attachment B. The business park was recently purchased by Peninsula Innovation Partners, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Facebook, Inc. As part of a comprehensive address update for the business park conducted in September of 2010, the subject building was readdressed to 998 Hamilton Avenue and subsequently has been re-addressed 990 Hamilton Avenue. The adjacent suite within the building is currently vacant.

The adjacent parcels are also located in the M-2 zoning district, and primarily contain R&D, manufacturing, and office uses. Willow Road is located west of the subject site. The subject parcel is located approximately 500 feet from Mid-Peninsula High School at 1340 Willow Road, which is southwest of the project site, and is located approximately 800 feet from JobTrain, located at 1200 O'Brien Drive, which is southeast of the project site. In addition, a private Montessori preschool operates at 1215 O'Brien Drive, approximately 650 feet from the subject suite. The subject site is located approximately 700 feet from the nearest residences. The closest residential areas are located to the west on the west side of Willow Road and to the east and south in the City of East Palo Alto, along its border with Menlo Park (see Attachment B).

### **Analysis**

### Project description

The applicant is requesting a use permit revision for the storage and use of hazardous materials associated with its R&D operations. InVisage Technologies develops semiconductor devises as well as semiconductor materials for use in commercial and consumer device applications. The company has been located at the subject building since 2008, when it received its first use permit approval for the use and storage of hazardous materials. The Planning Commission approved that permit in October 2008. Subsequently, in July 2011, the company received Planning Commission approval of a use permit revision to modify the types and quantities of hazardous materials used and stored at the subject site. With its progress in operations, the company has determined that additional types and quantities of hazardous materials are necessary to continue to grow in Menlo Park, and to accommodate future growth. The applicant has submitted a project description letter that discusses the proposal in more detail (Attachment C).

#### Hazardous materials

Proposed hazardous materials include corrosives, combustible liquids, flammable liquids, flammable waste solids, oxidizers, toxics, pyrophorics, and cryogens. The project plans (Attachment D) provide the locations of chemical use and storage, as well as hazardous waste storage. In addition, the plans identify the location of safety equipment, such as fire extinguishers and emergency eyewash/shower stations. All hazardous materials would be used and stored inside of the building.

The Hazardous Materials Information Form (HMIF) for the project is provided as Attachment E. The HMIF contains a description of how hazardous materials are stored and handled on-site, including the storage of hazardous materials within fire-rated storage cabinets, segregated by hazard class. The applicant indicates that the storage areas would be monitored by lab staff and weekly documented inspections would be performed. The largest waste container would be a 55-gallon container, and all liquid wastes would be secondarily contained. A spill kit would be stored on-site. Licensed contractors are intended to be used to haul off and dispose of the hazardous waste. The HMIF includes a discussion of the applicant's intended training plan, which encompasses the handling of hazardous materials and waste, as well as how to respond in case of an emergency. The applicant indicates that the procedures for notifying emergency response personnel and outside agencies are kept in the site's emergency response plan. Given the proximity of the site to the Hetch Hetchy Right-Of-Way and pipeline, the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission would be included in the emergency contact list. A complete list of the types of chemicals is included in Attachment F.

Staff has included recommended conditions of approval that would limit changes in the use of hazardous materials, require a new business to submit a chemical inventory to seek compliance if the existing use is discontinued, and address violations of other agencies in order to protect the health and safety of the public. In addition, the use and storage of hazardous materials is consistent with other uses in the area.

### Agency review

The Menlo Park Fire Protection District (MPFPD), City of Menlo Park Building Division, West Bay Sanitary District, and San Mateo County Environmental Health Services Division were contacted regarding the

proposed use and storage of hazardous materials on the project site. Each entity found the proposal to be in compliance with all applicable standards and approved or conditionally approved the proposal. Their correspondence has been included as Attachment G.

### Correspondence

Staff has not received any items of correspondence on the proposed project.

### **Conclusion**

Staff believes that the proposed use and quantities of hazardous materials would be compatible and consistent with other uses in this area. The HMIF and chemical inventory include a discussion of the applicant's training plan and protection measures in the event of an emergency. Relevant agencies have indicated their approval of the proposed hazardous materials uses on the property. The proposed use permit would allow an existing business to continue to grow in Menlo Park and would accommodate its future growth. Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve the proposed project.

### **Impact on City Resources**

The project sponsor is required to pay Planning, Building and Public Works permit fees, based on the City's Master Fee Schedule, to fully cover the cost of staff time spent on the review of the project.

### **Environmental Review**

The project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.

### **Public Notice**

Public Notification was achieved by posting the agenda, with the agenda items being listed, at least 72 hours prior to the meeting. Public notification also consisted of publishing a notice in the local newspaper and notification by mail of owners and occupants within a 1,320-ft radius of the subject property.

### **Attachments**

- A. Recommend Actions
- B. Location Map
- C. Project Description Letter
- D. Project Plans
- E. Hazardous Materials Information Form (HMIF)
- F. Chemical Inventory
- G. Hazardous Materials Agency Referral Forms:
  - Menlo Park Fire Protection District
  - San Mateo County Environmental Health Department
  - West Bay Sanitary District
  - Menlo Park Building Division

Report prepared by: Kyle Perata, Senior Planner

Report reviewed by: Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner

### 990 Hamilton Avenue - Attachment A: Recommended Actions

LOCATION: 990
Hamilton Avenue
PROJECT NUMBER: APPLICANT: InVisage Technologies
OWNER: Peninsula Innovation Partners LLC

**REQUEST:** Use Permit Revision/InVisage Technologies/990 Hamilton Avenue: Request for a revision to a use permit, previously approved in July 2011, for the indoor storage and use of hazardous materials for the research and development of novel semiconductor materials and devices in the M-2 (General Industrial) zoning district.

DECISION ENTITY: Planning DATE: February 8, 2016 ACTION: TBD Commission

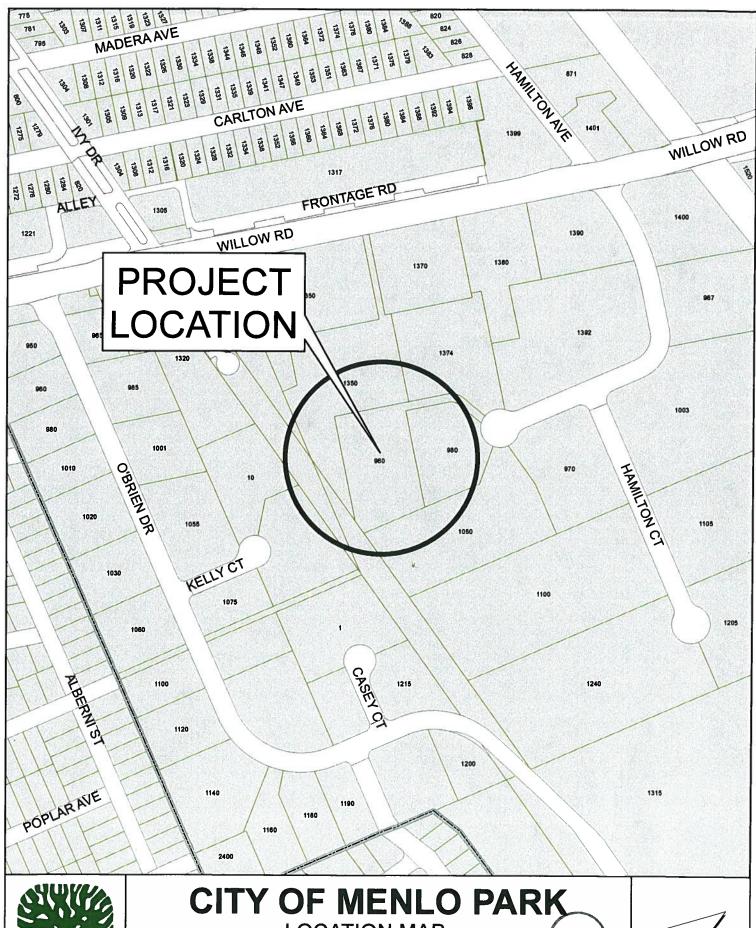
VOTE: TBD (Combs, Ferrick, Goodhue, Kadvany, Kahle, Onken, Strehl)

### ACTION:

- 1. Make a finding that the project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current CEQA Guidelines.
- Make findings, as per Section 16.82.030 of the Zoning Ordinance pertaining to the granting of use
  permits, that the proposed use will not be detrimental to the health, safety, morals, comfort and
  general welfare of the persons residing or working in the neighborhood of such proposed use, and will
  not be detrimental to property and improvements in the neighborhood or the general welfare of the
  City.
- 3. Approve the use permit subject to the following **standard** conditions:
  - a. Development of the project shall be substantially in conformance with the plans provided by Green Environment, Inc., consisting of five plan sheets, dated received January 28, 2016, and approved by the Planning Commission on February 8 2016 except as modified by the conditions contained herein, subject to review and approval of the Planning Division.
  - b. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall comply with all sanitary district, Menlo Park Fire Protection District, and utility companies regulations that are directly applicable to the project.
  - c. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall comply with all requirements of the Building Division, Engineering Division, and Transportation Division that are directly applicable to the project.
  - d. If there is an increase in the quantity of hazardous materials on the project site, a change in the location of the storage of the hazardous materials, or the use of additional hazardous materials after this use permit is granted, the applicant shall apply for a revision to the use permit.
  - e. Any citation or notification of violation by the Menlo Park Fire Protection District, San Mateo County Environmental Health Department, West Bay Sanitary District, Menlo Park Building Division or other agency having responsibility to assure public health and safety for the use of hazardous materials will be grounds for considering revocation of the use permit.
  - f. If the business discontinues operations at the premises, the use permit for hazardous materials shall expire unless a new business submits a new hazardous materials business plan to the Planning Division for review by the applicable agencies to determine whether the new hazardous materials business plan is in substantial compliance with the use permit.

(AI)

**PAGE**: 1 of 1





**LOCATION MAP** 990 HAMILTON AVENUE

DRAWN: KTP CHECKED: KTP

SHEET: 1





# InVisage Technologies, Inc. Business Summary February 2016

InVisage Technologies (InVisage) designs and develops novel semiconductor devices as well as novel semiconductor materials for use in commercial and consumer device applications. InVisage currently employs approximately 50 full time employees.

InVisage employs standard and custom semiconductor design tools as well as process design tools to generate product candidates for ultimate release into the market. Final mass production manufacturing will be located offshore with contract manufacturers. The key activities in InVisage's own labs center on Research and Development. Chemicals are used and stored in, and adjacent to, the labs. Small quantities of liquid and solid hazardous waste are generated in the labs and stored in the designated area(s) adjacent to the lab. Hazardous waste is disposed of at permitted sites as per California requirements. Liquid waste from glass washing is collected in drums and disposed of off-site by a licensed contractor.

