# **Planning Commission**



#### **REGULAR MEETING AGENDA**

Date: 11/7/2016
Time: 7:00 p.m.
City Council Chambers
701 Laurel St., Menlo Park, CA 94025

- A. Call To Order
- B. Roll Call

# C. Reports and Announcements

Under "Reports and Announcements," staff and Commission members may communicate general information of interest regarding matters within the jurisdiction of the Commission. No Commission discussion or action can occur on any of the presented items.

#### D. Public Comment

Under "Public Comment," the public may address the Commission on any subject not listed on the agenda, and items listed under Consent Calendar. Each speaker may address the Commission once under Public Comment for a limit of three minutes. Please clearly state your name and address or political jurisdiction in which you live. The Commission cannot act on items not listed on the agenda and, therefore, the Commission cannot respond to non-agenda issues brought up under Public Comment other than to provide general information.

#### E. Consent Calendar

- E1. Approval of minutes from the September 26, 2016 Planning Commission meeting. (Attachment)
- E2. Approval of minutes from the October 19, 2016 Planning Commission meeting. (Attachment)
- E3. Architectural Control/Whitney Gaynor/1771 Stone Pine Lane:

  A request for architectural control for exterior modifications to the front façade of an existing single-family townhouse located in the R-3 (Apartment) zoning district. (Staff Report #16-084-PC)
- E4. Sign Review/Alice Booker/149 Commonwealth Drive:
  Request for sign review to modify an existing freestanding monument sign to include six tenants in the M-2 (General Industrial) zoning district. (Staff Report #16-085-PC)
- E5. Architectural Control/Kirk Loevner/889 Santa Cruz Ave:
  Request for architectural control for exterior modifications to the front and rear facades and the addition of floor area to extend the front entryway to the roofline, in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district. (Staff Report #16-086-PC)

## F. Public Hearing

F1. Use Permit/Clara Ting/1045 Trinity Drive:

Request for a use permit to demolish an existing two-story, single-family fire-damaged residence and construct a new two-story, single-family residence on a substandard lot with regard to lot width in the R-E-S (Residential Estate Suburban) zoning district. (Staff Report #16-087-PC)

F2. Use Permit/Jeff Chase/936 Hobart Street:

Request for a use permit to demolish an existing, one-story single-family home and construct a new, two-story single-family home with a basement on a substandard lot with regard to lot width in the R-1-S (Single Family Suburban) zoning district. (Staff Report #16-088-PC)

- F3. Use Permit Revision/Morteza Nassiri/317 Yale Road:
  - Request for a use permit revision to make changes to the floor plan, windows and roof plan of a previously approved single-family, two-story residence with a basement on a substandard lot with regard to lot width in the R-1-U (Single-Family Urban) zoning district. The previous use permit was approved by the Planning Commission on May 9, 2016. (Staff Report #16-089-PC)
- F4. Use Permit Revision and Architectural Control Revision/Ron Krietemeyer/1315 O'Brien Drive: Request for use permit and architectural control revisions to a previously approved project, which would allow the removal of approximately 32,000 square feet of gross floor area of warehouse from the rear of the structure and construction of a new exterior rear wall consistent with the architectural style of the previously approved building, in the M-2 (General Industrial) zoning district. (Staff Report #16-090-PC)

# G. Regular Business

G1. Architectural Control Revision/Rob Fischer/1090 El Camino Real:

Request for an architectural control revision to allow metal roll-down doors to be installed at three building entrances along Santa Cruz Avenue in conjunction with a restaurant use at an existing commercial building in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district. (Staff Report #16-091-PC)

#### H. Informational Items

- H1. Future Planning Commission Meeting Schedule The upcoming Planning Commission meetings are listed here, for reference. No action will be taken on the meeting schedule, although individual Commissioners may notify staff of planned absences.
  - Regular Meeting: November 14, 2016
  - Regular Meeting: December 5, 2016
  - Regular Meeting: December 12, 2016

#### I. Adjournment

Agendas are posted in accordance with Government Code Section 54954.2(a) or Section 54956. Members of the public can view electronic agendas and staff reports by accessing the City website at <a href="https://www.menlopark.org">www.menlopark.org</a> and can receive e-mail notification of agenda and staff report postings by subscribing to the "Notify Me" service at <a href="menlopark.org/notifyme">menlopark.org/notifyme</a>. Agendas and staff reports may also be obtained by contacting the Planning Division at (650) 330-6702. (Posted: 11/02/16)

At every Regular Meeting of the Commission, in addition to the Public Comment period where the public shall have the right to address the Commission on any matters of public interest not listed on the agenda, members of the public have the right to directly address the Commission on any item listed on the agenda at a time designated by the Chair, either before or during the Commission's consideration of the item.

At every Special Meeting of the Commission, members of the public have the right to directly address the Commission on any item listed on the agenda at a time designated by the Chair, either before or during consideration of the item.

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# **Planning Commission**



#### **REGULAR MEETING MINUTES - DRAFT**

Date: 9/26/2016
Time: 7:00 p.m.
City Council Chambers
701 Laurel St., Menlo Park, CA 94025

#### A. Call To Order

Chair Strehl called the meeting to order at 7:01 p.m.

#### B. Roll Call

Present: Andrew Barnes, Drew Combs (Vice Chair)(left meeting before Item G.1), Susan Goodhue (left before Item G.1), Larry Kahle, John Onken, Henry Riggs, Katherine Strehl (Chair)

Staff: Deanna Chow, Principal Planner; Jean Lin, Senior Planner; Kyle Perata, Senior Planner; Nikki Nagaya, Transportation Manager; Leigh Prince, Assistant City Attorney

# C. Reports and Announcements

None.

#### D. Public Comment

- Samuel Vasquez said that Facebook's support the Peninsula College Fund provided him with
  one to one mentoring, three days of training every year to help him find a job after college, and
  assistance in finding summer internships. He was appreciative of the opportunity to publicly
  thank Facebook and the Peninsula College Fund for their support.
- Louis Jones, student at JobTrain, said training supported by Facebook at JobTrain, gives them tools to be successful at work.
- Juan Nava-Sandival, JobTrain student, said with a Facebook scholarship he was able to take the Project Build program to learn the math needed for construction as well as to receive training on handling hazardous materials safely.
- Cali Nguyen, JobTrain graduate, said she was a recent graduate of the Web Developer Boot Camp program funded by Facebook. In addition to taking computer science classes at Canada College and College of San Mateo, she works for a company that develops applicant tracking software. She credited the Web Developer Boot Camp training funded by Facebook that she was able to get her job.
- Nassinet Kahsai said her life was such that higher education seemed impossible but with a financial award that was funded by Facebook she was able to pursue college and receive a B.A.
- Melvin Faulks said he is a senior at CalState-East Bay and like the previous speaker he

received the Crime Prevention Narcotics and Drugs Prevention scholarship that was funded by Facebook. He said the scholarship helped him pay for his school supplies and tuition expenses including study abroad with his sociology class.

• Epeli Pahulu, sixth grade student, said Facebook has worked hard to help his school be safe and provide equipment and tools for innovative education.

Chair Strehl closed the public comment period.

#### E. Consent Calendar

E1. Approval of minutes from the August 29, 2016 Planning Commission meeting. (Attachment)

**ACTION:** Motion and second (Riggs/Goodhue) to approve the minutes as submitted with the following modification: passes 7-0.

• Page 10, Under "Adjournment": Replace the adjourned time from "7:23 p.m." to: "8:23 p.m."

# F. Regular Business

F1. Review of Determination of Substantial Conformance/Janice Yuen/1010-1026 Alma Street: Review of the Determination of Substantial Conformance for exterior modifications to an approved architectural control application for a new three-story, non-medical office building with two underground parking levels at the Public Benefit Bonus level in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district. (Attachment)

Staff Comment: Jean Lin, Senior Planner, explained the process for determining substantial conformance. She said if the majority of the Commission found the proposed changes did not substantially conform to the architectural control for the approved project, the applicant could then revise the proposal to bring into conformance with the architectural control approval. She said another option would be for the applicant to apply for a formal revision to the approved architectural control.

Applicant Presentation: Mr. Ben Schaefer, BAR Architects, said the Alma Station project was presented to the Commission nine months earlier and was owned and driven by a developer as an office "spec" building. He said post-entitlements they have worked with a philanthropic nonprofit organization to make the project site their home. He said the fence along the public/private boundary had been approved as a perforated metal fence, eight feet tall with plantings in front of it. He said they were now proposing a similar fence that would have a 12-foot section that a stone wall. He said water was an important theme with the philanthropic organization. He said the stone wall on the private side would house a water feature; he said the sound of the fountain would be audible on the public side. He said the company staff numbered about 90 people and the outdoor space on the private side would be used by them for lunches as well as other events. He said the wall would create privacy for both private and public users and would be a really nice design element.

Replying to Commissioner Onken, Mr. Schaefer said the roofline had not changed. He said they slightly adjusted the fence location in two areas about 14-inches, changed a 12-foot section of fence to stone; changed the shape and added better quality materials for the commercial pavilion; created more open indoor/outdoor connection on the west elevation or private side; replaced the

plug and play plants with more natural looking vines to provide a two-story green wall effect; and used substantial wood doors for front and rear, noting the front entrance would have a solid clad residential look.

Replying to Commissioner Goodhue, Mr. Schaefer said they studied a number of locations for the fountain; he said the selected site created a direct outdoor relationship to the indoor space. Commissioner Goodhue asked they had considered placing it so it was visible from the exterior side or public space as well. Mr. Schaefer said they thought it was better housed on the private side due to maintenance and security concerns. He said it would be visible through the gate. Commissioner Goodhue said the gate between the private/public spaces had also changed form a sliding door to something more like a pivot door. Mr. Schaefer said this type door/gate was more cost-effective. He said the door/gate was not intended as a "passage" but was there for the incidental after-hours events that might occur on both the private and public spaces.

Commissioner Kahle confirmed the solar shading had been removed on the north side where it was not needed, but said the elevation was less attractive without it. He asked if they had considered any aesthetic offset to address. Mr. Schaefer said as the solar shading on the north side was not effective, they decided to take the funds intended for that to use for the coffee kiosk space. He said that would be more expensive to design and build and would use higher quality materials.

Commissioner Combs asked if the tenant had indicated the frequency of events in the external space, and if so, what time those might be held. Mr. Schaefer said in the expansion of the lounge and kitchen, the outdoor space would be used when the weather was good for daily lunch and then the occasional event.

In reply to a question from Commissioner Combs about how the company currently holds its events, Brid Arthur, Hillspire, said the firm currently has three different offices spread between Menlo Park and Palo Alto. She said they go offsite for the use of outdoor space for what was typically less than quarterly events. She said the events were mainly for employees' team building and celebrations for their accomplishments.

Replying to Commissioner Riggs concern that the limestone color would be homogenous, Mr. Schaefer said the entire project was clad in limestone with standard limestone being the body tile and travertine as an accent tile. He said they were working with the quarry to get a variation of patterning color in the limestone. He then corrected and clarified that the body stone, the smooth stone, was the travertine, and the accent stone was the limestone. He said the proposed wall would be split rock.

Replying to Commissioner Goodhue's concern that the public space was smaller, Mr. Schaefer said they had to resituate the wall so they would still provide the same square footage entitlement for the public courtyard plaza. He said the calculation for the courtyard included the footprint of the kiosk. He said the kiosk was basically re-shaped. He said previously it was roughly a square and divided the public space into a front end and back end that was continuous. He said it was now rectilinear and elongated. He said the size of it related to the space and protecting the heritage oak tree. Commissioner Goodhue noted that the wall change would require hand digging into the tree's roots.

Chair Strehl opened the public comment period and closed it as there were no speakers.

Commission Comment: Commissioner Onken said he was satisfied with all of the building changes except for the kiosk. He said as the kiosk was the public benefit of the project it deserved additional scrutiny. He said previously they had a lively open structure although there was a dark space behind it. He said he could find the other changes were within substantial conformance with the previously approved project, but he wanted the kiosk to come back with a redesign.

Commissioner Kahle said the majority of the proposed changes were good but the kiosk needed additional scrutiny. He said he was not enthusiastic about the 10-foot wall where an 8-foot fence had been previously as the benefit of that and the fountain was for the applicant not the public.

Commissioner Goodhue said she agreed with Commissioners Onken and Kahle about the kiosk. She said even with the upgrade in materials and appreciating the intent that the kiosk needed attention. She said her primary concern was the fence change. She said previously the applicant had arrived at a great concept with the metal screen between the private and public spaces so there was not such a demarcation between the two, noting that had been one of the things that had sold her on the project as it provided more of a public benefit. She said the original plan had the oak tree however only in the private space and the plan evolved to bring the fence forward and create a really nice space with the metal screen. She said tonight's renderings showed a 10-foot heavy wall coming into the public space that created an unneeded emphasis on the demarcation between private and public space. She said in the prior plan there had been a nice balance of the public and private. She said the water feature caused the private space to become cramped and the heavy wall increased the sense of demarcation between public and private space.

Commissioner Combs said the height of the proposed wall was concerning and created a more emphatic demarcation between the private and public space that did not favor the public space. He said he did not share the concern about the changes in the kiosk or its sizing as his understanding was the public benefit was the operation of the kiosk as a coffee shop. He said the wall materials were okay.

Chair Strehl asked if the bathroom in the kiosk was for public use. Mr. Schaefer said it was for employees only. Chair Strehl confirmed with Mr. Schaefer that it needed to be handicap accessible.

Commissioner Onken moved to make a determination of substantial conformance for the proposed changes with the exception of the plaza and kiosk, and for the applicant to bring that back with redesign for review. Commissioner Kahle asked if the plaza referred to the wall. Commissioner Onken said everything on the public side of the design. Commissioner Kahle seconded the motion.

Commissioner Goodhue asked for clarification. Chair Strehl confirmed with the makers of the motion and second that all of the building changes on the private side were found to be in substantial conformance but the public space, the plaza, kiosk and wall needed to be redesigned and brought back to the Commission for approval.

At the request of Chair Strehl, Senior Planner Lin said to clarify that all changes with the building were considered to be in substantial conformance and all the changes in the public plaza including the kiosk and the stone wall needed to come back to the Planning Commission for review and approval.

Commissioner Combs asked where the project was in the application and building permit process. Senior Planner Lin said the existing structure and parcel have been cleared in preparation for the

proposed project. She said the applicant had submitted plans that were being reviewed by the building permit plan check process. She said the project would have two phases: 1) excavation and construction of the underground garage, and 2) the remainder of the building. She said it was currently in the first phase and the exterior and plaza changes would not impact that work from moving forward in the process. She said the requested changes would impact more the building permit plan check process for the second phase of construction. She said the building permit was currently under review and had not yet been granted.

**ACTION:** Motion and second (Onken/Kahle) to determine that the proposed exterior modifications to the project building were found to be in substantial conformance but the public space changes including the wall and kiosk were to be redesigned for review and approval by the Planning Commission; passes 7-0.

Chair Strehl noted that Commissioners Combs and Goodhue were recused due to potential conflict of interest for the Facebook agenda item G1.

# G. Public Hearing

- G1. Zoning Ordinance Text Amendment, Rezoning, Conditional Development Permit, Development Agreement, Lot Reconfiguration, Heritage Tree Removal Permits, Below Market Rate Housing Agreement, and Environmental Review/Hibiscus Properties, LLC on behalf of Facebook, Inc./300-309 Constitution Drive and 1 Facebook Way:
  - **Zoning Ordinance Text Amendment** to include hotels as conditional uses within the M-2 zoning district. The text amendment would be consistent with the Limited Industry Land Use Designation of the existing General Plan;
  - **Rezone** entire site from M-2 (General Industrial) and M-2(X) (General Industrial, Conditional Development) to M-2(X) (General Industrial, Conditional Development) to allow for a Conditional Development Permit to establish the development regulations;
  - Amended and Restated Conditional Development Permit (CDP) to redevelop an approximate 58-acre site (300-309 Constitution Drive) with approximately 962,400 square feet of office use, including ancillary employee amenities, and a 200-room hotel of approximately 174,800 square feet. With Building 23 (formerly 300 Constitution Drive), the maximum gross floor area would be approximately 1.318 million square feet. The CDP would permit maximum building heights of up to 75 feet, allow building coverage to potentially exceed 50 percent of the site, identify the expanded construction hours, establish the permitted uses at the site, establish the maximum allowed signage area, permit the use and storage of hazardous materials associated with general office uses, set the parking ratio for the site, as well as to define all other development standards and regulations;
  - Development Agreement for the provision of overall benefits to the City and adequate regulations in exchange for vested rights for the Facebook Campus Expansion Project;
  - **Heritage Tree Removal Permits** to permit the removal of approximately 274 heritage trees and establish a heritage tree replacement ratio associated with the proposed project;
  - **Below Market Rate (BMR) Housing Agreement**, per the requirements of the City's Municipal Code, which would help increase the affordable housing supply by requiring the applicant to provide monies for the BMR fund or by procuring off-site BMR units:
  - Lot Reconfiguration to modify the location of two legal lots or merge the legal lots that comprise the project site and the adjacent lot for Building 20; and

Environmental Impact Report, Statement of Overriding Considerations, and Mitigation
Monitoring and Reporting Program that analyze the potential environmental impacts of the
proposed project and include specific findings that the project includes substantial benefits that
outweigh its significant, and adverse environmental impacts, and establishes responsibility and
timing for implementation of all required mitigation measures.
(Staff Report #16-082-PC)

Senior Planner Perata said correspondence received after publication of the staff report included five pieces that relayed comments regarding the EIR with reiterating comments previously provided as well as comments on the trip cap and agreement. He said there were also two items of support for the project and one item provided by Facebook, the applicant, regarding housing issued in response to additional housing comments.

Senior Planner Perata said the staff report on page 13, in the table outlining parameters of the conditional development permit (CDP), had a typo where it stated standard parking of 4,797 spaces for Building 20. He said that number was the total parking for the entire site. He said for Building 20 it should read 1,466 spaces going to 1,499 spaces.

Senior Planner Perata reviewed the topics on which the Commission was being asked to make recommendations to the City Council.

EIR Consultant Presentation: Kirsten Chapman, project manager, ICF, environmental consulting firm, introduced Erin Efner, the project director, and the transportation sub-consultant Colin Burgett, TJKM, and David Doezema, KMA. Ms. Chapman said the project would result in a net increase of floor area in the amount of 121,000 gross square feet. She said Building 21 would include 513,000 square feet of office space and event uses, and would be constructed during the first phase of development. She said Building 22 would be constructed in the second phase of development and would include approximately 450,000 square feet of office uses. She said the third building that would be constructed during the second phase would include a 200-room limited service hotel. She said approximately 3500 parking spaces were provided in the surface parking lot and under the building podiums for the proposed buildings. She said maximum building heights would be approximately 75 feet, and the project would be organized around a publicly accessible open space and a multi-use pedestrian and bicycle corridor that would run north to south through the middle of the project site. She said the project would also include a multi-use bicycle/pedestrian bridge over Bayfront Expressway to allow public access to the Bay Trail.

Ms. Chapman reviewed the steps in the EIR preparation leading to issuance of a Notice of Determination. She said the significant and unavoidable impacts of the project were:

- Peak hour motor vehicle traffic at studied intersections during both the project and cumulative conditions
- Peak hour motor vehicle traffic on routes of regional significance during the project and cumulative conditions
- Daily motor vehicle traffic on roadway segments of the project and cumulative conditions
- Increased delay in transit vehicles under project conditions and conflicts with applicable plans and policies adopted for the purpose of reducing emissions of greenhouse gases

Ms. Chapman said during the public review period comments were received. She said in preparing the Response to Written and Oral Comments on the DEIR, released September 15,

they made some revisions to correct or amplify the DEIR but in responding to the comments they found no additional significant impacts, new mitigation measures and no substantial increase resulted in the severity of an earlier identified impact. She said the DEIR and the Response to Comments document constituted the Final EIR. She reviewed key comments that multiple persons had made and the master responses to those comments.

Commissioner Onken asked if the comment period on the EIR for the Facebook expansion project was extended. Senior Planner Perata said the comment period for the Facebook expansion project was not extended and ended on July 11. He said the comment period for the ConnectMenlo DEIR had been extended.

Commissioner Riggs asked about the response to a comment that the square footage per worker being used was too large for estimating the worker population, noting he believed the EIR indicated 350 square foot per person.

Erin Efner, ICF, said some additional substantiation on the worker per household number was provided in Master Response #4 under population and housing.

David Dozema, KMA, said there was a response regarding the nonresidential square footage per worker and they were searching for the page number. He said the basic response was that the other development contemplated under ConnectMenlo was not exclusively of a high tech nature and was to include other general office uses. He said it would not be appropriate to apply tech density ratio to all of the office uses so they used lower employee density and provision of higher number of square footage per employee.

Applicant Presentation: Mr. Fergus O'Shea, Director of Campus Facilities, Facebook, introduced the development team.

Mr. Craig Webb, Gehry Partners, showed drawings of the existing campus and the proposed build outs of the master plan. He said this project would replace an industrial site that had considerable contamination. He said the buildings would have parking underneath to create more landscaping opportunities. He showed images of the connectivity features of the project. He said public initiatives Facebook was contributing to included Chilco Street improvements, Bay Trail improvements along the edge of the Facebook campus and Bay restoration efforts. He said there were a number of initiatives on the Dumbarton Rail Corridor. He said he expected the Rail Trail would be implemented first. He said they were also participating in a mass transit study on the south side of the right of way.

Mr. Webb said Building 20 was designed to create engineering space for Facebook and was intended as anonymous architecture immersed into the landscape. He said this was a large campus and their goal was a diversity of architecture. He said in Building 21 they were trying to create a highly articulated façade facing toward the Belle Haven community. He said they also paid attention to what direction the front of the building was. He said Building 20 faced the expressway but with the development of the Rail Corridor the buildings would now face south. He said on the north side they would have much larger scale architecture relating to the broad expanse of the Bay and facing the expressway. He said Building 21 would be clad in industrial cladding system into which they would introduce accent colors. He noted caterpillar truck yellow for the multi-use bridge across the Expressway, and John Deere tractor green on building façade. He said Building 20 has a completely landscaped roof with mature trees and pathways. He said they learned with that the area was windy. He said they would create architectural features on top

of Building 21 to create windbreaks and conference rooms and a café would be located there. He said they would bring some of the landscaping to the first floor using mature trees.

Mr. Webb said Facebook was committed to working toward net zero sustainability on their buildings and each building was a step toward that goal. He said for Building 21 they would have a large array of photovoltaic panels and would bring natural daylight into the building. He said they would create a water recycling system that would treat sewage from Buildings 1 and 2 for reuse in irrigation. He said the shuttle program was a major reduction of their carbon footprint on the campus while reducing traffic on the street.

Mr. O'Shea said since the study session with the Planning Commission in June they had received positive feedback on the building designs. He said concerns raised were impacts to housing and congestion. He said comments received at different public meetings helped them to identify the terms for a development agreement. He said on July 19 they presented a draft term sheet that was reviewed and approved by the City Council. He said what they were requesting was within the current General Plan and was a floor area ratio (FAR) of 0.45, and they were not requesting any up zoning. He said the project included site remediation, a hotel, a public bridge providing access to the Bay, a publicly accessible plaza, LEED Gold buildings minimum, bird safe glass, Chilco Street improvements, and the creation of thousands of temporary and regular construction jobs.

Mr. O'Shea said the development agreement focused on five key areas: 1) revenue for the City with public benefit payments of \$6 million over 20 years; a sales tax capture provision; guarantee of a transient occupancy tax (TOT) of \$1.25 million over 39 years; TOT would be 1 point higher than the current base rate; property tax guarantee on all of the property; 2) Housing – the project includes \$6.5 million of BMR; they will be conducting an inventory supply study and explore from there setting up a housing innovation fund of \$1.5 million; proposal to create a housing preservation fund; creation of 22 units of workforce housing over the next five years; and agreed to plan for at least 1500 units on the Prologis campus to include a 15% affordable component: 3) Transportation – he said the transportation corridor study was ongoing which Facebook funded \$1 million towards and would commit another \$1 million toward recommendations from that report expected to be complete in April 2017; setting up a transportation management association in M-2; committing to further investments in the Rail Trail project; setting up a regional transportation forum; and commitment to complete the Chilco Street road improvements - these are in addition to mitigations identified for traffic as part of the EIR; 4) environmental commitment - build to LEED Gold; creation of a recycled water system which they hoped would save 20 million gallons of water per year; funding a feasibility study for a Bay Area wide recycling plant; and 5) establish local community fund to dedicate \$500,000 over five years; scholarships of \$1 million over 10 years; \$300,000 toward maintenance of Belle Haven school; and \$1 million for maintenance of Belle Haven Bayfront Park.

Commissioner Onken said the staff report noted the EIR found the project was in conflict with the standard for greenhouse gas emissions. Senior Planner Perata said the significant and unavoidable impact was with state adopted plans and executive orders that deal with greenhouse gas emissions reductions below 1990s levels. He said those executive orders require action beyond a singular project and no one project could not be expected to comply with or meet.

Commissioner Barnes asked if anything had changed with the project design since the June study session noting the text amendment for rezoning. Planner Perata said the items themselves had not changed; he said language for the CDP had been refined; he said recommended actions were the same that the Commission considered at its June study session.

Commissioner Riggs noted page 15 of the staff report under heading "Revenues" indicated the draft development agreement included a number of guarantees such as \$300,000 yearly to the City; and an additional guaranteed \$336,000 payment upon the occupancy of Building 21. He asked if the payment would be \$636,000 after occupancy. Planner Perata said there were two different payments. He said the \$300,000 payment was indexed ever five years for 20 years. He said regarding the \$336,000 payment up to 41 years, that was the amount the first two years and after that it would convert to a \$1.25 million TOT guarantee. He said if Facebook builds a hotel they would get credit toward that \$1.25 million payment. He said after two years when TE leaves the site the fee would increase annually. Commissioner Riggs asked if the numbers were separated because one was in-lieu of sales taxes and the other was a flat fee. Planner Perata said the \$336,000 was essentially a sales tax in-lieu fee and was folded into the TOT guarantee. He said the other fee was a flat fee over five years.

Chair Strehl opened the public hearing.

#### Public Comment:

- Edward Mason, San Francisco resident, said he was too late to comment on the DEIR. especially for the transportation and demand management that includes privately operated commuter buses from employee residential centers. He said the benign statement it makes that the shuttles remove local work site congestion didn't capture the impact these private buses made at employee residential centers, like San Francisco, and other cities. He said in San Francisco, private buses occupy transit red zones in violation of state law and four hour white zones restricted for residential parking permit holders. He said large buses delay traffic on narrow streets and their left and right turns create intersection stalemates. He said buses double park and idle on residential streets while waiting at points of departure such as Castrol and 25th Street, 26th Street and Noe Valley. He said that only constant reporting and monitoring gets 3-ton buses off weight-restricted city streets. He said some operators do not have California licenses on the vehicles. He said engine and air conditioning noise from the buses traveling steep hills after 10 p.m. was particularly bothersome. He said a private bus might remove 120 autos from the road but actually removed 120 working class families through displacement. He said the project's transportation demand management was hidden out of sight from regional consideration and implication while Menlo Park would reap tax benefits.
- Annel Aquayo, Development Director for Rebuilding Together-Peninsula, said they have worked with low income families to preserve communities for over 27 years. She said currently there were over 5,000 owner occupied homes in substandard condition in San Mateo County. She said Facebook has partnered with them since the beginning of the year to help in the preservation of the Belle Haven community. She said most recently on September 11 Facebook hosted a block build partnership with them in honor of the 9-11 national day of service and remembrance in Menlo Park through which three residences were improved.
- Rose Bickerstaff said displacement, affordable housing, and cut through traffic were not new problems in the Belle Haven community. She commented that Facebook had been a thoughtful developer and noted that the issues of concern were due to development and not just Facebook's. She said it was somewhat ridiculous that the City tried to please all of the surrounding cities. She said she did not think the cause of displacement had been truly identified but she did not think all of the ongoing problems should be burdened on one developer.

- Cindy Clark, Sustainable Silicon Valley, said their goal was to create a net positive Bay Area by 2050 for carbon, energy and water, and they enthusiastically supported the Facebook expansion because of its sustainability and water reuse. She said cumulatively Facebook was taking a leadership role in water and they thought that would encourage other organizations and individuals to create water resiliency for the Bay Area.
- Lily Gray, MidPen Housing, said they were a nonprofit developer, owner, and manager of affordable housing, and were supportive of the proposed housing benefits program which would make a meaningful impact by accelerating development, advancing innovative solutions, and providing housing for a range and mix of incomes in the community. She said they were impressed by Facebook's efforts to engage in housing issues and work proactively on finding real solutions. She said in addition to the innovation fund, preservation fund, and workforce housing program that Facebook proposes direct investment of their BMR fees into affordable housing. She said this direct investment would expedite delivery of actual units and allow funds to be leveraged more.
- Allan Bedwell, Menlo Park, said he was representing Friends of Bedwell Bayfront Park, an
  organization focused on preservation of the park. He said the Friends and he as an individual
  support the expansion project both on environmental and community benefit grounds. He said
  neighbors also benefit from the security company Facebook employs.
- William Nack, Menlo Park, said he supported the Facebook expansion project. He said in the proposed development agreement, Facebook once again recognized Menlo Park as its home and wanted to contribute to the community with a financial commitment of millions for the general fund, to build houses for their teachers and public employees, maintain the pool in Belle Haven, study and improve transportation along the Bayfront Expressway, develop 1500 housing units to help alleviate the housing / jobs imbalance in San Mateo County, develop a water recycling system on the project, build to LEED Gold equivalency, establish a privately maintained publicly accessible open space, and built a publicly accessible multi-use bridge over Bayfront Expressway.
- Shani Kleinhaus, Santa Clara Valley Audubon Society, said they have worked to conserve, protect, promote and educate people about birds in Santa Clara County. She said it takes great attention to develop along the Bay and Facebook from the start looked at the whole ecological system where they were. She said her organization has been working with Facebook since 2012 on the bird safety issues how to bring birds into the area and protect them. She said they have been monitoring the birds on the roof and found it attracted different species that seem to be doing well.
- Paul Veal, Menlo Park, said he was a journeyman sheet metal worker, and supported the Facebook expansion project. He said the construction hours generated from this project benefited community members like him. He said additionally Facebook was a community partner who had addressed, and was continuing to work with the City, to solve traffic and housing issues.
- Diane Bailey, Director of Menlo Sparks, a local independent nonprofit, said they work with businesses, residents and leaders toward a healthy, sustainable and carbon-neutral future for Menlo Park. She said last month with the help of Facebook they completed the 10<sup>th</sup> free solar

installation for low income homeowners in Belle Haven. She said this reduced energy bills 75%, countered gentrification, and created clean energy. She said that so far 32 KW of clean solar power have been installed. She shared comments from one resident who noted that when you have a limited budget on a low income, having this reduction in energy bills would make a big difference. She said Facebook was a leader in sustainability and they appreciated their efforts with Menlo Park to address housing issues.

- Laurie Gross, teacher, Ravenswood School District, said Facebook funded a technology
  afterschool program as well as now a maker's faire. She said Facebook was demonstrably a
  community supporter in how they have treated the local schools.
- Kitty Craven said the removal of 274 heritage trees seemed excessive and she hoped each tree would be looked at separately to insure that removal was really necessary. She said she was not in favor of expanding the hours of construction. She said she did not understand the need for a 200-room hotel when a 100-room hotel was already being built nearby. She said she also was concerned as to where the water for the project would come from. She said whatever mitigations were done for traffic it would not be enough for this huge expansion. She said Marsh Road, Bay Road, and Bayfront Expressway was where she lived and it was bumper to bumper traffic most of the day.
- Eileen McLaughlin, Citizens to Complete the Refuge, said their experience with Facebook has been good with ongoing communications and consulting on various projects. She said Facebook has had an exceptional response to ecological issues. She said there was a biological impact related to the multi-use bridge over Bayfront Expressway that was not included in the EIR. She said Facebook has applied to the US Fish and Wildlife for a Section 7 application under the endangered species act and that was related to the bridge. She said the bridge intrudes into a refuge noting the endangered snowy plovers. She said the response was not accurate to comments brought to the consultants doing the EIR as they said there was no impact on the refuge when in fact there was. She said as it was not included there was no opportunity to mitigate and monitor.
- Clem Moloney, Menlo Park, said he had reviewed the project and documents, and been participant with ConnectMenlo meetings. He said as a neighbor of Facebook he has noticed that the project was designed very thoughtfully and was responsive to various concerns. He said the new traffic impacts were huge but being mitigated well. He said the land use changes, the BMR agreement, the public benefit proposal, and fiscal analysis all seemed to be appropriate. He said the addition of transit to the campus was part of ConnectMenlo and would prove to strongly reduce auto trips. He said the trip caps and the very robust and multiple TDM programs would do a lot to mitigate the traffic impact. He said he supported the project.
- James Ruigomez said he was representing the San Mateo County Building and Construction Trade Council, which was comprised of 22 local unions representing about 16,000 highly skilled men and women. He asked representative members to stand noting that some dozen more had to leave as work started at 6 a.m. the next day. He said this diverse workforce of San Mateo County, many of whom live in Menlo Park, understands the critical need to move forward with the Facebook project.
- Ellison Folk, Shute, Mihaly & Weinberger, said she was appearing on behalf of the City of East Palo Alto. She said the issue of displacement was important to the City as it was not addressed at all in the EIR. She said the consultant indicated the belief that displacement was

not an environmental issue but a socio-economic issue. She said when people were displaced there was a direct effect on those people and creates the need to build new housing further exacerbating the jobs housing imbalance so people need to work further from their work. She said this needed to be shown in the EIR and addressed. She said the EIR found that only a few Facebook employees live in East Palo Alto so the impact of the expansion would be minimal on East Palo Alto. She said however that CEQA also required agencies to look at the indirect effects of projects. She said the real impact was the pressure that projects like these create on the housing market by increasing housing costs and forcing people out who cannot pay those increased costs. She said they were seeing this happen in the Bay Area and there was evidence in the records that landlords in the region were evicting tenants or holding properties off the market to raise rents and to convert properties to something more appealing to employees from Facebook. She said that if Facebook was not the only contributor to the problem, the cumulative effect had to be addressed. She said there was an unavoidable impact to an intersection in East Palo Alto and they asked the City of Menlo Park to address that and mitigate it.

Chair Strehl closed the public hearing. She recessed the meeting for a short break.

Chair Strehl reopened the meeting.

Commission Comment: Replying to a question from Commissioner Barnes, Senior Planner Perata said that the development agreement (DA) applied to 301-309 Constitution Drive, and when acted upon favorably by the Council was an ordinance that would be effective 30 days later. He said regarding Building 22 that the applicant would need to come back to the Commission for a formal architectural control review for the style of the building. Commissioner Barnes asked if the entitlements to the City in the DA would commence upon approval whether or not Building 22 was built. Ms. Prince said that once approved the entitlements in the DA would become effective whether or not any of the project was built. Replying to Commissioner Combs, Senior Planner Perata said the plans for the hotel and Building 22 would need to be approved by the Commission at a later date.

Commissioner Barnes asked about the various housing elements proposed including the housing inventory local supply study, housing innovation fund, and housing perseveration fund.

Mr. Knight, said regarding the preservation fund that they have an MOU with MidPen to look at preserving units and affordability in perpetuity. He said one way would be to help support through rental assistance or purchasing properties and placing some type of covenants for affordable housing in perpetuity. He said they saw the housing supply study and the innovation fund as linked. He said in speaking broadly with the community there were a number of housing issues and there was not enough information to establish a baseline of understanding as it was changing so rapidly now as to how that baseline would work. He said they received really important advice from several community leaders to have a baseline study and that was the \$350,000 commitment to the housing inventory local supply study. He said they recognized there might be other low cost ways of innovating around housing and keeping people in their homes.

Replying to Commissioner Barnes, Mr. O'Shea said when they considered housing for the DA they thought about different areas in which they could help. He said the first was projects and they thought about that with the BMR fund and working with MidPen on affordable housing. He said the second was around policy and how they might help influence policy around affordable housing; and setting up a fund to work with nonprofits on opportunities for housing preservation.

Commissioner Barnes said regarding BMR that they could direct or provide the units and something between the two. Mr. O'Shea said there were 20 units and \$6.5 million for BMR and they had a certain time period to find a project or to pay fees directly into the City's fund. He said on Building 20 they worked with St. Anton and some of those units would come online this year. He said for Building 23 they were working on some units. He said they would prefer to provide units over paying an in-lieu fee.

Commissioner Barnes noted under transportation in the DA that \$1 million was for the Regional Transportation Forum and asked what that was. Mr. Knight, Facebook, said in 2000 there was a lot of traction around Dumbarton Rail and that was lost. He said internationally there was a fairly simple way of doing an industry forum to get rail operators, construction and financing entities, and broader planning agencies to get together and plan an "industry forum." He said they thought as an outcome of the Dumbarton Rail Corridor Study that they could not afford for the Study to be shelved again. He said they need to excite action around transformation of the transportation system. He said the forum was a way of speeding up of the Dumbarton Rail.

Commissioner Barnes asked about the \$1 million for Bedwell Bayfront Park. Mr. O'Shea said the fund would go toward the maintenance of the park; they saw it as improving an already great community amenity. Commissioner Barnes said there was \$1.25 million associated with the guarantee for the TOT and other hotel fees, from \$600,000 to \$13 million. He asked if that was over and above the guaranteed amount. Mr. O'Shea said that was structured by looking at what the existing sales tax revenue coming from the project was. He said Facebook would pay four times that for several years after TE left until the hotel was built. He said in time those payments would end and it would transition to a TOT quarantee.

Chair Strehl asked Mr. Knight if the Regional Transportation Forum was to look for expressions of interest from the industry, and public / private partnerships. Mr. Knight said yes and was an action item forum. He said there was a private operator offering to put on the line. He said they understood that high speed rail would go through a similar exercise around Gilroy to San Francisco next year. He said they were hoping to dovetail off some of those other activities and act fast.

Commissioner Onken asked if the City staff or at the City Council were discussing rent control. Principal Planner Chow said the Council had identified that as an issue and Jim Cogan, Housing and Business Development Manager, would develop a study session to look at the larger issues of rent control and other policies and programs that might help stabilize housing in the City. She said there was no date set at this time.

Commissioner Onken asked regarding traffic cut through in Belle Haven whether the interest was in keeping daytime cars off the streets. Nikki Nagaya, the City's Transportation Manager, said the biggest concern about cut through traffic was not so much parking overflow but commuters traveling through the streets to access, in particular, Hwy. 101 during evening commute hours. She said there were conditions in the trip count policy requiring that any sort of overflow parking be addressed and forced back onto campus.

Commissioner Riggs noted on page 5 the CDP signage regulations and asked about electronic signage. Senior Planner Perata said electronic signs were not permissible in Menlo Park. Commissioner Riggs said in the DA there was a commitment to 1500 housing units on the Prologis site. He said this was dependent on the General Plan moving forward so there was no actual commitment to provide any housing. Ms. Prince, said it would not be appropriate for the City to

pre-approve a project, and it was only appropriate in the DA to ask them to design. Commissioner Riggs said they could not require the bridge over Bayfront Express or the new signalization as those require Caltrans approval but a good faith effort was required. He asked if that would be an appropriate way to phrase the 1500 units. Ms. Prince, said she saw the commitment to design the 1500 units as a good faith effort to achieve those. She said it was a CEQA case law issue that you cannot pre-approve a project without environmental review and the examples Commissioner Riggs used were part of the environmental review as opposed to pre-approving a project that has not yet undergone environmental review.

Commissioner Riggs said Facebook had not yet decided if it would build Building 22 or the hotel. He said the economics the City was looking forward to regarding this project almost entirely hinged on the hotel project. He said the Belle Haven side of Building 21 was much closer to residences than Building 20. He asked what landscaping was planned.

Mr. O'Shea said as part of the DA that Facebook was required to pay the minimum payments for the hotel so it was in their best interest to get that built as quickly as possible.

Chris Guillard, CMG Landscape Architecture, said the planting along the back end of the building (21) was in two rows of trees similar to the natural California landscapes found along the front of Building 20. He said they were creating buffer strips between the Dumbarton Corridor and the building. He said they could not plant in the Corridor due to various rail restrictions and transportation considerations of that Corridor. Replying to Commissioner Riggs, Mr. Guillard said it would be a mixture of California oaks, some arbutus species, Toyon, and areas of storm water management that would include alders and some poplars. He said understory planting was a kind of California coastal scrub.

Commissioner Riggs asked about the pathway down the Dumbarton Corridor and asked how continuous it would be. Mr. O'Shea said it was dependent on the outcome of the Dumbarton Corridor Study. He said part of the design was to look at cross sections and intersections. He said it would be continuous from East Palo Alto to approximately Marsh Road and the feasibility study was looking at how to move people there, whether with crosswalks or bridge. He said they would have to figure out what to do at Willow Road as well. Commissioner Riggs said in less comfortable economic times the railroad right of way was used as an access point to jump over the fences of residences to burglarize homes and escape quickly.

Commissioner Riggs said the construction hours were 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. during work days which was helpful for large projects in the industrial area. He asked if the extended hours were part of the negotiations. Senior Planner Perata said the City's Noise Ordinance did not limit construction hours but identified the hours when construction activities were exempt from it, which was 8 a.m. to 6 p.m., Monday through Friday. He said the applicant, as part of their request, presented the hours they would typically work so that was built into the environmental review. He said the CDP sets hours of work and states that work outside the hours of 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. would not be exempt from the Noise Ordinance and would have to comply with the daytime limits of the Noise Ordinance.

Commissioner Riggs said a public speaker mentioned that the bridge landing would intrude into the refuge and that was not in the EIR. He asked if the bridge was a separate project from the project and the EIR. Ms. Nagaya said the bridge was part of the project. Ms. Chapman said the EIR evaluated a cantilever area over the refuge but did not include analysis of a touchdown. She said their understanding was that the bridge design did not include a touchdown into the refuge. She

said it would intrude into the Caltrans right of way but it would not touch down into the Refuge property and the EIR disclosed that.

Commissioner Kahle said communication from the Atherton Traffic Commission said to would be easy to address two intersections at Bayfront Expressway both at Willow Road and University Avenue. He asked if the applicant had any input on that and whether they had discussion with East Palo Alto regarding the University Avenue intersection. Mr. O'Shea said he would defer to staff.