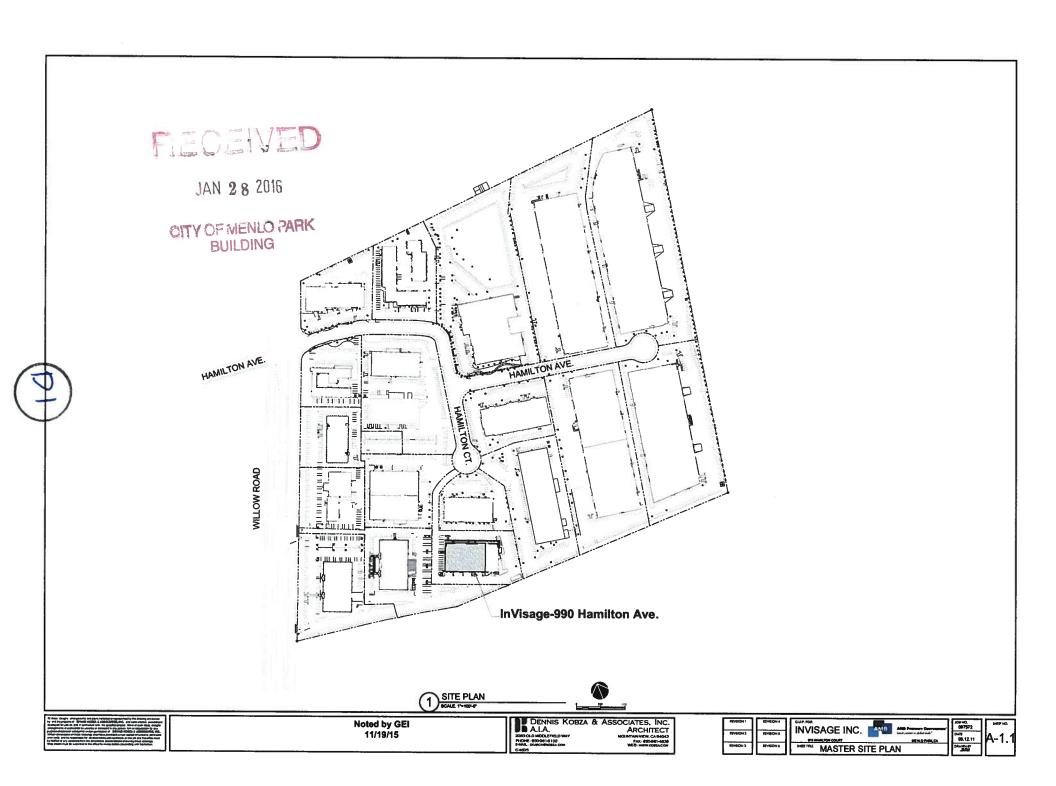
The development of any of these products is expected to take at least 2 to 3 years. InVisage expects to rely on corporate partners (major semiconductor manufacturing and semiconductor chemical companies) for the manufacturing scale-up, commercial production and commercialization of its products.

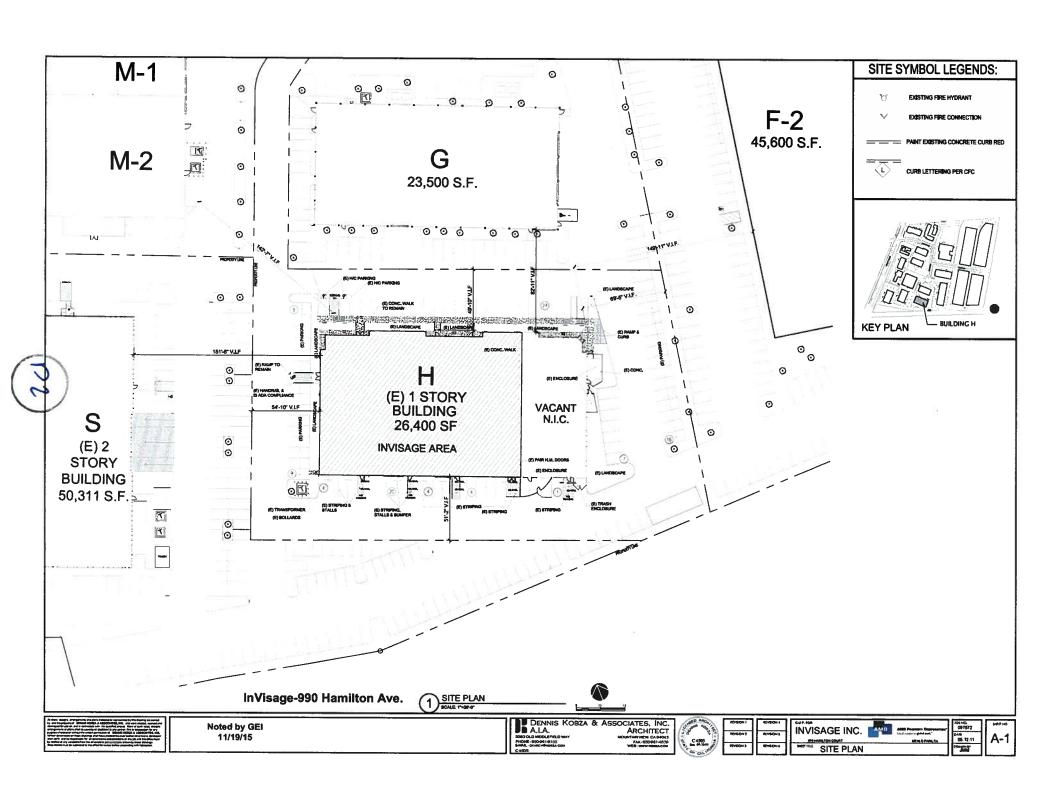
No commercial production will take place at the 990 Hamilton Avenue facility.

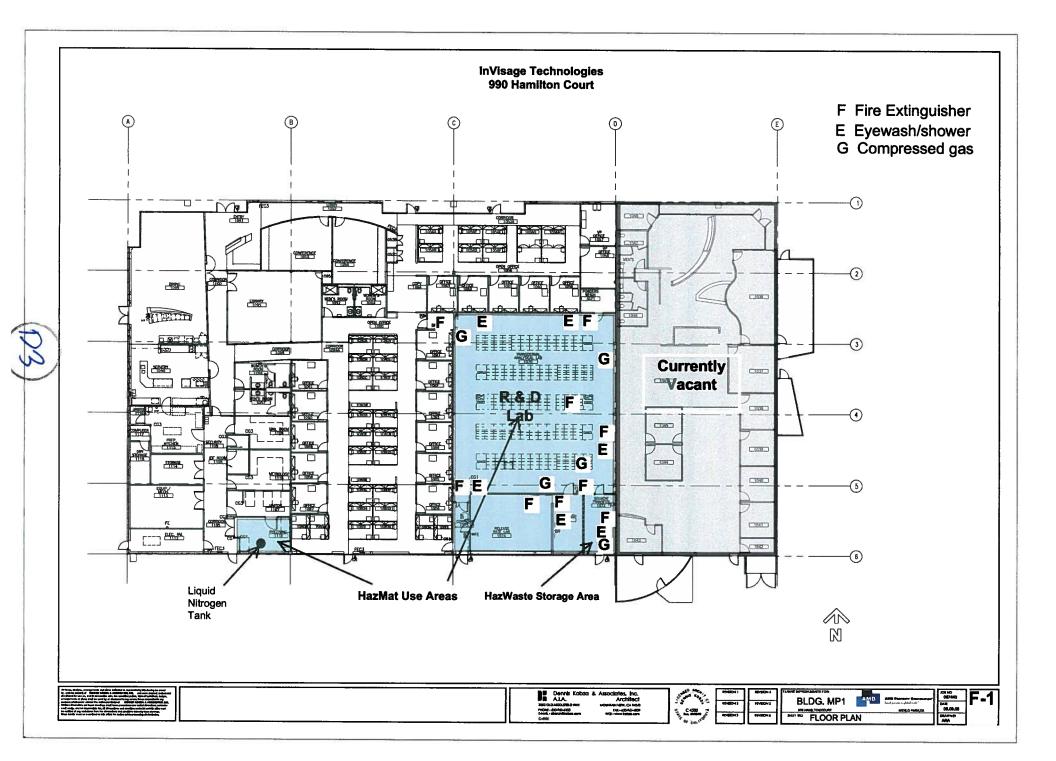
InVisage applied for, and received, a Conditional Use Permit for the use and storage of hazardous materials at the site in October 2008. The permit was subsequently revised in 2011.

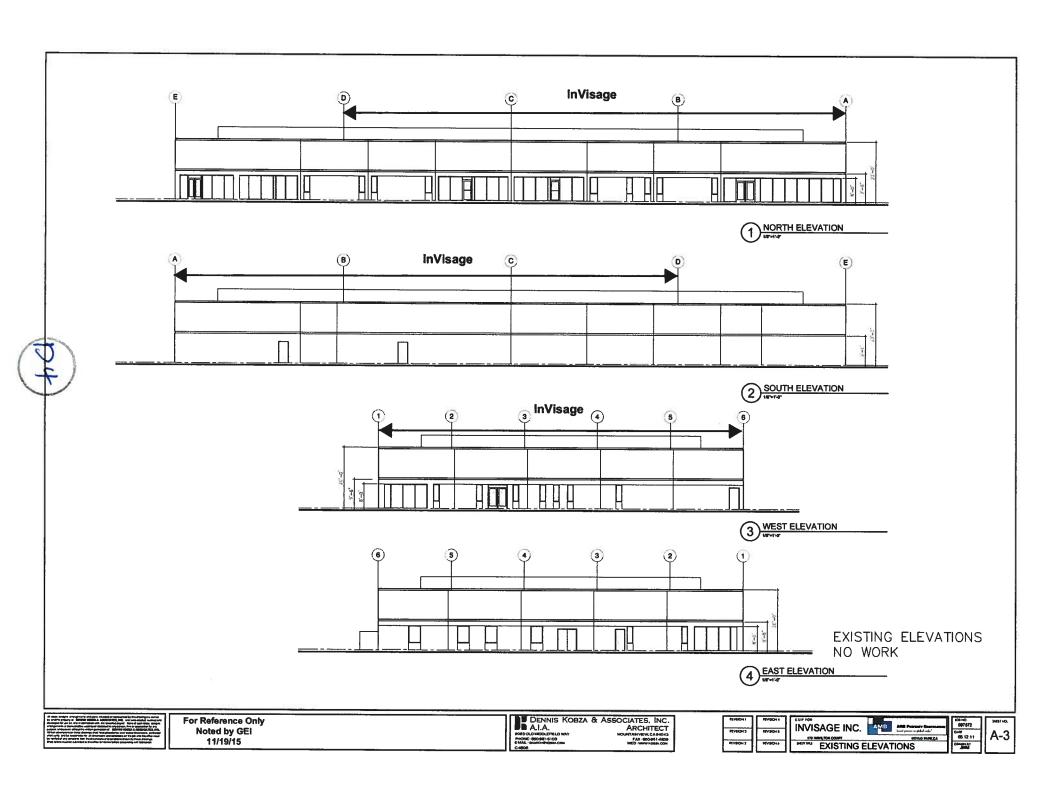
As operations have progressed, InVisage has determined that additional chemicals are necessary for the research to advance.

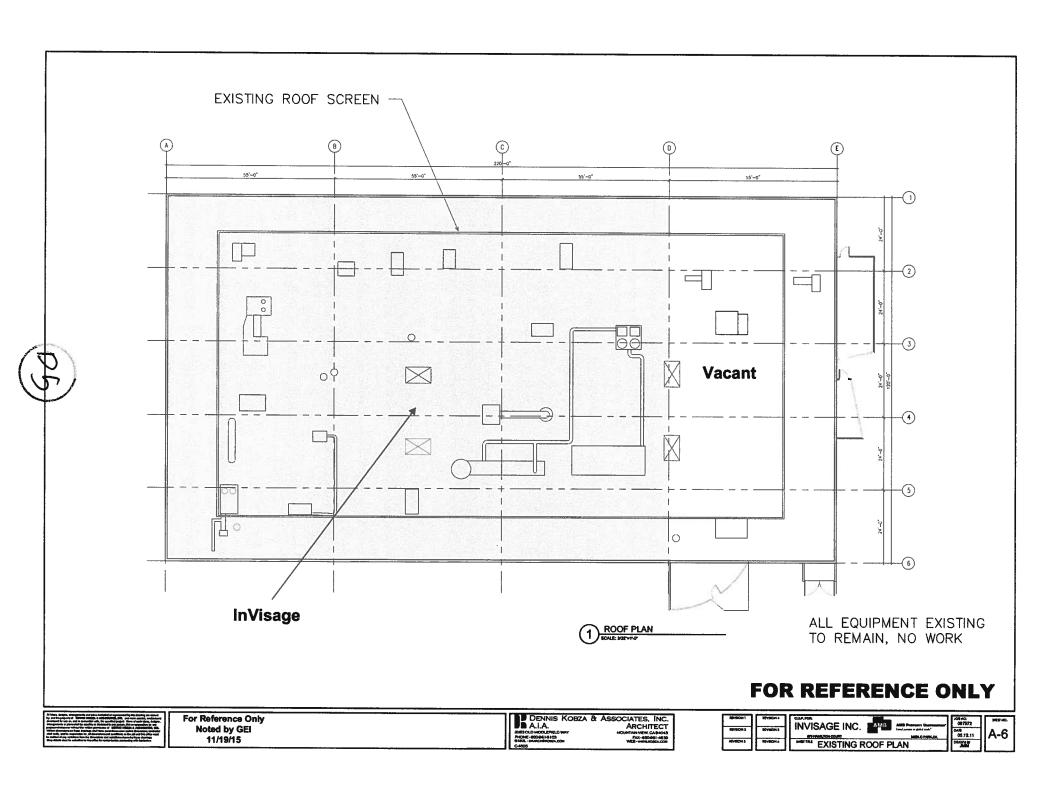
A comparison of previously approved chemical types with the current proposed inventory is included in this application.













# COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT PLANNING DIVISION

701 Laurel Street Menio Park, CA 94025 phone: (650) 330-6702 fax: (650) 327-1653 planning@menlopark.org http://www.menlopark.org

### HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION FORM

In order to help inform City Staff and the external reviewing agencies, the Planning Division requires the submittal of this form, If the use permit application is approved, applicants are required to submit the necessary forms and obtain the necessary permits from the Menlo Park Fire Protection District, San Mateo County Environmental Health Services Division, West Bay Sanitary District, and other applicable agencies. Please complete this form and attach additional sheets as necessary.

List the types of hazardous materials by California Fire Code (CFC) classifications. This
list must be consistent with the proposed Hazardous Materials Inventory Statement
(HMIS), sometimes referred to as a Chemical Inventory. (The HMIS is a separate
submittal.)

Please see attached spreadsheet.

- 2. Describe how hazardous materials are handled, stored and monitored to prevent or minimize a spill or release from occurring (e.g., secondary containment, segregation of incompatibles, daily visual monitoring, and flammable storage cabinets).
  - Flammable materials will be stored within rated storage cabinets and segregated by hazard class. Storage areas for chemicals will be monitored by lab staff during normal business hours (visual). Weekly documented inspections of hazardous waste storage areas are performed.
- 3. Identify the largest container of chemical waste proposed to be stored at the site. Please identify whether the waste is liquid or solid form, and general safeguards that are used to reduce leaks and spills.

The largest waste container will be 55-gallon capacity. All liquid wastes are secondarily contained, and a Spill Kit is stored on site.

4. Please explain how hazardous waste will be removed from the site (i.e. licensed haulers, or specially trained personnel).

Licensed waste haulers are used.

- 5. Describe employee training as it pertains to the following:
  - a. Safe handling and management of hazardous materials or wastes:
  - b. Notification and evacuation of facility personnel and visitors;
  - c. Notification of local emergency responders and other agencies;
  - d. Use and maintenance of emergency response equipment;

  - e. Implementation of emergency response procedures; and
    f. Underground Storage Tank (UST) monitoring and release response procedures.

Lab employees receive training on management of chemicals and waste. All employees receive training on what do do in case of emergencies, including chemical spills. The site's emergency. response plan includes procedures to notify first responders and make reports to outside agencies. There are no USTs at the site.

Describe documentation and record keeping procedures for training activities.

All training is documented, and training records are kept by the Manager responsible for safety issues, currently David Jones.

- 7. Describe procedures for notifying onsite emergency response personnel and outside agencies (e.g. Fire, Health, Sanitary Agency-Treatment Plant, Police, State Office of Emergency Services "OES") needed during hazardous materials emergencies.
  - The procedures for notifying emergency response personnel and outside agencies are contained in the site's written emergency response plan. This plan describes various emergency scenarios and specifically who to call and how to respond, internally and in conjunction with responding agencies. Agencies listed will include SFPUC, due to site's proximity to water transmission pipelines.
- 8. Describe procedures for immediate inspection, isolation, and shutdown of equipment or systems that may be involved in a hazardous materials release or threatened release.
  - Safety/Facilities personnel are authorized to shut down utilities if a spill requires such action. Spills are contained using materials from Spill Kit, and if larger than internal capabilities, the outside emergency response contractor is called. If danger exists, MP FPD is also called.
- 9. Identify the nearest hospital or urgent care center expected to be used during an emergency.

Stanford Hospital, Palo Alto

v:\handouts\approved\hazardous materials information form.doc

Chemical	Primary Hazard	Secondary Hazard	2011 CUP (gal or lbs)	Projected Quantity 2016	Largest Container in gallons or lbs
4-Aminothiophenol	Corr		0.0026	0,0026	0.0600
4-chlorobenzenethiol	Corr		0.0013	0.0013	0.0600
Ammonium hydroxide	Corr		1.1300	1.1300	1.0000
aqua regia	Corr		0.0132	0.0132	0.0600
copper (I) phenylacetylide	Corr		0.0003	0.0003	0.0600
cyclopentadienyl titanium trichloride	Corr		0.0003	0.0003	0.0600
EKC6500 photoresist stripper	Corr		0.9987	0.9987	1.0000
Ethanolamine - org base move to corr (sep from inorg)	Corr		0.2642	0.2642	0.3000
hydrochloric acid	Corr		10.0000	10.0000	1.0000
Hydrofluoric acid	Corr	WR1, toxic	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000
Masterbond EP30-2 Part A	Corr		0.1321	0.1321	0.2000
Masterbond EP30-2 Part B	Corr		0.0264	0.0264	0.0600
methanesulfonic acid	Corr		0.2642	0.2642	0.3000
Nitric Acid	Corr	OX 2	10.0000	10.0000	1.0000
Nitrosonium tetrafluoroborate	Corr		0.0013	0.0013	0.0600
Organo silane (3-aminopropyltriethoxy silane)	Corr		0.2000	0.2000	0.1000
pentamethylcyclopentadienyltitaniumtrichloride	Corr		0.0003	0.0003	0.0600
Phenylphosphinic acid	Corr		0.0264	0.0264	0.0600
Phenylphosphonic acid 99%	Corr		0.0661	0.0661	0.1000
phenyttrichlorosilane	Corr		0.0264	0.0264	0.0600
Phosphoric Acid	Corr		0.6605	0.6605	1.0000
Potassium Hydroxide	Corr solid	WR1, toxic	10 lb	10 lb	1 lb
Silver hexofluorophosphate	Corr		0.0021	0.0021	0.0600
Silver tetrafluoroborate	Corr		0.0066	0.0066	0.0600
Sodium Hypochlorite Solution (bleach)	Corr		1.0568	1.0568	1.0000
sodium sulfide	Corr		0.0132	0.0132	0.0600
sulfuric acid	Corr	WR2, tox, OX 1	0.6605	0.6605	1.0000
tetrapropylammonium hydroxide	Corr		0.0264	0.0264	0.0600
Waste - Hydrochloric acid/Nitric Acid	Corr	OX 2	45.0000	60.0000	20.0000
zinc chloride, anhydrous, powder	Corr		0.0013	0.0013	0.0600
			rrosive Solids	10	lb
		Total Cor	rosive Liquids	167 gal	
Total Co	rrosive Liquids	including seco	ndary hazards	168	gal
Chloroform	Irritant	Carcinogen	15 gal	40	10.0000
4-fluorothiophenol	Comb II		1	1	0.0600
2-ethoxyethanol	Comb II		1	1	0.3000
cyclohexanone	Comb II	toxic	2	2	0.3000
Decane, anhydrous, ≥99%	Comb II		1	1	0.3000
Mesitylene	Comb II		0.0792	0	0.0600
N,N-Dimethylformamide	Comb II		0.0264	0	0.0600
1-octanethiol	Comb IIIA		0.0066	0	0.0600
2-thiophenethiol	Comb IIIA	i i	1	1	0.0600
Phenylethyl mercaptan	Comb IIIA		1	1	0.0600
1-decanethiol	Comb IIIB		0.0132	0	0.0600
1-Dodecanethiol	Comb IIIB		1	1	0.3000
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Comb IIIB		1	1	1.0000
2-cyanoethyltriethoxysilane	Comb IIIB		0.0066	0	0.0600

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Chemical	Primary Hazard	Secondary Hazard	2011 CUP (gal or lbs)	Projected Quantity 2016	Largest Container in gallons or ibs
2-(4-pyridyl ethyl)triethoxysilane	Comb IIIB	corrosive	0.0079	0	0.0600
3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane	Comb IIIB		0.0792	0	0.0600
4-tert-butylthiophenol 97%	Comb IIIB		1	1	0.0600
dimethylsulfoxide	Comb IIIB		2	2	0.1000
Dodecane, anhydrous, ≥99%	Comb IIIB		2	2	0.0600
dodecanethiol	Comb IIIB		1	1	0.5000
Dodecanethiol-purified	Comb IIIB		1	1	0.0600
	Total Combus	stible II Liquids		5.11	
	Total Combusti	ble IIIA Liquids		2.01	
	Total Combusti	ble IIIB Liquids		9.11	
Ethanethiol	FLIA		0.1849	0.1849	0.2000
pentane	FLIA		0.1643	0.1649	0.3000
1 butanethiol	FLIB	<del>                                     </del>	0.0396	0.0396	0.0600
1-Pentanethiol	FL IB		1.0000	1.0000	0.0600
1-propanethiol	FLIB	corrosive	0.1057	0,1057	0.0600
2-butanone	FLIB	toxic	1.3210	1.3210	0.3000
2-propene-1-thiol	FLIB	TOXIC	0.0066	0.0066	0.0600
acetone	FLIB		10.0000	55.0000	13.0000
acetonitrile	FLIB	11	10.000	40.00	10.00
ActiveINK-n1200	FLIB	<del></del>	0.0026	0.0000	
Active!NK-p1100	FLIB		0.0026	0.0000	0.0000
ActiveINK-p1200	FLIB	ł	0.0264		0.0000
				0.0000	0.0000
bls(3-triethoxysilyl)propyl)-disulfide	FL IB	4	0.0264	0.0264	0.0600
Borane pyridine complex Carbon disulfide	FL IB	toxic	0.0264	0.0264	0.0600
CdS/PbS core shell dots in solvent	FL IB		0.0264	0.0264	0.0600
CdS/PbS core shell dots in solvent CdS400 lumidots in toluene	FL IB		0.0106	0.0106	0.0600
	FL IB		0.0026	0.0026	0.0600
CdS420 lumidots in toluene	FL IB		0.0026	0.0026	0.0600
CdSe/ZnS core shell Evidots in toluene	FL IB		0.0011	0.0011	0.0600
Colloidal graphite in Isopropyl alcohol	FL IB		0.0159	0.0159	0.0600
Decanethiol functionalized silver nanoparticles	FL IB		0.0066	0.0066	0.0600
diethylaminotrimethylsilane	FL IB	corrosive	0.0132	0.0132	0.0600
Ethanol	FL IB		15.00	15.0000	5.30
Flowable oxide FOx 14	FL IB		0.0528	0.0528	0.0600
heptane	FL IB	<b> </b>	0.2642	0.2642	0.3000
Hexamethyldisilazane	FL IB	toxic	0.1849	0.1849	0.2000
hexane	FL IB		1.5000	1.5000	0.3000
isopropyl alcohol	FL IB		70.00	26.0000	13.00
Liquid Waste	FL IB		60.00	60.0000	55.00
methanol	FL IB	L	10.00	10.0000	1.06
Octane	FLIB		10.00	40.0000	13.00
Organo titanium (tetrakis(diethylamino) titanium)	FL IB	corrosive	0.20	0.2000	0.10
OrmoComp	FLIB		0.0264	0.0000	0.0000
OrmoThin	FL IB		0.3963	0.0000	0.0000
PbS Evidots in toluene	FL IB		0.01	0.0053	0.06
PbS in solvent	FL IB		3.00	3.0000	0.30
Pyridine	FL IB	corrosive	0.55	0.5548	0.30
Tetrahydrofuran	FL IB		4.23	4.2272	1.06