Ms. Nagaya said comments recommended roundabouts for sections of University and Bayfront and Willow and Bayfront. She said both intersections were within the City of Menlo Park and under Caltrans jurisdiction. She said the recommendations that came out of the EIR analysis were to look at grade separations at both intersections as opposed to roundabouts because of the volume of traffic. She said a roundabout to handle that volume of traffic would have to be a multiple lane roundabout which would have a large circle to configure, which they did not think would fit well.

Commissioner Kahle asked if the auditorium building had John Deere green on all sides. Mr. Webb said only on the south side. He said the majority of the building was gray standing sheet metal panels. Commissioner Kahle asked if they had looked at treating the rather monolithic wall that would face Bayfront Expressway. Mr. Webb said they had and at one point were considering a large scale work of art. He said Facebook however wanted anonymity of the buildings and to not make a big statement on the Expressway. He said they decided to keep that side monochromatic and have landscaping

Commissioner Kahle asked what the landscaping would look like after the next stage was completed. Mr. Guillard said the depth between Bayfront and Building 21 was deeper than that between Bayfront and Building 20. He said the amount of landscaping between Bayfront and Building 21 would be denser and richer, but similar in character. He said the landscaping was intended to unify the campus and create an environment that weaved together the natural ecosystem of the Bay. He said the main corridor between the two buildings would be thickly planted with trees. He said along the Dumbarton Corridor there would be thicker planting along the building and a larger park area creating a green space between the Chilco Street improvements and the future Building 22. He said on the Building 22 corridor there was about a 50-foot landscape buffer between the Bayfront and the building. Commissioner Kahle asked if the rooftop garden would be apparent once the landscaping was grown in. Mr. Guillard said several locations along the roof landscape of Building 21 would open down to the Bay creating views. He said there were locations where the roof garden would be visible but it would be more enclosed than Building 20's in response to wind issues they found with the latter's roof garden.

Commissioner Onken asked about FAR with the up zoning of the M-2. Senior Planner Perata said the maximum office FAR in M-2 was 45%. He said other uses could go up to 55%. Commissioner Onken asked if office would still be at 45% FAR under ConnectMenlo. Principal Planner Chow said the proposal for the new planning districts for O and LS would potentially replace the M-2. She said the amount of office FAR would remain at base level 45% and the allowance for additional office or life science R&D would be 55% FAR. She said FAR for bonus level development would exceed those base level numbers.

Commissioner Onken said correspondences from East Palo Alto contained intimations of a lawsuit. Ms. Prince said the City has prepared the legally required documents for the project.

Commissioner Barnes said the intent was to integrate the look of landscaping along the Bayfront but the canopy for Building 21 looked about 50% of that for Building 20. Mr. Guillard said the model showed one to five year trees. He said the density and the size of the trees proposed for the project expansion were as dense as those for Building 20, and in many cases were plantings larger than what was planted along the frontage of Building 20. He said along the Bayfront edge and the south edge 420 trees would be planted at the site level alone. He said at Building 20 they had 370 trees at the site level. He said the number of trees and sizes were commensurate throughout the project.

Commissioner Barnes noted the proposal for 750-foot height for Building 21 and asked what the total height would be with the mechanical screening, and the experience of that for the Belle Haven side. Mr. Webb said they understood that the mechanical had to fit within the 75 foot height. Senior Planner Perata said the zoning allowed for additional height for mechanical screening and the CDP throughout indicated a 75-foot maximum permitted height and to use additional screening for mechanical as well as for elevators and stairwells.

Commissioner Barnes asked if the water recycling that was expected to save 20 million gallons of water annually was for both Buildings 20 and 21. Mr. Webb said the system would take black water from Buildings 21 and 22 as the input, treat it, and then generate the water for the landscaping for all four buildings. He said the purple pipe for recycled water was installed in Building 23. He said the hotel would be standalone.

Commissioner Barnes noted the speaker from San Francisco who indicated Facebook's buses were causing challenges and an inverse increase to trip caps.

Mr. O'Shea said they were nearly at 50% TDM participation. He said their shuttles have routes to Santa Cruz, East Bay, Oakland, and Walnut Creek. He said they looked at where people lived and getting them out of their cars. He said they started direct routes such as to the Mission or Van Ness. He said they have a direct shuttle cycle from Building 20 to Van Ness and that was cutting down the number of stops needed as well.

Chair Strehl asked if they were working with the San Francisco Mayor's Office, Muni and their Board of Supervisors. Mr. O'Shea said the City's Board extended the pilot program and likely would extend it next year again. Chair Strehl said with 6500 new employees in Buildings 20, 21, and the hotel and net new parking of 2570 spaces, the TDM was crucial. She said hopefully the trip cap would never be met. Mr. O'Shea said they were managing within the trips allotted. Chair Strehl noted the speaker who indicated they had gotten a permit from US Fish and Wildlife and confirmed there was not affect to endangered species with the EIR consultant. Chair Strehl asked what the special events were. Mr. O'Shea said such things as friends, family's days and inviting others to the campus.

Commissioner Riggs referred to the speaker's concerns with bus impacts in San Francisco. He said although it was not an issue for the Commission, he would hate for Menlo Park to be the curse of six neighborhoods because of Facebook shuttles. Mr. O'Shea said there were a set number of pickup zones in San Francisco that were regulated by SFMTA. He said Facebook pays for every stop a shuttle makes at one of those regulated zones and there were very strict criteria of how zones were used. He said the fee they pay goes toward enforcement. He said one of the requirements was that smaller buses had to be used on smaller streets.

Commissioner Riggs referred to Ms. Folks' comment about the intersection in East Palo Alto and the significant and unavoidable impact and asked if this was outside Menlo Park's jurisdiction. Ms. Nagaya said the Bayfront and University intersection was within the City of Menlo Park and a project study report was looking at potential grade separation. She said that she believed the speaker was referring to the intersection of University Avenue and Bay Road next to East Palo Alto's City Hall and the University Avenue and Donahoe intersection at the Hwy. 101 ramps. She said they looked at potential mitigations including widening and adding turn lanes. She said widening required additional right of way which made the impact significant and unavoidable. She said staff would continue to coordinate with the City of East Palo Alto on mitigations where feasible.

Commissioner Onken said regarding item 2 of the recommendations that the zoning ordinance text amendment was fine as the days of manufacturing in Menlo Park were long gone and not coming back; regarding rezoning and the CDP that what was zoned for was done in what he thought the best way to develop this site; regarding the concern about heritage trees that many of those were the scraggly kind built around industrial sites and additionally he planting plan and care given to landscape was assuring; he liked the choices under BMR housing agreement; and in the EIR he found the comments on displacement interesting. He said that of all the uses or clients to be on this site, this proposal was the best possible development strategy. He noted the healthy TDM and a population committed to not adding to the traffic. He said he generally supported the use permit and accepted the EIR as an accurate enough assessment of what's happening in Menlo Park and to this property.

Commissioner Kahle said the EIR and mitigations were appropriate for the project.

Commissioner Barnes said the EIR was comprehensive and illustrative of the facts. He said the DA was comprehensive and tried to look at different topics; the economics were good for the City; the BMR was fine; and the interest in the best and highest use in the area. He said that it took a very attractive owner / user entity to develop this project noting the extensive remediation needed.

Commissioner Riggs said it was important to evaluate if the project had earned the Statement of Overriding Considerations compared with its impacts. He said a comment letter to Commissioners today stated that a statement of overriding considerations could not rely on just one item. He said however there were a good half dozen reasons why this was a good project for MP. He said most of Building 21 had the same bulk as Building 20 except for mechanical space which was an extra five feet tall and segments of the building were higher. He said however the massing was attractive and the building was no in an impactful location. He gave Facebook a lot of credit for their internal circulation and management of its TDM commitment to a trip cap. He said in the DA, the subsidized rent units were indicated for employees, public safety profession and nonprofits. He said he would caution how nonprofit organizations were enabled referring to high administrative overheads. He said the mitigations on the project were outstanding, and he had no problem approving a major project in an area where transportation was a serious problem. He said however that the infrastructure needed to be improved to handle increased development.

Chair Strehl said she agreed with Commissioner Riggs about lacking infrastructure and the need for City and County, Regional Transportation entities to commit to improving.

Commissioner Onken made a noted of the potential for neighborhood cats to get to the refuge using the bridge.

**ACTION:** Motion and second (Barnes/Riggs) to make all the recommendations to the City Council

as presented in Attachment A to the staff report; passes 5-0 with both Commissioners Combs and Goodhue recused.

# Attachment A RECOMMENDED ACTIONS FOR PLANNING COMMISISON Facebook Campus Expansion Project (301-309 Constitution Drive)

#### **Environmental Review**

1. Recommend that the City Council Adopt a Resolution Certifying the Environmental Impact Report and adopting the findings required by the California Environmental Quality Act, Certifying the Environmental Impact Report, Adopting the Statement of Overriding Considerations, and Adopting the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program for the Facebook Campus Expansion Project, located at 300-309 Constitution Drive (Attachments T and U).

# **Zoning Ordinance Text Amendment**

2. Recommend that the City Council Introduce an Ordinance amending the text of the M-2 (General Industrial) zoning district to add hotels, including ancillary facilities, to conditional uses. (Attachment N)

#### Rezoning

3. Recommend that the City Council Introduce an Ordinance Rezoning the property at 300-309 Constitution Drive from M-2 (General Industrial) and M-2(X) (General Industrial, Conditional Development) to M-2(X) (General Industrial, Conditional Development) (Attachment M).

#### **Conditional Development Permit**

4. Recommend that the City Council Adopt a Resolution Approving an Amended and Restated Conditional Development Permit for the property located at 300-309 Constitution Drive and 1 Facebook Way (Building 20) (Attachment E and F).

#### **Development Agreement**

5. Recommend that the City Council Introduce an Ordinance Approving the Development Agreement for 301-309 Constitution Drive (Facebook Campus Expansion Project). (Attachments Q and R)

# **Lot Line Adjustment**

6. Recommend that the City Council Adopt a Resolution Approving the Lot Line Adjustment between parcels 055-260-250 (300-309 Constitution Drive) and 055-260-290 (1 Facebook Way, Building 20) (Attachments O and P).

#### **Heritage Tree Removal Permits**

7. Recommend that the City Council Adopt a Resolution Approving the Heritage Tree Removal Permits for the Facebook Campus Expansion Project (Attachments H, I, and J).

#### **Below Market Rate Housing Agreement**

8. Recommend that the City Council Adopt a Resolution Approving a Below Market Rate Housing Agreement with Hibiscus Properties, LLC for the Facebook Campus Expansion Project (Attachments K and L).

### H. Informational Items

H1. Future Planning Commission Meeting Schedule

- Special Meeting: October 19, 2016 (Wednesday)
- Regular Meeting: October 24, 2016
- Regular Meeting: November 7, 2016
- Regular Meeting: November 14, 2016

# I. Adjournment

The meeting adjourned at 10:56 p.m.

Staff Liaison: Deanna Chow, Principal Planner

Recording Secretary: Brenda Bennett

# **Planning Commission**



#### **REGULAR MEETING MINUTES - DRAFT**

Date: 10/19/2016
Time: 7:00 p.m.
City Council Chambers
701 Laurel St., Menlo Park, CA 94025

#### A. Call To Order

Chair Katherine Strehl called the meeting to order at 7:01 p.m.

#### B. Roll Call

Present: Andrew Barnes, Drew Combs (Vice Chair) (recused before item F1), Susan Goodhue, (recused before item F1), Larry Kahle, John Onken (recused before item F1), Henry Riggs, Katherine Strehl (Chair)

Staff: Deanna Chow, Principal Planner, Nikki Nagaya, Transportation Division Manager, Azalea Mitch, Senior Civil Engineer, Heather Abrams, Sustainability Manager, Leigh Prince, City Attorney

# C. Reports and Announcements

The Commission beautifully sang Happy Birthday to Commissioner Henry Riggs.

#### D. Public Comment

None.

## E. Consent Calendar

E1. Approval of minutes from the September 12, 2016 Planning Commission meeting. (Attachment)

Commissioner Goodhue noted on page 9, in the sentence beginning "Vince Bressler said..." to change "foundation" to "fountain" and on page 12, last line, sentence "He said the modifications to the .... " to change "user" to "use" (permit).

Commissioner Riggs said on page 36, in the last paragraph, 3<sup>rd</sup> line, that the word "conservation" should be changed to "conservative" and in the same line, the word "element" should be "development".

**ACTION:** Motion and second (Goodhue/Combs) to approve the minutes as submitted with the following modifications: passes 6-0 with Commissioner Onken abstaining.

Page 9, sentence beginning "Vince Bressler said..." change "foundation" to "fountain";

- Page 12, last line, sentence: "He said the modifications to the...," change "user" to "use" before "permit"; and
- Page 36, last paragraph, 3<sup>rd</sup> line, word "conservation" should be changed to "conservative" and same line, the work "element" should be "development".

Commissioners Combs, Goodhue and Onken were recused due to potential conflicts of interest for item F1.

# F Public Hearing

F1. City of Menlo Park/General Plan and M-2 Area Zoning Update, including a General Plan Amendment, Zoning Ordinance Amendment, Rezoning, Environmental Review:

The City is proposing to update the Land Use and Circulation Elements of the General Plan, including revised goals, policies and programs, the establishment of new land use designations, and the creation of a new street classification system. The General Plan Update seeks to create a live/work/play environment that fosters economic growth, increased sustainability, improved transportation options and mobility, while preserving the existing residential neighborhood character and quality of life enjoyed today. The land use changes are generally focused in the M-2 Area (which is primarily the existing industrial and business parks located between Bayfront Expressway and Highway 101) and could result in an increase in development potential above what would be allowed under the current General Plan, as follows:

- Up to 2.3 million square feet of non-residential space;
- Up to 4,500 residential units; and
- Up to 400 hotel rooms

This additional development potential in the M-2 Area, combined with the remaining development potential under the current General Plan, would result in a total of up to 4.1 million square feet of non-residential development and up to 5,500 residential units in the City.

The Planning Commission will consider and make recommendations to the City Council on the following:

- General Plan Amendments: Incorporate the updated Land Use and Circulation Elements into the General Plan. Change the General Plan land use designations of properties in the M-2 Area to one of the following designations - Light Industrial, Office, Life Sciences, Mixed Use Residential, Baylands and Public Facilities. No land use designation changes are anticipated outside of the M-2 Area and Baylands Area.
- 2. Zoning Ordinance Amendments: Create three new zoning districts in the M-2 Area for consistency with the proposed General Plan Land Use Element. The proposed zoning districts include Office (O), Life Science (LS) and Residential-Mixed Use (R-MU) designations. The O district includes overlays to allow hotels (O-H) and corporate housing (O-CH). Overlays for bonus level development are also proposed in the Office, Life Science and Mixed-Use zoning districts (O-B, LS-B, and R-MU-B). In addition, proposed changes to the C-2-B (Neighborhood Commercial District, Restrictive) zoning district would allow for residential uses with up to 30

dwelling units per acre and heights of up to 40 feet for mixed use development. The zoning ordinance amendments also include proposed modifications to streamline the hazardous materials review process as an administrative permit, subject to the review and approval of the Community Development Director (or designee) when certain criteria are met, and other minor modifications, such as allowing administrative review for architectural changes in the O and LS districts similar to current regulations for the M-2 district, changes to the nonconforming uses and structures chapter, and other minor text amendments for consistency in implementing the proposed changes to the M-2 Area.

- 3. Rezoning: Rezone property in the M-2 Area to one of the following zoning designations for consistency with the proposed General Plan land use designation amendments O (Office), Office, Hotel (O-H), Office, Corporate Housing (O-CH), Office, Bonus (O-B), Life Science (LS), Life Science, Bonus (LS-B), Residential Mixed Use, Bonus (R-MU-B), Public Facilities (P-F), and PF (Flood Plain).
- 4. <u>Environmental Review</u>: Review of the Final Environmental Impact Report (EIR) prepared for the General Plan and M-2 Area Zoning Update, which analyzes the potential environmental impacts of the General Plan and M-2 Area Zoning Update.

(Staff Report #16-083-PC)

Staff Comment: Principal Planner Deanna Chow reviewed the various actions the Commission would consider in making recommendations to the City Council on the General Plan and M-2 Area Zoning Update. She introduced Charlie Knox and Rosie Dudley with Placeworks; David Shiver and Stephanie Hagar with BAE Urban Economics, and Jessica Alba with Nelson/Nygaard. She noted the Commission had received an additional 15 pieces of correspondence since the distribution of the staff report. She said in the correspondence several persons commented that comments related to Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) in the Final Environmental Impact Report (FEIR) were not addressed. She said however the comments related to VMT were addressed in the Transportation Master Response in the FEIR but not in Chapter 3 of the revisions. She said an errata sheet of the edits consistent with the Transportation Master Response had been distributed for the Commission's review as well as a corrected table in the Fiscal Impact Analysis (FIA), Table 39B.

Charlie Knox, Placeworks, introduced the items before the Commission noting the general process for the meeting, and the history of the public process for the item. He said that public process had led to the definition of 2.3 million square feet of new non-residential development; up to 400 hotel rooms, and up to 4500 residential dwelling units in the M-2 zoning area. He said one of the key programs to do an annual review of the General Plan was directly tied to the Capital Improvement Program, and the Commission in its annual review would look directly at whether programs in the General Plan were actually covered by projects the City was undertaking. He said also a statement had been added that the Community Amenities list, which had evolved through both the Belle Haven visioning process and the General Plan Update process, could be modified to meet future community needs.

Mr. Knox said the Circulation Element categories were Safe Transportation, Health and Wellness, and Traffic Demand Management (TDM). He said since the Commission's laws review of the General Plan Update, clarification had been made on how to reestablish the City's Level of Service (LOS) Standards as complementary to the new state VMT standards.

Mr. Knox said three new zoning districts of Office (O), Life Sciences (LS), and Residential Mixed

Use (R-MU) were proposed. He said development in these new districts included TDM program, green building regulations, design standards that were measurable, and provision of community amenities, noting for the last there was a formula and process for achieving those amenities. He said additional changes over the last several months included increased residential height in the C-2-B (Neighborhood Commercial District, Restrictive) zoning district and included a parcel outside the M-2 near the Oil Changers at Bay and Willow Roads. He said they also worked on a streamlined process for hazardous materials use permit approvals.

Mr. Knox said since the Commission's study session in May of the project the height limits were increased to allow for flood protection in flood zone areas or areas subject to sea level rise in response to comments from interested parties that additional height was needed if they had to raise the base level for flood protection. He said there was a Floor Area Ratio (FAR) sliding scale for bonus development to allow flexibility, and added flexibility related to the design standards. He said façade only improvements would not get the same attention as a large amount of floor area being added or changed. He said the maximum setback in the LS District was eliminated in accordance with property owner and Commission direction. He said also the corner built to envelope had been modified and there was more flexibility related to rooflines. He said it was clarified that Community Amenities for bonus level in the R-MU zoning district included a requirement to provide 15% affordable housing and within 50% of the value of the additional gross floor area. He said the housing was credited toward that 50% value. He said once a developer reached the 15% affordable housing there was the ability to do different things such as physical improvements on the Community Amenities list. He showed the most updated map of the M-2 zoning area and noted the changes made.

Mr. Knox said regarding the EIR for the project that CEQA required the identification of impacts on the environment to be mitigated or if not possible to mitigate, the City would have to adopt a Statement of Overriding Considerations. He said that document had been drafted for review. He said program level EIRs described large, broad issues and were not related to any one project or any one set of development activities. He said mitigation wherever feasible occurred through the policies and programs in the General Plan and the zoning standards. He said this would allow for future projects that were site specific development to be streamlined in terms of review, and could tier off this EIR as long as it was complying with the zoning. He said the FEIR was the October 2016 Response to Comments document together with the Draft EIR, and that Chapter 3 contained revisions to the EIR. He said for the most part that air quality greenhouse gas emissions impacts were unavoidable due to regional context; transportation although significantly worse in Menlo Park than in many places was a regional issue, but mitigation efforts where feasible would be used to address the impacts, noting some of which were not within the City's control. He said impacts to population and housing were basically significant and unavoidable in relation to regional context. He said that CEQA requires the consideration of alternatives to a project. He said one was the "no project alternative." He said the proposed project was the highest impact alternative as it would allow for about 2 million more square feet of development citywide as currently in place. He said another alternative would have overall reduced development and with the same ratio of jobs and housing and residential and nonresidential development in the M-2 area but at 75% level. He said another alternative looked at reducing the non-residential development by 50% which under CEQA was the preferred alternative as there was more new housing than jobs and housing could mitigate some of the impacts. He said an important change per public comment on the EIR was the language in the mitigation measures for air quality, biological resources, water supply and flooding to make the mitigation measures more stringent to try to protect biological resources. He said there were no new impacts discovered or required mitigation under CEQA.

Mr. Knox said the accompanying Fiscal Impact Analysis (FIA) looked at the fiscal benefits for the ConnectMenlo potential development to a theoretical maximum build out for the plan duration. He said General Plan build out, if no project were adopted, would produce about \$2.6 million per year over the duration. He said the additional development built into Connect/Menlo would more than double that in addition to it and was projected at \$8.3 million per year in net fiscal benefit to City over the duration of the 24-year plan. He said adjustments had been made to the FIA based on its last review before the Commission. He said the General Plan build out was shown separately and the distribution of housing per school district was updated. He said the 1500 units intended to be built as corporate housing would not generate multiple occupants and students. He said there were no impacts from the project to the Ravenswood City and Redwood City school districts. He said ConnectMenlo was revenue neutral for the Las Lomitas school district but potential build out under the current Genera Plan would have a \$675,000impact annually, and was about 3% of their annual budget. He said the Menlo Park City school district build out under the current General Plan had a net negative fiscal impact of \$3.4 million per year or 8% of the school district's annual budget. He said the Sequoia Union High School District impact annually was about \$1.6 million per year and based on the 1500 units on the Facebook campus being corporate and not family housing. He said that amount was 1.2% of their current annual budget.

Commissioner Barnes asked about the 400 hotel unit count and potential number of hotels, noting the map in Attachment G, Exhibit B. Mr. Knox said General Plan Advisory Committee (GPAC) discussion thought synergy would be created having a hotel on one side of the corner and a potential hotel site on the other side. Commissioner Barnes asked about the owner of the other parcel. Principal Planner Chow said she could not recall the property owner's name but noted letters were sent to the property owners whose property would be rezoned in addition to the general noticing or property owners and occupants in the M-2 area. Commissioner Barnes asked about a third site in Haven area. Mr. Knox said the parcel inquired about was owned by Bohannon but was not the site of the Menlo Gateway project. He said property between Marsh Road and the City limit on Haven Avenue was also shown on the zoning map within the O-H zoning district. Commissioner Barnes asked if the 400 hotel rooms were first come, first served. Mr. Knox said the 400 number was the result of long discussion, and looked at viability of the hotel room program as about 150 rooms per hotel with some flexibility. He said if a proposal came in for a 400-room hotel that would be a discussion as to whether it was appropriate for the site.

Commissioner Barnes noted Exhibit D, R-MU, the area of Constitution and Jefferson down to Marsh Road, slated for 1,000 residential units. He said Sobrato was intending to build 600 units and asked about the ownership of the parcels to the left and right of the Sobrato parcel. Mr. Knox said they had a comment from the owner of the most westerly parcel in reaction to the placement of the paseo. He said he did not know if there were discussions between Sobrato and adjacent neighbors as to how many units would go on one site. Commissioner Barnes asked if the affordable housing requirement was intended to apply to the housing units in O-CH. Principal Planner Chow said it was not and the units would be deed-restricted to Facebook employees only.

Commissioner Riggs asked about the 50% of the presumed increased value and land that was repeated as a basis of providing community amenities as there had been no conclusion as to how that figure had entered the report. He asked if that was a Council directive. Mr. Knox said after the establishment of the guiding principles and the General Plan Working Group workshops to develop the alternative that they had talked to Council about amenities. He said discussed logic behind the 50% was it characterized the increased value of development allowed by the new zoning designations to be shared among the community and the developer. He said he recalled they received Council direction not whether it should be 50% but to proceed on the basis that 50%

represented an equal sharing of increase valued of the property between the property owner and the community.

Commissioner Riggs asked if Commission discussion assisted in defining the design elements. Mr. Knox responded affirmatively noting that had been very helpful, and resulted in some flexibility that would allow staff to administer and easier for architects and designers to work with. He noted some outstanding issues that were described about setbacks and LS districts, and rooflines. Chair Strehl asked if 50% of the increased density value included all the costs. Mr. Knox said cost of doing business was included.

Commissioner Barnes said he was concerned that the listed Community Amenities were not prioritized. Principal Planner Chow said Exhibit A of Attachment H list showed the order of priority based on the input received. She said there was the ability under the project to revisit the amenities list in the future.

Chair Strehl said that the Sequoia Union High School District wanted space in what had been the industrial area, and asked if designating them public facilities (PF) would affect neighboring properties. Mr. Knox said he did not see problems regarding compatibility and having safeguards for uses that were compatible.

Chair Strehl opened the public hearing.

- Eileen McLaughlin, Citizens Committee to Save the Refuge, said Caltrans owned the land north of the railroad spur; it was permanently protected as Salt Marsh Harvest Mouse mitigation and could not be developed and the other property was owned by someone else. She said both were within the National Wildlife Refuges acquisition boundary established by Congress specific to wetland habitats suitable for inclusion in a refuge. She asked delay of the approval of the FEIR due to many concerns particularly about the biological resources section. She said the biological resource assessment language repeatedly used 10 foot as the distance from the project site to wildlife to assess. She said species were not judged by one number as far as distance on impacts. She said the FEIR was not ready for any kind of approval due to these concerns about its addressing of biological resources.
- James Eggers, Executive Director, Loma Prieta Chapter, Sierra Club, said they appreciated the changes related to bird friendly design and green buildings. He said they would also submit a letter later. He said Facebook East was an island surrounded by habitat on all sides including open space habitat to the south. He said the 1500 units proposed upon 57 acre site could house anywhere from 3,000 to 6,000 residents based on unit size and occupancy. He said Belle Haven was 23,000 acres with a population of 5,500. He said the corporate housing seemed too unrealistically dense or perhaps it needed fewer units. He said there had been no discussion about what the O-CH zoning designation meant and they would like that to happen. He asked if the General Plan should have planned infrastructure for a wide tunnel under Willow Road to connect Facebook West Campus to mixed use villages on the south side and whether there would be pedestrian connection to amenities. He said they wouldn't want people marooned on the Facebook campus or to have nighttime lights near the wildlife refuge. He said bonus level for R-MU zoning would allow taller building doubling the size of what R-MU allowed and would also allow office space to increase by 15% of the volume. He said if office space took up 25% of the larger buildings that would encourage office development and very few spaces for residential sites. He said R-MU should not encourage office use as that would create an even greater imbalance between work and housing.

Patti Fry said her comments would be in addition to the specific comments she had sent earlier; particularly concerns about consistencies among the land use elements and the zoning ordinance, and poorly worded things that were confusing. She said the zoning ordinance amendments needed good attention. She said the planning process had been too limited and the EIR showed there were many impacts that would occur citywide yet the mitigation measures were for the most part restricted to the M-2 area. She said the TDM measures. parking limits, green building measures and those kinds of measures only applied to the Bayfront area. She said a lot of impacts could be lessened further if there was some attention to the rest of the City. She said the current General Plan allows a job/housing ratio of 4.6 in the pipeline projects; ABAG assumes a 2.2 ratio. She said just the zoning allowed in the rest of the City could perpetuate their existing housing shortage. She said there were superior alternatives to the project such as the environmentally superior one that was a reduced residential alternative. She said if that were to include the full complement of hotel space then the budget impact on the City would be 80% of what the project itself would provide and far fewer impacts. She said that was a better way to grow with less intense non-residential development. She said the California State Transportation Agency said the City should consider restricting the magnitude of future development to reduce the VMT demand on the state traffic. She said funding mechanisms for the community amenities and traffic improvements, which were also considered mitigations in another part, were not in place and she was concerned that if any of the project was approved there were development projects that would move forward without anything in place to provide amenities and traffic improvements. She said the nexus studies were required to change the impact fees and those would need to apply before project approvals were granted, otherwise the taxpayers would be left responsible for the things that needed to be done.

Chair Strehl asked if Ms. Fry had additional speaking time from another person. Ms. Fry said she did.

- Ms. Fry said the idea of live/work/play made sense but the proposal indicated there were not enough places to live and things to play. She said that playing fields were not even mentioned for instance. She said if they had 50% more population then more sports facilities would be needed. She said it was good to focus on the Belle Haven community but that was a specific plan and not a citywide plan. She said the EIR did not have standards and thresholds of significance for measuring impacts, and the new land use and circulation elements did not either. She said they needed measurable goals and standards. She said mitigation measures needed to be looked at citywide and funding mechanisms for amenities needed to be put into place now otherwise taxpayers would be left holding the bag for these improvements. She said it as the first comprehensive update since 1994 and they could do better.
- Adina Levin, Transportation Commission and GPAC member, said she was speaking as an individual. She said the project represented years of community input to express a live/work/play vision in the Bayfront / Belle Haven area of Menlo Park. She said what made the Plan work from a transportation point and social perspective, addressing jobs/housing balance, housing affordability, and below market rate housing, was the overall amount of housing. She encouraged the Commission to forward the Plan favorably including housing. She said EIR mentioned as a recommendation to phase jobs and housing; she encouraged the Commission to recommend that as a policy recommendation. She said if they had all the jobs before any housing that would exacerbate the traffic and social impacts. She said

she wrote to the City about how LOS would be used under the policies and the new General Plan. She said the state was starting to require VMT rather than LOS as an environmental impact. She said LOS used as a primary goal discouraged infill development. She said the Transportation Impact Analysis (TIA) had to have updated guidelines and urged that be done as quickly as possible so the City was not operating under the old rules. She suggested updating the thresholds for LOS so they could adhere to the Plan goals of encouraging and streamlining in-fill mixed use development and multimodal transportation with less green house gas emissions and improved community health.

- Janelle London, Vice Chair, Menlo Park Environmental Quality Commission, said she was speaking as individual. She said she supported the green and sustainable building codes in the draft zoning regulations. She said the use of clean, renewable and onsite energy where feasible was needed to reduce green house gas emissions. She said the state mandate was to reduce emissions to 1990s levels by 2020 and 40% below 1990 levels by 2030. She said the City's Climate Action Plan targeted a 27% emission reduction from 2005 levels by 2020. She said regulations were needed for the City to lead the way in zero net energy building standard. She said the state Title 24 set goals to achieve zero net energy (ZNE) by 2020 for all new residential buildings and by 2030 for all new commercial, and 50% of existing commercial structures. She said ZNE building was feasible, economical and easier to achieve in more temperate coastal areas. She said ZNE buildings less vulnerable to climate change and helped home and commercial property owners pay less for energy. She said investment in ZNE building created jobs.
- Pastor Arturo Arias, Eternal Life Church, 965 O'Brien Drive, said they have been in the community 28 years and their congregation was Christian with over 100 members. He said they served Menlo Park and East Palo Alto communities. He said they had attended several community meetings on the General Plan and had mentioned previously that they would welcome the improvement especially in those areas where they were ministering. He said that the new map however showed that their property was part of a zoning change. He said they wanted to be sure that their community would continue to be served where they were located. They would like more information in detail as to what the future would be for them.
- Richard Truempler said the Sobrato Organization supported the General Plan Update and in particular the effort to provide housing at all income levels to address the lack of affordability in the area. He said Sobrato was interested in building high-density rental housing for people of all income levels and that high-density rental was one of the most affordable and sustainable types of housing compared to for-sale low density housing that makes up the majority of housing stock in Menlo Park. He said they could build this contemplated rental housing they requested the insertion: "Regarding affordable housing policies, we support the requirement for rental property projects utilizing bonus density to produce affordable housing that is equal to 15% of the project size. We ask that the regulations allow the flexibility for rental projects to meet that requirement either on site or immediately adjacent to the market rate component of the project. The affordable projects would be produced by them deeding land to a nonprofit adjacent to and as part of their larger rental project." He said they could only achieve the deep level of desired affordability by aggregating the affordable housing on a separate legal parcel as that was essential to securing the specialized efficient financing required to maximize the number of affordable units at the desired affordability level. He said allowing them to meet the requirement on an adjacent site as part of the larger planned community would help create a vibrant, mixed

income neighborhood allowing the use of alternative financing sources to make the affordable units feasible. He said regarding the proposed water and energy policy that new housing development that met the state's stringent Title 24 and CalGreen requirements was inherently more sustainable than existing housing. He said high density, multi-family housing was most water and energy efficient form of housing. He said while they supported the energy policy as currently drafted they requested the Commission ask that residential projects be exempt from the non-potable requirement. He said they supported a requirement for new residential projects to be dual plumbed now and to mandate that they tie into non-potable water sources in the future once it was available at a municipal scale. He said the policy as written would be detrimental to the City's goals to provide affordable housing as it would result in lower density and fewer affordable units as developers tried to stay under the 250,000 square foot threshold now set. He said to provide high density affordable housing at all income levels they would need flexibility on how to achieve the affordability requirements.

- Maya Perkins said she was a Belle Haven resident. She said she hoped that housing and retail would be developed first before office space as she wanted to live in a live/work/play community and the retail part of that was very important. She said she did not want to live in a bedroom community and for Belle Haven and Bayfront to provide all the needed housing without amenities such as restaurants and cafes. She said she also did not want to live in a space that was basically a dormitory referring to the O-CH housing. She said her understanding through the process was that zoning would be for the Facebook east campus and now it appeared it was contemplated for the Prologis site. She said that was a large piece of housing that would be just for corporate. Chair Strehl said she did not think that was the case. Ms. Perkins said regarding mixed-income affordable housing that 15% was a great start but she thought they had to have more affordable housing in the same building. She said she did not support a model where there was side by side housing with one building regular and one building affordable as that was not a healthy way for people to live. She said to have a healthy culturally diverse experience, people needed to live together. She said trenching was on the table for Willow Road ant that did not fit into the vision of the cute, walkable. live/work/play downtown neighborhood that many residents would like. She requested that Willow Road be a walkable accessible road and complete street without any trenching. She said the proposed name change to Bayfront excluded a lot of the residents that worked hard and came to many of the meetings. She said the 50% density bonus should be looked at again and not decided upon tonight.
- Pamela Jones said it was exciting process to decide the last places to build on the peninsula, and the City could demand whatever it wanted from the builders. She said regarding affordable housing that they have excluded the people who only make \$120,000 annually. She said a person would have to make that to live in one of the \$6,000 a month rentals. She said they should redefine how they looked at affordable housing and low income and moderate income housing needed to be integrated throughout the space and particularly in apartments. She said there was already rail that could go from Redwood City to Menlo Park to Willow Road and that would take a lot of the transportation issues off the table. She asked about the occupancy rates of all the new large apartment buildings in Redwood City and suggested they might find that they were not using resources together regionally as best they could. She said displacement in the area was horrific, noting that no one was looking at foreclosures but only at those who got rent increases and had to move.
- Vicky Robledo, Belle Haven resident, said they wanted to track the amenities by top

priorities. She said she supported what the speakers Perkins and Jones had said. She said the individuals talking about environmental impacts to marsh lands caused her concern as well as impacts to her community and people. She said traffic impacts on wildlife would be a severe impact. She said the overpass was wonderful but was not for the community but for Facebook employees. She said a division was being created between her community and others in the area. She asked how a new community could be integrated into an existing community so the latter feel a part of the new community and not separated. She said that Facebook has been active in offering community meetings and asking for their input, which was given, but that did not take into account buying acreage to build housing for their employees. She said those who were born and lived in Menlo Park and Belle Haven wanted to stay and raise their children there too but they could not afford to be there. She said a pharmacy was needed for their senior residents to walk to. She said the number of increased cars on the road was not being addressed. She said she worked four miles from her home and it took her 40 minutes in the evening to get home. She said her shortcut would be lost with the new construction on Haven Avenue and another 1200 apartments. She said she was glad the Chilco improvements were made by Facebook but was concerned the City had not taken care of it previously. She questioned why Belle Haven would be renamed.

- Gary Lauder, Atherton Transportation Committee, said he was representing himself. He said the M-2 Plan's and Facebook's EIR both found significant and unavoidable impacts. He said that until all alternatives had been exhausted for decongesting traffic that those impacts were not unavoidable. He said the M-2 proposed over \$2 billion of real estate development and from that development applied traffic impact fees would help pay for the impact of the incremental traffic each project represented. He recommended looking at traffic in the intersections of Bayfront and Willow Road, and Bayfront and University Avenue. He said in the p.m. the p.m. rush hour congestion was so bad that the Willow/Hwy. 101 intersection spilled back onto the highway a full mile. He said if the Hwy. 101 / Willow Road interchange was to be rebuilt as planned all the traffic exiting north at the p.m. rush hour would have to exit at the same exit adding 15 minutes to the nightly commute for those going to Menlo Park. He said the EIR did not look at that impact on the residents of Menlo Park. He said we depend on government to build the public good such as roads and urged looking at traffic impact fees (TIF) sufficiently high to address the problem.
- John Tarlton said he was representing a good portion of the LS zoning district. He said he provided a letter earlier today that had been distributed to the Commission. He said that some of the new requirements whose intent was for the bonus level based on all the meetings he had tended had now creeped into the base level requirements, and he believed it was inappropriate to change the existing zoning. He noted the minimum step back requirement for the base level development and requested it be changed. He said as discussed in prior meetings floors in Life Science buildings needed to be stacked for purposes of laboratories and a 10 foot step back was inconsistent with that. He said regarding public amenities that it was not clear how 50% would work and requested the City specifically establish a rate. He regarding the appraisal process that there be a rate in the event that a small project wanted to move forward without going forward with that process. He said regarding the average building height that this was probably unintentional but they believed the zoning as proposed would require an average height of four and half stories on a particular parcel. He said they understood the intent was to have an average of four and half stories across the zoning district. He said regarding green sustainable building there seemed to be an inconsistency between page 24 and table 16 and suggested they be the

same. He said for the purpose of alterations and tenant improvements that that those be matched to CalGreen as opposed to some other kind of standard. He said the energy regulations had not quite addressed Life Science buildings although they were in favor of being progressive in that manner. He said regarding the minimum open space requirement that there were some intricacies of Life Science to have service yards for nitrogen tanks and such. He said the way open space was defined and the minimum requirement of it was not compatible with their uses.

- Harold Schapelhouman, Chief, Menlo Park Fire District, said the Fire District was opposed to the high school in the M-2 area. He said they wanted prudent development and growth in the community. He said the Plan did not include any impact fees to the District and allowed only tax. He said he was very dissatisfied with how the District was being treated under this Plan and questioned that the EIR found there were no impacts to the District under the Plan. He said a letter regarding their opposition to the Plan had been sent and would be posted on the District's website the next day.
- Steve Schmidt said he donated his time to Patti Fry and had 10 seconds left. He
  encouraged the Commission to read all the comment letters carefully.
- Leora Tanjuatco, Housing Leadership Council of San Mateo County, said they wholeheartedly supported the purpose of the General Plan update and the City's efforts to alleviate the job/housing imbalance that was widespread throughout San Mateo County. She said they fully supported housing at all income levels. She said her organization mostly focused on incentivizing housing and alleviating the job/housing imbalance. She said they encouraged the City to support maximum residential development to support the commercial and retail development opportunities being created. She encouraged the City to consider density, inclusion, and walkable places for people to live near where they work, which would be key in reducing a lot of the congestion that plagued the Bay area. She said there were sites they might identify suitable for housing outside the M-2 and asked if that was something they should bring up now or later.

Principal Planner Chow said land outside of what was studied in the EIR could not be contemplated as part of the ConnectMenlo process.

Fergus O'Shea, Director of Campus Facilities for Facebook, said they have actively participated in the ConnectMenlo process since 2014. He said in 2015 they purchased the Prologis Scientific Technology Park with the goal of redeveloping an aging industrial warehouse park into something more than a typical Silicon Valley office campus. He said the property was envisioned to provide retail amenities, a grocery store, housing and green space to create a true live/work/play area. He said their goal was to make further investments in infrastructure to support the Plan. He said they supported all policies that served to create new homes for all income levels. He said for their campus expansion agreement they would do a minimum of 1500 living units. He said the sooner the Plan was adopted the sooner they could build housing and reduce traffic. He said as they understood it the draft zoning would allow property owners to aggregate FAR and uses across sites under the same ownership but only if they have the same zoning designation. He said in May they commented that they needed flexibility with the Prologis site to aggregate uses and FAR since the line dividing the R-MU area from the O-area was basically arbitrary. He said they had understood that the Commission was in agreement. He said as written the zoning would not allow them flexibility but would lock them into a map that was not a fully developed Master Plan. He requested the wording be revised.

• Tim Tosta said from perspective of what was going on with land use in California particularly in the Bay Area that they were beginning to look at old former industrial areas that had tended to separate residential communities, such as Belle Haven, from the Bay. He said this undertaking was extraordinary as it was in the midst of radical change and putting uses together so people did not have to travel so much. He said since the Plan was beginning and an experiment that they would have to revisit it to make it even better.

Chair Strehl closed the public hearing, and recessed the meeting for a short break.

Chair Strehl reconvened the meeting.

Commission Comment: Chair Strehl said based on the time the meeting would conclude at 11 p.m. and the item would be continued to the meeting of October 24, 2016.

Commissioner Kahle suggested consultant and staff might address some of the matters raised by the public. Chair Strehl noted the reference to the name "Bayfront" replacing "Belle Haven" and asked about the source of that.

Mr. Knox said originally they were looking for a new name for the M-2 but not for Belle Haven, Suburban Park, Lorelei Manor, Flood Triangle or the Willows. He said the intent was to give people a sense of where this area was in Menlo Park. He said when Ms. Perkins had commented that Belle Haven residents' perception was that the Life Science area, Menlo Business Park, and Prologis were part of Belle Haven, they took that to heart but kept Bayfront in the EIR as it was descriptive and didn't seem offensive or to impinge on Belle Haven as a neighborhood. He said the Commission could discuss what the right way to identify.

Chair Strehl noted the rezoning of the land of the Eternal Life Church and asked how that affected the church and its community. Principal Planner Chow said existing uses could remain and there was no requirement to redevelop the property to conform with the LS standards. She said there was a section on nonconforming uses and there was no amortization by which the building would have to begin to conform.

Chair Strehl said Eileen McLaughlin questioned the use of 10 feet distance in doing biological resource assessment. Mr. Knox said they were trying to understand that as well and said it might have been a typo and should be 100 feet or no distance or a reference to adjacent sites. Chair Strehl suggested they try to find out the distance by Monday's meeting.