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Chemical	Primary Hazard	Secondary Hazard	2011 CUP (gal or lbs)	Projected Quantity 2016	Largest Container in gallons or Ibs
TM-Trial	FL IB		0.0528	0.0000	0.0000
TM-Trial2	FL IB		0.0264	0.0000	0.0000
Toluene	FL IB		10.00	40.0000	13.00
1 hexanethiol	FL IC	toxic	1.0013	1.0013	0.0600
1-hexanethiol purified	FL IC	toxic	0.0528	0.0528	0.0600
2-butanol	FL IC		0.0264	0.0264	0.0600
Ammonium Sulphide	FL IC	corrosive	0.0264	0.0264	0.0600
Chlorobenzene	FL IC		0.1321	0.1321	0.2000
	Total Flamma	ble 1A Liquids		0.45	
	Total Flamma	ble 1B Liquids		298.59	
	Total Flamma	ble 1C Liquids		1.24	
Waste solids	Flamm		400 lb	400 lb	55.00
	Total Flammabl	e Waste Solids		400 lb	
Hydrogen Peroxide 30% in water	OX 2	Corr, UR 1	2.0264	2.0264	1.0000
Bismuth (III ) nitrate pentahydrate 99.999%	OX 2		0.0198	0.0198	0.0066
Copper (II) nitrate Trihydrate	OX 2	согтовіче	0.0661	0.0661	0.0661
		Total Oxidizers		2.11	
Fluoromethane	Flam gas		30	30	15
Hydrogen	Flam gas		0	400	200
Hydrogen sulphide	Flam gas	toxic	1	200	1
Boron trichloride	highly toxic	corrosive	30	0	0
Argon	NFG		750	750	250
Forming Gas (4% H2 in N2)	NFG		750	750	250
Helium	NFG		750	750	250
Nitrogen	NFG		2760	2760	337
Zero Air	NFG		630	630	210
Oxygen	OX		750	750	250
5% silane in argon	Pyrophoric		30	30	15
			rrosive gases		9
			mmable gases kidizing gases	6:	30
	750				
		0			
Total Toxic gases Total Highly Toxic gases					00
		)			
Total inert Compressed Gases			56	40	
Liquid nitrogen	Cryogenic		720	833	833
carbon dioxide	Cryogenic		120	120	60
	7	otal Cryogens		953	

Chemical	Primary Hazard	Secondary Hazard	2011 CUP (gal or lbs)	Projected Quantity 2016	Largest Container in gallons or lbs
Benzyl mercaptan	Toxic		0.1000	0.1000	0.10
butylamine	Toxic		0.2500	0.2500	0.30
Cadmium Sulphate	Toxic		0.0250	0.0250	0.06
Cadmium Sulphate Hydrate	Toxic		0.0250	0.0250	0.06
Calcium acetylacetonate Hydrate 99.95%	Toxic		0.0500	0.0500	0.06
Carbon disulfide	Toxic		0.1000	0.1000	0.10
CdS/CdTe Vive dots in water	Toxic		0.0004	0.0004	0.06
Hexamethyldisilathaine	Toxic		0.13	0.1300	0.06
lead oxide	Toxic		20.00	40.0000	5.00
Molybdenum (VI) Oxide	Toxic		0.0050	0.0050	0.06
Thiophenol	Toxic		0.0100	0.0100	0.06
Toluene-2,4 dithiol	Toxic		0.0010	0.0010	0.06
	Tota	al Toxics in Ibs	40.70		
Total Toxics in	cluding secondary	hazards in lbs		100	
Organo aluminum (trimethyl aluminum)	Pyrophoric	corrosive	0.20	0.20	0.10
Organo zinc (diethyl zinc)	Pyrophoric	Irritant	0.20	0.20	0.10
Trichlorosilane	Pyrophoric		0.0013	0.00	0.06
trioctylphosphine	Pyrophoric		0.0066	0.01	0.06
	To	tal Pyrophorics	0.21 gal	0.41	
			att Jacker Land	CANAL STATE	





DEVELOPMENT SERVICES
PLANNING DIVISION
Contact: Kyle Perata 650-330-6721 or
ktperata@menlopark.org
701 Laurel Street
Menlo Park, CA 94025
PHONE (650) 330-6702

FAX (650) 327-1653

AGENCY REFERRAL FORM
RETURN DUE DATE: Monday, January 18, 2016

DATE: January 4, 2016

TO:

MENLO PARK FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Jon Johnston

170 Middlefield Road Menlo Park, CA 94025

(650) 323-2407

Applicant InVisage Technologies, Inc.					
Applicant's Address	990 Hamilton Avenue, Menlo Park, CA 94025				
Telephone/FAX	Tel: 650-508-8018 (Ellen Ackerman, EHS Consultant)				
Contact Person	Eilen Ackerman				
Business Name	InVisage Technologies, Inc.				
ş .	Design and development of novel semiconductor devices as well as semiconductor materials for use in commercial and consumer device applications.				
Type of Business	Please note: the company received a use permit revision from the City of Menlo Park in 2011 and an original use permit from the City in 2008 to use and store hazardous materials. At this time, the applicant is requesting a revision to modify the amounts and types of chemicals stored and used on-site.				
Project Address 990 Hamilton Avenue, Menlo Park, CA 94025					
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY					
The Fire District has i	rials listed are not of sufficient quantity to require approval by this agency.  reviewed the applicant's plans and use of listed hazardous materials/chemicals oposal to be in compliance with all applicable Fire Codes.				
☐ The Fire District has reviewed the applicant's plans and use of listed hazardous materials/chemicals outlined, and suggests conditions and mitigation measures to be made a part of the City's Use Permit approval (please list the suggested conditions and mitigation measures).					
The applicant's proposal has been reviewed by the Menlo Park Fire Protection District by:					
Signature/Date	Name/Title (printed)  1-20-16  Gordon Simpkinson  Confract Kire Inspector  CONFRACT KIRE INSPECTOR  ETRADROINARY HAZARAS. OCCUPANT WILL  BE SUBJECT TO ANNUAL FIRE DEPT. PERM				
Comments: NO EXTRAGROINARY HAZARDS, OCCUPANT WILL					
CONTINUE TO BE SUBJECT TO ANNUAL FIRE DEPT, PERM					

REQUIRE MENTS.



# **DEVELOPMENT SERVICES PLANNING DIVISION**

Contact: Kyle Perata 650-330-6721 or ktperata@menlopark.org

701 Laurel Street Menlo Park, CA 94025 PHONE (650) 330-6702 FAX (650) 327-1653

### **AGENCY REFERRAL FORM RETURN DUE DATE: Monday, January 18, 2016**

DATE: January 4, 2016

SAN MATEO COUNTY ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES DIVISION TO:

Darrell Cullen, Hazardous Materials Specialist San Mateo County Environmental Health 2000 Alameda de las Pulgas, Ste 100 San Mateo, CA 94403

(650) 372-6235

Applicant	InVisage Technologies, Inc.				
Applicant's Address	990 Hamilton Avenue, Menlo Park, CA 94025				
Telephone/FAX	Tel: 650-508-8018 (Ellen Ackerman, EHS Consultant)				
Contact Person	Ellen Ackerman				
Business Name	InVisage Technologies, Inc.				
	Design and development of novel semiconductor devices as well as semiconductor materials for use in commercial and consumer device applications.				
Type of Business	Please note: the company received a use permit revision from the City of Menlo Park in 2011 and an original use permit from the City in 2008 to use and store hazardous materials. At this time, the applicant is requesting a revision to modify the amounts and types of chemicals stored and used on-site.				
Project Address	990 Hamilton Avenue, Menlo Park, CA 94025				
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY					
☐ The hazardous materi	als listed are not of sufficient quantity to require approval by this agency.				
	nt has reviewed the applicant's plans and use of listed hazardous nd has found the proposal to be in compliance with all applicable Codes.				
The Health Department has reviewed the applicant's plans and use of listed hazardous materials/chemicals outlined, and suggests conditions and mitigation measures to be made a part of the City's Use Permit approval (please list the suggested conditions and mitigation measures). The Health Department will inspect the facility once it is in operation to assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations.					
The applicant's proposal has been reviewed by the San Mateo County Environmental Health Services					
Division by:  Digitally signed by Darrell A.  Digitally signed by Darrell A. Cullen  Observable Cullen					
Signature/Date Cullen					
Comments: Submit	an electronic HMBP to the County and register.				



# DEVELOPMENT SERVICES PLANNING DIVISION

701 Laurel Street Menlo Park, CA 94025 PHONE (650) 858-3400 FAX (650) 327-5497

### **AGENCY REFERRAL FORM**

DATE: January 18th, 2016

TO: WEST BAY SANITARY DISTRICT

500 Laurel Street Menio Park, CA 94025

(650) 321-0384

Applicant	InVisage Technologies, Inc.	
Applicant's Address	990 Hamilton Avenue, Menlo Park, CA 94025	
Telephone/FAX	Tel: 650-508-8018 (Consultant, see below)	
Contact Person Ellen Ackerman of Green Environment (650- 508-8018)		
Business Name	InVisage Technologies, Inc.	
Type of Business	Design and development of novel semiconductor devices as well as semiconductor materials for use in commercial and consumer device applications.  Please note: the company received a use permit revision from the City of Menlo Park in 2011 and an original use permit from the City in 2008 to use and store hazardous materials. At this time, the applicant is requesting a revision to modify the amounts and types of chemicals stored and used on-site.	
Project Address	1140 O'Brien Drive, Suite A, Menlo Park	

	FOR OFFICE USE ONLY						
	The hazardous materials listed are not of sufficient quantity to require approval by this agency.						
✓	The Sanitary District has reviewed the applicant's proposed plans and use of listed hazardous materials/chemicals and has found that the proposal meets all applicable Code requirements.						
	☐ The Sanitary District has reviewed the applicant's plans and use of listed hazardous materials/chemicals outlined, and suggests conditions and mitigation measures to be made a part of the City's Use Permit approval (please list the suggested conditions and mitigation measures).						
The	The applicant's proposal has been reviewed by the West Bay Sanitary District by:  Jed Beyer Inspector						
Sig	nature/Date	Name/Title (printed)					
	Melton District Monagan						
Coi	Comments:						



# DEVELOPMENT SERVICES PLANNING DIVISION

Contact: Kyle Perata 650-330-6721 or ktperata@menlopark.org 701 Laurel Street

Menlo Park, CA 94025 PHONE (650) 330-6702 FAX (650) 327-1653

# AGENCY REFERRAL FORM RETURN DUE DATE: Monday, January 18, 2016

DATE: January 4, 2016

TO: CITY OF MENLO PARK BUILDING DIVISION

701 Laurel Street Menio Park, CA 94025 (650) 330-6704

AND						
Applicant	InVisage Technologies, In	c.				
Applicant's Address	990 Hamilton Avenue, Me	990 Hamilton Avenue, Menlo Park, CA 94025				
Telephone/FAX	Tel: 650-508-8018 (Ellen /	Ackerman, EHS Consultant)				
Contact Person	Ellen Ackerman					
Business Name	InVisage Technologies, In	c.				
		of novel semiconductor devices as well as or use in commercial and consumer device				
Type of Business	Park in 2011 and an origin hazardous materials. At the	received a use permit revision from the City of Menlo al use permit from the City in 2008 to use and store is time, the applicant is requesting a revision to pes of chemicals stored and used on-site.				
Project Address	Project Address 990 Hamilton Avenue, Menlo Park, CA 94025					
	FOR OFFICE	E USE ONLY				
☐ The hazardous mater	ials listed are not of sufficie	nt quantity to require approval by this Division.				
The Building Division and has found that the	has reviewed the applicant' e proposal meets all applica	s plans and listed hazardous materials/chemicals ble California Building Code requirements.				
☐ The Building Division has reviewed the applicant's plans and use of listed hazardous materials/chemicals outlined, and suggests conditions and mitigation measures to be made a part of the City's Use Permit approval (please list the suggested conditions and mitigation measures).						
The applicant's proposal has been reviewed by the City of Menlo Park's Building Division by:						
Signature/Date		Name/Title (printed)				
Ron La France, Building Official						
Comments:						



# **Community Development**



### **STAFF REPORT**

Planning Commission
Meeting Date:

Meeting Date: 2/8/2016 Staff Report Number: 16-007-PC

Public Hearing: Use Permit/Henry Riggs/210 McKendry Drive

#### Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve a request for a use permit to add a second floor and conduct interior modifications to a single-family residence that would exceed 50 percent of the replacement value of the existing nonconforming structure in a 12-month period. The proposal would also exceed 50 percent of the existing floor area and is considered equivalent to a new structure. The subject parcel is located on a substandard lot in the R-1-U (Single-Family Urban) zoning district, at 210 McKendry Drive. The recommended actions are contained within Attachment A.