Commissioner Riggs said at the Facebook EIR hearing it was noted that the intersection of Bay Road and Ringwood had been excluded from the analysis. He asked if they had responded to that intersection and added it to the review. Ms. Nikki Nagaya, City Transportation Manager, said they received several public comments at the Commission hearing as well as in writing. She said each were responded to in the FEIR. She said specifically for the Bay and Ringwood intersection they looked at the potential for the project traffic to add additional volume on Bay and Ringwood. She said based on the models they had very little traffic in addition to what was already anticipated on those two corridors. She said vehicles were less than 100 a day on Bay Road and there was no increase on Ringwood Avenue. She said based on that, further analysis would show a less than significant impact.

Commissioner Riggs said the FIA evaluated benefits to the City, school districts, Fire District and other agencies based on expected tax base and improvement through the build out to 2040. He asked how much of that was based on hotel transient occupancy tax (TOT). Ms. Stephanie Hagar, BAE Urban Economics, said the project's anticipated TOT was \$2.4 million of the total \$8.3 million and was based on the 400 hotel rooms.

Commissioner Barnes referred to the Community Amenities discussion and asked about the 50% of the additional gross floor area limit (FAL). Mr. Knox said the original idea was to find the value that accrued to the property because of the change in zoning but with the costs removed, and that the true increase in value would be shared between the property owner and the rest of community. He said the idea of 50% came from discussion with the City Council about how added new value would be shared with the community and was a philosophical approach to sharing the value. Commissioner Barnes asked if there was a sense that stakeholders shared that sentiment. Mr. Knox said they had discussed at less and more. Commissioner Barnes asked if they had ever refined the number at maximum build out of what the value of the 50% in terms of dollar amounts was. Mr. Knox said they made some assumptions at one point where they used \$150 to \$160 per square foot. He said it created something like \$230 million of total value but this would need the appraisal process to happen.

Commissioner Barnes asked about the process for the developer interested in bonus development. Mr. Knox said if the land was in R-MU, there was a strong expectation for housing as the amenity. He said of the 50% value, 15% of the affordable housing would probably be a lot of the 50%. He said there might be some value beyond that. He said for the LS zoning district it had to do with the size of the project. He said for a very large corporate entity and a big development with a lot of value the developer might offer a large piece of infrastructure such as a bridge or new crossing. He said it would be more complicated for smaller projects if value when appraised was not enough to do anything on the Community Amenities list. He said then they could do in-lieu fee or do something with another property owner. He said the applicant could do a nexus study too to know what they could provide.

Principal Planner Chow said the Community Amenities would be considered as part of the review process. She said asking for a bonus level development would either require a use permit subject to Planning Commission review and approval or a conditional development permit subject to Planning Commission review and recommendation and City Council review and approval. She said the Commission would have the opportunity to look at what the applicant was proposing as community amenities, whether it was onsite or offsite, whether the City adopted an impact fee and whether that was more appropriate than an actual contribution.

Commissioner Barnes asked if the amenity had to be inclusionary on site within the same structure to be contributive. Principal Planner Chow said for the R-MU they were proposing to include THAT the 15% affordable housing requirement might be met on site or off site. She said they heard comments tonight that it should be separated and also that it should be on same site. She said the Community Amenities list did require that it be located within the M-2 Belle Haven area north of Hwy. 101 except for affordable housing. She said inclusionary was not so prescriptive it had to be in the same building. Mr. Knox said there was a cap in M-2 of 4500 housing units. He said if a project proponent for R-MU, LS, or O zoning districts wanted to provide affordable housing as an amenity for the City and the cap of 4500 units had been reached already other sites could be looked at.

Commissioner Barnes asked about the cost and space needed for water reuse systems for

projects about 250,000 square feet. Azalea Mitch, Public Works, Senior Civil Engineer, said the size and cost of the onsite recycling unit depended upon whether it was a gray water system or a system that included black water; it depended upon the process itself and the size and capacity. She said they have been evaluating a lot of options regarding recycled water. She said they cost to purchased recycle water was very expensive. She said RWC would sell recycled water at \$16 per unit and noted the cost of potable water was \$5 or \$6 per unit. She said having the systems placed on site by the developer would be more cost effective than purchasing and would help offset potential water shortfalls caused by drought. She said the purple pipe plumbing system was required whether the reused water was coming from an onsite or offsite location. She said Redwood City and Palo Alto have required dual plumbing since 2008.

Commissioner Riggs asked whether the requirement was to require purple pipe only or some level of storage and treatment. Ms. Mitch said the requirement was for every new building to be dual plumbed and once purple pipe distribution was available, buildings would have to connect. She said new building of 250,000 square feet or larger were required to do onsite water treatment now. She said that focused on one building that size. She said a question for the Commission was whether building aggregate square footage of 250,000 or more on a parcel would also require an onsite system. Commissioner Riggs asked how much a system would cost. Ms. Mitch said the cost for a black water system could be \$1 million. Commissioner Riggs said that building codes and fire codes were more restrictive and all of this created costs. Chair Strehl said at GPAC meetings they had agreed upon dual plumbing so that when nonpotable water distribution became available they facilities could connect. She said she was not sure when the direction to require onsite water recycling for projects over 250,000 square feet came. Commissioner Riggs asked about rainfall reuse. Ms. Mitch said the amount of storage needed to collect the amount of water needed when it rained would have to be significantly large. Commissioner Barnes asked if the City was looking at having its own water reuse system. Ms. Mitch said they were studying that as part of the water system master plan and looking at partnering with West Bay Sanitary District to look at options for recycling plants in the M-2 area. Replying to Commissioner Barnes, Ms. Mitch said the plant and the distribution system would need to be built and that cost of that would be anywhere from \$20 to \$30 million in a 10-year horizon.

Commissioner Riggs said the project energy target was net zero. He said mainly photovoltaic (PV) was used and the quantity of that was determined by the size of roof relative to the occupants' needs. Heather Abrams, City Sustainability Manager, said in the regulations they did not specifically require net zero but they were working towards that. She said regarding the energy requirements that the original draft had 80% of the demand as PV. She said they received comments from developers about using green roofs. She said the next draft looked at feasibility for onsite generation on the roof and parking areas and found that 30% of that was feasible on the site. Commissioner Riggs asked if this was feasible after deducting the open space requirement. Planner Chow said that use would be in areas not used for other uses; she said open space should be free of extra space taken up by obstructions such as PV.

Replying to Commissioner Kahle, Ms. Abrams said for natural gas use renewable energy credits (REC) could be purchased to offset toward meeting the greenhouse gas emission reduction target set by Council and the sustainability goals incorporated into this project. Chair Strehl asked about the cost of the Peninsula Clean Energy (PCE) and if they were competitive with PGE. Ms. Abrams said PCE set their rates so the base rate was 50% renewable. She said that was much better than PGE. She said they also have an opt-up rate that was 100% renewable energy and was what the City was buying for the City Hall building. She said the PCE rate for 100% renewable was about ½ cent per KWH more than the current PG&E rate, which was at 27% renewable. Commissioner

Riggs asked about commercial rates being different. Ms. Abrams said the 50% rate was about 5% lower than PG&E. She said PG&E charges an exit cost and that was not an extra charge, and prorated in the PCE bill.

Commissioner Riggs noted the request by Fergus O'Shea to aggregate the requirement across the R-MU and LS zones and recalled a discussion about that. Principal Planner Chow said that was discussed at the Planning Commission's study session in May. She said she recalled sharing among properties owned by the same entity would be allowed among the same zoning district. She said within the R-MU-B there were multiple parcels on the Prologis campus; so there could be an aggregate of perhaps housing on one side and parking on another side. She said the request made tonight she thought was to consider expansion of sharing or calculation between the R-MU and the O-B which raised some potential concerns as there were different regulation standards between the two districts such as different height requirements. She suggested the Commission might want to discuss the idea. Commissioner Riggs said in past they might have had a project overlapping R-3 and C-4. He said in that instance they took the most restrictive of the elements and applied those to anything in a common structure. He asked if such a method could resolve the conflict or whether it was more complicated than that. Principal Planner Chow said that more restrictive standards might not be what the applicant was seeking or provide the flexibility desired. Commissioner Riggs asked if they would be making a proposal about this to bring back to the Commission. Principal Planner Chow said they could do that and bring it back to the Commission. at its October 24 meeting.

Commissioner Riggs said James Eggers wrote that in the O and particularly in the R-MU zone that with bonus level it appeared the bonus square footage could be used specifically for additional office space rather than additional housing. Principal Planner Chow said in R-MU there were FARs for both the residential and non-residential component so in bonus level could get up to 200% density for the residential component and 25% for the non-residential component. She said there must be residential before there could be any non-residential use.

Commissioner Riggs said he had not reviewed the project from the perspective of dedicated parks and fields. He said for one of the 50-acre projects for Facebook although it was not in the General Plan they had open space but not sports space. He asked if soccer and other playing fields were needed to meet the demand of having 50% more people in Menlo Park. Principal Planner Chow said there were open space requirements for open space and public open space and provisions for community paseos, but parks were not included on the map. She said each development would be required to provide open space amenities for their tenants and there would be publicly accessible requirements in three zoning districts opportunities for connectivity and interactions between residents. She said they had nothing for aggregated park space required in the Plan.

Commissioner Riggs said a speaker talked about the metrics for measuring traffic impacts. He said the threshold for LOS at intersections and segments triggers a traffic study for what often was quite a small increase in intersecting traffic. He suggested as part of the project to include a paragraph on the LOS threshold. Principal Planner Chow said they have clarification in the General Plan related to using LOS and reestablishing City's standards in addition to VMTs. Commissioner Riggs said the LOS was still there so the threshold was still there. He said at Bay and Ringwood he thought the addition of three cars an hour would hit the threshold. Ms. Nagaya said the impact criteria they have was time based. She said at an intersection, either signalized or not, at peak hour, if a project added more than .8 seconds to critical approach that could be considered a potentially significant impact. She said policies and programs outlined in the General Plan gave the ability to look at future traffic impact analysis guidelines updates. She said policy

direction in the circulation element gave general direction to include VMT as a future metric but also incorporated LOS. Commissioner Riggs asked what neighboring communities used as the threshold. Ms. Nagaya said the current entirety of Santa Clara County and the Town of Atherton use a 4-second interval for the average intersection as opposed to the critical approach. She said they were also tracking what cities were doing statewide related to VMT and LOS as potential state guidelines are finalized in coming months. Commissioner Riggs asked if Transportation would want to make a recommendation on whether they wanted to continue using the critical approach as it seemed to be an impediment to streamlining and a relic. Ms. Nagaya said they would be happy to look at the guidelines and what the actual thresholds were. She said whether that was on the timeline to bring back to the Commission was another question as staff would need to reassess as to what information they have and could compile. She said through the General Plan Update process they have heard that the TIA guidelines update would be a future project and was shown in the future CIP for FY 2018-2019. She said she understood LOS could be an impediment to encouraging development in areas where they might want to encourage development but they needed to balance that with what the general direction they have received from the GPAC and City Council. Commissioner Riggs said he thought it was a housekeeping item. Ms. Nagaya said the recommendation and technicalities of it might be straight forward but thought it was still very much a controversial issue on how traffic impacts would be analyzed. She said they would need to assess whether it could be done as a housekeeping item.

Commissioner Kahle said he thought park space as had been noted was an opportunity that had been overlooked in the General Plan update. He said he coached a soccer team in Menlo Park and there was a shortage of playing fields. He said they should not let the opportunity go by if they can include it.. He said regarding phasing work that he hoped with opportunities that not all office would be built first with housing at a later date. He asked if that had been implemented or thought through. Principal Planner Chow said the proposed project did not include a phasing program and was not evaluated. She said through public comment and the EIR process, and comments tonight, there was suggestion to require a portion of housing be developed first before any new non-residential use came on line. She said the Commission could provide guidance on that. She said now there was no limitation on what was built first.

Commissioner Kahle asked about the specific issues raised by Mr. Tarlton. Principal Planner Chow said baseline development maintained existing FAR ratios. She said additional requirements such as sustainable and green building requirements and design standards were other objectives the Council wanted to achieve. She said while different from what was currently required under the M-2 zoning ordinance, the existing development parameters were still the same and other requirements were supported by other objectives of the General Plan. She said in the revised resolution received this evening they had eliminated the minimum step back requirements, eliminated the requirement for where the building should be placed, and also an elimination for corner lot on where building should be placed. She said they believed the step back was fairly important in providing some modulation articulation to the building. She said the requirement was for a 10-foot step back above the base level height. She said areas in flood zone or sea level rise the building was allowed an additional 10-feet of height so it could potentially be 55-feet tall with a 10-foot step back at 55-feet up to the maximum height level. She said only one step back requirement being proposed. She said regarding community amenities there had been discussion around that. She said if it was to establish a specific fee that needed a nexus study; she said it required the study be done and in place, and the fee adopted before development could take place. She said it had the potential to delay community amenities. She said regarding the average building height they had discussed that a canyon effect was unwanted. She said some variation in height was wanted and the green area showed three to six stories. She said that was reflective of

what was seen in zoning code. Commissioner Kahle asked if the average building height was meant to be per site. Principal Planner Chow said it was meant to be per site. She said regarding green and sustainable building regulations that 30 percent references what was feasible. She said the site would have a feasibility analysis and 30 percent of that feasibility would be required on site; the remainder would be through other options of 100% such as PCE. She said regarding the open space requirement that it lent itself to creating opportunities for connections between properties and even with Life Sciences there were ways to secure their properties and allow for openness and inclusiveness with their properties.

Commissioner Kahle said regarding naming that the triangular area in the middle was Belle Haven on one of the other maps and that should be called Belle Haven and all the rest could be considered Bayfront area.

Chair Strehl said Mr. Eggers raised question that 1500 units on Facebook East on 57 acres with 3000 residents potentially raised the issue of connecting to amenities. She asked if staff could clarify this by the Monday meeting. Principal Planner Chow said the intent of the corporate housing would be to deed restrict occupants to employees only so there would not be families or others who did not work at the site.

Chair Strehl said it was supposed to be live/work/play and there were no places to play except for the community center. She said to the extent possible they should try to identify some areas where they could put in some park facilities. She asked if other cities in proximity to Menlo Park besides Palo Alto require 100% renewable energy. Ms. Abrams said the PCE was relatively new and was launched on October 3. She said Palo Alto delivers 100% GHG free energy because they have their own utility. She said they did not have a model of other cities doing exactly what was proposed – models like requiring solar on all new rooftops buildings or residences. She said what was being proposed was unique and designed to fit the needs of Menlo Park. Chair Strehl asked if Redwood City required 100% renewable energy for development. Ms. Abrams said the City of San Mateo just adopted code to push companies and buildings to do more than basic code would require. Chair Strehl said she was concerned about this requirement as it might put businesses here at a disadvantage to businesses in other areas. She asked if they could bring back comparable goals of other cities regarding renewable energy.

Commissioner Barnes asked how the 10-foot in the flood zone and for sea level rise was utilized. Principal Planner Chow said a proposed requirement had been that the increase would be 24-inches above base flood elevation to accommodate sea level rise. She said conversation at the last Planning Commission study session was that additional height was needed to accommodate plate heights and construction type. She said they added up to 10 foot additional height to accommodate construction methods. She said it could be added to base level height or to the overall height if area was susceptible to flood zone and sea level rise.

Commissioner Barnes said he did not understand why Menlo Park was still doing LOS. He said the state was going to VMT, the City Council in Redwood City last night directed staff to use VMT, San Francisco and Oakland uses VMT. He said in the context of environmental concerns VMT reduces GHE and brings in urban infill. Ms. Nagaya said Redwood City's action was an indication of where some cities were headed. She said because the state has not yet adopted VMT requirements the actual VMT metrics were not known and the threshold of significance was still questionable. She said that was where the future update to the TIA guidelines would come in as a future implementation. She said the circulation element referenced supplementing LOS with VMT and defined how LOS would be used in the future. She said LOS could be a useful planning tool

looking at delays at corridors as part of City processes outside development review. Commissioner Barnes asked when the update of TIA guidelines would be. Ms. Nagaya said it was programmed in the CIP for 2018-2019. She said after the General Plan update, the next priority was the Transportation Master Plan for the City and that would be used to update their fee plan. She said after that they would tackle the TIA guidelines.

Commissioner Riggs said page 5 of the staff report listed Land Use (LU) goals. He said in his opinion LU-4 largely covered same ground as LU-3. He said rather than elaborate on LU-3 that Business Development and Retention should reflect at least one of the guiding principles (page A20): competitive and innovative business destination. He suggested using that rather than limiting to goods and services for the community and the priority goal of avoiding environmental impacts. He said that the circulation element supported goals of alternative transportation with prioritization of the transportation modes of bicycle, pedestrian, transit buses and autos, the first three of which had equal top priority and autos had least priority. He said the numbers of users of the first three were not close to the numbers of autos used. He said that they needed to think again about who the users were. He said regarding the LS zoning district that they needed ground floor space and that their back of house was far unlike residential and office with huge gas tanks, multiple loading docks trash compactors that rivaled those of hotels, and generators that would run a portion of the City. He said the idea of open space was much more challenging and they had a different relationship to the rest of the world. He said LS people come and go all day and their buildings might have 10 times the electrical requirements of an office building on a square footage basis. He said that wouldn't be effectively solved with PVs. He said it was heavily dependent upon tenant improvements and should the firm go to manufacturing the tenants would leave. He said to get a new tenant you had to be able to do tenant improvements in 90 days. He requested they review the requirements for the LS zoning district.

Chair Strehl asked for the next meeting that staff review and provide some overview answers to some of the issues raised by the Fire District, East Palo Alto, Sequoia Union High and Ravenswood school districts.

Chair Strehl continued the item to the meeting of October 24, 2016.

# H. Informational Items

H1. Future Planning Commission Meeting Schedule

• Regular Meeting: October 24, 2016

Regular Meeting: November 7, 2016

• Regular Meeting: November 14, 2016

• Regular Meeting: December 5, 2016

# I. Adjournment

Chair Strehl adjourned the meeting at 11:06 p.m.

Staff Liaison: Principal Planner Deanna Chow

Recording Secretary: Brenda Bennett

# **Community Development**



# **STAFF REPORT**

**Planning Commission** 

Meeting Date: 11/7/2016 Staff Report Number: 16-084-PC

Consent Calendar: Architectural Control/Whitney Gaynor/1771 Stone

Pine Lane

# Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve architectural control to make exterior modifications to the front and rear façades of an existing single-family townhouse located in the R-3 (Apartment) zoning district, at 1771 Stone Pine Lane. The recommended actions are contained within Attachment A.

# **Policy Issues**

Each architectural control request is considered individually. The Planning Commission should consider whether the required architectural control findings can be made for the proposal.

# **Background**

# Site location

The subject property is located at 1771 Stone Pine Lane, near the intersection of Stone Pine Lane and Buckthorn Way, in the Park Forest neighborhood near the City's northern border. The other adjacent parcels along Stone Pine Lane are also located within the R-3 (Apartment) zoning district, and contain townhouses and associated common space. On the opposite side of Buckthorn Way, some single-family residential parcels are part of the R-1-U (Single Family Urban Residential) zoning district. The nearby properties along El Camino Real are primarily commercial, with the exception of the Atherton Park Forest Apartments located at 1670 El Camino Real, and are located within the El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan area. The parcel and the townhouses surrounding the parcel were originally developed under the jurisdiction of San Mateo County as a Planned Unit Development and are known collectively as the Park Forest development. The area represents a variety of architectural styles, and many residents have modified their units since being annexed into the City of Menlo Park. A location map is included as Attachment B.

# **Analysis**

# **Project description**

The existing single-family townhouse contains approximately 2,503 square feet of gross floor area. The existing townhouse also includes a two-car garage, which is not included in the calculation of gross floor area. The townhouse consists of three levels with three bedrooms, two and a half bathrooms, and a two-car garage. The applicant is proposing to conduct some interior alterations in the kitchen and pantry of the

second floor and in the master bedroom and bathroom on the third floor. Additionally, the applicant is proposing to build out the third floor to the end of its existing balcony, adding approximately 37 square feet to the existing master bedroom. There would also be exterior modifications in colors and materials, which are described in detail in the following section of this staff report.

The project plans are included as Attachment C and the project description letter is included as Attachment D.

# Design and Materials

All exterior changes are proposed for the front and rear elevations of the townhouse. On the front elevation, the windows on the second and third floors would be replaced with new white vinyl in-kind windows, and the third window from the left on the third floor would be removed to accommodate a taller shower. The existing trim around all windows and the vertically-oriented wood battens under the row of windows on the second floor are proposed to be removed. In addition, there would be a small overhang at the top of the second and third floors to protect the windows from the elements. At the ground level, the vertical slatted fence separating the walkway and the driveway would be replaced with a horizontal slatted, dark oak stained redwood fence that would be consistent in design and material as the existing fence in the rear of the townhouse. In regards to the color palette, the applicant is proposing to paint the stucco, eaves, and gutter mid-tone grey on the front and rear elevations. The colors and materials palette may be seen on Sheet A2.2a of the plan set.

Staff believes the project would be consistent with the existing mid-century architectural style of the individual unit. The project would also be compatible with the existing architectural style of the overall Park Forest development, which features a number of townhouses with a variety of materials and architectural styles. In addition, the project would have a relatively small impact to the neighbors given the limited scope of work.

# Correspondence

A letter from the Park Forest II Homeowners Association relaying approval of the project is included as Attachment E. Staff has not received any other correspondence thus far.

# **Conclusion**

Staff believes the project would result in a consistent architectural style for the individual unit and have minimal impacts to neighbors given the limited scope of work. Additionally, the project would be compatible with the existing architectural style of the development, which features a number of townhouses with a variety of materials and architectural styles, and has been approved by the applicable homeowners association. Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve the proposed project.

# Impact on City Resources

The project sponsor is required to pay Planning, Building and Public Works permit fees, based on the City's Master Fee Schedule, to fully cover the cost of staff time spent on the review of the project.

Staff Report #: 16-084-PC Page 3

# **Environmental Review**

The project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.

# **Public Notice**

Public Notification was achieved by posting the agenda, with the agenda items being listed, at least 72 hours prior to the meeting. Public notification also consisted of publishing a notice in the local newspaper and notification by mail of owners and occupants within a 300-foot radius of the subject property.

# **Appeal Period**

The Planning Commission action will be effective after 15 days unless the action is appealed to the City Council, in which case the outcome of the application shall be determined by the City Council.

# **Attachments**

- A. Recommended Actions
- B. Location Map
- C. Project Plans
- D. Project Description Letter
- E. Park Forest II Homeowners Association Approval

# **Disclaimer**

Attached are reduced versions of maps and diagrams submitted by the applicants. The accuracy of the information in these drawings is the responsibility of the applicants, and verification of the accuracy by City Staff is not always possible. The original full-scale maps, drawings and exhibits are available for public viewing at the Community Development Department.

# **Exhibits to Be Provided at Meeting**

None

Report prepared by: Sunny Chao, Assistant Planner

Report reviewed by:

Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner

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# 1771 Stone Pine Lane – Attachment A: Recommended Actions

LOCATION: 1771 Stone PROJECT NUMBER: APPLICANT: Whitney Gaynor Gaynor

PEOUEST: Request for prohitoctural control to make exterior modifications to the front and rear foreign.

**REQUEST:** Request for architectural control to make exterior modifications to the front and rear façades of an existing single-family townhouse located in the R-3 (Apartment) zoning district.

**DECISION ENTITY:** Planning Commission DATE: November 7, 2016 ACTION: TBD

VOTE: TBD (Barnes, Combs, Goodhue, Kahle, Onken, Riggs, Strehl)

# **ACTION:**

- 1. Make a finding that the project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.
- 2. Adopt the following findings, as per Section 16.68.020 of the Zoning Ordinance, pertaining to architectural control approval:
  - a. The general appearance of the structure is in keeping with the character of the neighborhood.
  - b. The development will not be detrimental to the harmonious and orderly growth of the city.
  - The development will not impair the desirability of investment or occupation in the neighborhood.
  - d. The development provides adequate parking as required in all applicable city ordinances and has made adequate provisions for access to such parking.
  - e. The property is not within any Specific Plan area, and as such no finding regarding consistency is required to be made.
- 3. Approve the architectural control subject to the following *standard* conditions:
  - a. Development of the project shall be substantially in conformance with the plans provided by Studio Maven, consisting of fourteen plan sheets, dated received October 24, 2016, and approved by the Planning Commission on November 7, 2016 except as modified by the conditions contained herein, subject to review and approval of the Planning Division.
  - b. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall comply with all Sanitary District, Menlo Park Fire Protection District, Recology, and utility companies' regulations that are directly applicable to the project.
  - c. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall comply with all requirements of the Building Division, Engineering Division, and Transportation Division that are directly applicable to the project.
  - d. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall submit a plan for any new utility installations or upgrades for review and approval by the Planning, Engineering and Building Divisions. All utility equipment that is installed outside of a building and that cannot be placed underground shall be properly screened by landscaping. The plan shall show exact locations of all meters, back flow prevention devices, transformers, junction boxes, relay boxes, and other equipment boxes.

**PAGE**: 1 of 2

LOCATION: 1771 StonePROJECT NUMBER:<br/>PLN2016-00073APPLICANT: Whitney<br/>GaynorOWNER: Whitney<br/>Gaynor

**REQUEST:** Request for architectural control to make exterior modifications to the front and rear façades of an existing single-family townhouse located in the R-3 (Apartment) zoning district.

DECISION ENTITY: PlanningDATE: November 7, 2016ACTION: TBD

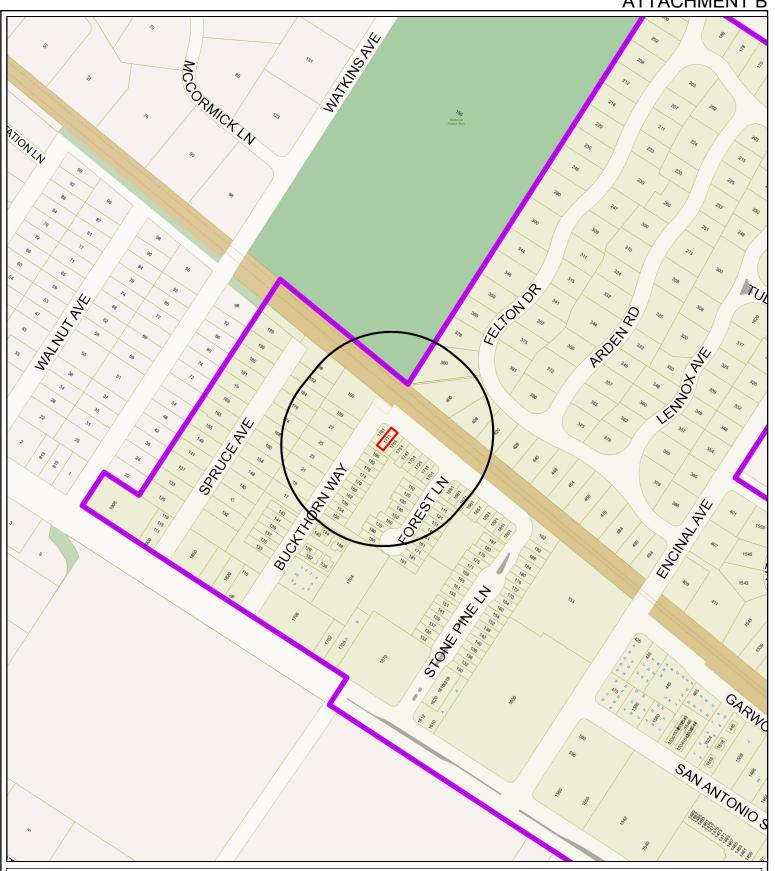
Commission

VOTE: TBD (Barnes, Combs, Goodhue, Kahle, Onken, Riggs, Strehl)

## **ACTION:**

- e. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit plans indicating that the applicant shall remove and replace any damaged and significantly worn sections of frontage improvements. The plans shall be submitted for review and approval of the Engineering Division.
- f. Heritage trees in the vicinity of the construction project shall be protected pursuant to the Heritage Tree Ordinance.

**PAGE**: 2 of 2

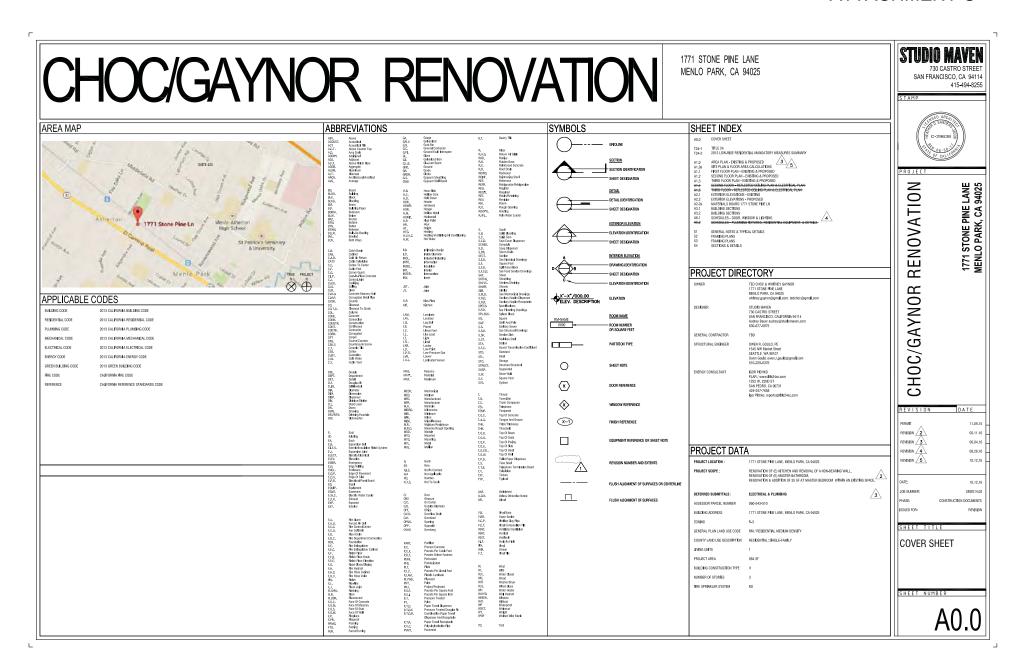


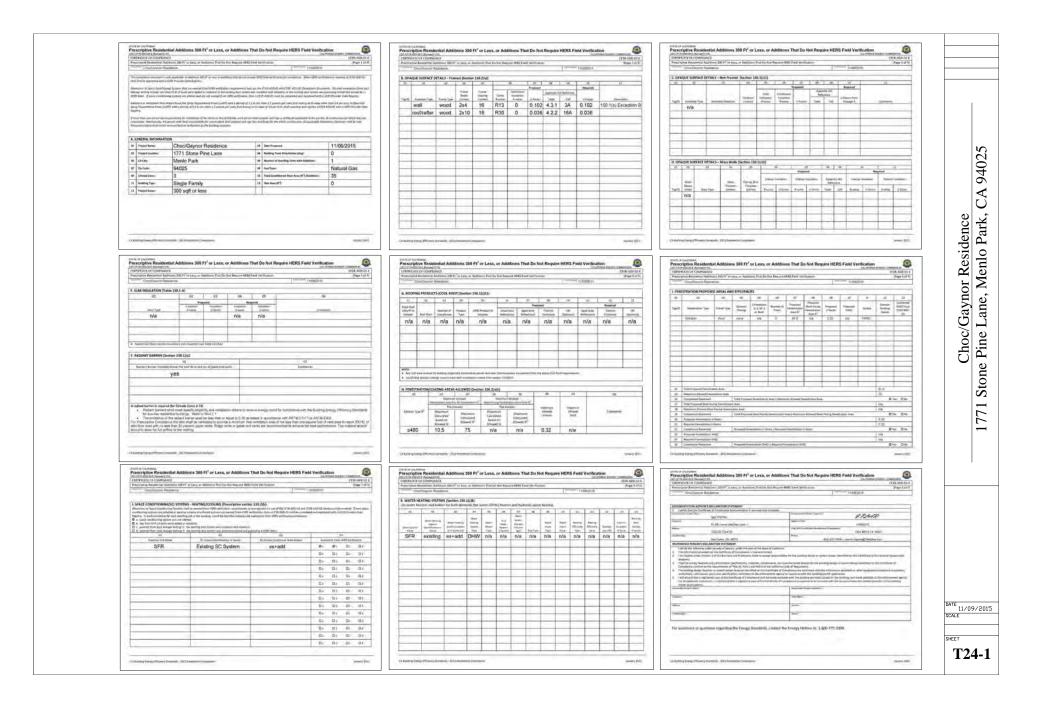


City of Menlo Park **Location Map** 1771 Stone Pine Lane

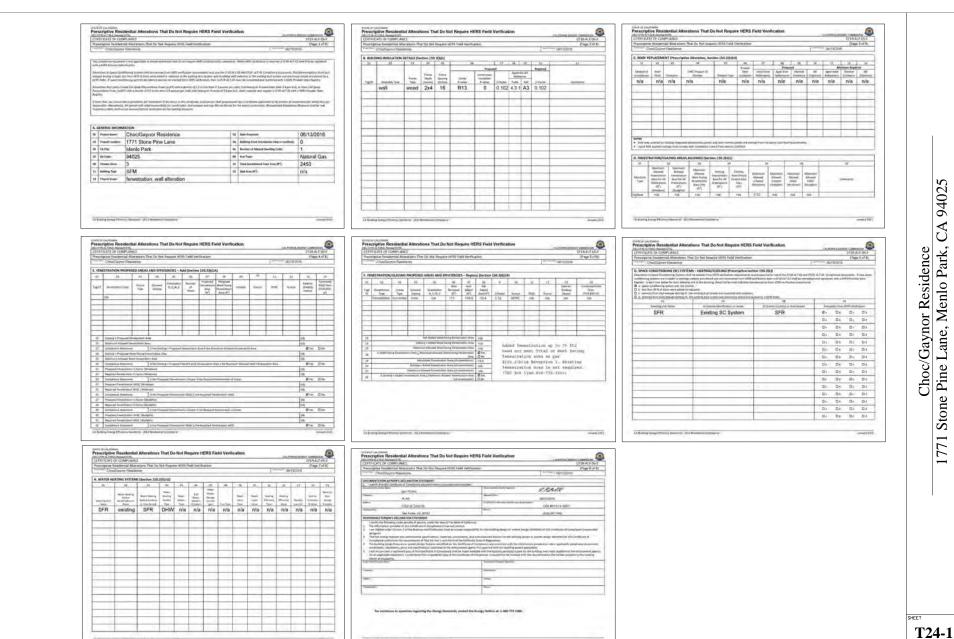


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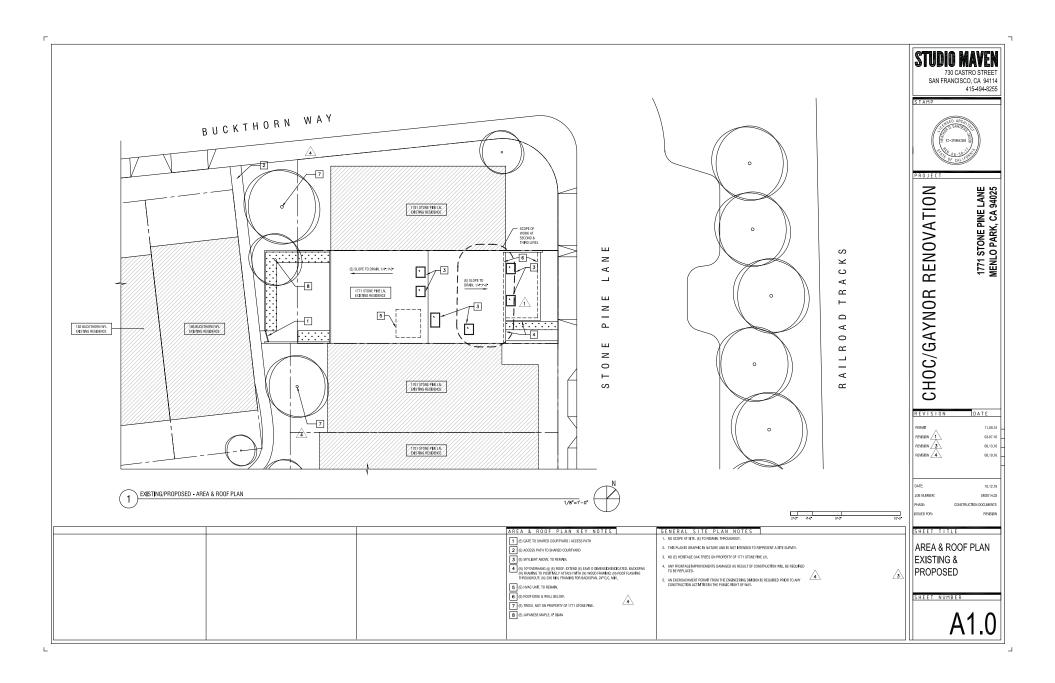


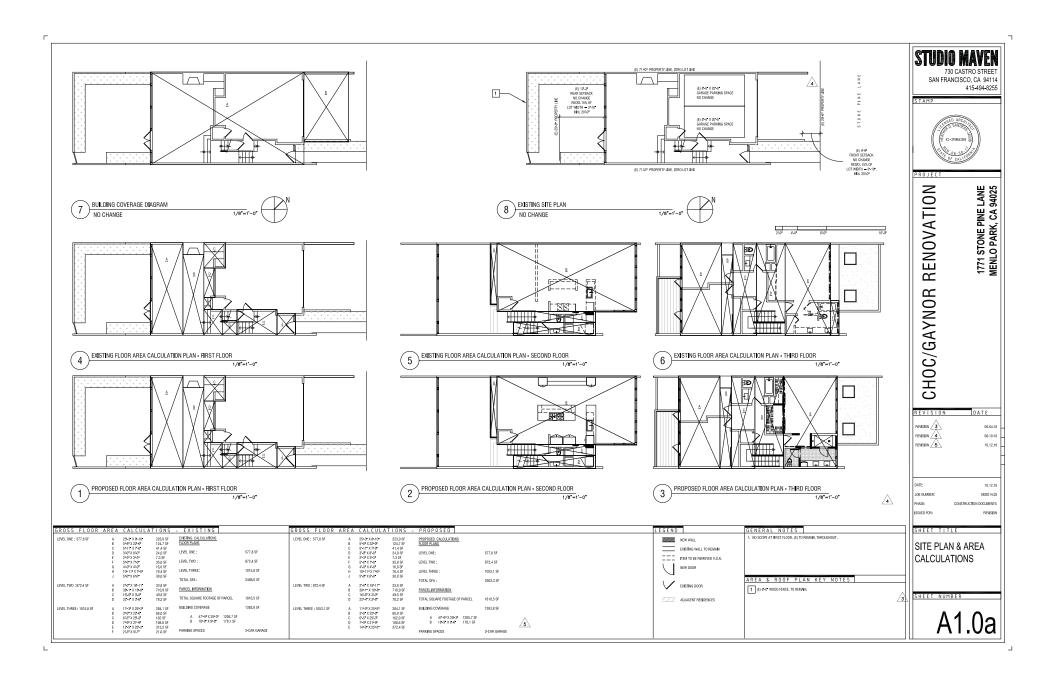


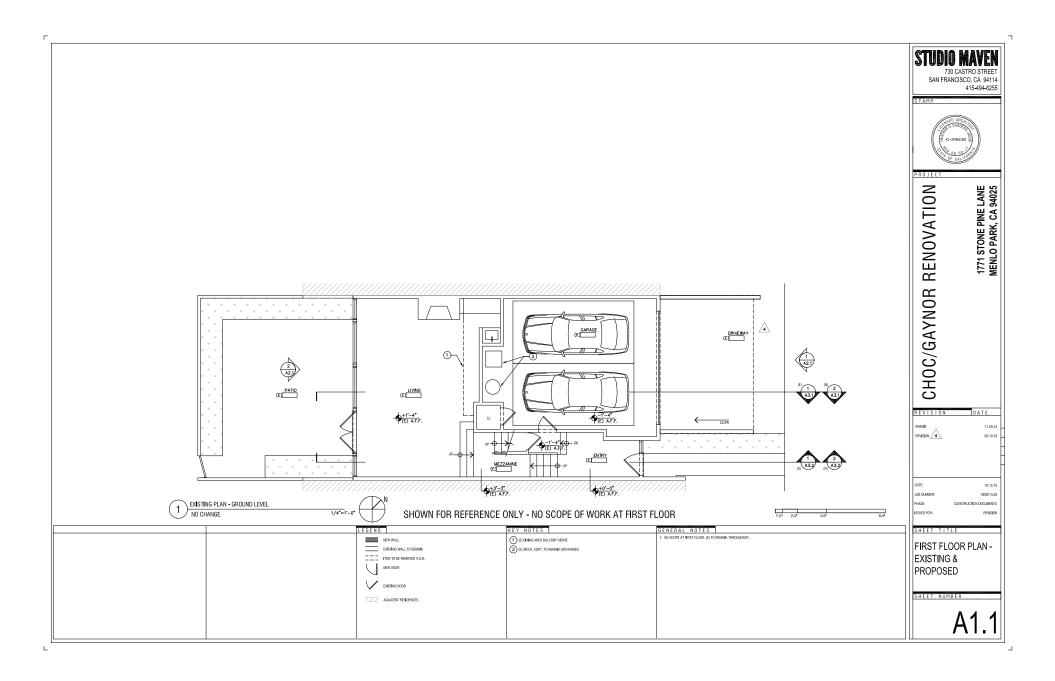
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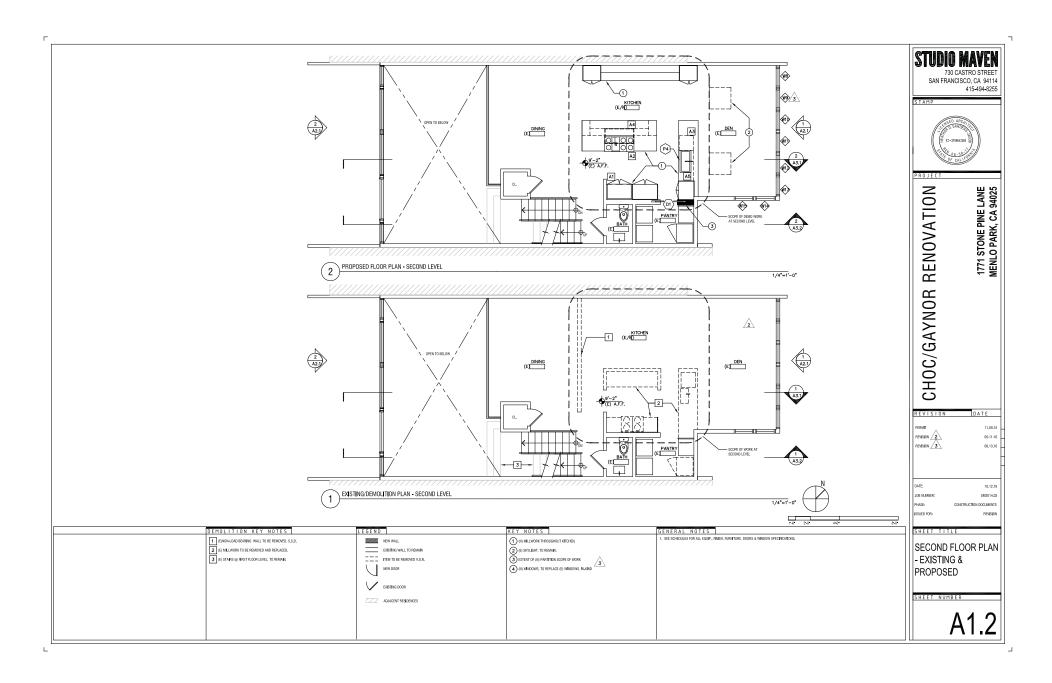
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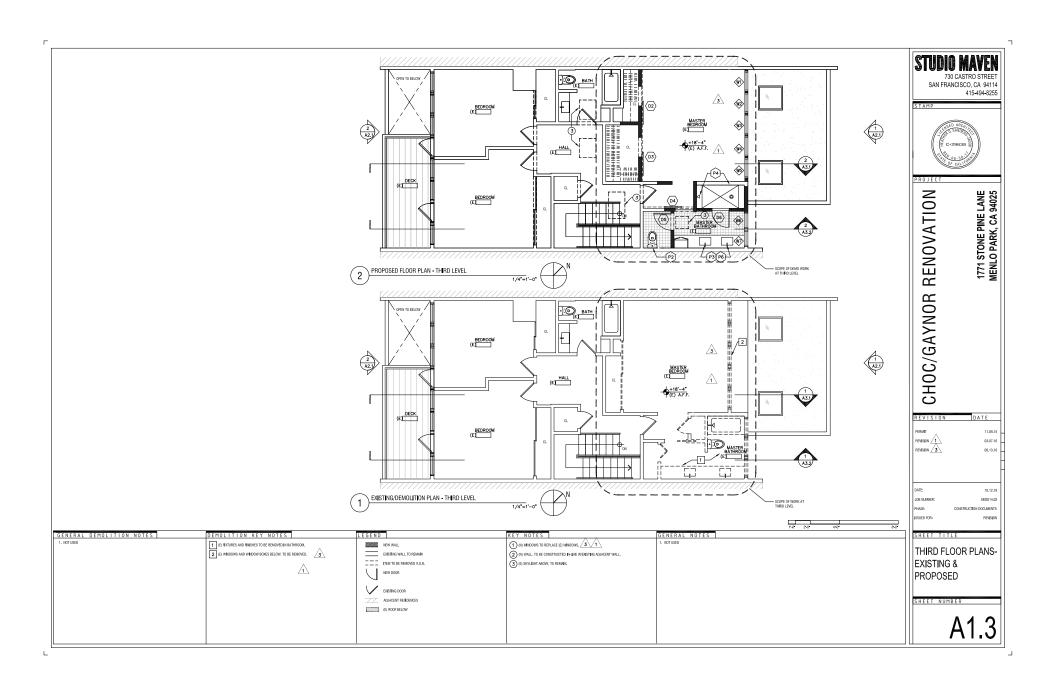
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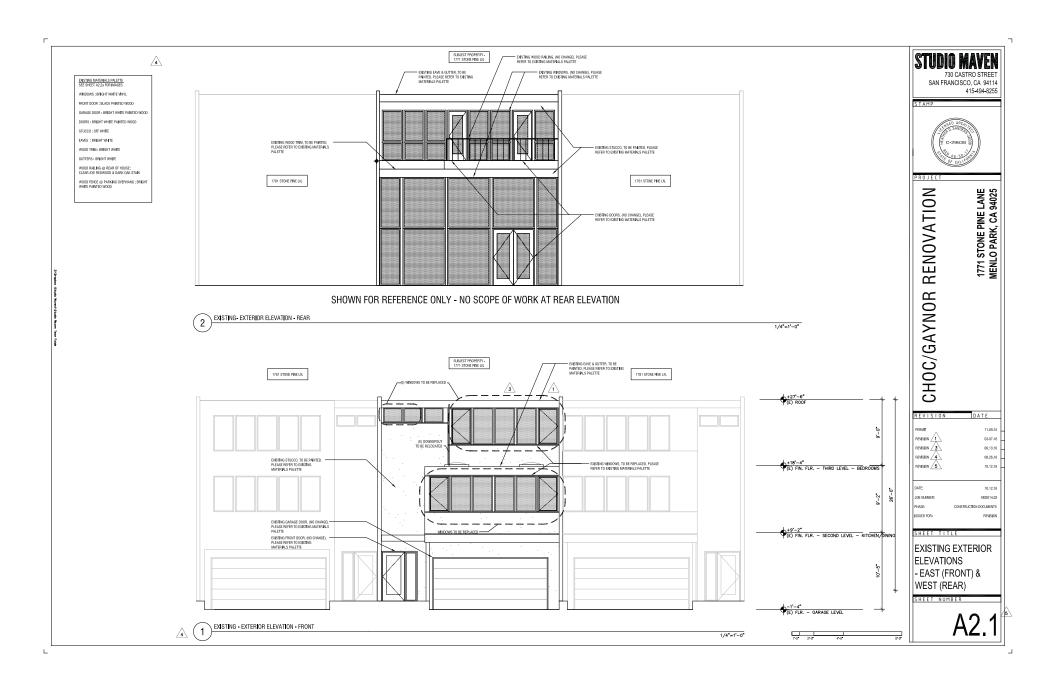


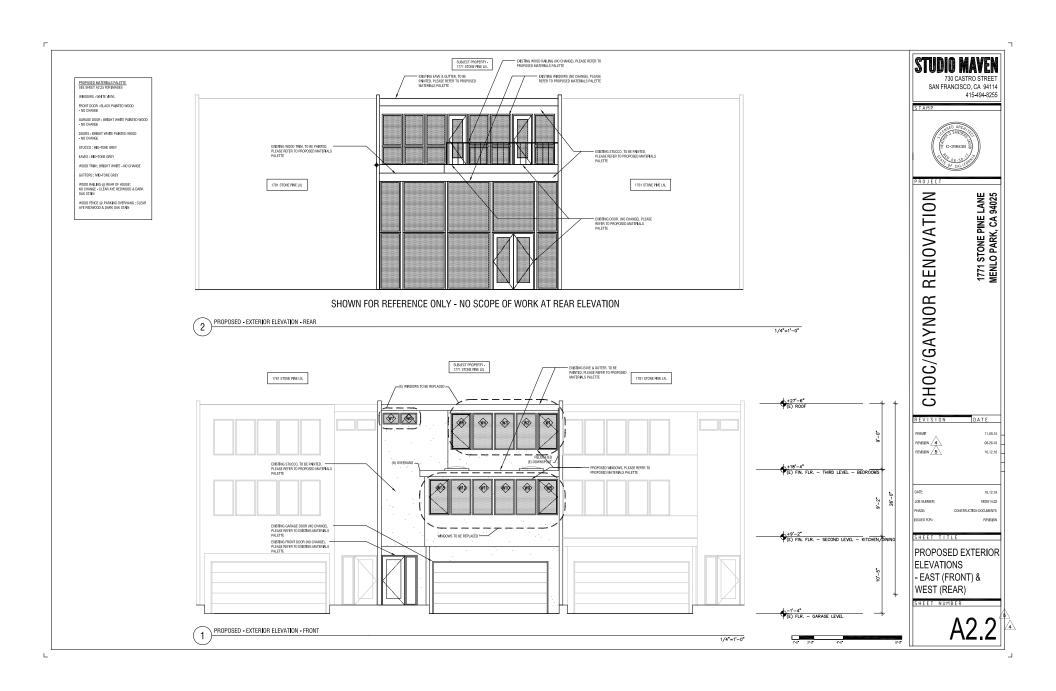












# **EXISTING MATERIALS PALETTE**

FRONT & REAR ELEVATION SAME

WINDOWS: BRIGHT WHITE VINYL

STUCCO: OFF WHITE

EAVES ; BRIGHT WHITE

**GUTTERS: BRIGHT WHITE** 

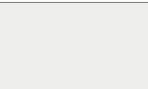
WOOD FENCE @ PARKING OVERHANG: BRIGHT WHITE PAINTED WOOD



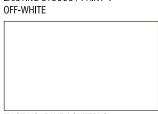
EXISTING WINDOWS: BRIGHT WHITE VINYL



(E) WOOD FENCE @ PARKING OVERHANG : BRIGHT WHITE PAINTED WOOD



EXISTING STUCCO / PAINT :



EXISTING EAVE / GUTTERS: **BRIGHT WHITE** 



IMAGE OF EXISTING FRONT FACADE -MATERIALS & COLOR COMBO

# PROPOSED MATERIALS PALETTE

FRONT ELEVATION & REAR ELEVATION SAME. NO WINDOW REPLACEMENT AT REAR

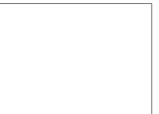
WINDOWS: WHITE VINYL

STUCCO: MID-TONE GREY

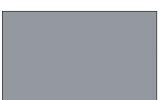
**EAVES: MID-TONE GREY** 

**GUTTERS: MID-TONE GREY** 

WOOD FENCE @ PARKING OVERHANG: CLEAR AYE REDWOOD & DARK OAK STAIN



PROPOSED WINDOWS: WHITE VINYL



PROPOSED STUCCO / PAINT: MID-TONE GREY



PROPOSED EAVES & **GUTTERS: MID-TONE GREY** 



WOOD FENCE @ PARKING OVERHANG: CLEAR AYE REDWOOD & DARK OAK STAIN



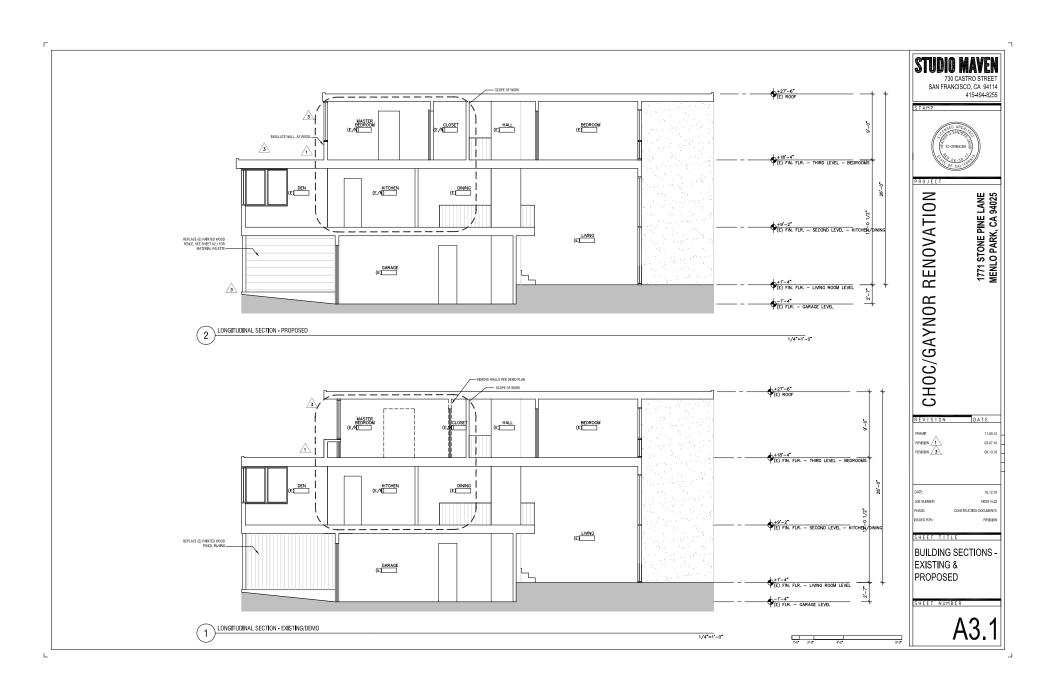
IMAGE OF PROPOSED MATERIALS & COLOR COMBO



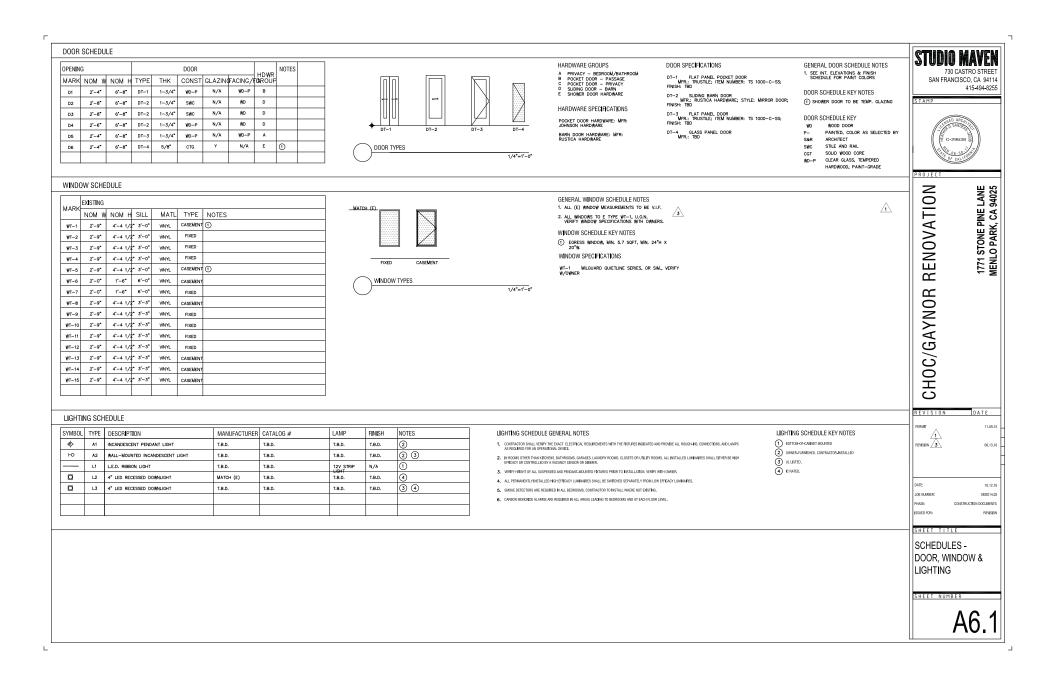
1771 STONE PINE LANE MENLO PARK, CA 94025

CHOC/GAYNOR RENOVATION REVISION 4 08.26.16 08.26.16 REVISION

MATERIALS BOARD 1771 STONE PINE LN.







Project Description: 1771 Stone Pine Lane

We are doing a remodel of our kitchen (second floor), and master bedroom and bathroom (third floor).

The second floor remodel consists of removing non-load-bearing walls in the kitchen to create a more open floor plan. New appliances will be installed. Cabinets, countertops, and other finishes will be replaced.

The master bathroom will absorb two small closets so that the layout becomes squarer as opposed to its current long rectangle. The toilet will be moved to a WC room. The vanity will become shorter, the shower wider. The window at the front of the house that currently sits over the shower will be eliminated to make the shower taller. Cabinets, countertops, tile, and other finishes will be replaced.

In the master bedroom, the windows at the front of the house, which are currently recessed over a storage area, will be moved to be flush with the outer wall and the existing roof line, approximately 2.5 feet The windows will be replaced with a more soundproof model and insulation will be installed in that front wall. The existing closets opposite the windows will be expanded by 2.5 feet

On the exterior, the trim around all windows will be eliminated. The stucco will extend all the way to the white window framing on both the second and third floors. There will be an overhanging lip at the top of the second and third floors to protect the windows from the elements. The drainage spout will be moved to the side. The wooden pergola over the door will be eliminated. The vertical slatted fence separating the walkway and the driveway will be replaced with a clear aye, dark stained, horizontal slatted redwood fence that matches the fence in the rear of the house. And the house will be painted a medium tone cool gray.

# PARK FOREST II HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION ARCHITECTURAL COMMITTEE

Date:

August 16, 2016

To:

Ted Choc and Whitney Gaynor

1771 Stone Pine Lane Menlo Park, Ca. 94025

From:

Park Forest II Architectural Committee

Subject:

Renovation

Dear Ted and Whitney,

The Park Forest Architectural Committee thanks you the submittal of the complete set of plans relative to your kitchen, master bedroom and bath renovation at 1771 Stone Pine Lane which now include exterior changes to the front of your townhome.

These plans have been reviewed by the Committee and are approved as submitted as long as the conditions of all changes conform with the requirements of the City of Menlo Park. The exterior window relocation and modifications have been included in the review process and have been approved.

Your proposed renovation will be a wonderful improvement to your home which we are sure you will thoroughly enjoy. The Stone Pine community will also benefit from these improvements; we thank you for the design enhancements.

The Architectural Committee wishes you success with the upcoming project you're about to embark.

Best regards,

Anne Lear

Joan Reveno

Architectural Committee

Park Forest II Homeowners Association

# **Community Development**



# **STAFF REPORT**

**Planning Commission** 

Meeting Date: 11/7/2016 Staff Report Number: 16-085-PC

Consent Calendar: Sign Review/Alice Booker/149 Commonwealth

**Drive** 

# Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve a request for sign review to modify an existing freestanding monument sign to include six tenants in the M-2 (General Industrial) zoning district, at 149 Commonwealth Drive. The recommended actions are contained within Attachment A.

# **Policy Issues**

Each sign review request is considered individually. The Planning Commission should consider whether the signage is consistent with businesses and signage in the general area, and with the Design Guidelines for Signs.

# **Background**

# Site location

The subject property is located at 149 Commonwealth Drive, accessible from Chrysler Drive next to US Highway 101, the Bayshore Freeway. The subject parcel is surrounded by general industrial and commercial buildings in the M-2 (General Industrial) and M-2 (X) (General Industrial, Conditional Development) zoning districts. The lot consists of one R&D (research and development) building which currently contains six tenants. The property is located behind buildings at 150, 160 and 162 Jefferson Drive and is not readily observable from Chrysler Drive. A location map is included as Attachment B.

# **Analysis**

# **Project description**

The applicant is proposing to replace one freestanding monument sign, which is located at the property entrance and which is perpendicular to Commonwealth Drive. There are existing directional and informational signs on the property, but none are proposed to be refaced or for replacement. The location of the building is only visible from Commonwealth Drive, which serves as egress and ingress for the property from Chrysler Drive. The Bayshore Freeway (US-101) is the only other roadway where the front elevation of the building is visible.

Staff reviews a sign application for conformance with both the Zoning Ordinance regulations and the Design Guidelines for Signs. If the request meets the requirements in both documents, staff can approve

the sign request administratively. If, however, the sign request would potentially be incompatible with the Design Guidelines for Signs, the review of the application is forwarded to the Planning Commission, as a general review of the sign for consistency with the Design Guidelines. In this case, the proposal would not be strictly consistent with one element of the Design Guidelines.

The Design Guidelines for Signs state that monument signs may include only tenants that occupy a minimum of 25 percent of the total gross leasable area of the property to qualify for space on a freestanding sign. This limits the number of tenants on a monument sign to four. However, the building is currently occupied by six tenants, including the property owner, Exponent. The existing monument sign identifies only the main tenant, Exponent.

The applicant proposes spaces to accommodate six tenants on the new sign to better take advantage of drive-by traffic. The proposed sign would be primarily blue (specifically Pantone Matching System (PMS) color 320), cool gray (PMS color 4U), and metallic silver. According to the applicant, the monument sign would match the current blue color used on portions of the building's exterior. The channel letters provided for Exponent would feature internal LED (Light Emitting Diode) illumination, and below that space would be six non-illuminated aluminum panels for the remaining businesses. The sign would be seven feet high and approximately 54.25 square feet in size. Aside from the number of tenants, the sign would meet all of the Zoning Ordinance and Design Guidelines for Signs requirements.

The applicant has submitted a project description letter (Attachment D) that explains their request in more detail. Staff believes that the sign colors would complement the existing signage on the subject property, and would be consistent with the existing exterior decoration of the building.

# Correspondence

Staff has not received any correspondence on this project.

# Conclusion

Staff believes that the proposed signage would complement the existing signage around the building and is consistent with signage on neighboring commercial properties. Staff recommends approval of the sign request.

# **Impact on City Resources**

The project sponsor is required to pay Planning, Building and Public Works permit fees, based on the City's Master Fee Schedule, to fully cover the cost of staff time spent on the review of the project.

# **Environmental Review**

The project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 1530301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.

Staff Report #: 16-085-PC Page 3

# **Public Notice**

Public Notification was achieved by posting the agenda, with the agenda items being listed, at least 72 hours prior to the meeting. Public notification also consisted of publishing a notice in the local newspaper and notification by mail of owners and occupants within a 300-foot radius of the subject property.

# **Appeal Period**

The Planning Commission action will be effective after 15 days unless the action is appealed to the City Council, in which case the outcome of the application shall be determined by the City Council.

# **Attachments**

- A. Recommended Actions
- B. Location Map
- C. Project Plans
- D. Project Description Letter

# **Disclaimer**

Attached are reduced versions of maps and diagrams submitted by the applicants. The accuracy of the information in these drawings is the responsibility of the applicants, and verification of the accuracy by City Staff is not always possible. The original full-scale maps, drawings and exhibits are available for public viewing at the Community Development Department.

# **Exhibits to Be Provided at Meeting**

None

Report prepared by:

Michele T. Morris, Assistant Planner

Report reviewed by:

Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner

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# 149 Commonwealth Drive – Attachment A: Recommended Actions

LOCATION: 149
Commonwealth Drive

PROJECT NUMBER:
PLN2016-00072

APPLICANT: Alice
Booker

Realty LLC

REQUEST: Request for sign review to modify an existing freestanding monument sign to include six tenants in the M-2 (General Industrial) zoning district.

**DECISION ENTITY:** Planning Commission DATE: November 7, 2016 ACTION: TBD

VOTE: TBD (Barnes, Combs, Goodhue, Kahle, Onken, Riggs, Strehl)

# **ACTION:**

- 1. Make a finding that the project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.
- 2. Make a finding that the sign is appropriate and compatible with the businesses and signage in the general area, and is consistent with the Design Guidelines for Signs.
- 3. Approve the sign review request subject to the following *standard* conditions of approval:
  - a. Development of the project shall be substantially in conformance with the plans provided by the applicant, consisting of 21 plan sheets dated received September 27, 2016, and approved by the Planning Commission on November 7, 2016, except as modified by the conditions contained herein, subject to review and approval of the Planning Division.
  - b. The applicant shall comply with all West Bay Sanitary District, Menlo Park Fire Protection District, and utility companies' regulations that are directly applicable to the project.
  - c. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall comply with all requirements of the Building Division, Engineering Division, and Transportation Division that are directly applicable to the project.

**PAGE**: 1 of 1





# City of Menlo Park **Location Map** 149 Commonwealth Drive



Checked By: THR Scale: 1:3,600 Drawn By: MTM Date: 11/7/2016 Sheet: 1

# Exponent Building Pictures



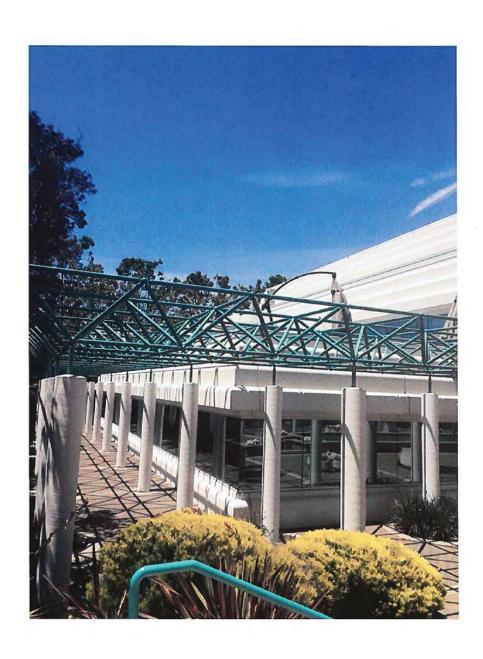
SEP 27 2016

CITY OF MENLO PARK PLANNING



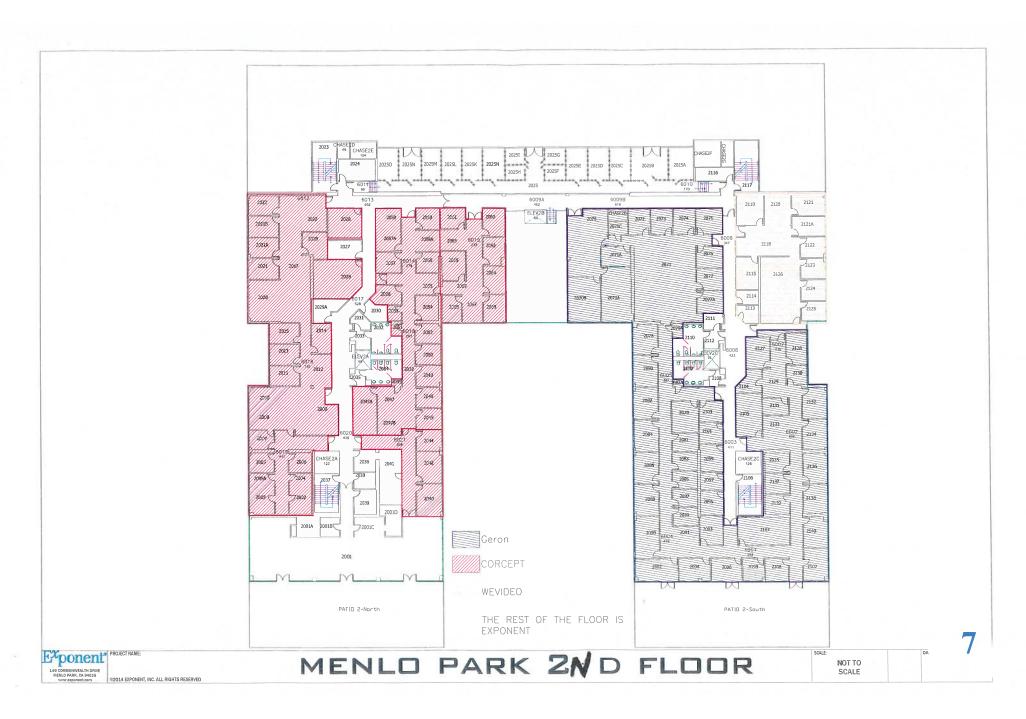
2





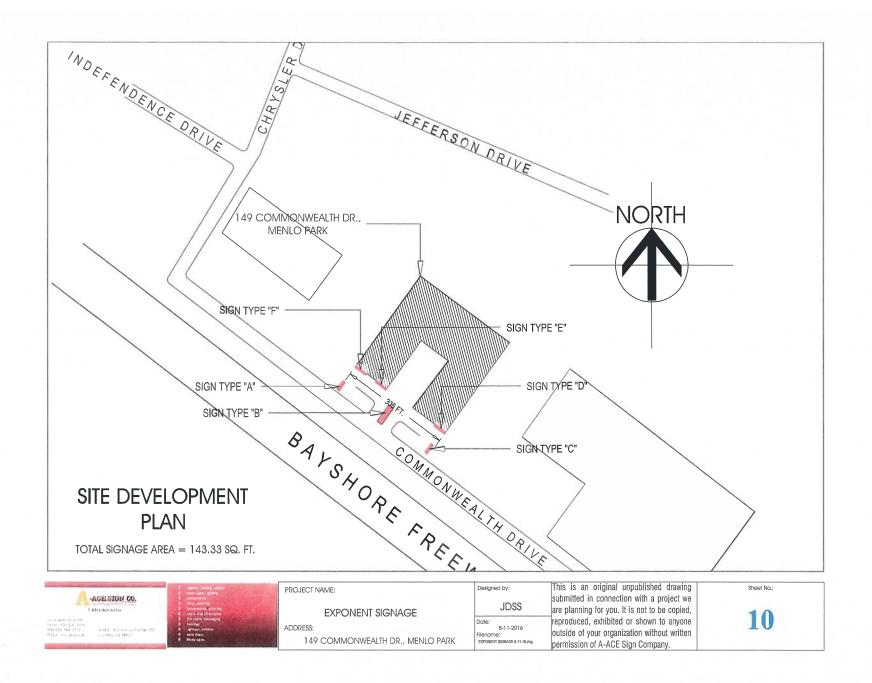
# Exponent Floor Plans







# Exponent Sign Plans





### SIGN TYPE "A"

D/F ALUM PYLON SIGN W/ VINYL COPY & PICTOGRAM - NON-ILLUMINATED OVERALL SIZE 5.81 SQ. FT.

### NO CHANGES

### EXISTING COLOR:

ARROW = BLACK
LETTERS = BLACK
H/C PICTOGRAM = BLUE





PROJECT NAME: EXPONENT SIGNAGE

address: 149 COmmonwealth dr., menlo park Designed by:

JDSS

This is an original unpublished drawing submitted in connection with a project we are planning for you. It is not to be copied, reproduced, exhibited or shown to anyone

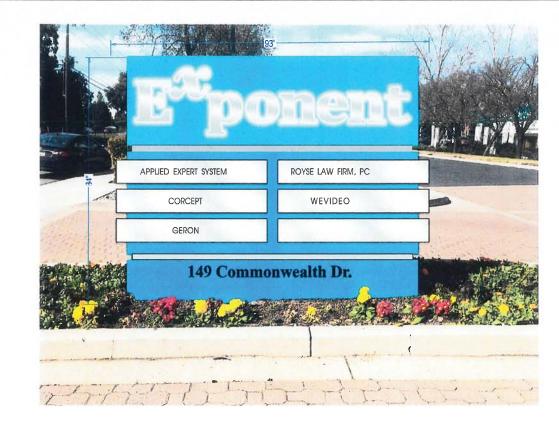
Sheet No.:



SIGN TYPE "B"

### EXISTING MONUMENT SIGN TO BE MODIFIED





### SIGN TYPE "B"

D/F CABINET ALUM MONUMENT WITH REMOVABLE ALUM
TENANT PANELS
OVERALL SIZE = 54.25 SQ FT

Designed by:

Filename:

**JDSS** 

8-11-2016

PROPOSED



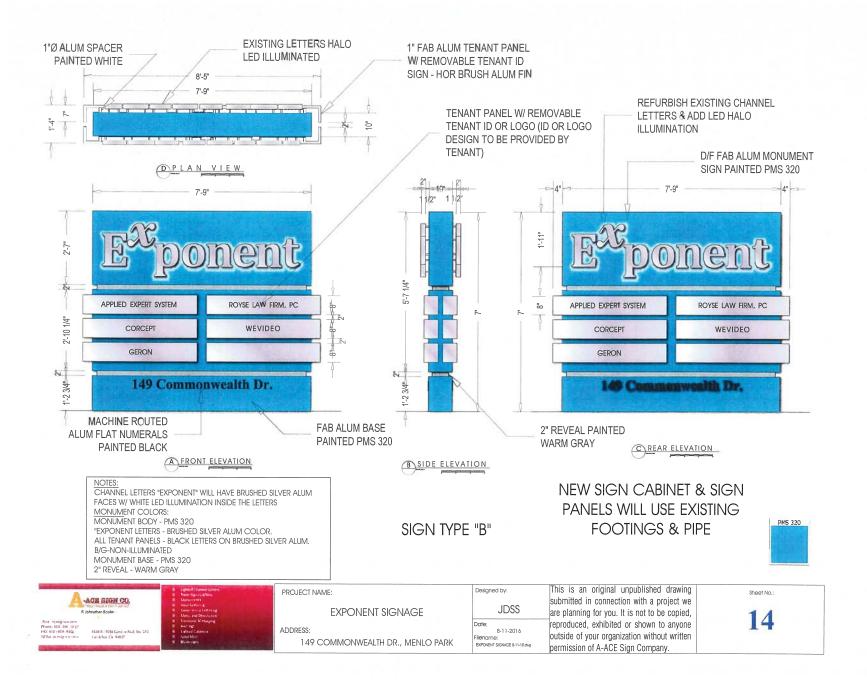
PROJECT NAME:

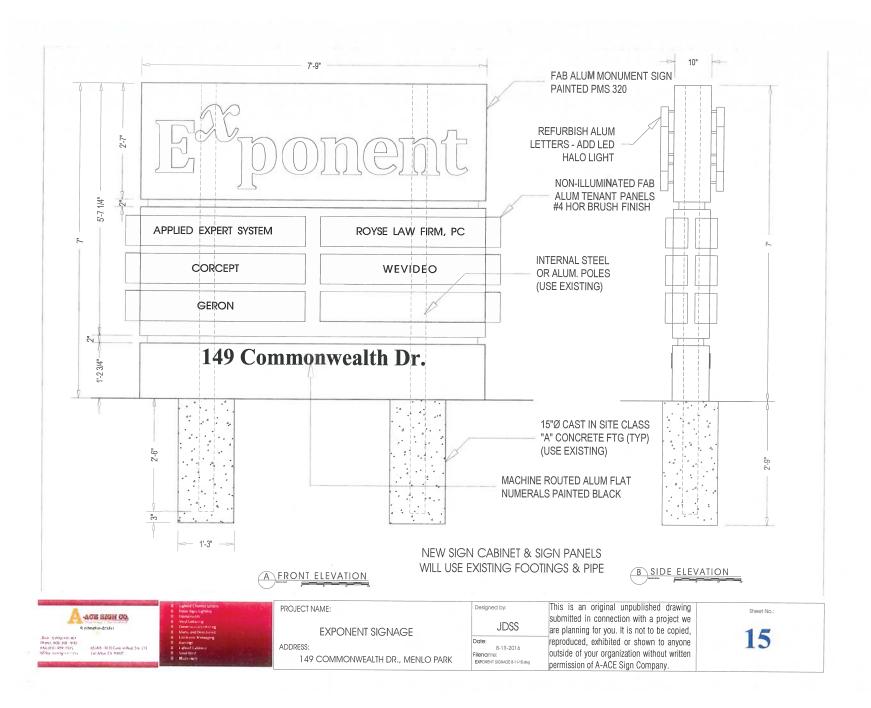
EXPONENT SIGNAGE

ADDRESS:

149 COMMONWEALTH DR., MENLO PARK

This is an original unpublished drawing submitted in connection with a project we are planning for you. It is not to be copied, reproduced, exhibited or shown to anyone outside of your organization without written permission of A-ACE Sign Company.







NO **CHANGES** 

### SIGN TYPE "C"

D/F WHITE ALUM PYLON SIGN W/ VINYL COPY & PICTOGRAM - NON ILLUMINATED OVERALL SIZE = 5.81 SQ FT

### **EXISTING COLOR:**

BLACK ARROW & LETTERS BLUE PICTOGRAM



PROJECT NAME:

**EXPONENT SIGNAGE** 

ADDRESS:

149 COMMONWEALTH DR., MENLO PARK

Designed by:

**JDSS** Date: 8-11-2016 EXPONENT SIGNAGE 8-11-16.dwg This is an original unpublished drawing submitted in connection with a project we are planning for you. It is not to be copied, reproduced, exhibited or shown to anyone outside of your organization without written

permission of A-ACE Sign Company.



NO **CHANGES** 

### SIGN TYPE "D"

FAB ALUM CHANNEL LETTERS NEON HALO LIT OVERALL SIZE = 31.21 SQ FT

EXISTING **GRAY LETTERS** 



PROJECT NAME:

**EXPONENT SIGNAGE** 

ADDRESS:

149 COMMONWEALTH DR., MENLO PARK

Designed by:

**JDSS** Date: 8-11-2016 Filename: EXPONENT SIGNAGE 8-11-16.dwg

This is an original unpublished drawing submitted in connection with a project we are planning for you. It is not to be copied,

reproduced, exhibited or shown to anyone outside of your organization without written permission of A-ACE Sign Company.

Sheet No.





NO CHANGES

SIGN TYPE "E"

FAB ALUM CHANNEL LETTERS NEON HALO LIT OVERALL SIZE = 22.5 SQ FT EXISTING
COLOR = TEAL





PROJECT NAME:

EXPONENT SIGNAGE

ADDRESS: 149 COMMONWEALTH DR., MENLO PARK

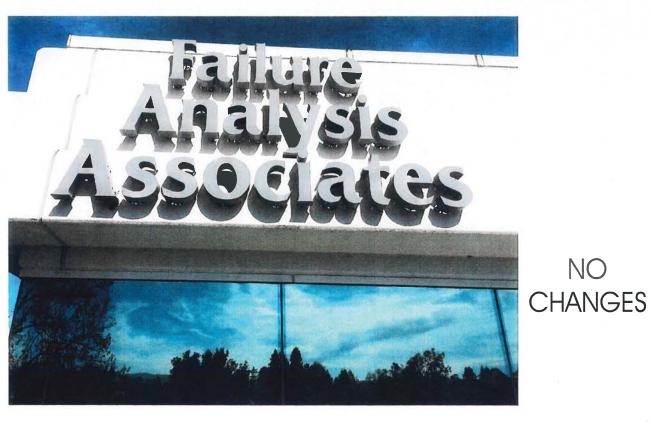
Designed by:

JDSS

Date: 8-11-2016 Filename: EXPONENT SIGNAGE 8-11-16.dwg This is an original unpublished drawing submitted in connection with a project we are planning for you. It is not to be copied,

reproduced, exhibited or shown to anyone outside of your organization without written permission of A-ACE Sign Company.

Sheet No.



### SIGN TYPE "F"

FAB ALUM CHANNEL LETTERS NEON HALO LIT OVERALL SIZE = 23.75 SQ FT

EXISTING COLOR = GRAY



PROJECT NAME:

**EXPONENT SIGNAGE** 

ADDRESS:

149 COMMONWEALTH DR., MENLO PARK

Designed by

**JDSS** 8-11-2016 Filename: EXPONENT SIGNAGE 8-11-16.dug

This is an original unpublished drawing submitted in connection with a project we are planning for you. It is not to be copied, reproduced, exhibited or shown to anyone outside of your organization without written permission of A-ACE Sign Company.

NO

### Monument Sign

Colors





METALLIC SILVER

### A-Ace Sign Co LLC

4546 B-10 El Camino Real Ste 272 Los Altos,Ca 94022 (800) 391-4443 (650)969-9258 Fax (650)969-9302 Lic #813155

June 21,2016

Dear Planning Dept.,

We have been contracted by Exponent to modify the existing monument sign at the property entrance. We want to remove the current sign cabinet, then we will fabricate and install a new sign cabinet with new tenant panels on the existing foundation and pipes. The current monument was built years ago and has one tenant name "Éxponent". Exponent was the only tenant in the building when the monument was built. Today the building is occupied by six tenants including Exponent. There is no other exterior signage on the property identifying the other tenants besides Exponent. My client desperately needs all the tenant name panels on the monument for identification purposes of each tenant in the building for walk up and drive by traffic. Please grant our request to have the new monument with six tenant name panels on the monument.

Thank You, R. Jonathan Booker



### **Community Development**



### **STAFF REPORT**

Planning Commission
Meeting Date: 11/7/2016
Staff Report Number: 16-086-PC

Choose an item. Architectural Control/Kirk Loevner/889 Santa Cruz

Avenue

### Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve the architectural control request for exterior modifications to the front and rear facades and the addition of floor area to extend the front entryway to the roofline, in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district, at 889 Santa Cruz Avenue. The recommended actions are contained within Attachment A.

### **Policy Issues**

Each architectural control request is considered individually. The Planning Commission should consider whether the required architectural control findings can be made for the proposal.

### **Background**

### Site location

The subject property is located at 889 Santa Cruz Avenue. Using Santa Cruz Avenue in an east to west orientation, the subject property is located on the south side of Santa Cruz Avenue, between University Drive and Evelyn Street, in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district and the D (Downtown) sub-district. The property consists of a vacant retail building, originally built in 1958. Both adjacent parcels are developed with retail on the ground floor with office above, and are also in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district. A location map is included as Attachment B.

### **Analysis**

### **Project description**

The applicant is requesting to make exterior modifications to the front and rear facades, in addition to interior renovations, and the addition of floor area to extend the front entryway to the roofline, at an existing one-story commercial building.

Extending the front entryway to the roofline would add 37 square feet to the gross floor area. The maximum permitted base FAR (floor area ratio) for the ECR D sub-district is 2.0. The proposed project falls below these limits, with a total of 2,479 square feet (0.95 FAR) of gross floor area.

The existing single-story building was constructed prior to adoption of the Specific Plan. The ECR D subdistrict district requires a 15-foot floor to floor height, which the subject building's 11.8-foot floor to ceiling height does not meet. The ECR D sub-district does not allow a front setback; however, the current roofline of the building is set back approximately 1.1 feet from the front property line along Santa Cruz. Because the proposal is a relatively minor project, extending the front of the building only to the existing roofline and not altering the existing floor to ceiling height is permissible.

The site is in the Downtown Shared/Unbundled Parking Area where the parking demand generated by the site up to 1.0 FAR is accommodated by shared public parking lots in downtown. A data table summarizing parcel and project attributes is included as Attachment C. The project plans and the applicant's project description letter are included as Attachments D and E, respectively.

### Design and materials

The proposed changes to the front façade, along Santa Cruz Avenue, would include the following:

- Remove angled alcove store front glass and single front door;
- Add similar glass parallel to the sidewalk and double doors in wood instead of aluminum;
- Add smooth wood panels and paint panels and stucco "wrought iron";
- Remove wood framed overhang and repair wall behind with new painted wood panels and signage (under separate sign permit);
- Add two exterior light-emitting diode (LED) sconces;

The proposed changes to rear façade, adjacent to Parking Plaza 4, would include the following:

- Remove store front glass and single front door;
- Add similar glass and double doors in wood instead of aluminum;
- Add smooth wood panels and paint panels and stucco "wrought iron";
- Replace fabric of awning with new logo (under separate sign permit);
- Add two exterior LED sconces;
- Infill existing non-compliant ramp to match existing 7-inch step on either side and paint entire step to match building.

The proposed changes to the roof would include the following:

- Add two skylights;
- Add second heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) unit with screening wall facing Parking Plaza 4 (the unit would not be visible from Santa Cruz Avenue as shown on Sheet A160);
- Paint screening wall white to match wall of neighboring two-story building.