### **Policy Issues**

Each use permit request is considered individually. The Planning Commission should consider whether the required use permit findings can be made for the proposal.

### **Background**

### Site location

The subject site is located at 210 McKendry Drive, near the intersection of McKendry Drive and Robin Way. A location map is included as Attachment B. The subject parcel is surrounded on all sides by single-family homes that are also in the R-1-U zoning district. Although the majority of homes along McKendry Drive are one-story, there are several two-story homes on the street.

### **Analysis**

### **Project description**

The existing residence is considered to be a legal non-conforming structure, with a right side setback of 4.7 feet where a minimum of 5.5 feet is required. This non-conformity extends along the depth of the house. The proposal includes the addition of a second floor, as well as interior modifications, that would exceed 50 percent of the replacement value of the existing nonconforming structure in a 12-month period, as discussed in the Valuation section. The subject parcel's width, depth and area fall below the respective minimums for the R-1-U zoning district, making the parcel substandard for the purposes of a two-story development. The proposal would exceed 50 percent of the existing floor area and is considered equivalent to a new structure.

The proposed residence would have a floor area of 2,250.5 square feet where 2,800 square feet is the floor area limit (FAL) and a building coverage of 31.1 percent where 35 percent is the maximum permitted. The FAL total includes a number of double-height and attic areas, as noted on the sections. The residence

would have three bedrooms and two bathrooms, with two bedrooms and one bathroom on the first floor, and one bedroom and one bathroom on the second floor.

The house is proposed to be 24.1 feet in height, below the maximum permissible height of 28 feet. A data table summarizing parcel and project attributes is included as Attachment C. The project plans, and the applicant's project description letter and summary of public outreach, are included as Attachments D and E, respectively.

### Design and materials

The exterior finish would be a sand finish cement plaster, and the roofing would be asphalt shingle, with both the exterior finish and the roofing matching the existing residence. The architect describes the addition as maintaining the country style of the residence with an integrated high roof, a front porch and a flat dormer.

The second floor would be set in along the front and right elevations. The proposal would comply with the daylight plane, with one intrusion which may be permitted on lots less than 10,000 square feet in size. The right side gable would intrude into the daylight plane 3.5 feet where 8.3 feet is the maximum permitted intrusion when the required side yard setback is 5.5 feet. The length of the gable intrusion into the daylight plane would be 12 feet where 30 feet is the maximum permitted. The casement windows would be simulated true divided light windows. Only one second floor window is located on each side elevation. The second floor window on the left side would have a sill height of 2.8 feet and the second floor window on the right side would have a sill height of 3.2 feet. Two skylights are proposed.

Although the project would be a two-story residence, the applicant has set the second floor in along the front and right elevations. In addition, the second floor would be limited in size, at 582.1 square feet of usable area.

### Valuation

To calculate the replacement and new construction costs on which the 50 percent limit is based, the City uses standards established by the Building Division. The City has determined that the replacement cost of the existing structure would be \$251,713, meaning that the applicant would be allowed to propose new construction and remodeling at the site totaling less than \$125,856 in any 12-month period. (In this case, the applicant would still be required to obtain a use permit for additions that include a second floor on a structure that is considered equivalent to a new structure on a substandard lot.) The City has determined that the value of the proposed work would be \$196,600. Based on this estimate, the project requires use permit approval by the Planning Commission, both for the addition of a second floor to a structure that is considered equivalent to a new structure on a substandard lot and for exceeding 50 percent of the replacement cost.

### Flood zone

The subject property is located within the "AE" zone established by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). Within this zone, flood proofing techniques are required for new construction and substantial improvements of existing structures. The proposed project is considered a substantial improvement under FEMA regulations, and the applicant is proposing to raise the house to comply with the required flood proofing. Stated in general terms, for the proposed foundation type, the bottom of the floor joist must be built at or above the base flood elevation for this site. Sheet 8 of the plan set shows the base flood elevation (50.0 feet) in relation to the existing average natural grade (approximately 49.4 feet) and the finished floor (50.7 feet). The Public Works Department has reviewed and tentatively approved the proposal for compliance with FEMA regulations.

### Trees and landscaping

The applicant has submitted an arborist report (Attachment F) detailing the species, size and conditions of the trees on or near the site. As part of the initial project review, the arborist report was enhanced with additional analysis and specificity. A heritage London plane street tree (tree #1) is located near the front, right corner of the property, and a heritage liquidambar street tree (tree #2) is located near the front, left corner of the property. A heritage Douglas fir tree (tree #3) is located on the left side of the property, near the existing porch. A small number of limbs may need to be removed from this tree to facilitate construction of the second floor. Excavation required for the underpinning of the existing foundation to support the second floor would be dug by hand under the drip line of the Douglas fir tree. The arborist report indicates that roots under the foundation are likely to be minimal as the existing foundation acts as a root barrier, and the overall impacts of the project to this tree are expected to be minor.

As noted earlier, the applicant is proposing to raise the house to comply with FEMA regulations; however, the arborist report indicates that this process is not expected to impact any tree roots. No trees are proposed for removal. The proposed site improvements should not adversely affect any of the trees as tree protection measures will be ensured through recommended condition 3g.

### Parking and circulation

The existing house was originally built with only one required off-street parking space in the existing one-car garage. As a result, the building is considered legal non-conforming in terms of parking and the right side setback. This type of nonconformity may be permitted to remain as part of an expansion/remodeling project. For the subject property, the existing building footprint, which would be retained, effectively limits the potential to bring the parking into full compliance. The existing driveway would continue to provide unofficial parking spaces within the front setback, which would not meet the off-street parking requirement but which would provide some flexibility.

### Correspondence

Staff received a letter (Attachment G) from the property owners to the right of the subject property stating that they support the project including the right side setbacks. As noted earlier, Attachment E describes the applicant's own outreach.

### Conclusion

Staff believes the scale, materials, and style of the proposed residence are compatible with the neighborhood. Although the project would be a two-story residence, the applicant has set the second floor in along the front and right elevations, and the second level would be limited in size. Although the majority of homes along McKendry Drive are one-story, there are several two-story homes on the street. Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve the proposed project.

### Impact on City Resources

The project sponsor is required to pay Planning, Building and Public Works permit fees, based on the City's Master Fee Schedule, to fully cover the cost of staff time spent on the review of the project.

### **Environmental Review**

The project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.

### **Public Notice**

Public Notification was achieved by posting the agenda, with the agenda items being listed, at least 72 hours prior to the meeting. Public notification also consisted of publishing a notice in the local newspaper and notification by mail of owners and occupants within a 300-foot radius of the subject property.

### **Appeal Period**

The Planning Commission action will be effective after 15 days unless the action is appealed to the City Council, in which case the outcome of the application shall be determined by the City Council.

### **Attachments**

- A. Recommended Actions
- B. Location Map
- C. Data Table
- D. Project Plans
- E. Project Description Letter
- F. Arborist Report
- G. Correspondence

### **Disclaimer**

Attached are reduced versions of maps and diagrams submitted by the applicants. The accuracy of the information in these drawings is the responsibility of the applicants, and verification of the accuracy by City Staff is not always possible. The original full-scale maps, drawings and exhibits are available for public viewing at the Community Development Department.

### **Exhibits to Be Provided at Meeting**

None

Report prepared by: Corinna Sandmeier, Associate Planner

Report reviewed by:

Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner

### 210 McKendry Drive - Attachment A: Recommended Actions

LOCATION: 210	PROJECT NUMBER:	APPLICANT: Henry	OWNER: Deborah
McKendry Drive	PLN2015-00097	Riggs	Wachs and Andrew

**REQUEST:** Request for a use permit to add a second floor and conduct interior modifications to a single-family residence that would exceed 50 percent of the replacement value of the existing nonconforming structure in a 12-month period. The proposal would also exceed 50 percent of the existing floor area and is considered equivalent to a new structure. The subject parcel is located on a substandard lot in the R-1-U (Single-Family Urban) zoning district.

<b>DECISION ENTITY:</b> Planning	DATE: February 8, 2016	ACTION: TBD
Commission		

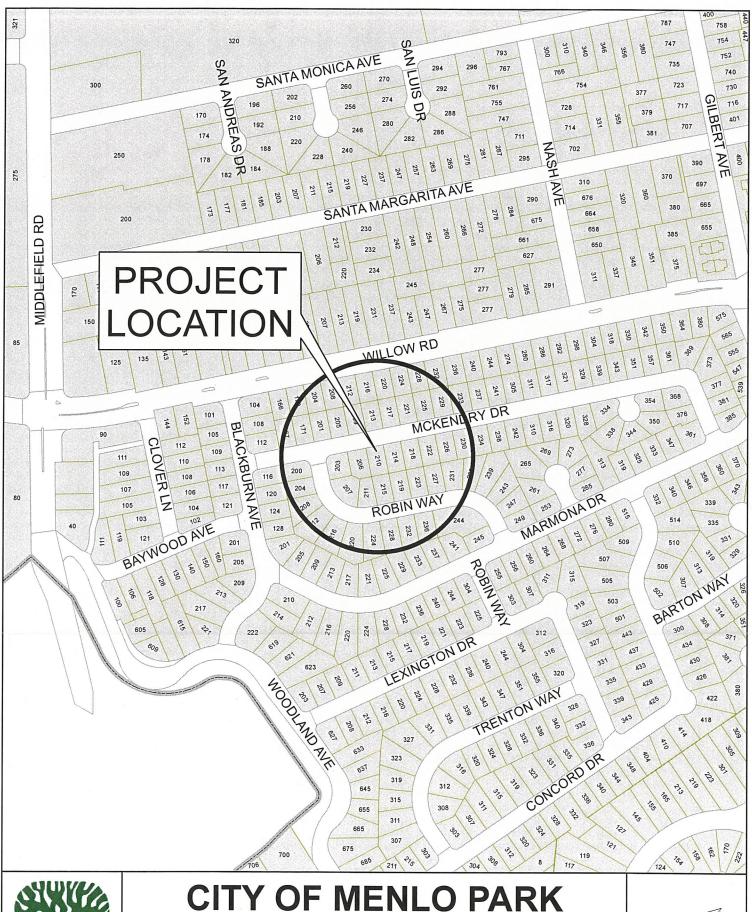
VOTE: TBD (Combs, Ferrick, Goodhue, Kadvany, Kahle, Onken, Strehl)

### **ACTION:**

- 1. Make a finding that the project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.
- Make findings, as per Section 16.82.030 of the Zoning Ordinance pertaining to the granting of use permits, that the proposed use will not be detrimental to the health, safety, morals, comfort and general welfare of the persons residing or working in the neighborhood of such proposed use, and will not be detrimental to property and improvements in the neighborhood or the general welfare of the City.
- 3. Approve the use permit subject to the following standard conditions:
  - a. Development of the project shall be substantially in conformance with the plans prepared by Henry L. Riggs, consisting of 9 plan sheets, dated received January 28, 2016, and approved by the Planning Commission on February 8, 2016, except as modified by the conditions contained herein, subject to review and approval by the Planning Division.
  - b. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all Sanitary District, Menlo Park Fire Protection District, and utility companies' regulations that are directly applicable to the project.
  - c. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all requirements of the Building Division, Engineering Division, and Transportation Division that are directly applicable to the project.
  - d. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall submit a plan for any new utility installations or upgrades for review and approval by the Planning, Engineering and Building Divisions. All utility equipment that is installed outside of a building and that cannot be placed underground shall be properly screened by landscaping. The plan shall show exact locations of all meters, back flow prevention devices, transformers, junction boxes, relay boxes, and other equipment boxes.
  - e. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit plans indicating that the applicant shall remove and replace any damaged and significantly worn sections of frontage improvements. The plans shall be submitted for review and approval of the Engineering Division.
  - f. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit a Grading and Drainage Plan for review and approval of the Engineering Division. The Grading and Drainage Plan shall be approved prior to the issuance of grading, demolition or building permits.
  - g. Heritage trees in the vicinity of the construction project shall be protected pursuant to the Heritage Tree Ordinance.