Staff believes that the proposed changes are appropriate for this existing retail development and would be compatible with the surrounding buildings. The proposed design elements, including double wood doors on the front and rear and smooth wood panels would update the building's design. Staff believes these changes would comply with relevant El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan design standards and guidelines (many of which are not applicable because this is an existing building that is not being heavily modified), as documented in Attachment F, and would represent a comprehensive, cohesive aesthetic update.

### Trees and landscaping

The existing site is built out, with the existing roof line extending to the rear property line and to within 1.1 foot of the front property line. No landscaping is provided on the site. A street tree is located on the Santa Cruz Avenue sidewalk in front of the property, but it is far enough away from the building to allow construction of the proposed project without pruning. The proposed site improvements should not adversely

affect any trees as standard tree protection measures will be ensured through recommended condition 3e.

### Correspondence

Staff has not received any items of correspondence on the proposed project. The applicant indicates he spoke with neighbors and received favorable responses.

### **Conclusion**

Staff believes that the scale, materials, and proposed design would be compatible with the existing retail development and surrounding buildings. The proposed design elements, including double wood doors on the front and rear and smooth wood panels would update the building's design. The proposed project is a cohesive aesthetic update, and would comply with relevant El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan design standards and guidelines. Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve the proposed project.

### **Impact on City Resources**

The project sponsor is required to pay Planning, Building and Public Works permit fees, based on the City's Master Fee Schedule, to fully cover the cost of staff time spent on the review of the project. In addition, the proposed development would be subject to payment of the Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) and the El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan Preparation Fee (conditions 4a and 4b). These required fees were established to account for projects' proportionate obligations.

### **Environmental Review**

The Specific Plan process included detailed review of projected environmental impacts through a program Environmental Impact Report (EIR), as required by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). In compliance with CEQA requirements, the Draft EIR was released in April 2011, with a public comment period that closed in June 2011. The Final EIR, incorporating responses to Draft EIR comments, as well as text changes to parts of the Draft EIR itself, was released in April 2012, and certified along with the final Plan approvals in June 2012.

The proposed project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines, and as such, no additional environmental analysis is required above and beyond the Specific Plan EIR. However, relevant mitigation measures from this EIR have been applied and would be adopted as part of the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP), which is included as Attachment G. Mitigation measures include construction-related best practices regarding air quality, biological resources, noise, and the handling of any hazardous materials. The MMRP also includes a completed mitigation measure relating to cultural resources: due to the age of the structure being greater than 50 years, a historic resource evaluation was prepared as part of the initial project review. This review, which was conducted by a qualified architectural historian, concluded that the building is not eligible for listing in the State or National historic registers. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in any significant impacts to historic resources.

### **Public Notice**

Public Notification was achieved by posting the agenda, with the agenda items being listed, at least 72 hours prior to the meeting. Public notification also consisted of publishing a notice in the local newspaper

Staff Report #: 16-086-PC Page 4

and notification by mail of owners and occupants within a 300-foot radius of the subject property.

### **Appeal Period**

The Planning Commission action will be effective after 15 days unless the action is appealed to the City Council, in which case the outcome of the application shall be determined by the City Council.

### **Attachments**

- A. Recommended Actions
- B. Location Map
- C. Data Table
- D. Project Plans
- E. Project Description Letter
- F. Specific Plan Standards and Guidelines Compliance Worksheet
- G. Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

### **Disclaimer**

Attached are reduced versions of maps and diagrams submitted by the applicants. The accuracy of the information in these drawings is the responsibility of the applicants, and verification of the accuracy by City Staff is not always possible. The original full-scale maps, drawings and exhibits are available for public viewing at the Community Development Department.

### **Exhibits to Be Provided at Meeting**

Paint chip

Report prepared by: Corinna Sandmeier, Associate Planner

Report reviewed by:

Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner

### 889 Santa Cruz Avenue - Attachment A: Recommended Actions

Avenue PROJECT NUMBER: APPLICANT: R Kirk Loevner Loevner

**REQUEST:** Request for architectural control for exterior modifications to the front and rear facades and the addition of floor area to extend the front entryway to the roofline, in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district.

VOTE: TBD (Barnes, Combs, Goodhue, Kahle, Onken, Riggs, Strehl)

### **ACTION:**

- 1. Make findings with regard to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) that the proposal is within the scope of the project covered by the El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan Program EIR, which was certified on June 5, 2012. Specifically, make findings that:
  - a. The project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current CEQA Guidelines.
  - b. Relevant mitigation measures have been incorporated into the project through the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (Attachment G), which is approved as part of this finding.
  - c. Upon completion of project improvements, the Specific Plan Maximum Allowable Development will be adjusted by 37 square feet of non-residential uses, accounting for the project's net share of the Plan's overall projected development and associated impacts.
- 2. Adopt the following findings, as per Section 16.68.020 of the Zoning Ordinance, pertaining to architectural control approval:
  - a. The general appearance of the structure is in keeping with the character of the neighborhood.
  - b. The development will not be detrimental to the harmonious and orderly growth of the City.
  - c. The development will not impair the desirability of investment or occupation in the neighborhood.
  - d. The development provides adequate parking as required in all applicable City Ordinances and has made adequate provisions for access to such parking.
  - e. The development is consistent with the El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan, as verified in detail in the Standards and Guidelines Compliance Worksheet (Attachment F).
- 3. Approve the architectural control subject to the following *standard* conditions:
  - a. Development of the project shall be substantially in conformance with the plans provided by Greg Smith, consisting of 13 plan sheets, dated received October 19, 2016, and approved by the Planning Commission on November 7, 2016 except as modified by the conditions contained herein, subject to review and approval of the Planning Division.
  - b. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all Sanitary District, Menlo Park Fire Protection District, Recology, and utility companies' regulations that are directly applicable to the project.
  - c. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall comply with all requirements of the Building Division, Engineering Division, and Transportation Division that are directly

**PAGE**: 1 of 2

### 889 Santa Cruz Avenue - Attachment A: Recommended Actions

LOCATION: 825 Menlo Avenue	PROJECT NUMBER: PLN2016-00076	APPLICANT: R Ki	irk	OWNER: R Kirk Loevner						
<b>REQUEST:</b> Request for architectural control for exterior modifications to the front and rear facades and the addition of floor area to extend the front entryway to the roofline, in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district.										
<b>DECISION ENTITY:</b> Plant Commission	ning DATE: November	er 7, 2016	ACTION	: TBD						

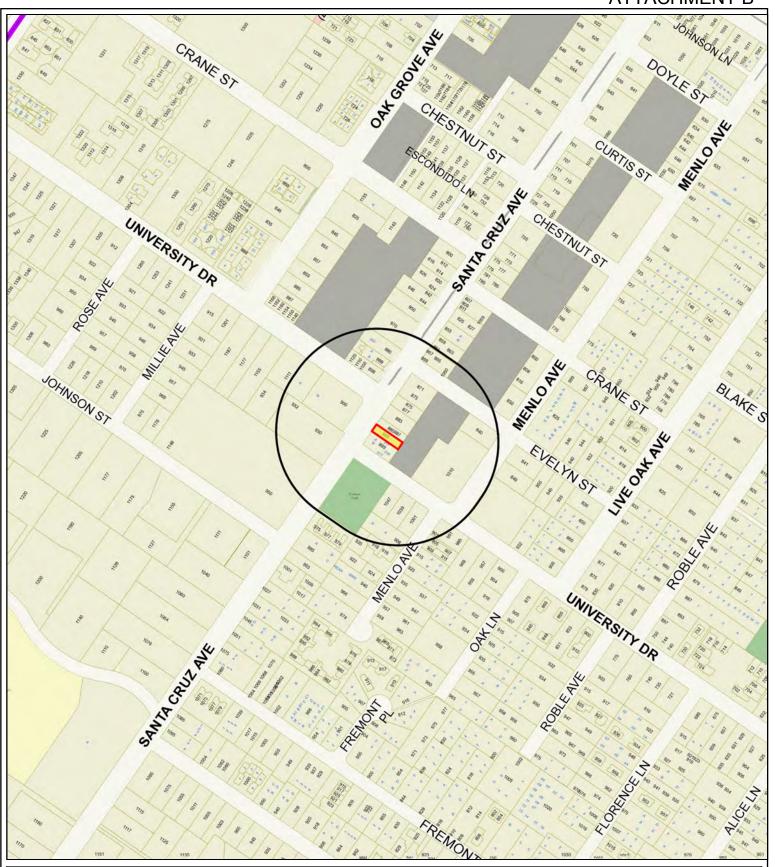
**VOTE:** TBD (Barnes, Combs, Goodhue, Kahle, Onken, Riggs, Strehl)

### **ACTION:**

applicable to the project.

- d. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit plans indicating that the applicant shall remove and replace any damaged and significantly worn sections of frontage improvements. The plans shall be submitted for review and approval of the Engineering Division.
- e. Heritage trees in the vicinity of the construction project shall be protected pursuant to the Heritage Tree Ordinance.
- 4. Approve the architectural control subject to the following *project-specific* conditions:
  - a. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall pay the Transportation Impact Fee per the direction of the Transportation Division in compliance with Chapter 13.26 of the Municipal Code. The current estimated transportation impact fee is \$171.31 (\$4.63/sf x 37 sf retail) although the final fee shall be the fee in effect at the time of payment. The Transportation Impact Fee escalates annually on July 1.
  - b. Prior to issuance of building permit, the applicant shall submit the El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan Preparation Fee, which is established at \$1.13/square foot for all net new development. For the subject proposal, the fee is estimated at \$41.81 (\$1.13/sf x 37 sf net new square feet).

**PAGE**: 2 of 2





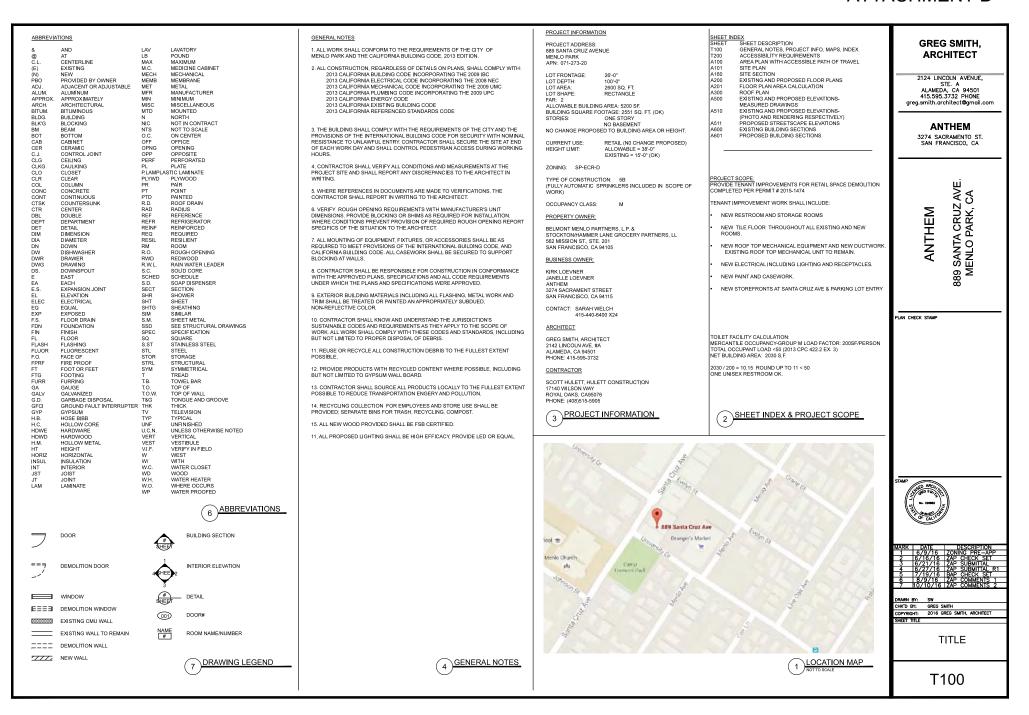
City of Menlo Park
Location Map
889 Santa Cruz Avenue

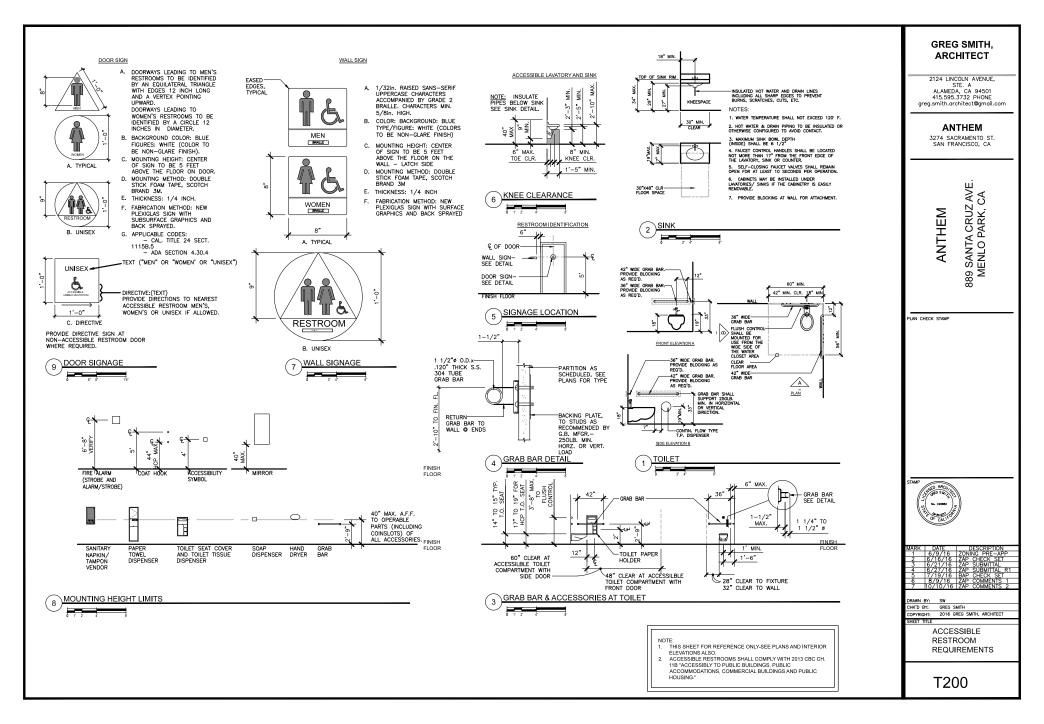


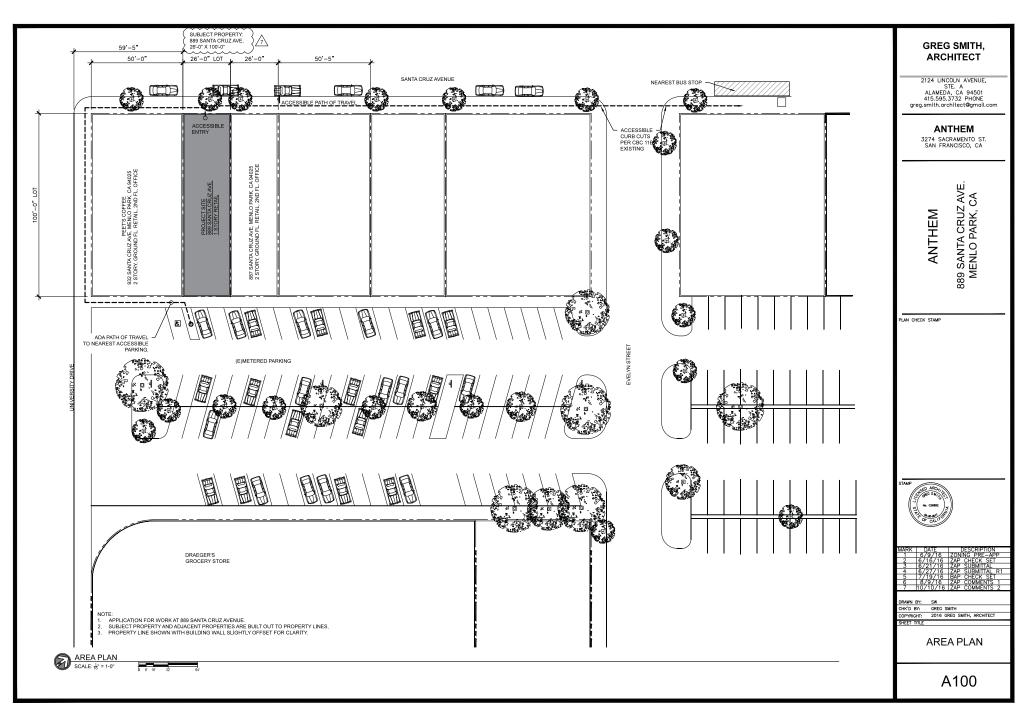
Scale: 1:3,600 Drawn By: CDS Checked By: CDS Date: 11/7/2016 Sheet: 1

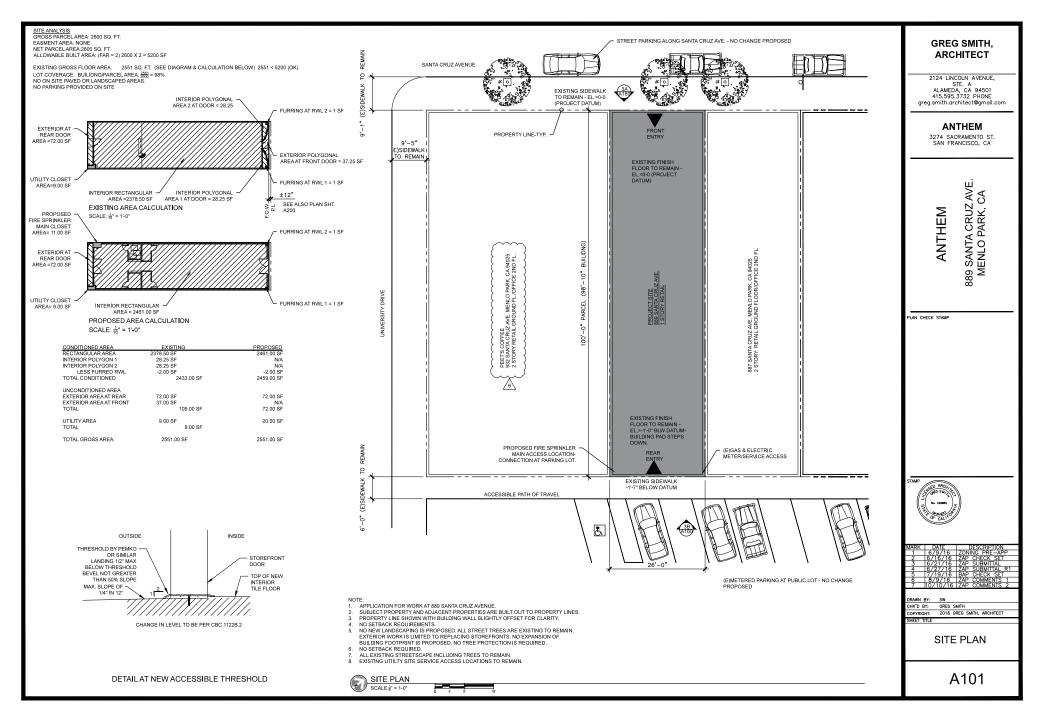
### 889 Santa Cruz Avenue – Attachment C: Data Table

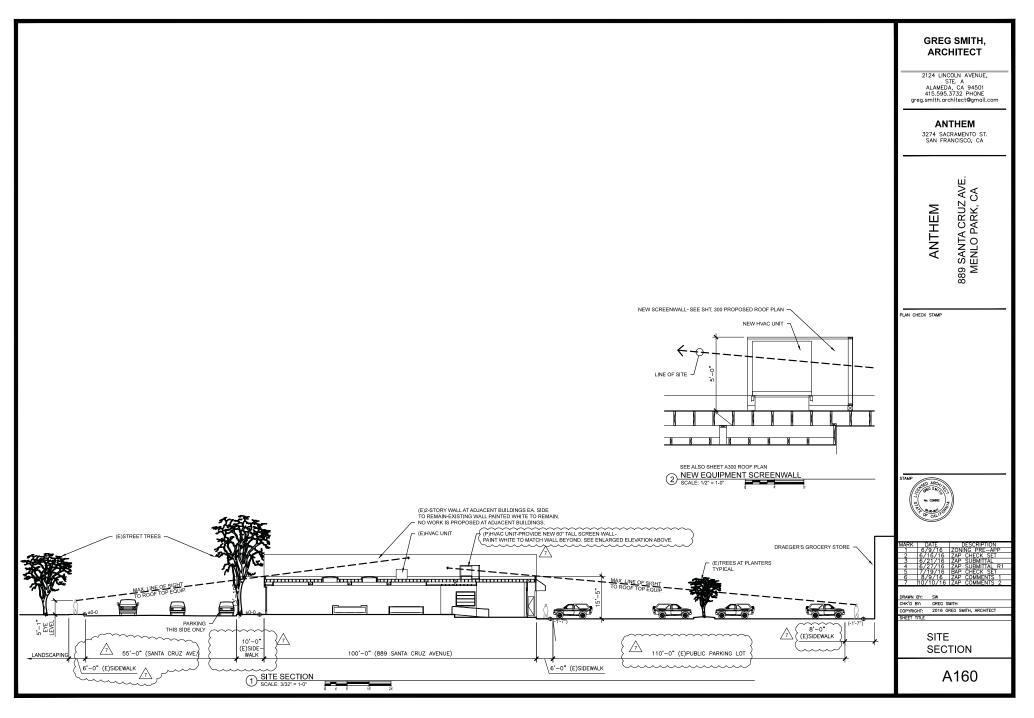
	PROPO PROJ		_	TING OPMENT	ZONING ORDINANCE		
Lot area	2,600	sf	2,600	sf	n/a	sf min.	
Setbacks							
Front	1.1	ft.	1.1	ft.	0	ft. minmax.	
Rear	0	ft.	n/a	ft.	0	ft. min.	
Side (left)	0	ft.	0	ft.	0	ft. minmax.	
Side (right)	0	ft.	0	ft.	0	ft. minmax.	
FAR (Floor Area Ratio)	2,479.0	sf	2,442.0	sf	5,200.0	sf max.	
	95.3	%	93.9	%	200.0	% max.	
Open Space	n/a	sf	n/a	sf	n/a	sf min.	
	n/a	%	n/a	%	n/a	% min.	
Building height	11.8	ft.	11.8	ft.	15.0	ft. min. (floor	
						to floor)	
	15.4	ft. max	15.4	ft.	38.0	ft. max	
Parking	0 spa	aces	0 sp	aces	0 spaces		
	Note: Areas shown highlighted indicate a nonconforming or substandard situation.						

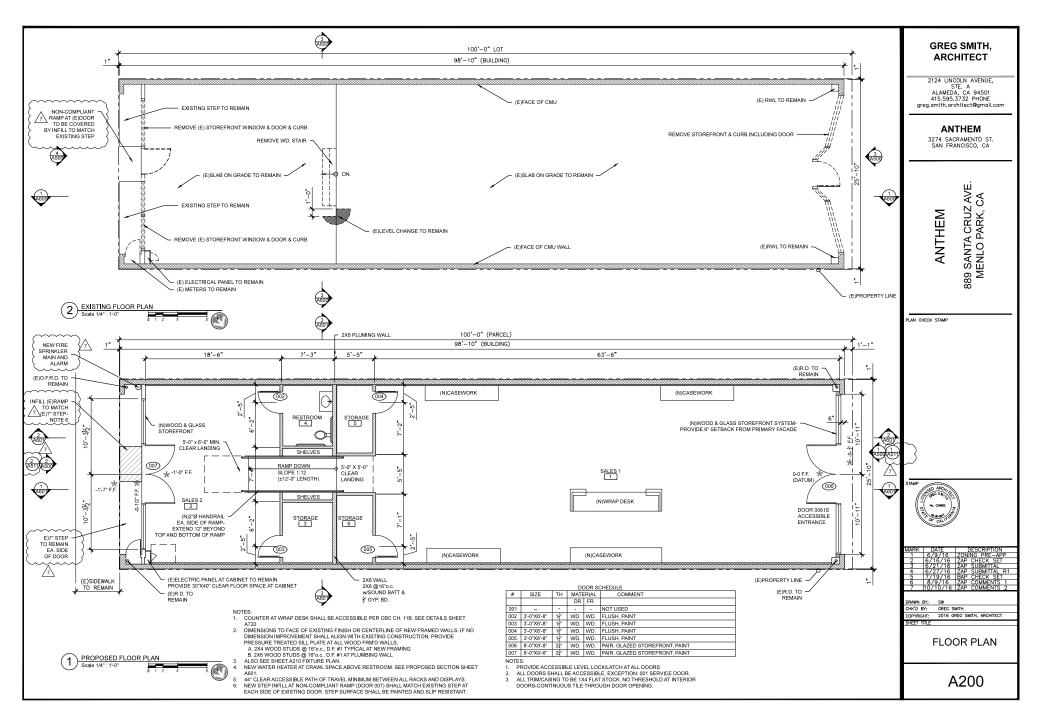


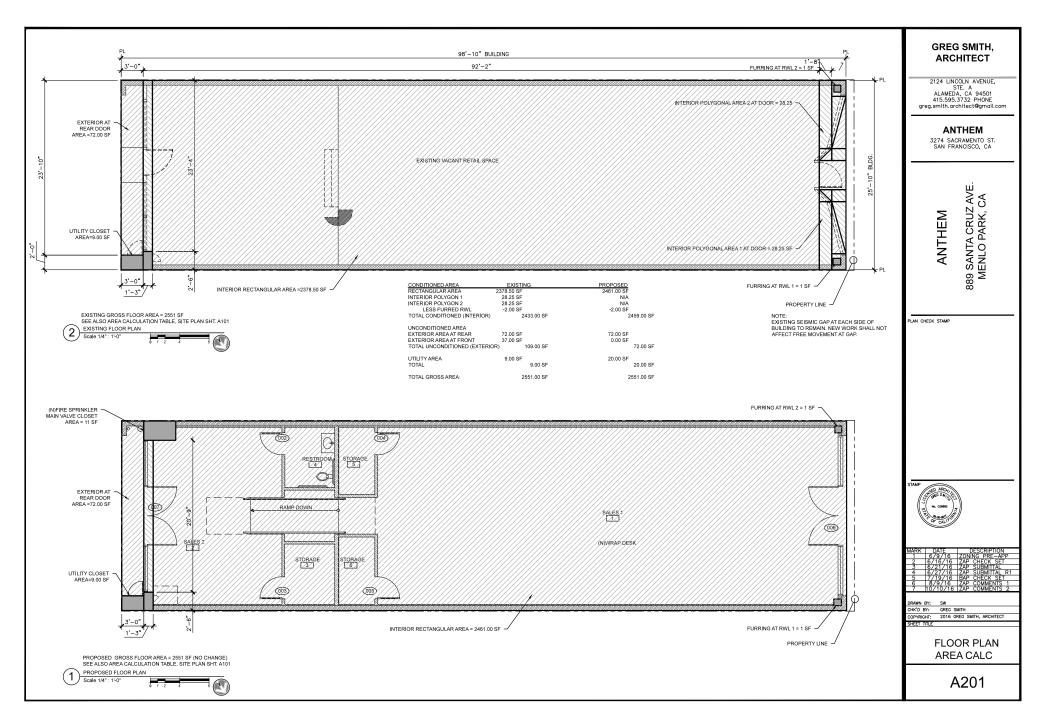


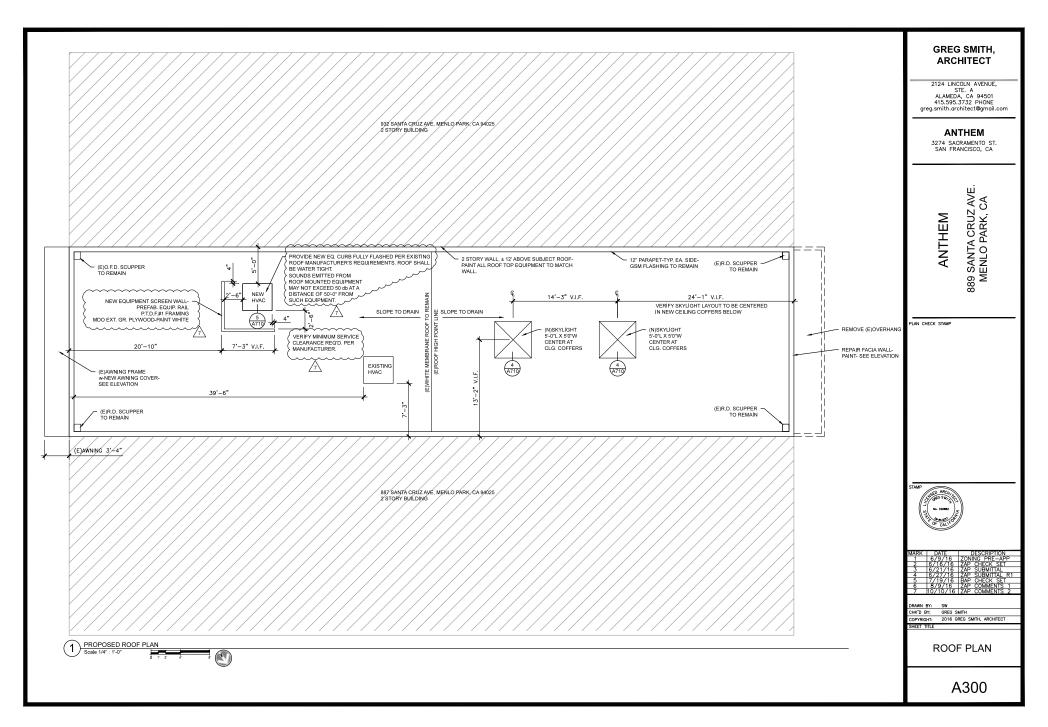


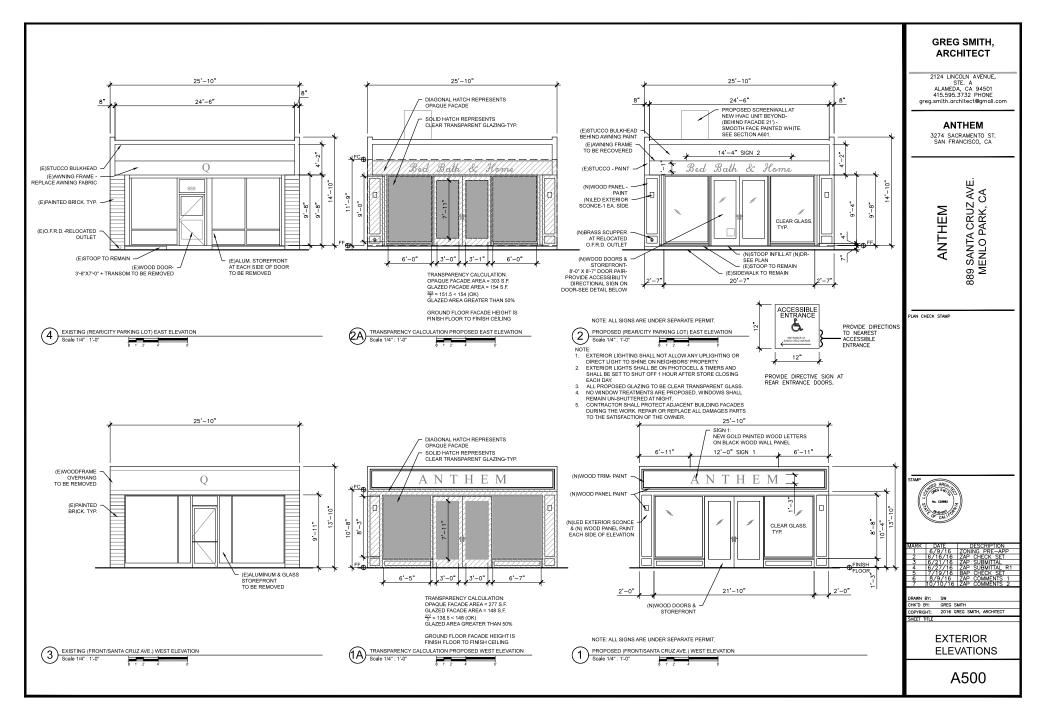
















PROPOSED PARKING LOT STREET SCAPE ELEVATION RENDERING NO SCALE



- NOTES:

  1. PROJECT INVOLVES REMODEL FACADE AT EXISTING BUILDING, WORK IS LIMITED TO WITHIN THE LOT BOUNDARY.

  2. NOTE AS "PROJECT SITE", ALL EXISTING STREET SCAPE AT SANTA CRUZ AVENUE AND CITY
- PARKING LOT SHALL REMAIN.

  3. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE PROTECTION AT STREET SCAPE AS REQUIRED TO PREVENT DAMAGE.

  4. CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR DAMAGE TO STREETSCAPE AS REQUIRED AND TO THE
- SATISFACTION OF THE OWNER.

  5. SEE ALSO SHEETS A500 AND A510 FOR ADDITIONAL FACADE IMPROVEMENT INFORMATION.

PROPOSED SANTA CRUZ AVENUE STREETSCAPE ELEVATION RENDERING (1) PROPUSED

#### **GREG SMITH, ARCHITECT**

2124 LINCOLN AVENUE, STE. A ALAMEDA, CA 94501 415.595.3732 PHONE greg.smith.architect@gmail.com

#### **ANTHEM**

3274 SACRAMENTO ST. SAN FRANCISCO, CA

889 SANTA CRUZ AVE. MENLO PARK, CA ANTHEM

PLAN CHECK STAMP

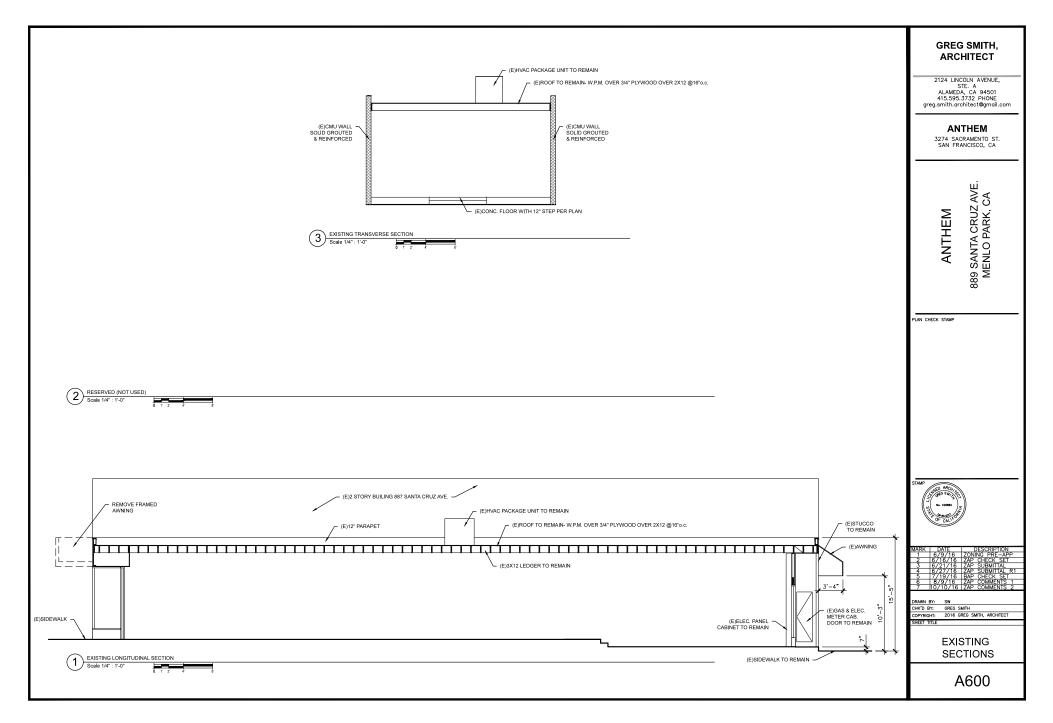


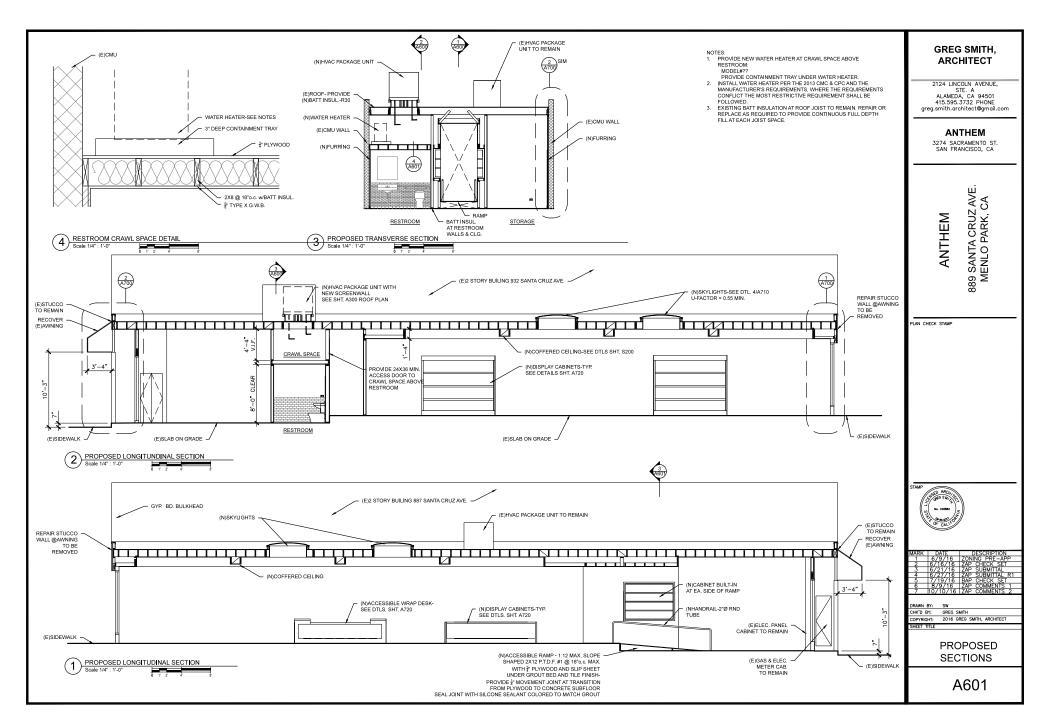
MARK	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	6/9/16	ZONING PRE-APP
2	6/16/16	ZAP CHECK SET
3	6/21/16	ZAP SUBMITTAL
4	6/27/16	ZAP SUBMITTAL R1
5	7/19/16	BAP CHECK SET
6	8/9/16	ZAP COMMENTS 1
7	10/10/16	ZAP COMMENTS 2

ORAWN BY: SW
CHK'D BY: GREG SMITH
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PROPOSED STREETSCAPE RENDERINGS

A511





RECEIVED

6/6/2016

Scott Hulett

OCT 19 2016

CITY OF MENLO PARK BUILDING

### 889 Santa Cruz Ave. Anthem, TI, project description

Retail store selling upscale home decor. The front and rear of the building, 25 feet wide, have not been altered or upgrade sense the building was built. The sign awning has been changed over the years, but the store front has not. It is the original, aluminum frame, glass store front and rear. It is in bad repair and needs to be replaced with new glass and framing. The plan is to create a classy traditional store front and rear keeping with in the greater plan for the downtown area. We plan to keep the same general look on Santa Cruz Ave. Removing the angled alcove store front glass and single front door replacing it with similar glass that is parallel and offset from the side walk, wood framed and double front doors all in wood instead of aluminum. The same treatment in the rear, except the rear would stay within the current framed opening, changing the single door to double doors. the existing sign in the front and rear would remain, just renamed.

The proposed scope of the project starts with a gutted building and breaks down as follows;

- -Fire sprinklers. The building is without fire sprinklers. A water main will be brought from the main line in the rear of the building to the interior of the building where the riser will be located with a water connection exterior for the fire department and interior sprinkles to meet code.
- **-Store front and rear.** The store front and rear will be removed from the current header to the slab and a new store front will be fabricated and installed. The store front's will have French doors and a wood frame work for the glass on either side of the doors. Existing awning and signage will be re labeled to ANTHEM. Exterior lighting will be added to light the sign and the store front. The existing block wall will be covered with smooth wood panels and painted to the color of the supplied paint chip.
- **-Roof top.** Two sky lights will be added and a 3 ton HVAC roof pack. The existing 5 ton roof pack will remain. The new, 3 ton HVAC, is positioned towards the rear of the roof and can be seen from across the parking lot at Draeger's. A privacy screen will be built around the unit to obscure it. The screen will be built with panels and painted.



- -Interior. handicap bathroom & (3) storage rooms, located toward the rear, with an ADA ramp between the rooms, (a bathroom and storage room on one side and two storage rooms on the other), dropping. from the upper level, down 12 inches, to the lower level in the rear. There will be a service desk in the front or the building along a side wall and built in display case filling in along both walls. The existing CMU block walls will be fired-out to accommodate electrical, sheet rocked and textured.
- **-Floor coverings.** The floor covering will be tile in the store area, bathrooms and storage areas.
- **-Ceiling.** The ceiling will be a coffer ceiling with track lightings to light displays and area. There will be some lights hung for display and sale to the public.
- **Neighborhood outreach.** We have briefly discussed the project and type of retail store that we are hoping to open on Santa Cruz Ave. with people passing by on the street and with the neighboring retail stores within the block that this building is located. It has been a favorable response. The building has been sitting vacant for some time and there is excitement to see it fixed up and open for business again.

Section	Standard or Guideline	<u>Requirement</u>	<u>Evaluation</u>
F.3.1 Deve	lopment Intensit	V	
E.3.1.01	Standard	Business and Professional office (inclusive of medical and dental office) shall not exceed one half of the base FAR or public benefit bonus FAR, whichever is applicable.	Complies: No office uses occur on the site.
E.3.1.02	Standard	Medical and Dental office shall not exceed one third of the base FAR or public benefit bonus FAR, whichever is applicable.	Complies: No office uses occur on the site.
E.3.2 Heigh	nt		
E.3.2.01	Standard	Roof-mounted mechanical equipment, solar panels, and similar equipment may exceed the maximum building height, but shall be screened from view from publicly-accessible spaces.	Complies: New HVAC unit is screened by 60" tall screen wall. See Sheet A160
E.3.2.02	Standard	Vertical building projections such as parapets and balcony railings may extend up to 4 feet beyond the maximum façade height or the maximum building height, and shall be integrated into the design of the building.	Complies: Existing structure is well below the maximum façade and building heights.
E.3.2.03	Standard	Rooftop elements that may need to exceed the maximum building height due to their function, such as stair and elevator towers, shall not exceed 14 feet beyond the maximum building height. Such rooftop elements shall be integrated into the design of the building.	Complies: No stair or elevator towers are proposed.
E.3.3 Setba	acks and Project	ions within Setbacks	
E.3.3.01	Standard	Front setback areas shall be developed with sidewalks, plazas, and/or landscaping as appropriate.	Not applicable: The existing roof is built almost to the front property line and the proposed additional square footage would also be built to the existing roofline.
E.3.3.02	Standard	Parking shall not be permitted in front setback areas.	Complies: The site is in the Downtown Shared/Unbundled Parking Area where the parking demand generated by the site is being accommodated by shared public parking lots in downtown.
E.3.3.03	Standard	In areas where no or a minimal setback is required, limited setback for store or lobby entry recesses shall not exceed a maximum of 4-foot depth and a maximum of 6-foot width.	Complies: Limited setback for store entry not proposed as part of project.
E.3.3.04	Standard	In areas where no or a minimal setback is required, building projections, such as balconies, bay windows and dormer windows, shall not project beyond a maximum of 3 feet from the building face into the sidewalk clear walking zone, public right-of-way or public spaces, provided they have a minimum 8-foot vertical clearance above the sidewalk clear walking zone, public right-of-way or public space.	Complies: No building projections are proposed.