PAGE: 1 of 1





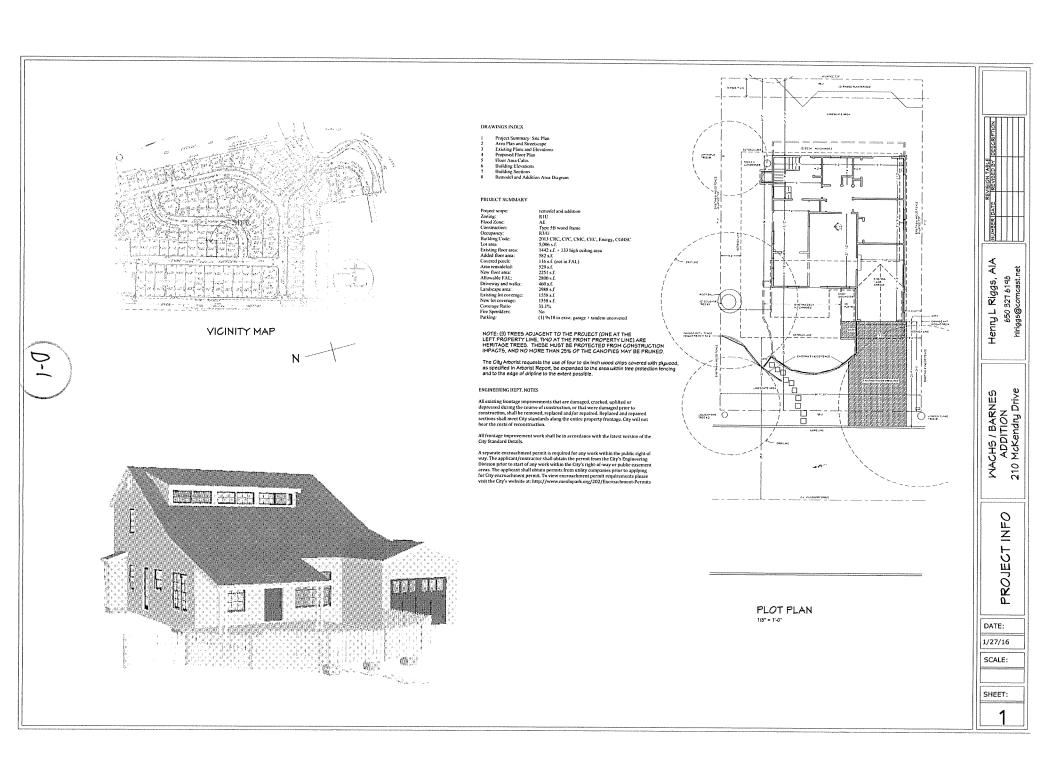
LOCATION MAP 210 MCKENDRY DRIVE

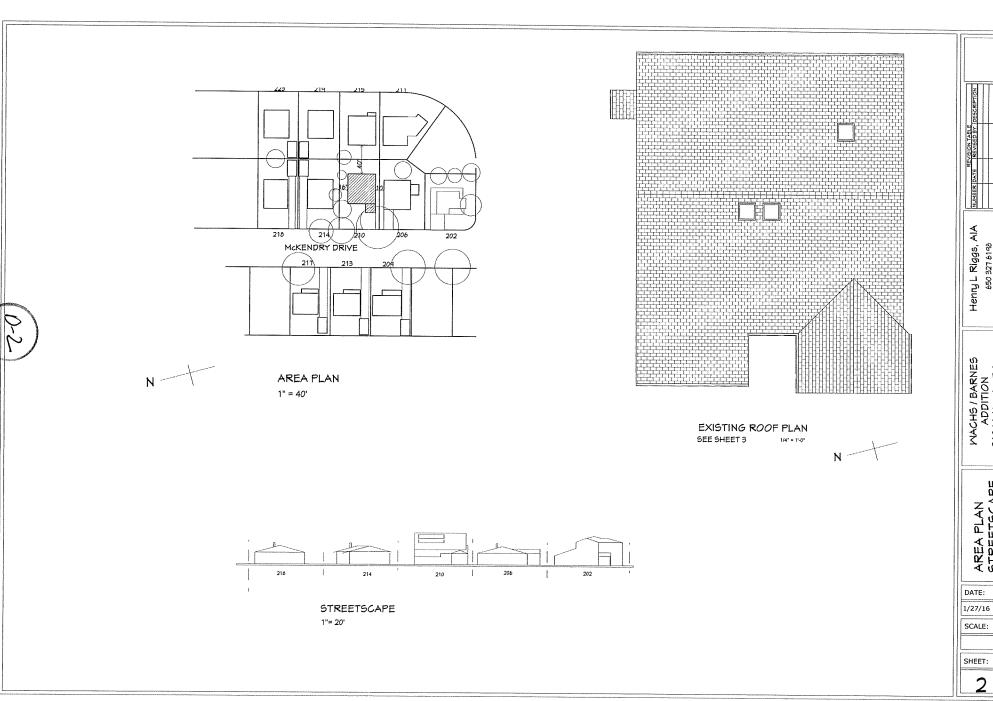
DRAWN: TAS CHECKED: CDS DATE: 2/8/16 SCALE: 1" = 300' SHEET: 1



# 210 McKendry Drive – Attachment C: Data Table

	PROF PRO		EXISTING DEVELOPMENT			ZONING ORDINANCE		
Lot area	5,005.0	sf	5,00	5.0 sf		7,000.0	sf min.	
Lot width	55.0	ft.	TOTAL CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY	5.0 ft.		65.0	ft. min.	
Lot depth	91.0	ft.	9	1.0 ft.		100.0	ft. min.	
Setbacks					***************************************			
Front	24.8	ft.	2	4.8 ft.		20.0	ft. min.	
Rear	21.0	ft.	2	1.0 ft.		20.0	ft. min.	
Side (left)	14.0	ft.	·	4.0 ft.		5.5	ft. min.	
Side (right)	4.7	ft.		4.7 ft.		5.5	ft. min.	
Building coverage	1,557.8	sf	1,55	7.8 sf		1,751.8	sf max.	
	31.1	%	3	1.1 %		35.0	% max.	
FAL (Floor Area Limit)	2,250.5	sf	1,44	1.8 sf		2,800.0	sf max.	
Square footage by floor	1,159.9	sf/1 <sup>st</sup> floor	1,15	9.9 sf/1	st floor			
	582.1	sf/2 <sup>nd</sup> floor	28	1.9 sf/g	arage			
	143.3	area > 12'	11	6.0 sf/p	orch			
	83.3	attic > 5'						
	281.9	sf/garage						
	116.0	sf/porch						
Square footage of buildings	2,366.5	sf	1,55					
Building height	24.1	ft.	1	5.8 ft.		28.0	ft. max.	
Parking	annumental comments and a service of the comment of	vered		1 covered			uncovered	
	Note: Areas shown highlighted indicate a nonconforming or substandard situation.							
Trees	Heritage trees:	3*	Non-Her	tage trees	s: 3**	New Trees:	0	
	Heritage trees			tage trees		Total Number	er of	
	proposed for re			l for remo		Trees:	6	
	* Two of the heritage trees are street trees located in front of the subject property							
		** Two of the non-heritage trees are located on the property to the rear of the subject						
	property							
	1							



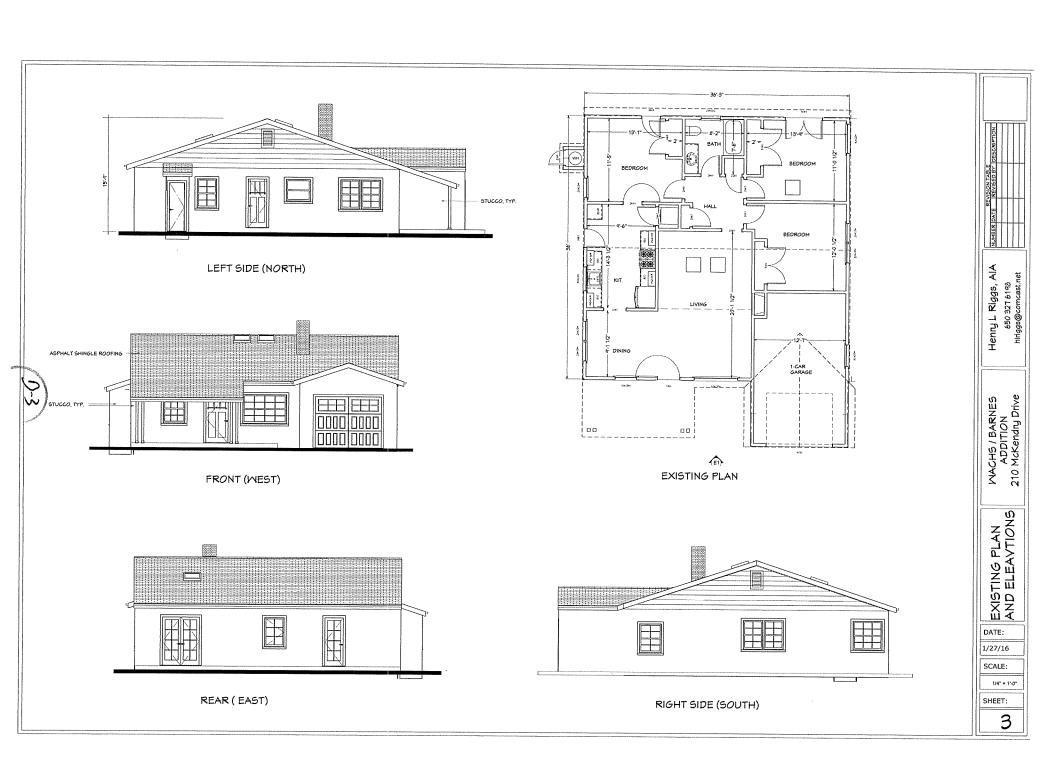


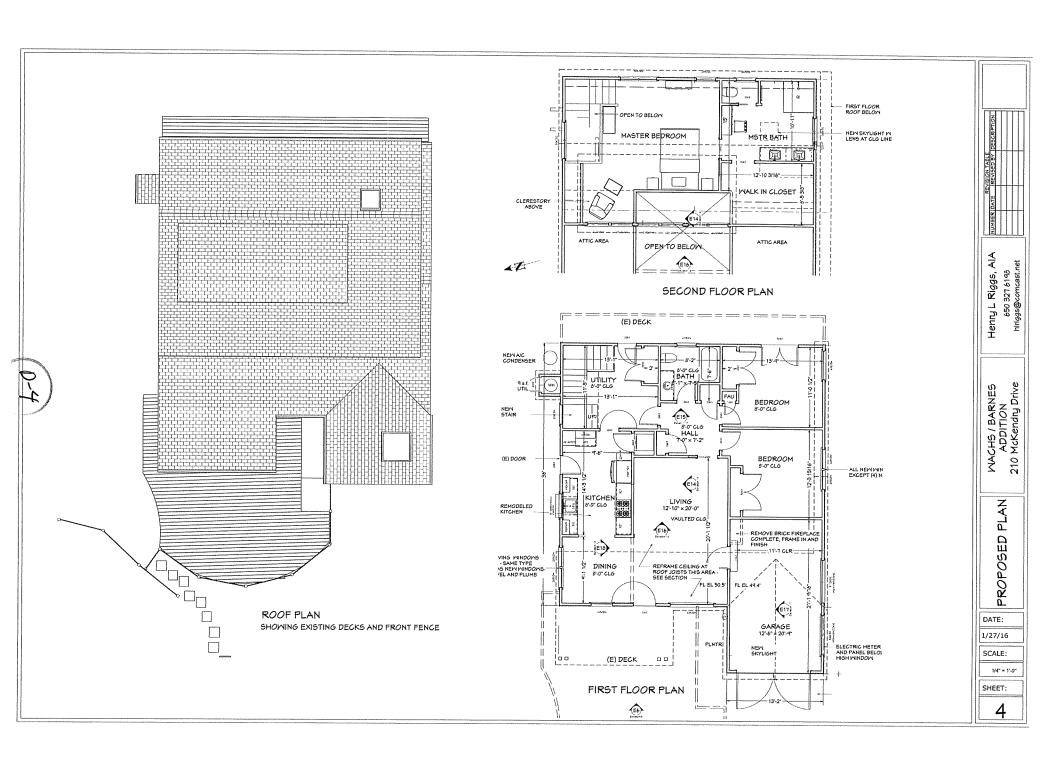
WACHS / BARNES ADDITION 210 McKendry Drive