<u>Section</u>	Standard or	Requirement	<u>Evaluation</u>
E 0 0 05	Guideline	Le serve de la ser	Net applicable Oath
E.3.3.05	Standard	In areas where setbacks are required, building projections, such as balconies, bay windows and dormer windows, at or above the second habitable floor shall not project beyond a maximum of 5 feet from the building face into the setback area.	Not applicable: Setbacks are not required and no building projections are proposed.
E.3.3.06	Standard	The total area of all building projections shall not exceed 35% of the primary building façade area. Primary building façade is the façade built at the property or setback line.	Complies: No building projections are proposed.
E.3.3.07	Standard	Architectural projections like canopies, awnings and signage shall not project beyond a maximum of 6 feet horizontally from the building face at the property line or at the minimum setback line. There shall be a minimum of 8-foot vertical clearance above the sidewalk, public right-of-way or public space.	Complies: The recovered awning would project three feet, four inches from the building face at the property line. The vertical clearance above the sidewalk would be 10 feet, three inches.
E.3.3.08	Standard	No development activities may take place within the San Francisquito Creek bed, below the creek bank, or in the riparian corridor.	Complies: The site is not near San Francisquito Creek.
	ing and Modulat	ion	
	Iding Breaks	<del>,</del>	
E.3.4.1.01	Standard	The total of all building breaks shall not exceed 25 percent of the primary façade plane in a development.	Not applicable: No building breaks are proposed.
E.3.4.1.02	Standard	Building breaks shall be located at ground level and extend the entire building height.	Not applicable: Building breaks are prohibited in the Downtown zoning district.
E.3.4.1.03	Standard	In all districts except the ECR-SE zoning district, recesses that function as building breaks shall have minimum dimensions of 20 feet in width and depth and a maximum dimension of 50 feet in width. For the ECR-SE zoning district, recesses that function as building breaks shall have a minimum dimension of 60 feet in width and 40 feet in depth.	Not applicable: Building breaks are prohibited in the Downtown zoning district.
E.3.4.1.04	Standard	Building breaks shall be accompanied with a major change in fenestration pattern, material and color to have a distinct treatment for each volume.	Not applicable: Building breaks are prohibited in the Downtown zoning district.
E.3.4.1.05	Standard	In all districts except the ECR-SE zoning district, building breaks shall be required as shown in Table E3.	Not applicable: Building breaks are prohibited in the Downtown zoning district.

<u>Section</u>	Standard or	<u>Requirement</u>	<u>Evaluation</u>
	Guideline		
E.3.4.1.06	Standard	In the ECR-SE zoning district, and consistent with Table E4 the building breaks shall:  Comply with Figure E9; Be a minimum of 60 feet in width, except where noted on Figure E9; Be a minimum of 120 feet in width at Middle Avenue; Align with intersecting streets, except for the area between Roble Avenue and Middle Avenue; Be provided at least every 350 feet in the area between Roble Avenue and Middle Avenue; where properties under different ownership coincide with this measurement, the standard side setbacks (10 to 25 feet) shall be applied, resulting in an effective break of between 20 to 50 feet.  Extend through the entire building height and depth at Live Oak Avenue, Roble Avenue, Middle Avenue, Partridge Avenue and Harvard Avenue; and Include two publicly-accessible building breaks at Middle Avenue and Roble Avenue.	Not applicable: Site is not in the ECR-SE zoning district.
E.3.4.1.07	Standard	In the ECR-SE zoning district, the Middle Avenue break shall include vehicular access; publicly-accessible open space with seating, landscaping and shade; retail and restaurant uses activating the open space; and a pedestrian/bicycle connection to Alma Street and Burgess Park. The Roble Avenue break shall include publicly-accessible open space with seating, landscaping and shade.	Not applicable: Site is not in the ECR-SE zoning district.
E.3.4.1.08	Guideline	In the ECR-SE zoning district, the breaks at Live Oak, Roble, Middle, Partridge and Harvard Avenues may provide vehicular access.	Not applicable: Site is not in the ECR-SE zoning district.
	ade Modulation		0 " 0 " 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
E.3.4.2.01	Standard	Building façades facing public rights-of- way or public open spaces shall not exceed 50 feet in length without a minor building façade modulation. At a minimum of every 50' façade length, the minor vertical façade modulation shall be a minimum 2 feet deep by 5 feet wide recess or a minimum 2 foot setback of the building plane from the primary building façade.	Complies: Building façade 26 feet in length, which does not exceed the 50-foot modulation minimum.

<u>Section</u>	Standard or Guideline	Requirement	<u>Evaluation</u>
E.3.4.2.02	Standard	Building façades facing public rights-of-way or public open spaces shall not exceed 100 feet in length without a major building modulation. At a minimum of every 100 feet of façade length, a major vertical façade modulation shall be a minimum of 6 feet deep by 20 feet wide recess or a minimum of 6 feet setback of building plane from primary building façade for the full height of the building. This standard applies to all districts except ECR NE-L and ECR SW since those two districts are required to provide a building break at every 100 feet.	Complies: Building façade is 26 feet in length,, which does not exceed the 100-foot modulation minimum.
E.3.4.2.03	Standard	In addition, the major building façade modulation shall be accompanied with a 4-foot minimum height modulation and a major change in fenestration pattern, material and/or color.	Not applicable: Building façade is less than 15 feet in length and does not require a major building modulation.
E.3.4.2.04	Guideline	Minor façade modulation may be accompanied with a change in fenestration pattern, and/or material, and/or color, and/or height.	Not applicable: Building façade 25 feet, 10 inches in width and does not require a minor façade modulation.
E.3.4.2.05	Guideline	Buildings should consider sun shading mechanisms, like overhangs, <i>bris soleils</i> and clerestory lighting, as façade articulation strategies.	Complies: Canopy along Santa Cruz Avenue would provide sun shading and would help articulate the façade.
	ding Profile		
E.3.4.3.01	Standard	The 45-degree building profile shall be set at the minimum setback line to allow for flexibility and variation in building façade height within a district.	Not Applicable: No changes are proposed to the existing building height. Existing building façade is 14'-10" inches, and already complies with the 30-foot building façade height.
E.3.4.3.02	Standard	Horizontal building and architectural projections, like balconies, bay windows, dormer windows, canopies, awnings, and signage, beyond the 45-degree building profile shall comply with the standards for Building Setbacks & Projection within Setbacks (E.3.3.04 to E.3.3.07) and shall be integrated into the design of the building.	Not applicable: No changes are proposed to the existing building height. Existing building façade is 14'-10" inches, and already complies with the 30-foot building façade height.
E.3.4.3.03	Standard	Vertical building projections like parapets and balcony railings shall not extend 4 feet beyond the 45-degree building profile and shall be integrated into the design of the building.	Not applicable: Existing building façade is 14'-10" inches, and already complies with the 30-foot building façade height.
E.3.4.3.04	Standard	Rooftop elements that may need to extend beyond the 45-degree building profile due to their function, such as stair and elevator towers, shall be integrated into the design of the building.	Not applicable: No roof top elements such as stair or elevator towers are proposed.
	er Story Façade		Not applicable. The building is less than
E.3.4.4.01	Standard	Building stories above the 38-foot façade height shall have a maximum allowable façade length of 175 feet along a public right-of-way or public open space.	Not applicable: The building is less than 38 feet in height.
	nd Floor Treatmo or Treatment	ent, Entry and Commercial Frontage	

<u>Section</u>	Standard or Guideline	<u>Requirement</u>	<u>Evaluation</u>
E.3.5.01	Standard	The retail or commercial ground floor shall be a minimum 15-foot floor-to-floor height to allow natural light into the space.	Not applicable: The existing finished floor to finished ceiling height varies from 10'8" to 11'9", no changes to the height are proposed.
E.3.5.02	Standard	Ground floor commercial buildings shall have a minimum of 50% transparency (i.e., clear-glass windows) for retail uses, office uses and lobbies to enhance the visual experience from the sidewalk and street. Heavily tinted or mirrored glass shall not be permitted.	Complies: 52 percent transparent glazing. See A500
E.3.5.03	Guideline	Buildings should orient ground-floor retail uses, entries and direct-access residential units to the street.	Complies: Ground floor retail would continue to be oriented to the street.
E.3.5.04	Guideline	Buildings should activate the street by providing visually interesting and active uses, such as retail and personal service uses, in ground floors that face the street. If office and residential uses are provided, they should be enhanced with landscaping and interesting building design and materials.	Complies: Proposed use of one-story subject building is retail.
E.3.5.05	Guideline	For buildings where ground floor retail, commercial or residential uses are not desired or viable, other project-related uses, such as a community room, fitness center, daycare facility or sales center, should be located at the ground floor to activate the street.	Not applicable: Proposed use of one- story subject building is retail.
E.3.5.06	Guideline	Blank walls at ground floor are discouraged and should be minimized. When unavoidable, continuous lengths of blank wall at the street should use other appropriate measures such as landscaping or artistic intervention, such as murals.	Complies: Blank walls are not proposed.
E.3.5.07	Guideline	Residential units located at ground level should have their floors elevated a minimum of 2 feet to a maximum of 4 feet above the finished grade sidewalk for better transition and privacy, provided that accessibility codes are met.	Not applicable: No residential uses are proposed.
E.3.5.08	Guideline	Architectural projections like canopies and awnings should be integrated with the ground floor and overall building design to break up building mass, to add visual interest to the building and provide shelter and shade.	Complies: The existing awning is proposed to remain and be repainted and would break up building mass and add visual interest to the building and provide shelter and shade.
Building E			
E.3.5.09	Standard	Building entries shall be oriented to a public street or other public space. For larger residential buildings with shared entries, the main entry shall be through prominent entry lobbies or central courtyards facing the street. From the street, these entries and courtyards provide additional visual interest, orientation and a sense of invitation.	Complies: Main entry is oriented towards Santa Cruz Avenue.

Section	Standard or Guideline	<u>Requirement</u>	<u>Evaluation</u>
E.3.5.10	Guideline	Entries should be prominent and visually distinctive from the rest of the façade with creative use of scale, materials, glazing, projecting or recessed forms, architectural details, color, and/or awnings.	Partially Complies: Doors are centered and visually distinct from windows at new storefront.
E.3.5.11	Guideline	Multiple entries at street level are encouraged where appropriate.	Not applicable: Single retail space is proposed with less than 26 feet of street frontage.
E.3.5.12	Guideline	Ground floor residential units are encouraged to have their entrance from the street.	Not applicable: Residential uses are not proposed.
E.3.5.13	Guideline	Stoops and entry steps from the street are encouraged for individual unit entries when compliant with applicable accessibility codes. Stoops associated with landscaping create inviting, usable and visually attractive transitions from private spaces to the street.	Not applicable: Residential uses are not proposed.
E.3.5.14	Guideline	Building entries are allowed to be recessed from the primary building façade.	Complies: Front and rear entrances are recessed from the primary building façade.
Commercia	al Frontage		
E.3.5.15	Standard	Commercial windows/storefronts shall be recessed from the primary building façade a minimum of 6 inches	Complies: Front storefront is recessed 6 inches and rear storefront is recessed over 6 inches.
E.3.5.16	Standard	Retail frontage, whether ground floor or upper floor, shall have a minimum 50% of the façade area transparent with clear vision glass, not heavily tinted or highly mirrored glass.	Complies: 52 percent transparent glazing. See A500
E.3.5.17	Guideline	Storefront design should be consistent with the building's overall design and contribute to establishing a well-defined ground floor for the façade along streets.	Complies: Proposed storefront design includes large windows and decorative lighting.
E.3.5.18	Guideline	The distinction between individual storefronts, entire building façades and adjacent properties should be maintained.	Complies: Proposed storefront design is differentiated from storefronts of adjacent buildings.
E.3.5.19	Guideline	Storefront elements such as windows, entrances and signage should provide clarity and lend interest to the façade.	Complies: Proposed storefront design is cohesive and incorporates visually interesting architectural elements.
E.3.5.20	Guideline	Individual storefronts should have clearly defined bays. These bays should be no greater than 20 feet in length. Architectural elements, such as piers, recesses and projections help articulate bays.	Partially Complies: Front and rear storefront are recessed.
E.3.5.21	Guideline	All individual retail uses should have direct access from the public sidewalk. For larger retail tenants, entries should occur at lengths at a maximum at every 50 feet, consistent with the typical lot size in downtown.	Complies: Direct access from sidewalk provided by two entrances.
E.3.5.22	Guideline	Recessed doorways for retail uses should be a minimum of two feet in depth. Recessed doorways provide cover or shade, help identify the location of store entrances, provide a clear area for outswinging doors and offer the opportunity for interesting paving patterns, signage and displays.	Partially Complies: Front storefront is recessed less than 2 feet but applicant indicates doors swing inward.

E.3.5.23	Guideline Guideline	Storefronts should remain un-shuttered at	Complies: Shutters are not proposed at
		night and provide clear views of interior spaces lit from within. If storefronts must be shuttered for security reasons, the shutters should be located on the inside of the store windows and allow for maximum visibility of the interior.	storefront windows.
E.3.5.24	Guideline	Storefronts should not be completely obscured with display cases that prevent customers and pedestrians from seeing inside.	Complies: Display cases are not proposed in windows.
	Guideline	Signage should not be attached to storefront windows.	Complies: No signage is proposed on storefront windows.
E.3.6 Open S	Space		
	Standard	Residential developments or Mixed Use developments with residential use shall have a minimum of 100 square feet of open space per unit created as common open space or a minimum of 80 square feet of open space per unit created as private open space, where private open space shall have a minimum dimension of 6 feet by 6 feet. In case of a mix of private and common open space, such common open space shall be provided at a ratio equal to 1.25 square feet for each one square foot of private open space that is not provided.	Not Applicable: Residential units are not proposed.
E.3.6.02	Standard	Residential open space (whether in common or private areas) and accessible open space above parking podiums up to 16 feet high shall count towards the minimum open space requirement for the development.	Not Applicable: Residential uses and parking podiums are proposed.
E.3.6.03	Guideline	Private and/or common open spaces are encouraged in all developments as part of building modulation and articulation to enhance building façade.	Not Applicable: The existing site is built out with the roofline built almost to the property lines. No open space is currently provided on the site.
E.3.6.04	Guideline	Private development should provide accessible and usable common open space for building occupants and/or the general public.	Not Applicable: The existing site is built out with the roofline built almost to the property lines. No open space is currently provided on the site.
E.3.6.05	Guideline	For residential developments, private open space should be designed as an extension of the indoor living area, providing an area that is usable and has some degree of privacy.	Not Applicable: Residential uses are not proposed.
	Guideline	Landscaping in setback areas should define and enhance pedestrian and open space areas. It should provide visual interest to streets and sidewalks, particularly where building façades are long.	Not Applicable: The existing site is built out with the roofline built almost to the property lines. No open space is currently provided on the site.
	Guideline	Landscaping of private open spaces should be attractive, durable and drought-resistant.	Not Applicable: Private open spaces are not part of the project.
	g, Service and king and Servic		

Section	Standard or Guideline	<u>Requirement</u>	<u>Evaluation</u>
E.3.7.01	Guideline	The location, number and width of parking and service entrances should be limited to minimize breaks in building design, sidewalk curb cuts and potential conflicts with streetscape elements.	Not applicable: The site is in the Downtown Shared/Unbundled Parking Area where the parking demand generated by the site is being accommodated by shared public parking lots in downtown.
E.3.7.02	Guideline	In order to minimize curb cuts, shared entrances for both retail and residential use are encouraged. In shared entrance conditions, secure access for residential parking should be provided.	Not applicable: The site is in the Downtown Shared/Unbundled Parking Area where the parking demand generated by the site is being accommodated by shared public parking lots in downtown.
E.3.7.03	Guideline	When feasible, service access and loading docks should be located on secondary streets or alleys and to the rear of the building.	Not applicable: The site is in the Downtown Shared/Unbundled Parking Area where the parking demand generated by the site is being accommodated by shared public parking lots in downtown. There is no vehicular access on the site.
E.3.7.04	Guideline	The size and pattern of loading dock entrances and doors should be integrated with the overall building design.	Not applicable: Loading docks are not proposed.
E.3.7.05	Guideline	Loading docks should be screened from public ways and adjacent properties to the greatest extent possible. In particular, buildings that directly adjoin residential properties should limit the potential for loading-related impacts, such as noise. Where possible, loading docks should be internal to the building envelope and equipped with closable doors. For all locations, loading areas should be kept clean.	Not applicable: Loading docks are not proposed.
E.3.7.06	Guideline	Surface parking should be visually attractive, address security and safety concerns, retain existing mature trees and incorporate canopy trees for shade. See Section D.5 for more compete guidelines regarding landscaping in parking areas.	Not applicable: The site is in the Downtown Shared/Unbundled Parking Area where the parking demand generated by the site is being accommodated by shared public parking lots in downtown.
E.3.7.07	Guideline	All utilities in conjunction with new residential and commercial development should be placed underground.	Not applicable: Proposed project would not result in redevelopment of the site.
E.3.7.08	Guideline	Above ground meters, boxes and other utility equipment should be screened from public view through use of landscaping or by integrating into the overall building design.	Complies: Utility equipment would remain in a cabinet.
Parking Ga			
E.3.7.09	Standard	To promote the use of bicycles, secure bicycle parking shall be provided at the street level of public parking garages. Bicycle parking is also discussed in more detail in Section F.5 "Bicycle Storage Standards and Guidelines."	Not applicable: A parking garage is not proposed as part of this project.
E.3.7.10	Guideline	Parking garages on downtown parking plazas should avoid monolithic massing by employing change in façade rhythm, materials and/or color.	Not applicable: A parking garage is not proposed as part of this project.

Section	Standard or Guideline	<u>Requirement</u>	<u>Evaluation</u>
E.3.7.11	Guideline	To minimize or eliminate their visibility and impact from the street and other significant public spaces, parking garages should be underground, wrapped by other uses (i.e. parking podium within a development) and/or screened from view through architectural and/or landscape treatment.	Not applicable: A parking garage is not proposed as part of this project.
E.3.7.12	Guideline	Whether free-standing or incorporated into overall building design, garage façades should be designed with a modulated system of vertical openings and pilasters, with design attention to an overall building façade that fits comfortably and compatibly into the pattern, articulation, scale and massing of surrounding building character.	Not applicable: A parking garage is not proposed as part of this project.
E.3.7.13	Guideline	Shared parking is encouraged where feasible to minimize space needs, and it is effectively codified through the plan's off-street parking standards and allowance for shared parking studies.	Not applicable: The site is in the Downtown Shared/Unbundled Parking Area where the parking demand generated by the site is being accommodated by shared public parking lots in downtown.
E.3.7.14	Guideline	A parking garage roof should be approached as a usable surface and an opportunity for sustainable strategies, such as installment of a green roof, solar panels or other measures that minimize the heat island effect.	Not applicable: A parking garage is not proposed as part of this project.
	inable Practices		
Overall Sta			
E.3.8.01	Standard	Unless the Specific Plan area is explicitly exempted, all citywide sustainability codes or requirements shall apply.	Acknowledged.
Overall Gui	idelines		
E.3.8.02	Guideline	Because green building standards are constantly evolving, the requirements in this section should be reviewed and updated on a regular basis of at least every two years.	Acknowledged.
Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) Standards			

Section	Standard or	<u>Requirement</u>	<u>Evaluation</u>
	Guideline		
E.3.8.03	Standard	Development shall achieve LEED certification, at Silver level or higher, or a LEED Silver equivalent standard for the project types listed below. For LEED certification, the applicable standards include LEED New Construction; LEED Core and Shell; LEED New Homes; LEED Schools; and LEED Commercial Interiors. Attainment shall be achieved through LEED certification or through a Cityapproved outside auditor for those projects pursing a LEED equivalent standard. The requirements, process and applicable fees for an outside auditor program shall be established by the City and shall be reviewed and updated on a regular basis. LEED certification or equivalent standard, at a Silver lever or higher, shall be required for:  Newly constructed residential buildings of Group R (single-family, duplex and multi-family);  Newly constructed commercial buildings of Group B (occupancies including among others office, professional and service type transactions) and Group M (occupancies including among others display or sale of merchandise such as department stores, retail stores, wholesale stores, markets and sales rooms) that are 5,000 gross square feet or more;  New first-time build-outs of commercial interiors that are 20,000 gross square feet or more in buildings of Group B and M occupancies; and  Major alterations that are 20,000 gross square feet or more in existing buildings of Group B, M and R occupancies, where interior finishes are removed and significant upgrades to structural and mechanical, electrical and/or plumbing systems are proposed.  All residential and/or mixed use developments of sufficient size to require LEED certification or equivalent standard under the Specific Plan shall install one dedicated electric vehicle/plug-in hybrid electric vehicle recharging station for every 20 residential parking spaces provided. Per the Climate Action Plan the complying applicant could receive incentives, such as streamlined permit processing, fee discounts, or design templates.	Not applicable: The proposed project includes exterior modifications to the front and rear facades and the addition of 37 square feet of floor area to a 2,442 square foot building to extend the front entryway to the roofline, and would not trigger the need for LEED certification.
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Section	Standard or Guideline	Requirement	<u>Evaluation</u>
E.3.8.04	Guideline	The development of larger projects allows for more comprehensive sustainability planning and design, such as efficiency in water use, stormwater management, renewable energy sources and carbon reduction features. A larger development project is defined as one with two or more buildings on a lot one acre or larger in size. Such development projects should have sustainability requirements and GHG reduction targets that address neighborhood planning, in addition to the sustainability requirements for individual buildings (See Standard E.3.8.03 above). These should include being certified or equivalently verified at a LEED-ND (neighborhood development), Silver level or higher, and mandating a phased reduction of GHG emissions over a period of time as prescribed in the 2030 Challenge.  The sustainable guidelines listed below are also relevant to the project area. They relate to but do not replace LEED certification or equivalent standard rating requirements.	Not applicable: The proposed project includes exterior modifications to the front and rear facades and the addition of 37 square feet of floor area to a 2,442 square foot building to extend the front entryway to the roofline, and would not trigger the need for LEED-ND certification.
Building D	ı esign Guidelines		<u>I</u>
E.3.8.05	Guideline	Buildings should incorporate narrow floor plates to allow natural light deeper into the interior.	Not applicable: Project consists of exterior modifications to the front and rear facades and the addition of floor area to extend the front entryway to the roofline.
E.3.8.06	Guideline	Buildings should reduce use of daytime artificial lighting through design elements, such as bigger wall openings, light shelves, clerestory lighting, skylights, and translucent wall materials.	Complies: Two new skylights are proposed that would provide natural light and help reduce use of daytime artificial lighting.
E.3.8.07	Guideline	Buildings should allow for flexibility to regulate the amount of direct sunlight into the interiors. Louvered wall openings or shading devices like <i>bris soleils</i> help control solar gain and check overheating. <i>Bris soleils</i> , which are permanent sunshading elements, extend from the sunfacing façade of a building, in the form of horizontal or vertical projections depending on sun orientation, to cut out the sun's direct rays, help protect windows from excessive solar light and heat and reduce glare within.	Partially Complies: The existing awning would remain on the rear elevation.
E.3.8.08	Guideline	Where appropriate, buildings should incorporate arcades, trellis and appropriate tree planting to screen and mitigate south and west sun exposure during summer. This guideline would not apply to downtown, the station area and the west side of El Camino Real where buildings have a narrower setback and street trees provide shade.	Not applicable: This site is located in the downtown area.

Section	Standard or Guideline	Requirement	<u>Evaluation</u>
E.3.8.09	Guideline	Operable windows are encouraged in new buildings for natural ventilation.	Not applicable: Applicant indicates front doors on both sides of the property would be open during business hours and plate glass would be too large to be operable.
E.3.8.10	Guideline	To maximize use of solar energy, buildings should consider integrating photovoltaic panels on roofs.	Not applicable: No photovoltaic panels are proposed. The proposed skylights and existing/proposed rooftop equipment limit the ability to install photovoltaic panels.
E.3.8.11	Guideline	Inclusion of recycling centers in kitchen facilities of commercial and residential buildings shall be encouraged. The minimum size of recycling centers in commercial buildings should be 20 cubic feet (48 inches wide x 30 inches deep x 24 inches high) to provide for garbage and recyclable materials.	Not applicable: Existing and proposed use is retail.
Stormwate	r and Wastewate	er Management Guidelines	
E.3.8.12	Guideline	Buildings should incorporate intensive or extensive green roofs in their design. Green roofs harvest rain water that can be recycled for plant irrigation or for some domestic uses. Green roofs are also effective in cutting-back on the cooling load of the air-conditioning system of the building and reducing the heat island effect from the roof surface.	Not applicable: The existing building was constructed in 1958, and would require significant modifications in order to accommodate green roofs.
E.3.8.13	Guideline	Projects should use porous material on driveways and parking lots to minimize stormwater run-off from paved surfaces.	Not applicable: The site does not include driveways or parking lots.
Landscapi	ng Guidelines		
E.3.8.14	Guideline	Planting plans should support passive heating and cooling of buildings and outdoor spaces.	Not applicable: The existing site is built out, with the existing roof line extending almost to the property lines. No landscaping is provided on the site.
E.3.8.15	Guideline	Regional native and drought resistant plant species are encouraged as planting material.	Not applicable: The existing site is built out, with the existing roof line extending almost to the property lines. No landscaping is provided on the site.
E.3.8.16	Guideline	Provision of efficient irrigation system is recommended, consistent with the City's Municipal Code Chapter 12.44 "Water-Efficient Landscaping".	Not applicable: The existing site is built out, with the existing roof line extending almost to the property lines. No landscaping is provided on the site.
Lighting St	tandards		
E.3.8.17	Standard	Exterior lighting fixtures shall use fixtures with low cut-off angles, appropriately positioned, to minimize glare into dwelling units and light pollution into the night sky.	Complies: The proposed exterior sconces would minimize glare and would prevent light pollution.
E.3.8.18	Standard	Lighting in parking garages shall be screened and controlled so as not to disturb surrounding properties, but shall ensure adequate public security.	Not applicable: A parking garage is not proposed.
Lighting G			
E.3.8.19	Guideline	Energy-efficient and color-balanced outdoor lighting, at the lowest lighting levels possible, are encouraged to provide for safe pedestrian and auto circulation.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant all proposed exterior sconces would be LED with dimmers.

Section	Standard or Guideline	<u>Requirement</u>	<u>Evaluation</u>
E.3.8.20	Guideline	Improvements should use ENERGY STAR-qualified fixtures to reduce a building's energy consumption.	Not applicable: A parking garage is not proposed.
E.3.8.21	Guideline	Installation of high-efficiency lighting systems with advanced lighting control, including motion sensors tied to dimmable lighting controls or lighting controlled by timers set to turn off at the earliest practicable hour, are recommended.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant all proposed exterior sconces would be LED with dimmers.
Green Buil	ding Material Gu	idelines	
E.3.8.22	Guideline	The reuse and recycle of construction and demolition materials is recommended. The use of demolition materials as a base course for a parking lot keeps materials out of landfills and reduces costs.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant, the construction and demolition materials will be recycled.
E.3.8.23	Guideline	The use of products with identifiable recycled content, including post-industrial content with a preference for post-consumer content, are encouraged.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant, products with recycled content will be used.
E.3.8.24	Guideline	Building materials, components, and systems found locally or regionally should be used, thereby saving energy and resources in transportation.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant, products shall be sourced locally to the extent possible.
E.3.8.25	Guideline	A design with adequate space to facilitate recycling collection and to incorporate a solid waste management program, preventing waste generation, is recommended.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant, separate recycle and waste bins would be provided.
E.3.8.26	Guideline	The use of material from renewable sources is encouraged.	Tentatively Complies: According to the applicant, wood from sustainable sources would be used.

	owntown Mitigation Monitoring and F	Reporting Progran		
Mitigation Measure	Action	Timing	Implementing Party	Monitoring Party
	AIR QUALITY			
IMPACT BEING ADDRESSED: Impact AIR-1: Implementation of	of the Specific Plan would result in in	creased long-tern	n emissions of crite	eria pollutants associate
with construction activities that could contribute substantiall	y to an air quality violation. (Significa	nnt)		
Mitigation Measure AIR-1a: During construction of individual projects under the Specific Plan, project applicants shall require the construction contractor(s) to implement the following measures required as part of Bay Area Air Quality Management District's (BAAQMD) basic dust control procedures required for construction sites. For projects for which construction emissions exceed one or more of the applicable BAAQMD thresholds, additional measures shall be required as indicated in the list following the Basic Controls.		Measures shown on plans, construction documents and on-going during demolition, excavation and construction.	Project sponsor(s) and contractor(s)	PW/CDD
Basic Controls that Apply to All Construction Sites  1. All exposed surfaces (e.g., parking areas, staging areas, soil piles, graded areas, and unpaved access roads) shall be watered two times per day.  2. All haul trucks transporting soil, sand, or other loose material off-site shall be covered.  3. All visible mud or dirt track-out onto adjacent public roads shall be removed using wet power vacuum street sweepers at least once per day. The use of dry power sweeping is prohibited.  4. All vehicle speeds on unpaved roads shall be limited to 15	Trucks carrying demolition debris shall be covered.			
mph. 5. All roadways, driveways, and sidewalks to be paved shall be completed as soon as possible. Building pads shall be laid as	15 mph. Roadways, driveways, sidewalks and building pads shall be laid as soon as possible after grading.  Idling times shall be minimized to 5 minutes or less; Signage posted at all access points.			

El Camino Real/D	owntown Mitigation Monitoring and F	Reporting Progran	n	
Mitigation Measure	Action	Timing	Implementing Party	Monitoring Party
7. All construction equipment shall be maintained and properly tuned in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. All equipment shall be checked by a certified mechanic and determined to be running in proper condition prior to operation.	Construction equipment shall be properly tuned and maintained.			
8. Post a publicly visible sign with the telephone number and person to contact at the Lead Agency regarding dust complaints. This person shall respond and take corrective action within 48 hours. The BAAQMD's phone number shall also be visible to ensure compliance with applicable regulations.	Signage will be posted with the appropriate contact information regarding dust complaints.			
	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES			
Impact BIO-3: Impacts to migratory or breeding special-status				
Mitigation Measure BIO-3a: Reduce building lighting from exterior sources.  a. Minimize amount and visual impact of perimeter lighting and façade up-lighting and avoid uplighting of rooftop antennae and other tall equipment, as well as of any decorative features;  b. Installing motion-sensor lighting, or lighting controlled by timers set to turn off at the earliest practicable hour;  c. Utilize minimum wattage fixtures to achieve required lighting levels;  d. Comply with federal aviation safety regulations for large buildings by installing minimum intensity white strobe lighting with a three-second flash interval instead of continuous flood lighting, rotating lights, or red lighting  e. Use cutoff shields on streetlight and external lights to prevent upwards lighting.	Reduce building lighting from exterior sources.	Prior to building permit issuance and ongoing.	Project sponsor(s) and contractor(s)	CDD
Mitigation Measure BIO-3b: Reduce building lighting from interior sources.  a. Dim lights in lobbies, perimeter circulation areas, and atria;  b. Turn off all unnecessary lighting by 11pm thorough sunrise, especially during peak migration periods (mid-March to early June and late August through late October);  c. Use gradual or staggered switching to progressively turn on building lights at sunrise.  d. Utilize automatic controls (motion sensors, photosensors, etc.) to shut off lights in the evening when no one is present;	Reduce building lighting from interior sources.	Prior to building permit issuance and ongoing.	Project sponsor(s) and contractor(s)	CDD

	owntown Mitigation Monitoring and F			Manitarium Dayl
Mitigation Measure	Action	Timing	Implementing Party	Monitoring Party
e. Encourage the use of localized task lighting to reduce the need for more extensive overhead lighting;				
f. Schedule nightly maintenance to conclude by 11 p.m.;				
g. Educate building users about the dangers of night lighting to birds.				
	CULTURAL RESOURCES			
Impact CUL-1: The proposed Specific Plan could have a signi				
Mitigation Measure CUL-1: Site Specific Evaluations and Treatment in Accordance with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards:  Site-Specific Evaluations: In order to adequately address the level of potential impacts for an individual project and thereby design appropriate mitigation measures, the City shall require project sponsors to complete site-specific evaluations at the time that individual projects are proposed at or adjacent to buildings that are at least 50 years old.  The project sponsor shall be required to complete a site-specific historic resources study performed by a qualified architectural historian meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Architecture or Architectural History. At a minimum, the evaluation shall consist of a records search, an intensive-level pedestrian field survey, an evaluation of significance using standard National Register Historic Preservation and California Register Historic Preservation evaluation criteria, and recordation of all identified historic buildings and structures on California Department of Parks and Recreation 523 Site Record forms. The evaluation shall describe the historic context and setting, methods used in the investigation, results of the evaluation, and recommendations for management of identified resources. If federal or state funds are involved, certain agencies, such as the Federal Highway Administration and California Department of Transportation (Caltrans), have specific requirements for inventory areas and documentation format.	A qualified architectural historian shall complete a site-specific historic resources study. For structures found to be historic, specify treating conforming to Secretary of the Interior's standards, as applicable.	Simultaneously with a project application submittal.	Qualified architectural historian retained by the Project sponsor(s).	STATUS: COMPLETE: The historic resource evaluation from Archives and Architecture, dated June 2016, concludes the existing building at the subject property is not a historic resource, and the project will not have an adverse effect on a historic resource, as the property is not eligible for the California Register of Historical Resources. Therefore, the project is not required under CEQ to comply with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties and Guideline for Preserving, Rehabilitating, Restoring and Reconstructing Historic Buildings.

Mitigation Measure	Action	Timing	Implementing Party	Monitoring Party
Treatment in Accordance with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards. Any future proposed project in the Plan Area that would affect previously recorded historic resources, or those dentified as a result of site-specific surveys and evaluations, shall conform to the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties and Guidelines for Preserving, Rehabilitating, Restoring, and Reconstructing Historic Buildings (1995). The Standards require the preservation of character defining features which convey a building's historical significance, and offers guidance about appropriate and compatible alterations to such structures.			. u. y	
	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS			
Impact HAZ-3: Hazardous materials used on any individual si environment through improper handling or storage. (Potentia	te during construction activities (i.e.	, fuels, lubricants,	solvents) could be	released to the
Mitigation Measure HAZ-3: All development and redevelopment shall require the use of construction Best Management Practices (BMPs) to control handling of hazardous materials during construction to minimize the potential negative effects from accidental release to groundwater and soils. For projects that disturb less than one acre, a list of BMPs to be implemented shall be part of building specifications and approved of by the City Building Department prior to issuance of a building permit.	Implement best management practices to reduce the release of hazardous materials during construction.		Project sponsor(s) and contractor(s)	CDD

	owntown Mitigation Monitoring and F	Reporting Program		
Mitigation Measure	Action	Timing	Implementing	Monitoring Party
	NOISE		Party	
mpact NOI-1: Construction activities associated with implement		eult in euhetantia	l temporary or per	indic increases in
ambient noise levels in the Specific Plan area above levels ex				
Mitigation Measure NOI-1a: Construction contractors for	A construction noise control plan shall	Prior to	Project sponsor(s)	CDD
subsequent development projects within the Specific Plan area	be prepared and submitted to the City	demolition,	and	
shall utilize the best available noise control techniques (e.g.,	for review.	grading or	contractor(s)	
mproved mufflers, equipment redesign, use of intake silencers,	Implement noise control techniques to	building permit		
ducts, engine enclosures, and acousticallyattenuating shields or	reduce ambient noise levels.	issuance		
shrouds, etc.) when within 400 feet of sensitive receptor		Measures shown		
ocations. Prior to demolition, grading or building permit issuance,		on plans,		
a construction noise control plan that identifies the best available		construction		
noise control techniques to be implemented, shall be prepared by		documents and		
he construction contractor and submitted to the City for review		specification and		
and approval. The plan shall include, but not be limited to, the		ongoing through		
ollowing noise control elements:		construction		
Impact tools (e.g., jack hammers, pavement breakers, and rock				
drills) used for construction shall be hydraulically or electrically				
powered wherever possible to avoid noise associated with				
compressed air exhaust from pneumatically powered tools.				
However, where use of pneumatic tools is unavoidable, an				
exhaust muffler on the compressed air exhaust shall be used;				
his muffler shall achieve lower noise levels from the exhaust by				
approximately 10 dBA. External jackets on the tools themselves				
shall be used where feasible in order to achieve a reduction of 5				
dBA. Quieter procedures shall be used, such as drills rather than				
·				
mpact equipment, whenever feasible;				
Stationary noise sources shall be located as far from adjacent				
receptors as possible and they shall be muffled and enclosed				
within temporary sheds, incorporate insulation barriers, or other				
measures to the extent feasible; and				

El Camino Real/Downtown Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program							
Mitigation Measure	Action	Timing	Implementing Party	Monitoring Party			
* When construction occurs near residents, affected parties within 400 feet of the construction area shall be notified of the construction schedule prior to demolition, grading or building permit issuance. Notices sent to residents shall include a project hotline where residents would be able to call and issue complaints. A Project Construction Complaint and Enforcement Manager shall be designated to receive complaints and notify the appropriate City staff of such complaints. Signs shall be posted at the construction site that include permitted construction days and hours, a day and evening contact number for the job site, and day and evening contact numbers, both for the construction contractor and City representative(s), in the event of problems.							
	SPORTATION, CIRCULATION AND PA						
Impact TR-1: Traffic from future development in the Plan area							
Mitigation Measures TR-1a through TR-1d: (see EIR for details)	Payment of fair share funding.	Prior to building permit issuance.	Project sponsor(s)	PW/CDD			

# **Community Development**



### **STAFF REPORT**

Planning Commission

Meeting Date: 11/7/2016 Staff Report Number: 16-087-PC

Public Hearing: Use Permit/Clara Ting/1045 Trinity Drive

#### Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve a request for a use permit to demolish an existing two-story, single-family fire-damaged residence and construct a new two-story, single-family residence on a substandard lot with regard to lot width in the R-E-S (Residential Estate Suburban) zoning district, at 1045 Trinity Drive. There is an active building permit regarding the remodeling of and additions to the first floor and lower floor. The applicant is now requesting that the building be demolished and rebuilt, which requires Planning Commission review of the overall proposal. The recommended actions are contained within Attachment A.

### **Policy Issues**

Each use permit request is considered individually. The Planning Commission should consider whether the required use permit findings can be made for the proposal.

### **Background**

#### Site location

The subject site is located at 1045 Trinity Drive between Klamath Drive and Whitney Drive in the Sharon Heights neighborhood. The rear yard of the property contains a public utility easement that measures between approximately 24 and 39 feet wide from the rear property line. The rear property line faces Sharon Park Drive which leads to a residential development at 1100-1290 Sharon Park Drive, which is located in the middle of the golf course of the Sharon Heights Golf and Country Club.

The subject property has varied topography which slopes downward at the side and rear yards. All parcels on Trinity Drive contain single-family residences that are also zoned R-E-S. The country club is in the OSC (Open Space and Conservation) zoning district. Nearby are other properties, mainly townhomes in the R-1-S(X), (Single Family Suburban, Conditional Development) zoning district. A location map is included as Attachment B. There is a mix of one and two-story single-family residences surrounding the project site which feature varied architectural styles, including ranch and modern style homes.

### **Building permit**

A building permit application was issued on July 1, 2015, and remodeling and construction are underway on this single-family residence. The original permit did not require Planning Commission review of a use permit, due to its relatively limited scope. On July 25, 2015, there was a fire which damaged the roof and a

Staff Report #: 16-087-PC Page 2

large portion of the existing residence including the master bedroom and bath, two bedrooms, a bathroom, a laundry, family room and living room. The owners have demolished the fire damaged portion and were in the process of rebuilding the home to match the plans of the issued building permit, when they decided to revise their issued building permit to include additional floor area. The expanded scope requires use permit review for new construction on a substandard lot.

### **Analysis**

### **Project description**

The applicant is now requesting approval from the Planning Commission to rebuild the residence. The garage would be the only portion of the home that would not be rebuilt. The applicant proposes to add 1,968 square feet to the residence on the near identical footprint of the fire-damaged home. The existing residence resembles a one-story home from the street. However, the grade of the property slopes downward so that the lower level of the home opens out onto a lower grade. Since the lower level does not qualify as a basement under the Zoning Ordinance's definition of Floor Area Limit (FAL), the residence is considered a two-story house on a substandard lot with respect to lot width, and the proposal requires use permit approval.

The master bath and bedroom, family and living rooms, dining room and kitchen would all be rebuilt. A new addition to the left of the front entrance inside the courtyard would include one expanded master bath; another large bathroom and additional bedroom would be added next to the garage. A new deck would be added around most of the perimeter of the courtyard. At the left side and rear of the main level of the residence a new redwood deck is proposed above the lower level. This deck would meet setback requirements for balconies and decks above the first level.

The new living room would feature stairs leading to the lower level. At the lower level, another bedroom, game room laundry and theatre are proposed. A data table summarizing parcel and project attributes is included as Attachment C. The project plans and the applicant's project description letter are included as Attachments D and E, respectively.