AREA PLAN STREETSCAPE

SCALE:

SHEET:





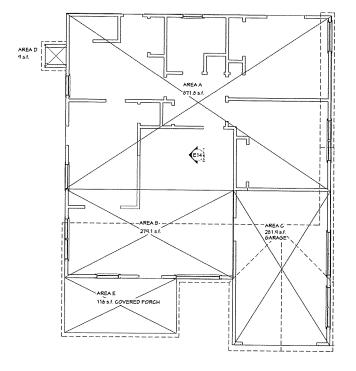
### SECOND FLOOR

### AREA CALCULATION

FLOOR	SPACE	S.F.	NOTE	TOTAL
	A	871.8		1
	В	279.1		ì
1ST	C	281.9	GARAGE	1442.0
	D	9.0	WATERHEATER	1
	E	116.0	PORCH (not in FAL)	ì
	F	479.6		
2ND	G	47.3	I	1
	Н	55.2		808.7
	J	133.0	(E)HIGH CLG AREA	
	K	56.4	STAIR (not counted)	}
	L	10.3	(N)HIGH CLG AREA	•
	M	43.3	ATTIC OVER 5'	
	N	40.0	ATTIC OVER 5"	1
TOTAL S.F.				2250.7

### USE PERMIT TRIGGER: AREA REMODELED AND ADDED

****	ROOM BEDROOM	S.F. 135
	KITCHEN	133
	LR	261
REMODEL		529
(E)HOUSE	incl. porch	1558
S.F.ADDED		809

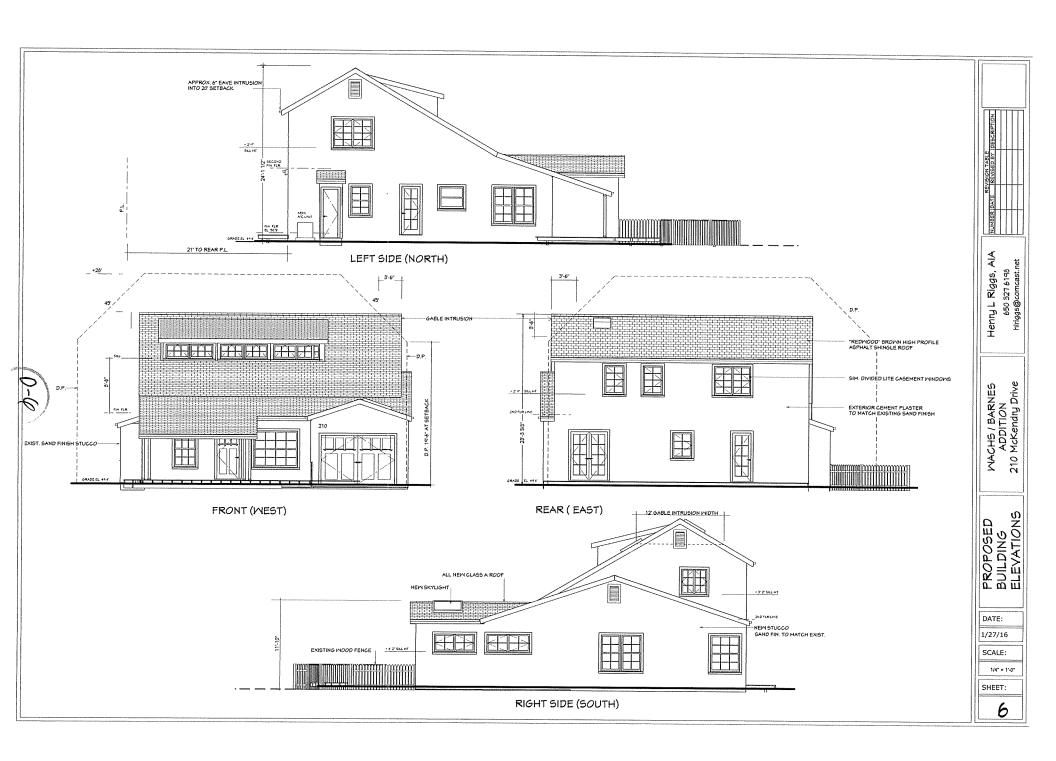


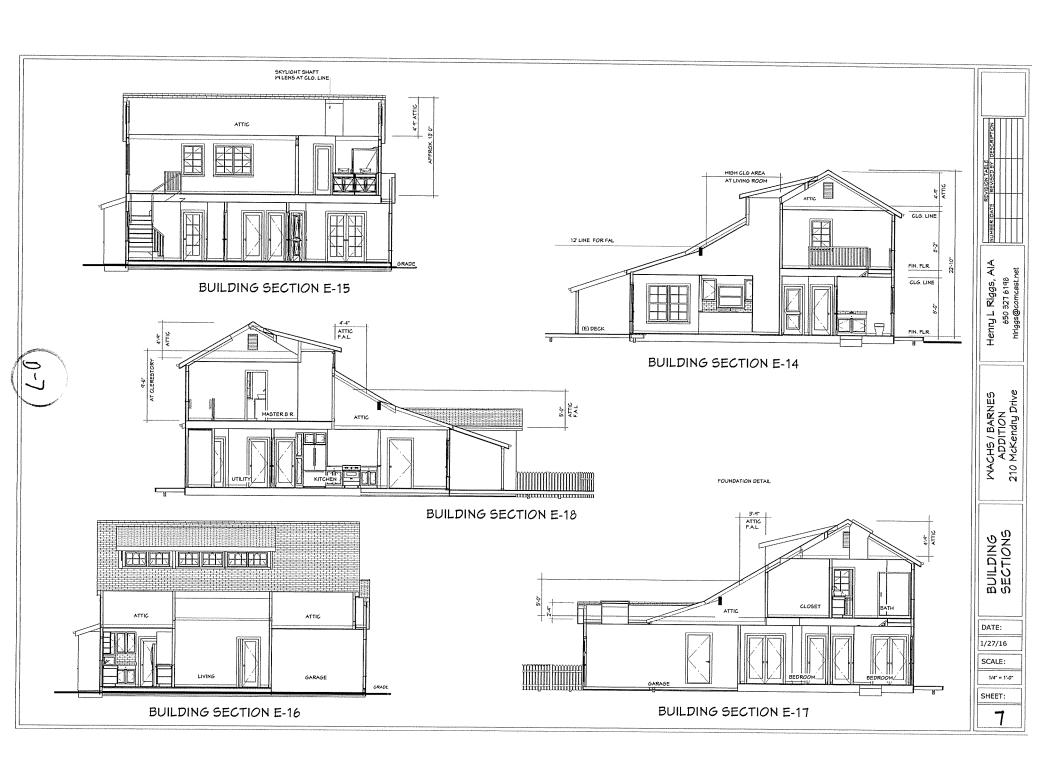
FIRST FLOOR

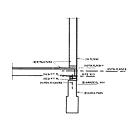
### COVERAGE CALCULATION

FLOOR	SPACE	S.F.	NOTE	TOTAL
	A	871.8		
	В	279.1		
1ST	С	281.9	GARAGE	1557.8 s.f.
]	D	9.0	WATERHEATER	
1	E	116.0	PORCH	
COVERAGE	1	1		31.1 %

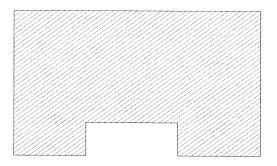
SHEET:







### FOUNDATION DETAIL FOR FEMA COMPLIANCE



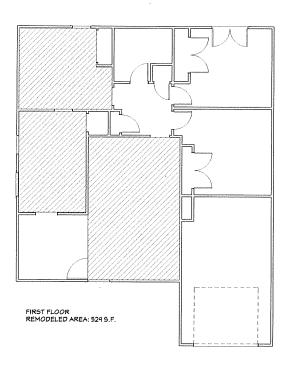
SECOND FLOOR ADDED AREA: 809 S.F.

### AREA CALCULATION

FLOOR	SPACE	S.F.	NOTE	TOTAL
	A	871.8		1
	В	279.1	1	l
1ST	С	281.9	GARAGE	1442.0
	D	9.0	WATERHEATER	1
	E	116.0	PORCH (not in FAL)	1
2ND	F	479.6		1
	G	47.3		
	H	55.2		808.7
	J	133.0	(E)HIGH CLG AREA	
	К	56.4	STAIR (not counted)	
	L	10.3	(N)HIGH CLG AREA	1
	M	43.3	ATTIC OVER 5'	
	N	40.0	ATTIC OVER 5'	]
TOTAL S.F	. ]	1		2250.7

### USE PERMIT TRIGGER: AREA REMODELED AND ADDED

	ROOM	S.F.
	BEDROOM	135
	KITCHEN	133
	LR	261
REMODEL	1	529
(E)HOUSE	incl. porch	1558
S.F.ADDED	1	809



0-8

Henry L Riggs, AIA
650 327 6148
hiriggs@comcast.net

MACHS / BARNES ADDITION 210 McKendry Drive

REMODEL AND ADD'N DIAGRAM

DATE:

1/28/16 SCALE:

1/4" = 1'-0"

SHEET:

6-0

24 November 2015

Planning Department 701 Laurel St Menlo Park

Re: 210 McKendry Drive

### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Deborah Wachs and Andrew Barnes wish to add to their 1442 s.f. home (including garage) to provide space for growing children and social gatherings. Deb and Andrew bought the recently remodeled house something over two years ago and plan only minimal changes to the existing spaces

The current building footprint — including a non-conforming setback at the right side - will remain; a second story will be added for the master bedroom, which includes an office area.

The project is defined by the typical Willows lot width as well as an impressive pine tree at the left property line. The second floor is set back from the front; a roof gable at the right side will penetrate the daylight plane but well within the guideline for gable intrusion. The plate heights are kept to 8' to respect the daylight plane. With the integrated high roof, porch and flat dormer, the remodel maintains the softer "country" image that the owners admire about their small house.

The bedroom count remains the same at three. The remaining one car garage (with wide driveway) would remain.

The lower floor is nearly unchanged in appearance, as is the landscaping, walks and fences. The building exterior remains cement plaster, similar to English country houses; the roof is asphalt shingle. Windows will be clad wood casement with divided lites (grids on both sides) appropriate to the style.

Submitted by:

Henry L. Riggs, AIA



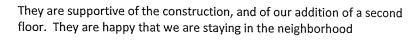
# 210 McKendry Outreach

Tuesday, November 17, 2015 11:4

11:47 AM

Robin	223	219	215	211	207
McKendry	218	214	Barnes 210	206	202
McKendry	221	217	213	209	205

Address	Outreach	Feedback
215 Robin Way	Yes. Discussed plans	These are the neighbors that are immediately behind our property on Robin.
		They are supportive of the construction, and of our addition of a second floor. They are happy that we are staying in the neighborhood.
214 McKendry	Yes. Discussed plans	Supportive of the construction, and of our addition of a second floor. They are happy that we are staying in the neighborhood
218 McKendry	Yes. Discussed plans	These neighbors are currently doing their own construction work. They are supportive of our work, and if the addition of the second floor. They are happy that we are staying in the neighborhood.
206 McKendry	Yes. Discussed plans	These are the neighbors on our southern side who are the most affected. They are happy to write a letter of support.
		They are supportive of the construction, and of our addition of a second floor. Happy that the Barnes' are staying in the neighborhood.
202 McKendry	Yes. Discussed plans	Supportive of the construction, and of our addition of a second floor. They are happy that we are staying in the neighborhood
209 McKendry	Yes. Discussed plans	Supportive of the construction, and of our addition of a second floor. They are happy that we are staying in the neighborhood
213 McKendry	Yes. Discussed plans	These are the neighbors who are immediately across the street on McKendry.