### Design and materials

The applicant proposes to retain the existing ranch style of the home, with contemporary materials such as a new composition shingle roof, mahogany and glass panel front doors, and new wood garage doors. The windows would be fixed casement and single-hung windows with white vinyl window frames with tinted gray glass. The area between the two front windows of the front facade would have a wood accent panel to complement the wood and glass-paneled front entry door. There would also be a wood band above the garage door as shown on the street perspective drawings. The remainder of the façade of the residence would be gray-painted stucco. Minor changes to the front elevation would be made to correspond with the three-dimensional renderings. Staff has included project-specific condition 4a which states that the proposed plans be revised for consistency with the renderings. Staff believes that the new front entry, new deck in the courtyard combined with the decorative trim would add visual interest to the residence and would be consistent with the neighborhood's mix of architectural styles. Massing impacts would be limited by the topography of the lot and the location of the majority of the floor area at the front and middle of the lot, where it is perceived as a one-story residence.

### Trees and landscaping

There were a total of 31 trees on the subject property, five of which are heritage trees. The applicant has removed five non-heritage sized trees. Three of these trees (numbered 10, 11 and 12) were located in the right side yard of the property and removed for construction of the proposed addition near the garage. One heritage Monterey pine (tree #1) has been removed under an approved Heritage Tree Removal permit. No other heritage trees are proposed for removal at this time. The applicant has submitted an arborist report (Attachment F) detailing the species, size, and conditions of trees on the property. The proposed site improvements should not adversely affect any of the trees as tree protection measures will be ensured through standard condition 3g. Also, staff has included project-specific condition 4b, which states that the plans be revised to reflect the final heritage tree replacement planting requirement and additional tree protection measures such as six-inch chain link fencing and wood chip mulching with trench plates recommended by the City Arborist.

### Correspondence

Staff has received three items of correspondence in support of the proposed project. They are included as Attachment G.

#### Conclusion

Staff believes the scale, materials, style, and decorative elements such as wood accents at the front façade and wood deck at the rear of the home are compatible with the surrounding neighborhood's mix of architectural styles. The perceived massing would be limited by the topography of the lot and the location of most of the floor area at the front and middle of the parcel, where it appears to be a one-story residence. The recommended tree protection measures would help minimize impacts on the heritage trees on the subject property. Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve the proposed project.

### **Impact on City Resources**

The project sponsor is required to pay Planning, Building and Public Works permit fees, based on the City's Master Fee Schedule, to fully cover the cost of staff time spent on the review of the project.

### **Environmental Review**

The project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.

#### **Public Notice**

Public Notification was achieved by posting the agenda, with the agenda items being listed, at least 72 hours prior to the meeting. Public notification also consisted of publishing a notice in the local newspaper and notification by mail of owners and occupants within a 300-foot radius of the subject property.

### **Appeal Period**

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The Planning Commission action will be effective after 15 days unless the action is appealed to the City Council, in which case the outcome of the application shall be determined by the City Council.

#### **Attachments**

- A. Recommended Actions
- B. Location Map
- C. Data Table
- D. Project Plans
- E. Project Description Letter
- F. Arborist Report
- G. Correspondence

#### **Disclaimer**

Attached are reduced versions of maps and diagrams submitted by the applicants. The accuracy of the information in these drawings is the responsibility of the applicants, and verification of the accuracy by City Staff is not always possible. The original full-scale maps, drawings and exhibits are available for public viewing at the Community Development Department.

### **Exhibits to Be Provided at Meeting**

None

Report prepared by:

Michele T. Morris, Assistant Planner

Report reviewed by:

Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner

#### 1045 Trinity Drive – Attachment A: Recommended Actions

LOCATION: 1045 Trinity<br/>DrivePROJECT NUMBER:<br/>PLN2016-00066APPLICANT: Clara Ting<br/>PLICANT: Clara TingOWNER: Keda Wang

**REQUEST:** Request for a use permit to demolish an existing two-story, single-family fire-damaged residence and construct a new two-story, single-family residence with a basement on a substandard lot with regard to lot width in the R-E-S (Residential Estate Suburban) zoning district.

**DECISION ENTITY:** Planning Commission

DATE: November 7, 2016 ACTION: TBD

VOTE: TBD (Barnes, Combs, Goodhue, Kahle, Onken, Riggs, Strehl)

#### **ACTION:**

- 1. Make a finding that the project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.
- 2. Make findings, as per Section 16.82.030 of the Zoning Ordinance pertaining to the granting of use permits, that the proposed use will not be detrimental to the health, safety, morals, comfort and general welfare of the persons residing or working in the neighborhood of such proposed use, and will not be detrimental to property and improvements in the neighborhood or the general welfare of the City.
- 3. Approve the use permit subject to the following *standard* conditions:
  - a. Development of the project shall be substantially in conformance with the plans prepared by Aclara Engineering Consulting consisting of 14 plan sheets, dated received October 26, 2016, and approved by the Planning Commission on November 7, 2016, except as modified by the conditions contained herein, subject to review and approval of the Planning Division.
  - b. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all Sanitary District, Menlo Park Fire Protection District, and utility companies' regulations that are directly applicable to the project.
  - c. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all requirements of the Building Division, Engineering Division, and Transportation Division that are directly applicable to the project.
  - d. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall submit a plan for any new utility installations or upgrades for review and approval by the Planning, Engineering and Building Divisions. All utility equipment that is installed outside of a building and that cannot be placed underground shall be properly screened by landscaping. The plan shall show exact locations of all meters, back flow prevention devices, transformers, junction boxes, relay boxes, and other equipment boxes.
  - e. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit plans indicating that the applicant shall remove and replace any damaged and significantly worn sections of frontage improvements. The plans shall be submitted for review and approval of the Engineering Division.
  - f. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit a Grading and Drainage Plan for review and approval of the Engineering Division. The Grading and Drainage Plan shall be approved prior to the issuance of grading, demolition or building permits.
  - g. Heritage trees in the vicinity of the construction project shall be protected pursuant to the Heritage Tree Ordinance.
- 4. Approve the use permit subject to the following *project-specific* conditions:
  - a. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall

**PAGE**: 1 of 2

### 1045 Trinity Drive - Attachment A: Recommended Actions

<b>LOCATION:</b> 1045 Trinity Drive	PROJECT NUMB PLN2016-00066	ER: APPLICAN	NT: Clara Ting	OWNER: Keda Wang		
<b>REQUEST:</b> Request for a use permit to demolish an existing two-story, single-family fire-damaged residence and construct a new two-story, single-family residence with a basement on a substandard lot with regard to lot width in the R-E-S (Residential Estate Suburban) zoning district.						
<b>DECISION ENTITY:</b> Plant Commission	ning <b>DATE</b> : N	vember 7, 2016 ACTION: TBD		I: TBD		

VOTE: TBD (Barnes, Combs, Goodhue, Kahle, Onken, Riggs, Strehl)

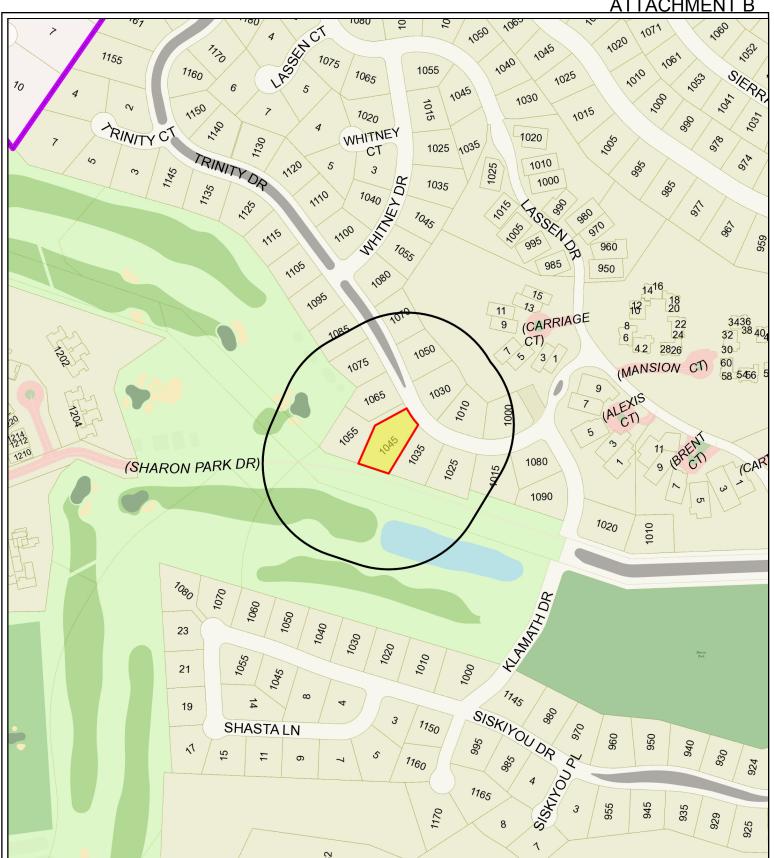
#### **ACTION:**

submit revised elevations that are consistent with the three-dimensional renderings of the plan set, subject to review and approval of the Planning Division.

- b. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit a revised arborist report and a revised site plan addressing the following, subject to the review and approval of the Planning Division:
  - 1) Provide specific tree protection measures for heritage trees numbered 13, 14, 16, 24 and 25;
  - 2) Describe specific impacts to heritage trees based on site, grading, utility, and landscaping;
  - 3) Provide specific tree protection zones (TPZ) for each heritage tree to be preserved in the revised report and include the following elements:
    - a) Tree protection fencing shall be six-inch chain link;
    - b) If fencing inhibits construction access or activities, wood chip mulch with trench plates or plywood may be used to protect the TPZ, and a precise description of where this method will be used shall be provided in the revised arborist report
  - 4) Clearly identify the required heritage tree replacements on the revised site plan, or submit documentation that the City Arborist has waived such requirements.

**PAGE**: 2 of 2

ATTACHMENT B





City of Menlo Park **Location Map** 1045 Trinity Drive



Drawn By: MTM Checked By: THR Date: 9/12/2016 Scale: 1:3,600 Sheet: 1

# 1045 Trinity Drive – Attachment C: Data Table

	PROPOSED PROJECT		_	EXISTING PROJECT		ING ANCE
Lot area	20,151	sf	20,151	sf	15,000	sf min.
Lot width	75	ft.	75	ft.	100	ft. min.
Lot depth	242.99	ft.	242.99	ft.	100	ft. min.
Setbacks						
Front	20	ft.	35.2	ft.	20	ft. min.
Rear	20	ft.	71.4	ft.	20	ft. min.
Side (left)	14.8	ft.	14.8	ft.	25 ft. tot	al, with
Side (right)	10.3	ft.	11.7	ft.	minimum 10	ft. on any
					one (1	) side
Building coverage	4,495.3	sf	3,066	sf	6,045.3	sf max.
	22.4	%	15.2	%	30	% max.
FAL (Floor Area Limit)	5,357	sf	3,066	sf	6,087.8	sf max.
Square footage by floor	3,429	sf/main fl.	2,460	sf/main fl.		
	987	sf/lower fl.		sf/lower fl.		
	606	sf/garage	606	sf/garage		
	335	attic > 5ft				
	450.3	sf/porch				
	10	fireplace				
Square footage of building	5,817.3	sf	3,066	sf		
Building height	20.4	ft.	20.4	ft.	30	ft. max.
Parking	2 co\	vered	2 cov	ered	1 covered/1	uncovered

Trees

Heritage trees	6*	Non-Heritage trees	20	New Trees	1
Heritage trees proposed	0	Non-Heritage trees	0	Total Number of	25
for removal		proposed for removal		Trees	

<sup>\*</sup>One heritage tree has been removed by Heritage Tree Removal permit.

### PROPOSED RENOVATION WANG RESIDENCE

FOR 1045 TRINITY DR., MENLO PARK, CA 94025

ARCHTIECT & STRUCTURAL ENGINEER: Plan Check Submittal ACLARA ENGINEERING CONSULTANT/CLARA TING 06/08/2016 USE PERMIT PLANNER TO PLANNER TEL: (408) 228-7526 06/08/2016 USE PERMIT 10/19/2016 RESPONSE TO PLANNER 4 EMAIL: aclaraeng@gmail.com

#### SCOPE OF WORK

1. THIS PROJECT IS TO ADD A TOTAL OF 1956 SQ.FT. TWO STORY LIVING AREA TO AN EXISTING 2460 SQ.FT. (NOT INCLUDING GARAGE OF 606 SQ.FT.)
THE NEW ADDITION INCLUDE ADDING TWO MASTER BEDROOMS AND ADD A POWDER ROOM IN THE EXISTING LIVING ROOM.



#### VICINITY MAP

PROJECT LOCATION

#### PROJECT DATA

OWNER

PROJECT ADDRESS : ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(A.P.N.): OCCUPANCY GROUP : CONSTRUCTION TYPE BUILDING ZONE : GENERAL PLAN: EXISTING USE: PROPOSED USE: AVERAGE SLOPE OF LOT: AGE OF RESIDENCE: SITE AREA: EXISTING FLOOR AREA: PROPOSED ADDITIONAL FLOOR AREA: TOTAL FLOOR AREA:

FLOOR AREA LIMIT (F.A.L): BUILDING COVERAGE : EXISTING GARAGE: LOT COVERAGE: EXISTING IMPERVIOUS: PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS: TOTAL IMPERVIOUS AREA. MAXIMUM HEIGHT BUILDING HEIGHT: NUMBER OF STORIES:

EXISTING MINIMUM YARDS:

APPLICABLE BUILDING CODE:

20.0 % (4031.25/20151)< 30 % 34.3% 36.6% EXISTING

FRONT LEFT SIDE RIGHT SIDE

64'-8"> 20'

ORDINANCES. ANY OTHER APPLICABLE LOCAL & STATE LAWS & REGULATIONS

REAR

1045 TRINITY DRIVE, MENLO PARK, CALIFORNIA 94025-6644 074-232-060 R-3/U1 V-B RES RESIDENTIAL VERY LOW DENSITY SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL ORIGINAL BUILDING WAS BUILT IN 1963 20151 SF (GROSS/NET) 2460 SQ. FT. +606 SQ.FT.(GARAGE) = 3066 SQ.FT. 1956 SF (NEW ADDITION) 3066(EXISTING)+1,956(ADDITION)+335(DBL COUNT)= 5,357 SQ.FT. < 6,088 SQ.FT. =2800+.25(20151-7000)=6088 SQ.FT. 30 % 606 SQ. FT 20'-5" FT (FROM AVERAGE GRADE) TWO 48-4 > 20 10'-3" > 10' 14'-9" > 10' (SUM OF TWO=25'-0" ≥25'-0")

2013 CBC, CMC, CPC, CFC, CEC, 2013 CALIFORNIA ENERGY STANDARD,& CITY OF MENLO PARK

DRAWING INDEX

TITLE SHEET A-0.1 AREA CALCULATION A-1.0 LOT /SITE PLAN A-1.1 AREA PLAN

A-1.2 EXISTING FLOOR PLAN A-2.1 PROPOSED UPPER LEVEL FLOOR PLAN

A-2.2 PROPOSED LOWER LEVEL FLOOR PLAN

PROPOSED ELEVATIONS A-3.1 A-3.2 PROPOSED ELEVATIONS

A-3.3 SECTIONS A-3.4 SECTIONS A-4.0 ROOF PLAN

A-5.0 STREETSCAPE & PERSPECTIVE DRAWINGS TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY PLAN



**ACLARA ENGINEERING** CONSULTING

ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION P.O. BOX 53892 SAN JOSE, CA 95153 TEL: 408 228-7526 FAX: 408 229-1688



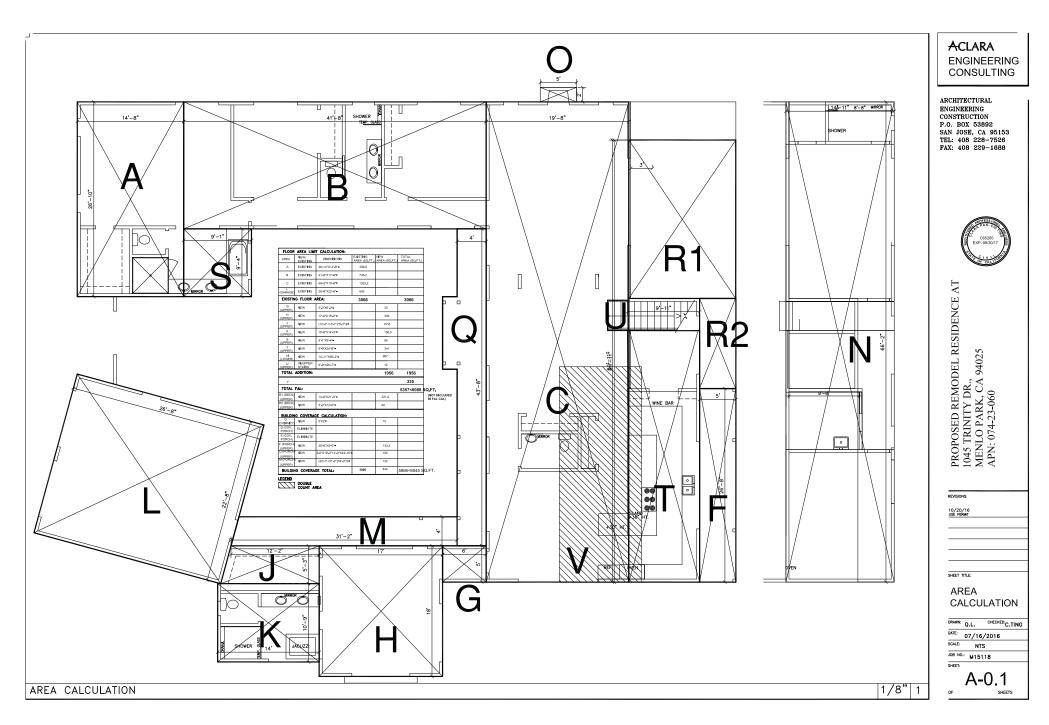
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MENLO PARK, CA 94025
APN: 074-23-060

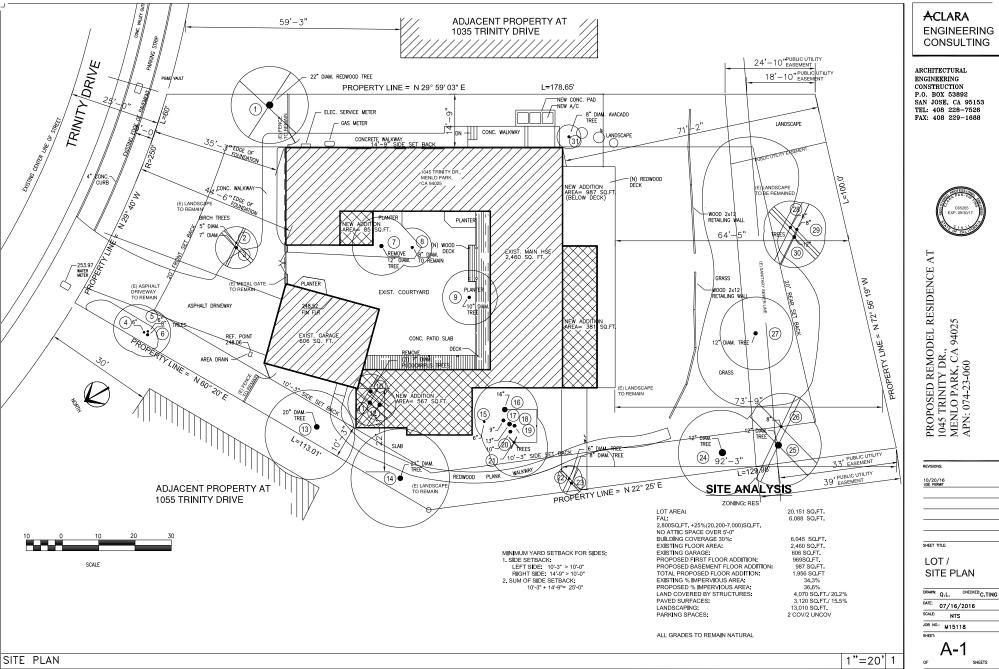
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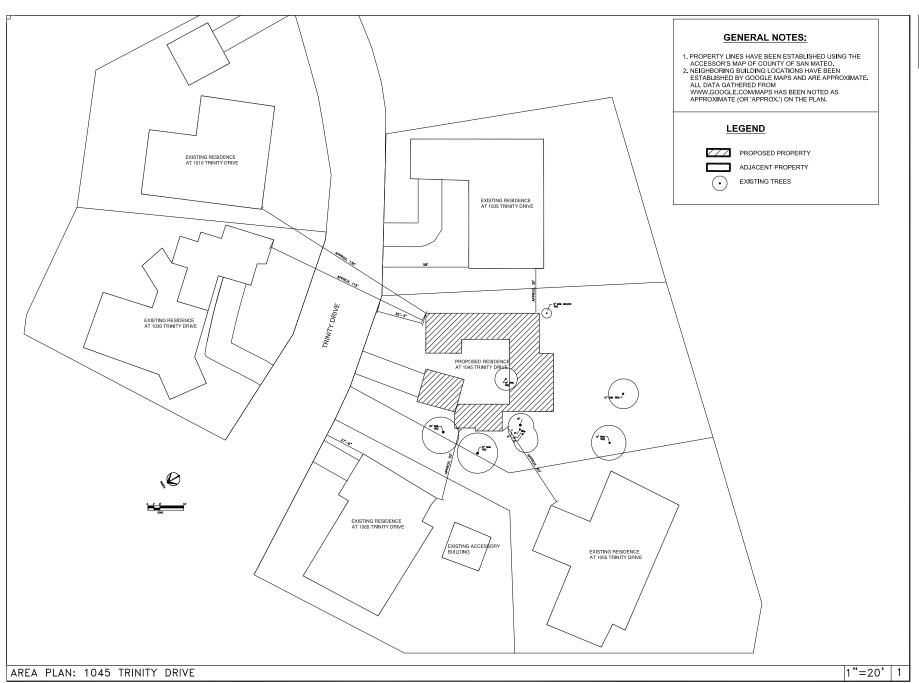
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ATE:	07/16/2016	
CALE		

JOB NO.: M15118

TITLE







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ENGINEERING
CONSULTING

ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION P.O. BOX 53892 SAN JOSE, CA 95153 TEL: 408 228-7526 FAX: 408 229-1688



PROPOSED REMODEL RESIDENCE AT 1045 TRINITY DR., MENLO PARK, CA 94025 APN: 074-23-060

> /20/16 E PERMIT

SHEET TITLE:

AREA PLAN

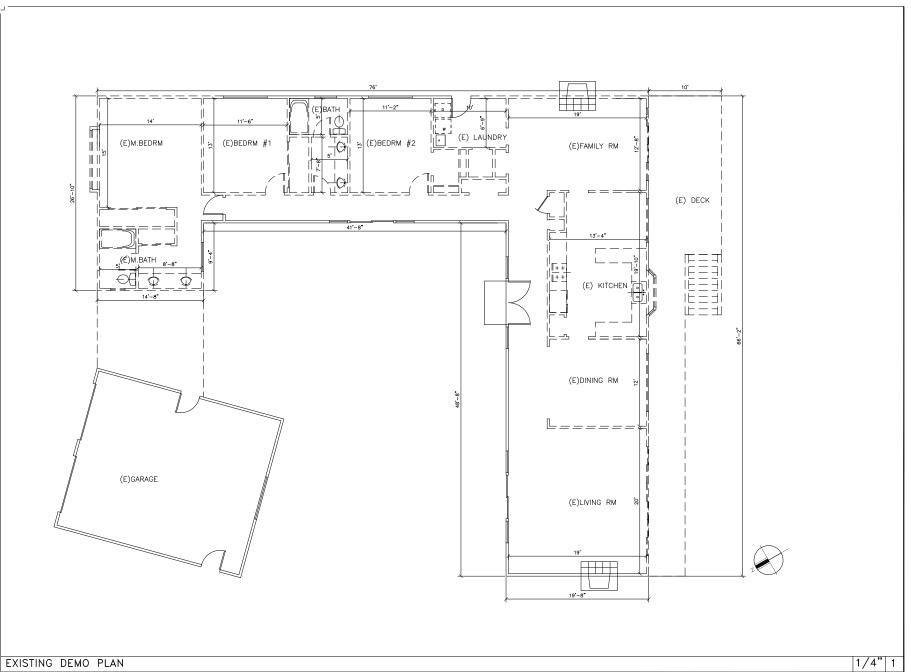
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DATE: 07/16/2016

SCALE: NTS

JOB NO.: M15118
SHEET:

A-1.1



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PROPOSED REMODEL RESIDENCE AT 1045 TRINITY DR., MENLO PARK, CA 94025 APN: 074-23-060

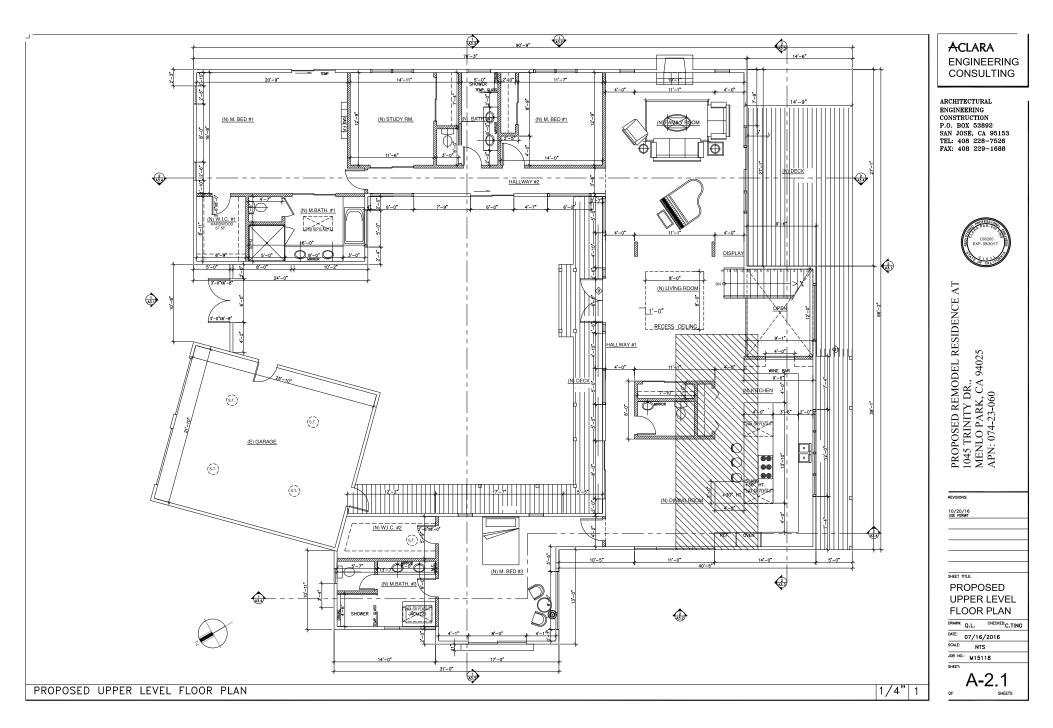
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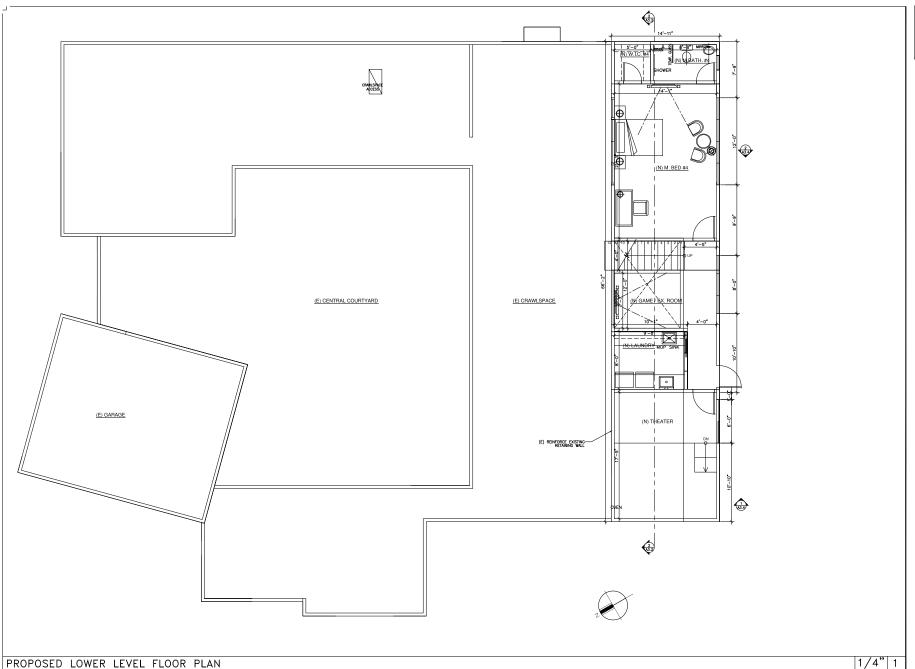
10/20/16 USE PERMIT

SHEET TITLE:

EXISTING DEMO PLAN

A-1.2





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PROPOSED REMODEL RESIDENCE AT 1045 TRINITY DR., MENLO PARK, CA 94025 APN: 074-23-060

> REVISIONS: 10/20/16 USE PERMIT

SHEET TITLE:
PROPOSED

LOWER LEVEL FLOOR PLAN

DRAWN: Q.L. CHECKED; C.TING

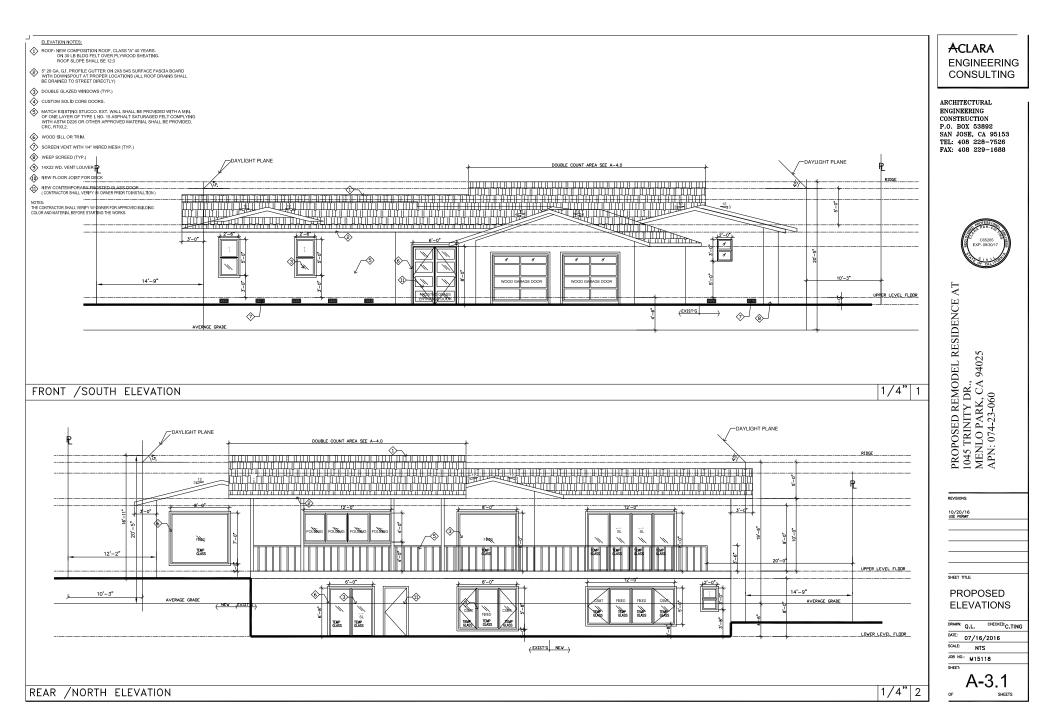
DATE: 07/16/2016

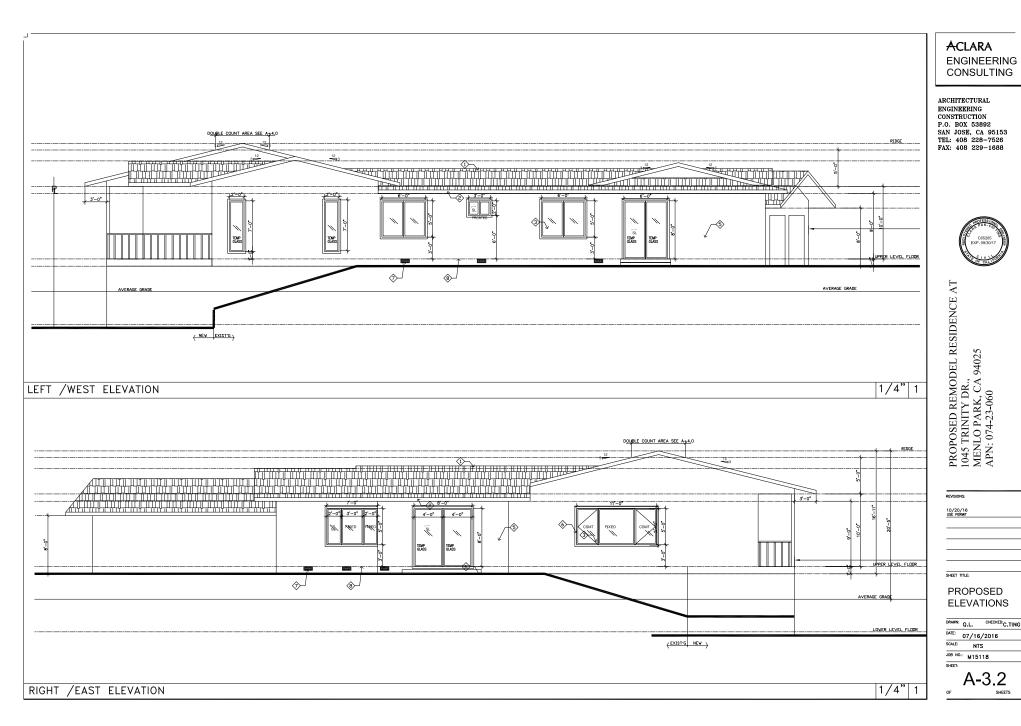
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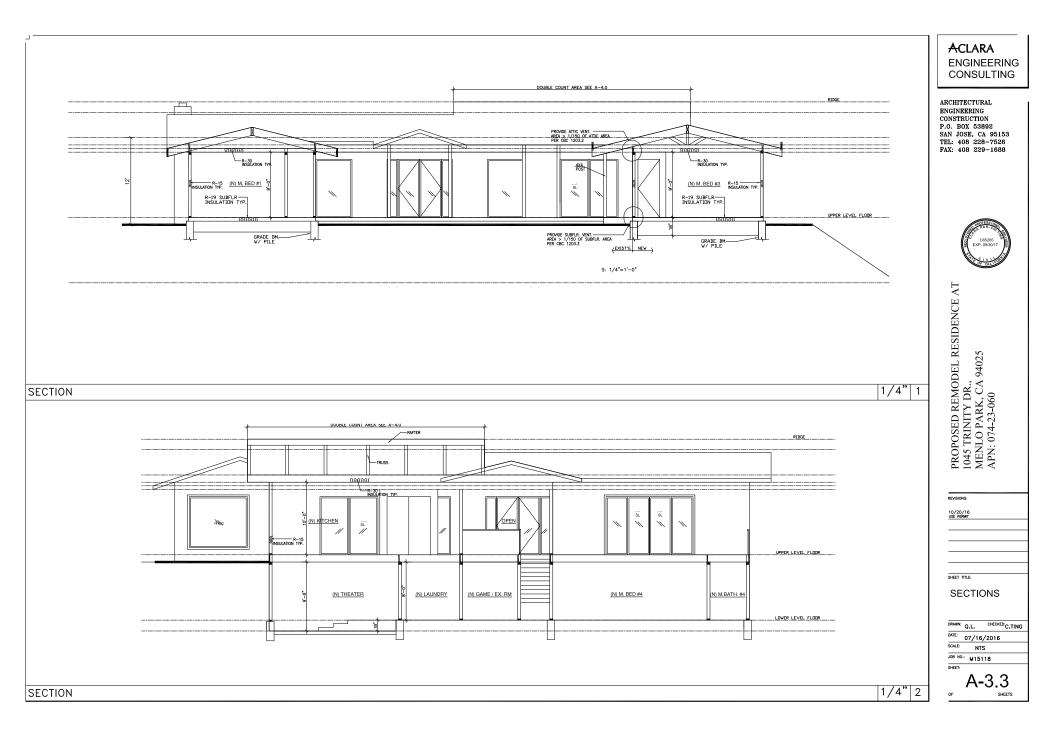
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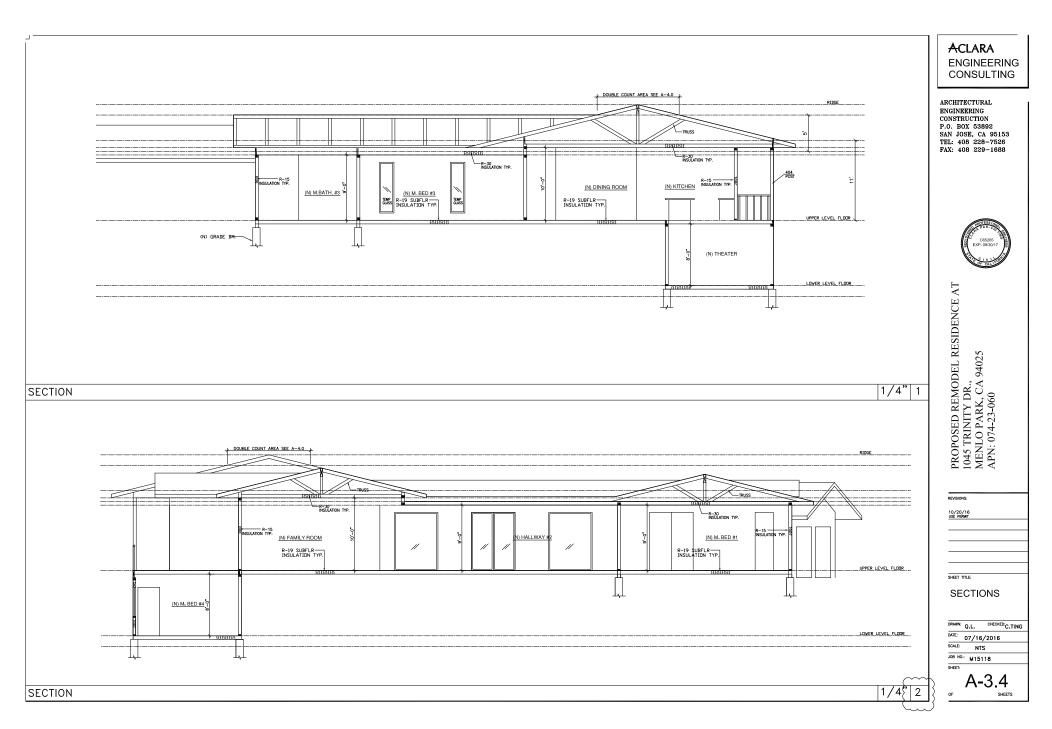
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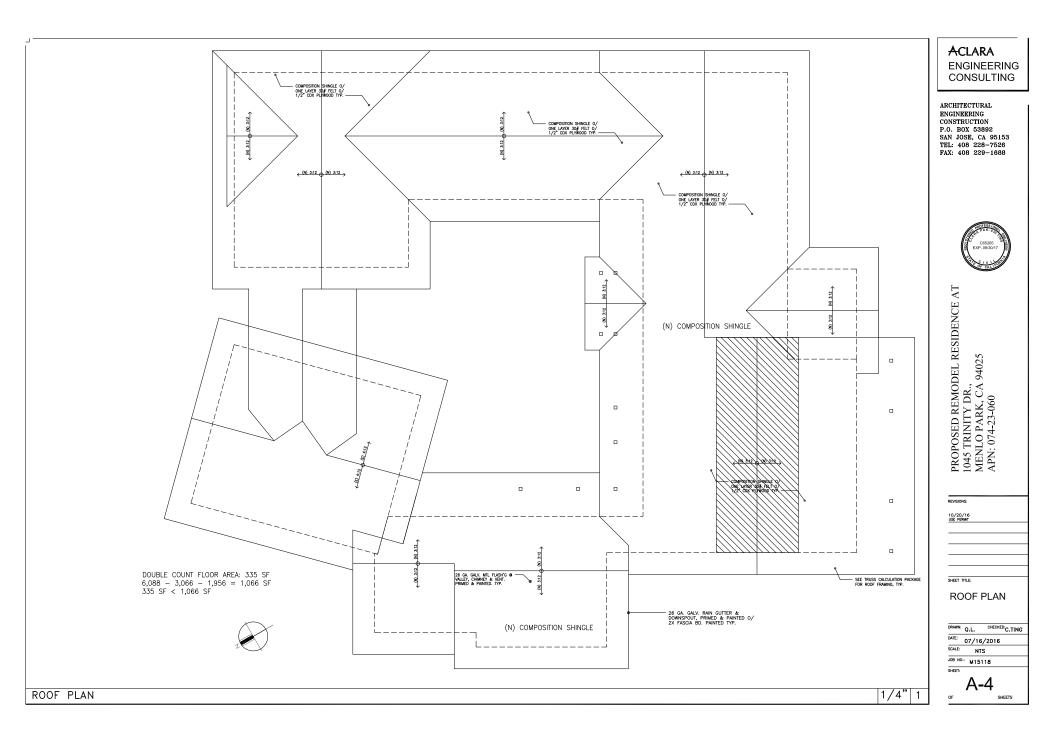
A-2.2













#### <del>A</del>CLARA **ENGINEERING** CONSULTING

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PROPOSED REMODEL RESIDENCE AT 1045 TRINITY DR., MENLO PARK, CA 94025 APN: 074-23-060

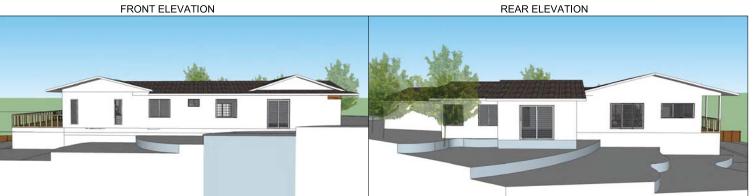
SHEET TITLE:

STREET VIEW & PERSPECTIVE

DRAWN: Q.L. CHECKED: DATE: 07/16/2016 SCALE: NTS JOB NO.: M15118

1/4" STREETSCAPE

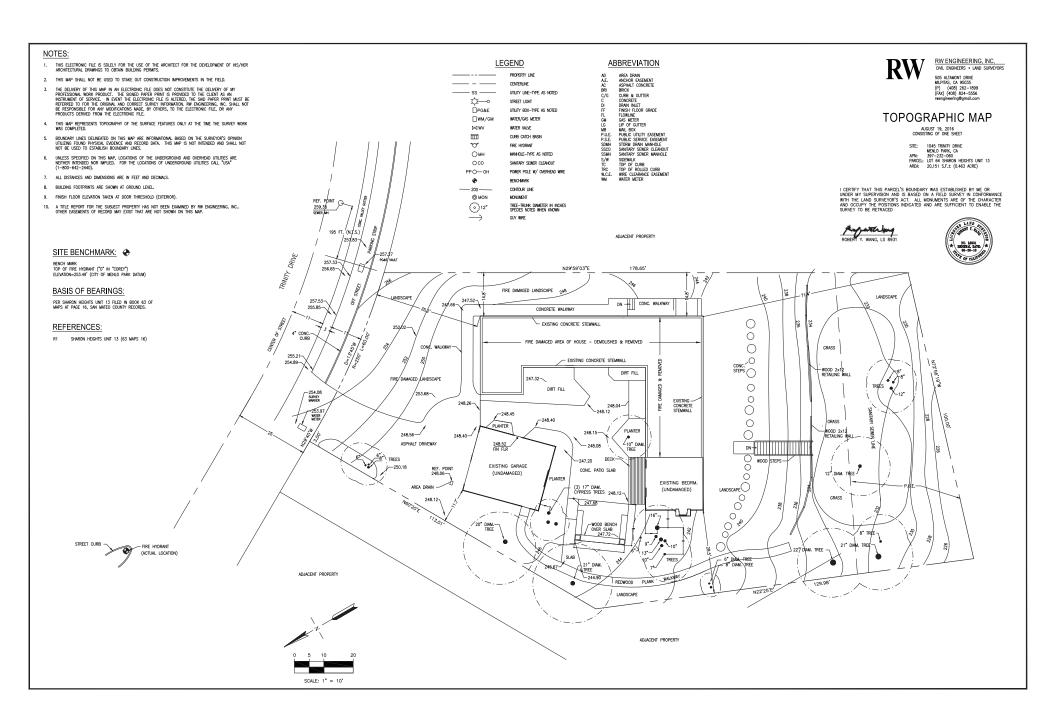




RIGHT ELEVATION

LEFT ELEVATION

PERSPECTIVES DRAWINGS



JUN 0 8 2016

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

# CITY OF MENLO PARK PLANNING

Introduction

The house was originally built in 1952. It was a single story 3,066 SF house located at 1045 Trinity Drive, Menlo Park, CA 94025. The current owner bought the house on February 2014. They were attracted by the similarity of traditional Chinese four-sided courtyard plan and the serenity of the center court. During September 2015, most portion of the house was burned down by an accidental fire. The proposed plan is not only to add additional 2,020 SF to improve the living condition, but to maintain the existing layout and moderate characteristic.