## Kielty Arborist Services LLC

Certified Arborist WE#0476A P.O. Box 6187 San Mateo, CA 94403 650-515-9783

November 20, 2015, Revised January 27, 2016

Mr. Andrew Barnes 210 McKendry Menlo Park, CA

Site: 210 McKendry, Menlo Park, CA

Dear Mr. Barnes,

As requested on Wednesday, November 18, 2015, I visited the above site to inspect and comment on the trees. A home addition consisting of a second story is planned for this site, and your concern as to the health and safety of the trees has prompted this visit. As required a tree protection plan is included for the trees to be retained.

### Method:

All inspections were made from the ground; the trees were not climbed for this inspection. The trees in question were located on a map provided by you. The trees were then measured for diameter at 54 inches above ground level (DBH or diameter at breast height). The trees were given a condition rating for form and vitality. The trees' condition rating is based on 50 percent vitality and 50 percent form, using the following scale.

1 - 29 Very Poor

30 - 49 Poor

50 - 69 Fair

70 - 89 Good

90 - 100 Excellent

The height of the trees was measured using a Nikon Forestry 550 Hypsometer. The spread was paced off. Comments and recommendations for future maintenance are provided.

Survev	Sī	ırv	ev	7
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Tree#	Species London plane (Platanus x acerifolia)	<b>DBH</b> 27.6	<b>CON</b> 65		Comments Good vigor, fair form, multi leader at 8 feet with good crotch formations, street tree, 4.5 feet from sidewalk, 2 feet from driveway, damaging sidewalk.
2	Liquidambar (Liquidambar styraci)	25.3 flua)	50	75/45	Good vigor, fair-poor form, history of limb loss, heavy to the north, multi leader at 35 feet, suppressed by surrounding trees.
3	Douglas fir (Pseudotsuga menzies	42.1 sii)	70	110/50	Good vigor, good form, slight lean east, heavy amount of buttress roots, 1 foot from property line, 4 feet from deck, 10 feet from foundation.
4	Japanese maple 11.3( (Acer palmatum)	@base	55	20/20	Good vigor, poor form, multi leader at base with poor crotch formations, 1 feet from property line, aesthetically pleasing.
5*	Plum 8@ba (Prunus spp.)	se est.	40	30/25	Poor vigor, poor form, in decline, multi leader, 3 feet from property line.
6*	Pittosporum (Pittosporum tobira)	10est	50	40/30	Good vigor, poor-fair form, multi leader at 3 feet with poor crotch formations, 2 feet from property line.
7*	Redwood (Sequoia semperviren.	40est s)	40	85/60	Good vigor, poor form, codominant at base, 30 feet from property line, leader leaning towards home, upright leader severely topped.
8*	Monterey pine (Pinus radiata)	40est	40	100/45	Poor vigor, poor form, leans towards home, bark beetles at base, codominant at last 15 feet.

## Summary:

There are many large protected trees located on this site. No trees are planned to be removed, all are to be retained. At this time a second story is proposed. The home will need to be lifted off of the foundation to be in compliance with FEMA, as the home renovation is 50% of the replacement value. On January 3rd the structural engineer informed me that lifting the house by inserting 3x plates should not impact any roots. The underpinning of the existing foundation to support the new loads may have minor impacts to the large Douglas fir near the home. The extra excavation for the underpinning process will be hand dug when beneath the drip line of the large Douglas fir. The site arborist will need to inspect this work in order to offer mitigation measures

as a result of the extra excavation for underpinning. Large roots in this area will be need to be saved and worked around. A landscape buffer zone should be installed near the Douglas fir on site to fight against compaction. Roots in this area are expected to be minimal as the existing foundation likely acted as a root barrier.

Trees #1-3 and #7-8 are of protected size and will need to be protected in the city of Menlo Park. Street tree #1 is a large London plane sycamore tree. This tree is a city maintained tree. No pruning can take place to this tree without city consent and permit. This tree is located between 2 neighboring driveways in a landscaped strip. The landscaped strip shall be fenced off during the duration of the project. The driveway is to be retained and be used for the staging of materials. This will help fight against compaction for the other surrounding trees, that do not have the protection of a concrete surface. The existing driveway allows for annual rainfall to reach the trees roots as it is of a pervious material. This greatly increased the trees ability to retain water.

Tree #2 is a large liquidambar street tree. This is also a city maintained street tree. This tree has good vigor with fair-poor form. The trees foliage is heavy to the north as a result of being suppressed by the surrounding trees. This tree is multi leader at 35 feet and has a history of limb loss. No construction activities will take place in close proximity to this tree, as it is in a good location in the front corner of the lot. Tree protection for this tree will be located outside the drip line of the tree.

Tree #3 is a large Douglas fir tree. This tree is in close proximity to the existing home. The homes foundation is 10 feet from the tree. There is a wooden deck that extends out form the foundation and comes within 4 feet of the tree. Access to the property should take place on the opposite side of the property as there are no trees other than the London plane sycamore tree that has its roots protected by driveways and the protected landscape strip. This will help with the threat of compaction to the roots of the large Douglas fir tree. The tree protection fencing for this tree should be located as close as possible to the home and extend out to the drip line or as far as possible. A small number of limbs may need to be removed from this tree to facilitate the building of a second story. These limbs shall be removed by a licensed tree care provider to ensure proper techniques are used. Impacts to this tree are expected to be minor to nonexistent.

Trees #7 and #8 are both 30 plus feet away from the property line. The existing fence between the properties shall serve as sufficient tree protection. Both of these trees have serious form and health flaws. Redwood tree #7 is codominant at base with a poor crotch formation. The large upright leader has been topped and the leaning leader leans towards the property. This tree would need to be examined close up to quantify its risk of failing. Tree #8 is a large Monterey pine street tree. Bark beetle pitch tubes were located at the base of this tree. Once bark beetles have damaged the trees cambium, the trees life expectancy is extremely shortened. This tree should be looked at by the cities arborist or urban forester as it is a candidate for removal in my opinion. These trees will not be affected by construction as they are far enough away from construction activities.

The rest of the trees on site are not of protected size although they are recommended to be protected in the same way as the protected trees on site. Impacts to the trees on site are expected to be minor- nonexistent as no digging, excavation or grading will be occurring. The following tree protection plan will help reduce the impacts to the retained trees on site.

### **Tree Protection Plan:**

Tree protection zones should be installed and maintained throughout the entire length of the project. Fencing for tree protection should be 6' tall, metal chain link material supported by metal 2" diameter poles, pounded into the ground to a depth of no less than 2'. The location for the protective fencing should be as close to the dripline of desired trees as possible, still allowing room for construction to safely continue. In areas where construction activities will not be occurring the tree protection zone should be expanded as far as possible. The tree protection fence for the trees must be maintained throughout the entire project.

No equipment or materials shall be stored or cleaned inside the protection zones. Areas outside protection fence, but still beneath the tree's driplines, where foot traffic is expected to be heavy, should be mulched with 4-6" of chipper chips covered with plywood. The spreading of chips will help to reduce compaction and improve soil structure.

## Staging

Prior to the start of the project, all tree protection measures must be in place. An inspection prior to the start of the construction is required. All vehicles must remain on paved surfaces if possible. Existing pavement should remain and should be used for staging. If vehicles are to stray from paved surfaces, 4 to 6 inches of chips shall be spread and plywood laid over the mulch layer. This type of landscape buffer will help reduce compaction of desired trees. Parking will not be allowed off the paved surfaces. The lifting of the foundation, when inside the driplines of protected trees, should be carried out with care. No digging will be taking place at this site. Tree protection fencing may need to be moved to facilitate lifting of the foundation near tree #3. The site arborist should be notified and the relocated fence should be inspected.

## Root Cutting

If any roots are to be cut (not expected as there will be no digging at this site) they shall be monitored and documented. Large roots (over 2" diameter) or large masses of roots to be cut must be inspected by the site arborist. The site arborist, at this time, may recommend irrigation or fertilization of the root zone. All roots needing to be cut should be cut clean with a saw or lopper. Roots to be left exposed for a period of time should be covered with layers of burlap and kept moist.

(5)

## Trenching

Trenching for irrigation, drainage, electrical or any other reason shall be done by hand when inside the dripline of a protected tree. Hand digging and the careful placement of pipes below or besides protected roots will significantly reduce root loss, thus reducing trauma to the tree. All trenches shall be backfilled with native materials and compacted to near its original level, as soon as possible. Trenches to be left open for a period of time (24 hours), will require the covering of all exposed roots with burlap and be kept moist. The trenches will also need to be covered with plywood to help protect the exposed roots.

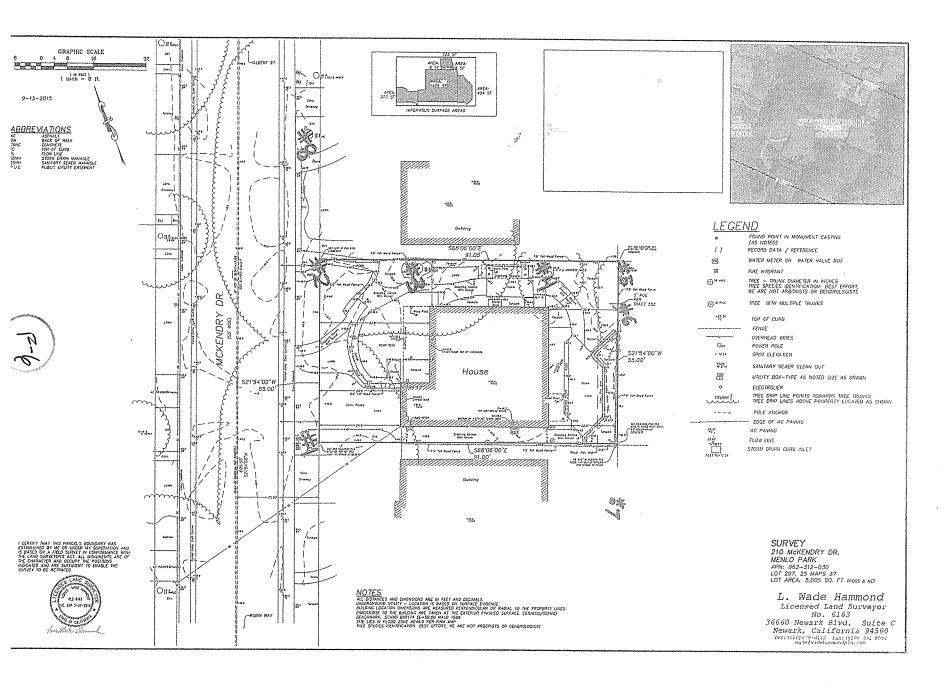
## Irrigation

Normal irrigation shall be maintained on this site at all times. During the warm season, April – November, I typically recommend some additional heavy irrigation, 2 times per month. During the winter months, it will not be necessary to irrigate unless there will be trauma to the root zone of the protected trees. Seasonal rainfall may reduce the need for additional irrigation. The onsite arborist may make adjustments to the irrigation recommendations as needed. The foliage of the trees many need cleaning if dust levels are extreme. Removing dust from the foliage will help to reduce mite and insect infestation.

The information included in this report is believed to be true and based on sound arboricultural principles and practices.

Sincerely,

Kevin R. Kielty Certified Arborist WE#0476A David P. Beckham Certified Arborist WE#10724A



Chuck and Isobel Fox 206 McKendry Drive Menlo Park, CA 94025 tel: (650) 327-1480

email: fox@chfox.com

TO:

Menlo Park Planning Commission

Date: 1.28.16

RE: 210 McKendry Drive (PLN2015-00089)

This letter is to state that we are the neighboring property on the right side of 210 McKendry Drive.

We have reviewed the plans for the subject project with our neighbors, Wachs / Barnes, the applicants, and are fully supportive of their project.

Specific to the side setback requirements between our property and theirs, we have no issue with their proposed set-back, and we are hopeful that the Planning Commission will approve their plans as submitted.

Thank you,
Chuck Fox Sobel Fox

Chuck & Isobel Fox

206 McKendry Drive