#### **Design Intent**

The proposed design is based on the environmental impact, the sitting with the surrounding and owner's desire to maintain the existing courtyard layout and characters.

The design maintained the narrow building widths in order to take advantage of natural ventilation and daylighting. The building simply follows the nature terrain and adds the basement floor to access the lower landscape level.

The building faces the northeast side on Trinity Drive and butted with neighbor's houses on both sides. It opens to the golf course at the back of the house. The views on the deck at both levels are spectacular. The center courtyard designed as a focal point for all the living spaces on the first floor. It's also function as a viewing garden and main approach to the building.

A central axis was created to organize and access all spaces from the upper to lower levels. It transitions the vehicle arrival point to central courtyard through the main public space and connected by the monumental stair to the lower living and entrainment spaces and activities back yard.

#### **Building Materials**

The building materials were selected to reinforce and to optimize the design concept. At the vehicle arrival point, the building dresses up a wood textured front façade with aluminum / glass front door to act as a translucent barrier to attract the visitor and provide the privacy of the owner.

The aluminum / glass garage doors will match the center front door and accent wood panel at master bedroom suit at left to balance the entrance. A decorated accent stone wall reinforces the central axis along the main entryway; it repeats the same materials at the monumental stair inside the living room to link the basement.

Both East and West elevations were using traditional warm gray stucco finishes to express their moderate characters. The windows will be white vinyl window frame with tinted gray glasses.

Around the central court yard, the strolling path, was created to celebrate the inward viewing garden, which was using a layer of wood wrapped columns, roof overhang and weather treated wood deck. The internal front door will repeat and reflect the characters of external front door.

# 1045 Trinity Dr., Menlo Park, CA 94025

At the back of the house, a 8' overhang protects the southwest side sun exposure and provides space to look. Trellis may be added to reinforce the same concept based on the budget.

The warm gray composition shingle roof has three layers. It cascades down from central living room to both bedroom wings and garage. It reflects the hieratical space of importance. The white metal gutter will highlight the edge of the roof.

# Arbor Gus Professional Treecare

3414 Mount Everest Dr., San Jose, CA 95127 Tel:(408) 398-5296

September 4, 2016

Aclara Engineering Consultant Attn: Ms. Clara Ting, Project Engineer, 830 Stewart Dr., Sunnyvale, CA 94087

RECEIVED

SEP 0 6 2016

**Revised Arborist Report** 

CITY OF MENLO PARK BUILDING

Dear Ms. Ting,

Subject:

Proposed Remodeling Residence at 1045 Trinity Dr., Menlo Park, CA 94025

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Per your request, I visited the above stated site to inspect and comment on the trees. I reviewed total of 31 trees. There was a fire damaged single family house at the time of visit. A remodeled home is planned for the site and are required by the City of Menlo Park, a complete site survey of the trees and a tree protection plan will be provided.

During the inspection, I also mapped out the trees location with reference to the Site Plan, which was prepared and provided by the Project Engineer, Clara Ting, dated 9/1/2016. Each tree was given an identification number as shown on the Tree Map.

#### 2.0 METHOD

All inspections were made from the ground; the trees were not climbed for this inspection. The trees were located on a attached map provided by Clara Ting, the project engineer of the job. The trees were then measured for diameter at 54 inches above ground level (DBH or diameter at breast height). The trees were given a condition rating for form and vitality. The trees condition rating is based on 50 percent vitality and 50 percent form, using the following scale.

1 - 29	Very Poor
30 - 49	Poor
50 - 69	Fair
70 - 89	Good
90 - 100	Excellent

The height of the trees was visual inspected by the Arborist Francisco Javier Garcia (WE8108A) on September 3, 2016, and comments section is provided.

3.0 Tree Survey

3.0	Tree Survey						
Tree #	Species	DBH (in inches)	Condition (in %)	Height	Comments		
1	Monterey Pine	ine 22 10		65'	Removed under permit # HTR2016-		
					00123,see attachment		
2	Birch Tree	5	10	40'	Tree #2 & 3 are twin trunk, dead due		
					to fire, removed.		
3	Birch Tree	7	10	40'	Tree #2 & 3 are twin trunk, dead due		
					to fire, removed.		
4	Olive Tree	6	80	20'	Tree #4, 5 & 6 are multi trunk from		
					one tree, Healthy. Good to keep		
5	Olive Tree	6	80	25'	Tree #4, 5 & 6 are multi trunk from		
					one tree, Healthy, Good to keep		
6	Olive Tree	8	80	25'	Tree #4, 5 & 6 are multi trunk from		
					one tree, Healthy, Good to keep		
7	Pear Tree	12	20	12'	Damaged by fire, removed		
8	Pear Tree	8	40	10'	Damaged by fire, removed		
9	Pear Tree	10	90	23'	Healthy, Vigor, Good to keep		
10	Podocarpus	7	70	10'	Removed		
11	Podocarpus	7	70	10'	Removed		
12	Podocarpus	8	70	12'	Removed		
13	Cedar	20	60	70'	Healthy, with one trunk got damage,		
					Vigor, need protection during		
					construction		
14	Cedar	21	80	70'	Healthy, Vigor, need protection during		
					construction		
15	Japanese Maple	6	90	15'	Healthy, Good to keep		
16	Modesto Ash	16	90	50'	Healthy, Good to keep		
17	Modesto Ash	9	90	50'	Healthy, Good to keep		
18	Modesto Ash	13	90	50'	Healthy, Good to keep		
19	Modesto Ash	10	90	40'	Healthy, Good to keep		
20	Modesto Ash	10	90	40'	Healthy, Good to keep		
21	Modesto Ash	7	90	30'	Tilted over 5' at top, poor structure,		
41	Wiodesto Asii	/ /	70	30	need to be removed		
22	Plum Tree	6	35	20'	Tree #22 and 23, One trunk spilt into		
22	Tidin fice		55	20	2, declining, need to be removed		
23	Plum Tree	8	35	20'	Tree #22 and 23, One trunk spilt into		
43	Train fice	0	33	20	2, declining, need to be removed		
24	Cedar	22	90	70'	Healthy to keep		
25	Monterey Pine	21	40	60'	<del></del>		
23	Wioliterey Fille	21	40	00	Clouded by Tree #24, need to be removed		
26	Birch	8	10	40'			
27	Chinese Elm	12			Dead, removed		
		8	80	27'	Healthy, Retain		
28	Birch	8	0	45'	Tree #28,29 & 30,are multiple trunks		
					from one tree,		
30	D:1	0	0		Dead, need to be removed		
29	Birch	8	0	45'	Tree #28,29 & 30,are multiple trunks		
					from one tree,		
30	D: 1	12			Dead, need to be removed		
30	Birch	12	0	45'	Tree #28,29 & 30,are multiple trunks		
					from one tree,		
2.1		0"			Dead, need to be removed		
31	Loquat	8"	95	15'	Healthy, retain		

#### 4.0 Summary

There were total of five trees were damaged by the fire. These trees are include: Tree #1, Tree #2, Tree #3, Tree #7 and Tree #8. The Monterey Pine (Tree #1), which had been removed under Permit # HTR2016-00123, was dead due to the cause of fire. The other two Olive Trees (Tree #2, Tree #3), which located in the front yard, and the Pear Trees (Tree #7, Tree #8), which were located in the central courtyard by the outside of the living room, were damaged due to fire and been removed. Since they are small enough to be dug up and were removed after the fire during the demolition of the burnt down portion of the main house.

Tree #4, Tree #5 and Tree #6 are located in the left side of the front yard. They are healthy and good to keep. All trees are Olive.

Tree #9 is healthy and vigor pear tree, which located in the central court by the living room. The owner had decided to keep.

Tree #10, Tree #11 and Tree #12 are Podocarpus. They are 7" diameter trunk. They are within the perimeter of the addition and been removed in 2015.

As mentioned from the introduction, during construction, both Cedar trees (Tree #13 & Tree #14) need protection. In order to reduce the construction impacts to all retained trees, keep all construction equipment and materials outside of this fencing. Also, keep all excavation outside the fenced tree areas unless the arborist gives his approval. Please refer to section 5 for the *Mitigating Measures for Construction Impacts on Existing Trees*. Both Cedar are along the north fence, about 2' away. All new proposed construction will be outside the driplines. Install protective fencing at the trees' driplines.

The Japanese Maple (Tree #15) is 6" in diameter, which are located in the far left corner of the existing living room. The condition of the Japanese Maple is very healthy and good to keep.

Tree #16-Tree #21 is all Modesto Ash. They are all located right next to the Japanese Maple. They are all healthy and good to keep. However for Tree #21 is currently tiled over 5' at the top. It has potential of collapse. Owner should remove it in the near future.

Plum Tree #22, and #23 are located right next to the fence between 1055 Trinity and our property. One trunk spilt into two and is declining. During my inspection on 9/3/16, one of the 6" tree trunks collapsed and fell into the neighbor's driveway. Owner needs to remove the trees soon.

Cedar Tree #24 is 70' high and healthy to keep. However, the owner may need to prune the tree.

Montery Pine Tree #25 is located by the north-west fence. This tree is poorly located underneath the canopy of the neighbor cedar Tree #24. As the tree continues to grow in height, it is likely to develop a lean as it will soon in competition with the Cedar tree. Removal of this tree might be needed as this tree will have future growing issues as it is suppressed by the cedar. The tree is in the risk of failure.

Tree #26 is a birch and already dead. It had been removed in 2016.

Tree #27 is a 27' high Chinese Elm. It is healthy and recommend to keep.

Tree #28-#30 is a Birch with multiple trunks from one tree. It's dead and need to remove.

Tree #31 is a Loquat is healthy and good to keep.

### 5.0 Mitigating measures for construction impacts on existing trees

#### a. Introduction

It is an established fact that construction around existing trees will impact the trees to some degree. The degree of impact is largely predicated on the condition of the tree(s) before the construction activity begins. It is therefore important to inspect all trees prior to any construction activity to develop a "Tree Protection Program" based on the species, size, condition, and expected impact. A Certified Arborist (International Society of Arboriculture) is suggested for this work. The local University of California Extension or County Farm Advisors Office has the names of local certified arborists.

#### b. Site Preparation

All existing trees shall be fenced within, at, or outside the dripline (foliar spread) of the tree using the following formula: Five inches in distance from the trunk, for every inch in trunk diameter, measured 4.5 feet above the average ground level. Example: a 24-inch diameter tree would have a fence erected 10 feet from the base of the tree  $(24 \times 5 = 120/12 = 10)$ . The fencing should not interfere with actual construction, but is intended to redirect unnecessary traffic, and to protect limbs and roots. No storage of materials, unnecessary trenching, grading, or soil compaction shall be allowed within the dripline of the trees. Local ordinances may have different tree protection formulae.

The fence should be a minimum of four feet high, made of pig wire, snow fence, or cyclone, with steel stakes or pipes as posts.

If the fence is within the dripline of the trees, the foliar fringe outside the fence shall be raised to offset the chance of limb breakage from construction equipment encroaching within the dripline.

All contractors, subcontractors, and other personnel shall be warned that encroachment within the fenced area is forbidden without the consent of the certified arborist on the job. This includes, but is not limited to, storage of lumber and other materials, disposed-of paints, solvents, or other noxious materials, parked cars, grading equipment, and other heavy equipment. The temporary fence shall be maintained until the landscape contractor enters the job and commences landscape construction.

#### c. Grading/Excavating

All grading plans that specify grading within the dripline of any tree, or within the distance from the trunk as outlined in SECTION II when said distance is outside the dripline, shall first be reviewed by the certified arborist. The arborist shall outline provisions for aeration, drainage, pruning, tunneling beneath roots, root pruning, or other necessary actions to protect the trees. The arborist shall be notified prior to any excavation within the dripline of any heritage tree.

If trenching is necessary within the area, as described above, said trenching shall be undertaken by hand labor. All roots 2 inches or larger shall be tunneled and smaller roots shall be cut smoothly to the side of the trench. The side of the trench should be draped immediately with two layers of untreated burlap to a depth of 3 feet from the surface. The burlap shall be soaked nightly and left in place until the trench is backfilled to the original level. The arborist shall examine the trench prior to backfilling to ascertain the number and size of roots cut, and to suggest further remedial repairs.

#### d. Remedial Repairs Penalties

The arborist on the job shall have the responsibility of observing all ongoing activities that may affect the trees, and prescribing necessary remedial work to insure the health and stability of said trees. This includes, but is not limited to, all arborist activities specified in SECTIONS I, II, and III. In addition, pruning, as outlined in the "Pruning Standards" of the Western Chapter of the International Society of Arboriculture, shall be prescribed as necessary. Fertilizing, mulching, aeration, irrigation, drainage, pest control, and other activities shall be prescribed according to the tree needs, local site requirements, and State Agricultural Pest Control Laws. All specifications shall be in writing. For a list of licensed pest control operators or advisors, consult the local County Agricultural Commissioner's Office.

Penalties, based on the cost of remedial repairs and the appraised values provided in the Evaluation Guide published by the International Society of Arboriculture, shall be assessed for damages to the trees.

#### e. Final Inspection

Upon completion of the project, the arborist shall review all work undertaken that impacted the existing trees. Special attention shall be given to cuts and fills, compaction, drainage, pruning, and future remedial work. The arborist should submit a final report in writing outlining the ongoing remedial care following the final inspection.

#### 6.0 Tree Protection Plan:

#### a. Tree Protected Zones

It is an established fact that construction around existing trees will impact the trees to some degree. The degree of impact is largely predicated on the condition of the tree(s) before the construction activity begins. It is therefore important to inspect all trees prior to any construction activity to develop a "Tree Protection Program" based on the species, size, condition, and expected impact. A Certified Arborist (International Society of Arboriculture) is suggested for this work. The

local University of California Extension or County Farm Advisors Office has the names of local certified arborists.

### b. Roof Cutting and Grading

Any roots to be cut shall be monitored and documented. Large roots (over 2" diameter) or large masses of roots to be cut must be inspected by the site arborist. The site arborist, at this time, may recommend irrigation or fertilization of the root zone. All roots needing to be cut should be cut clean with a saw or lopper. Roots to be left exposed for a period of time should be covered with layers of burlap and kept moist. The over dig for the foundation should be reduced as much as possible when roots are encountered.

### c. Trenching and Excavation

Trenching for irrigation, drainage, electrical or any other reason shall be done by hand when inside the dripline of a protected tree. Hand digging and the careful placement of pipes below or besides protected roots will significantly reduce root loss, thus reducing trauma to the tree. All trenches shall be backfilled with native materials and compacted to near its original level, as soon as possible. Trenches to be left open for a period of time, will require the covering of all exposed roots with burlap and be kept moist. The trenches will also need to be covered with plywood to help protect the exposed roots.

#### d. Irrigation

Normal irrigation shall be maintained on this site at all times. The imported trees will require normal irrigation. On a construction site, I recommend irrigation during winter months, I time per month. Seasonal rainfall may reduce the need for additional irrigation. During the warm season, April-November, my recommendation is to use heavy irrigation, 2 times per month. This type of irrigation should be stated prior to any excavation. The irrigation will improve the vigor and water content of the trees. The on-site arborist may make adjustments to the irrigation recommendations as needed. The foliage of the trees may need cleaning if dust levels are extreme. Removing dust from the foliage will help to reduce mite and insect infestation.

#### e. Demolition

All tree protection must be in place prior to the start of demolition. Demolition equipment must enter the project from the existing driveway. If vehicles are to stray off the drive the area within the dripline of a protected tree must be covered with 6 inches of chips and steel plates or 1¼" plywood. The City of Menlo Park will require a letter from the site arborist stating the tree protection fencing is up before the start of demolition.

#### 7.0 Conclusion

Item	No. of trees
Trees to be remained	15
Trees to be removed	16

Total number of Trees on site	31
	1

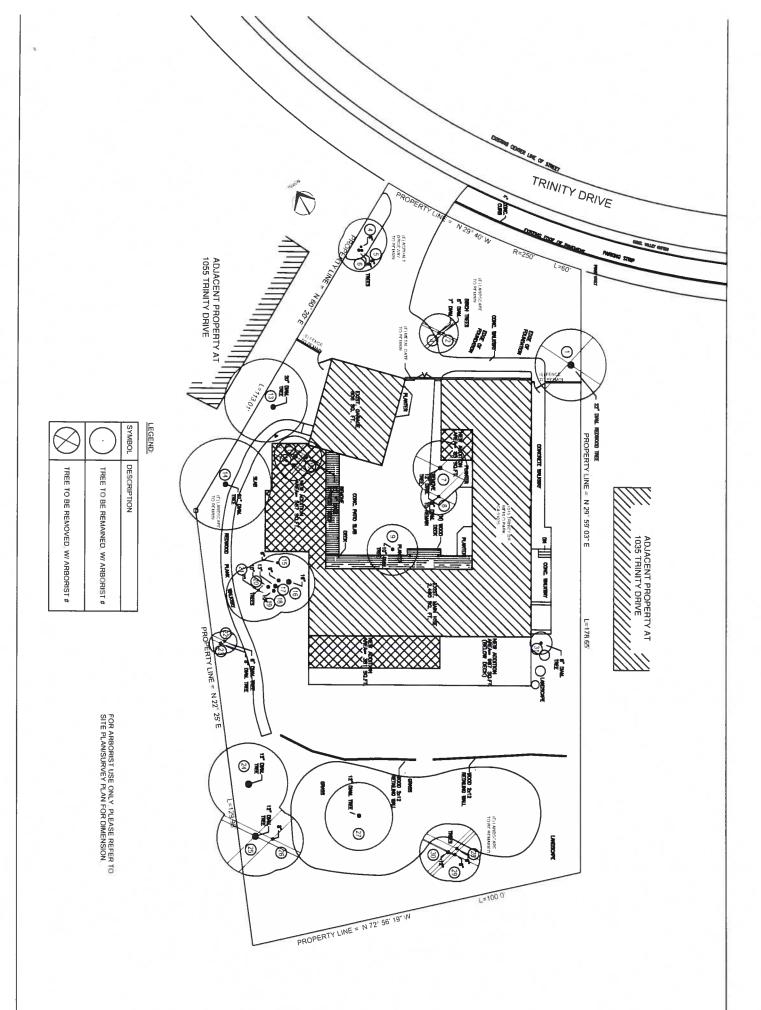
The information included in this report is believed to be true and based on sound arboricultural principles and practices.

If you have any question regarding this report, please feel free to contact me at <a href="mailto:arborguys@yahoo.com">arborguys@yahoo.com</a>

Sincerely,

Francisco Javier Garcia

Certified Arborist WE#8108A



### Morris, Michele T

From: Chris Shaw <chrisg.shaw@sbcglobal.net>
Sent: Monday, September 12, 2016 8:06 AM

**To:** Morris, Michele T **Subject:** 1045 Trinity Drive

Chris & Alan Shaw 1030 Trinity Drive Menlo Park CA 94025

09/12/2016

Dear Michele Morris

Ref 1045 Trinity Drive

We are Mr Keda Wang's neighbors, we live opposite his property. We have reviewed the drawings for the planned basement addition to his house. We have no concerns regarding the exterior changes being proposed.

Please accept our signatures here as our acceptance of these changes. If you wish to contact me either e-mail or phone on my cell 650 483 8299.

Regards Chris Shaw Alan Shaw

## Morris, Michele T

From: Mike Goedde <mikegoedde@comcast.net>
Sent: Monday, September 19, 2016 9:29 AM

**To:** Morris, Michele T

**Subject:** Regarding 1045 Trinity Drive

Hello Michele,

My wife, Alexa, and I are Mr. Keda Wang's neighbors and have reviewed the drawings for the planned basement addition to his house. The plans look good and we have no concerns regarding the exterior changes being proposed.

Please accept our digital signatures here as our acceptance of these changes.

Feel free to reach out if you have any questions.

All the best,

Mike Goedde & Alexa Leon-Prado mikegoedde@comcast.net alexa.leonprado@gmail.com 650-450-2653

Chris Pandolfo and Amy Vallely 1065 Trinity Drive Menlo Park, CA 94025

September 14, 2016

Michele T. Morris
Assistant Planner, City of Menlo Park
701 Laurel Street
Menlo Park, CA 94025

Re: 1045 Trinity Drive

Dear Michele Morris,

Amy and I are the owners of 1065 Trinity Drive which is the nearest house to the right of the Wang residence at 1045 Trinity Drive when facing their front door. We have reviewed the architectural drawings and renderings for the planned changes to rebuild the damaged portions of the Wang residence and add additional useful space primarily on the lower level / basement.

SEP 1 9 2016

CITY OF MENLOPARK
RILLIPING

We find the proposed changes to be thoughtfully and tastefully done. The changes are also consistent with the other homes on the street. In particular, nearly all of the homes of the southern, golf-course side of Trinity have had one or more basement additions similar to the one proposed by the Wangs. We applaud the Wangs choice to do this the right way by requesting a permit for the changes.

In summary, Amy and I do not have any concerns with the planned changes. Consequently, we recommend the approval of the plans so that the Wangs may repair and renovate their home and move back in as quickly as possible.

If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact us at 650-926-9629.

Sincerely,

Chris Pandolfo and Amy Vallely

Clarky Cls

# **Community Development**



#### **STAFF REPORT**

Planning Commission

Meeting Date: 11/7/2016 Staff Report Number: 16-088-PC

Public Hearing: Use Permit/Jeff Chase/936 Hobart Street

#### Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve a request for a use permit to demolish an existing, one-story single-family home and construct a new, two-story single-family home with a basement on a substandard lot with regard to lot width in the R-1-S (Single Family Suburban) zoning district, at 936 Hobart Street. The recommended actions are contained within Attachment A.

#### **Policy Issues**

Each use permit request is considered individually. The Planning Commission should consider whether the required use permit findings can be made for the proposal.

#### **Background**

#### Site location

The subject site is located at 936 Hobart Street, located between Santa Cruz Avenue and Middle Avenue. A location map is included as Attachment B. It is mainly surrounded by R-1-S zoned properties; however, some properties nearby to the northeast are zoned in the R-E (Residential Estate) district. There is a mix of one and two-story single-family residences surrounding the project site which feature varied architectural styles, including ranch and craftsman style homes.

#### **Analysis**

#### Project description

The applicant is proposing to demolish an existing single-story, single-family residence and attached two-car garage, and construct a new two-story, four bedroom residence with an attached two-car garage, a new basement, and a built-in barbecue on a new patio in the rear yard. All of the basement lightwells would adhere to the main building setbacks, so use permit approval of excavation in yards would not be required. The master bedroom balcony would comply with relevant side and rear setback requirements.

The house is proposed to be 26 feet, six inches in height, below the maximum permissible height of 28 feet, and the proposed structure would comply with daylight plane requirements. Although the new house would be located near the front setback, the second floor would be inset 27 feet, 10 inches from the front property line, and the setback from the rear property line would increase from approximately 34 feet, five inches to 78 feet, 11 inches. A data table summarizing parcel and project attributes is included as

Attachment C. The project plans and the applicant's project description letter are included as Attachments D and E, respectively.

#### Design and materials

The new home would be constructed in a California/Spanish style and with a painted stucco exterior, a composition shingle roof with exposed rafter tails, and aluminum clad, wood casement windows with simulated divided lights. The front entry would include a wood front door with side lights. A wood garage door is proposed for the two-car garage, which would be compatible with the style of the front door. The proposed sill height of the side windows on the second floor would be a minimum of three feet, six inches, which would protect neighbors' privacy. The second floor would be inset on all sides which would reduce the perception of mass. Staff believes that the scale, materials, and design of the proposed residence would be consistent with the neighborhood's mix of architectural styles.

#### Trees and landscaping

There are a total of ten trees on and near the subject property, five of which are heritage trees: three coast live oaks and a Douglas fir on the subject property, as well as one heritage-size coast redwood on the adjacent lot at the rear of the property. The applicant proposes to remove one non-heritage fig tree located in the left side yard of the property. No heritage trees are proposed for removal. The applicant has submitted an arborist report (Attachment F) detailing the species, size, and conditions of these trees. The proposed project is not anticipated to adversely affect any of the heritage trees, as tree protection measures will be ensured through standard condition 3g and recommended condition 4a, which includes additional tree protection measures recommended by the City Arborist.

### Correspondence

Staff has not received any items of correspondence on the proposed project; however, the project architect stated the plans for the project were shared with immediately adjacent neighbors.

#### Conclusion

Staff believes the scale, materials, and style of the proposed residence are compatible with the neighborhood. The applicants have set the second floor back from the first floor of the proposed residence, helping reduce the perception of mass and bulk. Design elements such as the exposed rafter tails along the roof line and the wood front and garage doors would add visual interest to the project. The recommended tree protection measures would help minimize impacts on nearby heritage trees. Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve the proposed project.

#### **Impact on City Resources**

The project sponsor is required to pay Planning, Building and Public Works permit fees, based on the City's Master Fee Schedule, to fully cover the cost of staff time spent on the review of the project.

#### **Environmental Review**

The project is categorically exempt under Class 3 (Section 15303, "New Construction or Conversion of

Staff Report #: 16-088-PC Page 3

Small Structures") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.

#### **Public Notice**

Public Notification was achieved by posting the agenda, with the agenda items being listed, at least 72 hours prior to the meeting. Public notification also consisted of publishing a notice in the local newspaper and notification by mail of owners and occupants within a 300-foot radius of the subject property.

#### **Appeal Period**

The Planning Commission action will be effective after 15 days unless the action is appealed to the City Council, in which case the outcome of the application shall be determined by the City Council.

#### **Attachments**

- A. Recommended Actions
- B. Location Map
- C. Data Table
- D. Project Plans
- E. Project Description Letter
- F. Arborist Report

#### **Disclaimer**

Attached are reduced versions of maps and diagrams submitted by the applicants. The accuracy of the information in these drawings is the responsibility of the applicants, and verification of the accuracy by City Staff is not always possible. The original full-scale maps, drawings and exhibits are available for public viewing at the Community Development Department.

#### **Exhibits to Be Provided at Meeting**

None

Report prepared by: Michele T. Morris, Assistant Planner

Report reviewed by:

Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner

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#### 936 Hobart Street - Attachment A: Recommended Actions

Street PROJECT NUMBER: APPLICANT: Jeff Chase LLC

REQUEST: Request for a use permit to demolish an existing, one-story single-family home and construct a new, two-story single-family home on a substandard lot with regard to lot width in the R-1-S (Single Family Suburban) zoning district.

DECISION ENTITY: Planning DATE: November 7, 2016 ACTION: TBD Commission

VOTE: TBD (Barnes, Combs, Goodhue, Kahle, Onken, Riggs, Strehl)

#### **ACTION:**

- 1. Make a finding that the project is categorically exempt under Class 3 (Section 15303, "New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.
- Make findings, as per Section 16.82.030 of the Zoning Ordinance pertaining to the granting of use permits, that the proposed use will not be detrimental to the health, safety, morals, comfort and general welfare of the persons residing or working in the neighborhood of such proposed use, and will not be detrimental to property and improvements in the neighborhood or the general welfare of the City.
- 3. Approve the use permit subject to the following *standard* conditions:
  - a. Development of the project shall be substantially in conformance with the plans prepared by Zak Johnson Architects consisting of 10 plan sheets, dated received October 26, 2016, and approved by the Planning Commission on November 7, 2016, except as modified by the conditions contained herein, subject to review and approval of the Planning Division.
  - Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all Sanitary District, Menlo Park Fire Protection District, and utility companies' regulations that are directly applicable to the project.
  - c. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all requirements of the Building Division, Engineering Division, and Transportation Division that are directly applicable to the project.
  - d. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall submit a plan for any new utility installations or upgrades for review and approval by the Planning, Engineering and Building Divisions. All utility equipment that is installed outside of a building and that cannot be placed underground shall be properly screened by landscaping. The plan shall show exact locations of all meters, back flow prevention devices, transformers, junction boxes, relay boxes, and other equipment boxes.
  - e. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit plans indicating that the applicant shall remove and replace any damaged and significantly worn sections of frontage improvements. The plans shall be submitted for review and approval of the Engineering Division.
  - f. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit a Grading and Drainage Plan for review and approval of the Engineering Division. The Grading and Drainage Plan shall be approved prior to the issuance of grading, demolition or building permits.
  - g. Heritage trees in the vicinity of the construction project shall be protected pursuant to the Heritage Tree Ordinance.

**PAGE**: 1 of 2

#### 936 Hobart Street - Attachment A: Recommended Actions

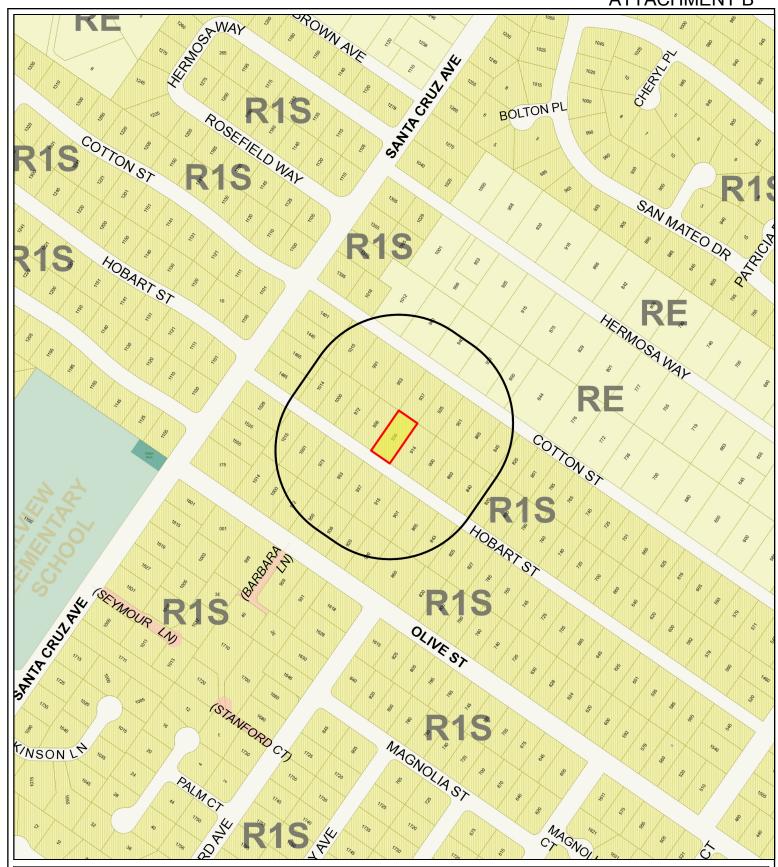
LOCATION: 936 Hobart Street		<b>CT NUMBER:</b> 6-00083	APPLICANT: Jeff Chase		OWNER: Pacific Excel 3 LLC		
<b>REQUEST:</b> Request for a use permit to demolish an existing, one-story single-family home and construct a new, two-story single-family home on a substandard lot with regard to lot width in the R-1-S (Single Family Suburban) zoning district.							
<b>DECISION ENTITY:</b> Planning Commission		DATE: November 7, 2016		ACTION	ACTION: TBD		
VOTE: TRD (Barnes Combs Goodbue Kable Onken Riggs Strebt)							

**VOTE:** IBD (Barnes, Combs, Goodhue, Kahle, Onken, Riggs, Strehl)

#### **ACTION:**

- 4. Approve the use permit subject to the following *project-specific* condition:
  - a. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit a revised arborist report and a revised site plan addressing the following, subject to the review and approval of the Planning Division:
    - 1) Specify that a 4- to 6-inch wood chip layer of mulch will be added at grade in the area outside the tree protection fencing under the tree driplines and covered with 3/4-inch plywood (or an equivalent) prior to demolition;
    - 2) Specify in the Tree Protection Plan the irrigation for the protected heritage trees including the method, location, timing, flow rate, duration and depth; and
    - 3) Recommendations shall be made in the arborist report for tree protections based on the evaluation of the grading and utility plans.

**PAGE**: 2 of 2





City of Menlo Park Location Map 936 Hobart Street



Scale: 1:3,600 Drawn By: MTM Checked By: THR Date: 11/7/2016

Sheet: 1

# 936 Hobart Street – Attachment C: Data Table

	PROPOSED PROJECT		EXISTING PROJECT		ZONING ORDINANCE	
Lot area	10,841	sf	10,841	sf	10,000	sf min.
Lot width	71	ft.	71	ft.	80	ft. min.
Lot depth	152.7	ft.	152.7	ft.	100	ft. min.
Setbacks						
Front	20.3	ft.	37.8	ft.	20	ft. min.
Rear	78.9	ft.	34.4	ft.	20	ft. min.
Side (left)	10.3	ft.	13.7	ft.	10	ft. min.
Side (right)	10.3	ft.	26	ft.	10	ft. min.
Building coverage	,	sf	1,811.7	sf	3,794.4	sf max.
	22.1	%	16.7	%	35	% max.
FAL (Floor Area Limit)	3,734.9	sf	1,811.7	sf	3,760.3	sf max.
Square footage by floor		basement	1,289.7	sf/1 <sup>st</sup>		
		sf/1 <sup>st</sup>	522.0	sf/garage		
	1,432.4	sf/2 <sup>nd</sup>				
	15.0	sf/fireplace				
	462.2	sf/garage				
	75.0	sf/porch				
Square footage of building	5,516.9	sf	1,811.7	sf		
Building height	26.5	ft.	16.5	ft.	28	ft. max.
Parking	2 cove	ered	2 cov	ered	1 covered/1	uncovered

Trees

Heritage trees	5	Non-Heritage trees	5	New Trees	0
Heritage trees proposed	0	Non-Heritage trees	1	Total Number of	10*
for removal		proposed for removal		Trees	

<sup>\*</sup> Four trees are on an adjacent property.

Karen Suzanne Za C-25245 Ren.: 5/31/17 State of Calife

94025 v Residence Hobart Avent Ilo Park, CA New 936 F Menk

Sheet Title

Date & September, 2016

As Nored

# NEW RESIDENCE

# 936 Hobart Avenue Menlo Park, CA 94025

#### Project Data:

Zoning District:

2. Lot Area:

3. Allowable Lot Coverage (35.0%) Existing Lot Coverage (16.7%) Proposed Lot Coverage (22.1%)

4. Max. Allowed Floor Area Limit: Existing Floor Area: Proposed Total Square Footage:

> (N) First Floor (N) Second Floor (N) Garage (N) Basement (N) Front Porch: (N) Fireplace:

Existing Height Proposed Height: Max Height:

3,760.25 s.f. 1,811.7 s.f. 3,734.9 s.f. 1,840.3 s.f.

B-1-S

10.841.0 s.f.

3,794.4 s.f.

1,811.7 s.f. 2.392.5 s.f.

> 1,432.4 s.f. 462.2 s.f. 1,692.0 s.f. 75.0 s.f. 15.0 s.f.

> > PG Soils, Inc. 901 Rose Court Burlingame, CA 94024 650 347-3934

Advanced Tree Care

26'-6" 28'-0"

Soils Engineer:

#### Consultants

Structural Engineer:

Roca Engineering 1250 Ames Avenue, Suite 109 Milpitas, CA 95035 408 821-1335

Energy Consultant: Builder's Energy Services, Inc. Arborist: 1478 Bird Avenue San Jose, CA 95125 408 718-1908

Surveyor: L. Wade Hammond 36660 Newark Blvd., Suite C

#### Site Notes

All foundation work shall be done in conformance with drawings and soils report prepared by PG Soils Contractor shall notify architect of any unexpected soil conditions which may affect drainage or foundation design.

- Finishgrading shall be performed to provide positive surface drainage away from buildings, 2% or greater as shown on drawings.
- 3. Floor elevations are to top of plywood subfloor.
- 4. Follow City of Menlo Park Standards for installation of all utilities.
- 5. Landscaping workshall be accomplished under a separate permit and in N.I.C.

6. Site boundary lines, boundary dimensions, boundary declinations and existing grades are based upon survey information provided by Hammond Engineering. The contrador shall inspect the site and satisfy himhersel as to actual grades, levels, dimensions, and declinations and the true conditions under which the work is to be performed.

- 7. Any tree limbs affected by the proposed construction shall be trimmed as per ISA Standards by a certified arborist.
- 8. No debris, supplies, materials, or equipment shall be stored within the drip line of any trees.
- Install common utility junction box and trench for electrical, telephone, data, and CATV underground to house from the point of connection of the utility. Install 200 amp electrical service to house and 100 ampservice to the Garage.
- 10. Install 1" diameter water line from the water meter, underground to house
- 11. Install 4" PVC sanitary sewer from the clean out to the house.
- 12. Install das line to meter at house

#### Roof Notes

Install \_\_\_\_roofing at 3 & 12 slope slope over underlayment and provide all accessories for a watertight roofing system with a min. Class B fire rating.

- 2. Install painted galvanized sheet metal crickets and roof to wall flashings as required.
- Install painted galvanized sheet metal gutter and downspout system. All downspouts to drain into a tightline system that is connected to the site drainage as shown on site plan.
- Install 3 ply selfadhered modified membrane built up roofing system at roof crickets permanufacturer's specifications. Polyglass sap brown.

# Install continuous ridge vents at ridge at first and second floor with cathedral ceiling. Install roof vents as shown on elevations and roof clan.

#### Project Information

Occupancy Group: B-3 / U-1



Vicinity Map

# Size, type and area to be fenced. Install fencing as shown on site plan with five or six (5' - 6) foot high chain link fences. Fences are to be mounted on two-inch dameter galvanized iron posts, driven into the ground to a depth of at least 2-feet at no more than 10-foot spacing. • Duration. Fencing shall be erected before demolition, grading, or construction begins and remain in place until final inspection of the

Type of Construction: V-B

Deferred Submittal Items: Yes - sprinkle

Special Inspection Items: Installation of Epoxy installed anchor bolts per UBC 1701.5.15 - See Structural Drawings.

Any and all excessively annoying, foud or unusual noises or vibrations such asoftend the peace and quited op feisons of ordinary sensibilities and which interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property and affect at the same time an entire neighborhood or any considerable number of persons shall be considered a noise disturbance.

City of Menlo Park

Const. Hours & Noise Requirements: The work hours are regulated by noise levels created during construction. The maximum noise levels allowed are established in the City of Menlo Park Municipal Code Chapter 8.06 Noise.

Menlo Park Safety Fence Notes
Prior to Issuance of a Demolition or Building Permit, the plan for safety
froncin will be submitted and approved by the building division. The
Building Official may waive this requirement on a case by case basis.
The fencing shall be installed as shown prior to commencement of
construction unless the requirement is waived by the building official.

a Construction activities are limited to the hours of eight (8) a.m. and six (6) p.m. Mond ay through I Friday, b.m. Mond ay through I Friday, b.m. Lond and the six property owners personally understaine, construction activities to maintain or improve the property are allowed of Statut Arays. Sundays or holdays between the hours of hims (9) a.m. and word of the property are allowed of Statut Arays. Sundays or Modays between the hours of hims (9) a.m. and the property of the rice is miss section in Section (MSD,003, shall be possessed all services to accordance on the purpose of the purpose of the property of the purpose of the property of the purpose of the

with black letters.

d. Notwithstanding any other provision set forth above, all powered equipment shall comply with the limits set forth in Section 8.06.040(b)

#### Geotechnical Note:

All earthwork and site drainage, including rough site grading and All earthwork and site of primarile, including Yough site grading and outsing wine cellar backful, new basement because host, primary and earthwork of the primary and the primary and the primary and slabe, driveway preparation, and surface drainage comfose should be completed in accordance with the recommendation of the goodbenical report prepared by PG Solls, Inc., dated PGSolls, Inc., should be provided at least-flowing advance on fiction (1659-347-3934) of any "and throw for preparations and should be present booker we and test the earthwork operations and should be present booker we and test the senthrows. Foundation, and criticaling in healt allow phases of the project."

Exterior Slabs on grade shall be constructed in accordance with the Extenor/sugs on grade shall be constructed in accordance with the stables-on-grade recommendations contained in PSGolis report dated Walkways and patics should be underlain by at least 8 inches of select granular fland compacted in accordance with recommendation in compaction section of preportformin 93% compaction.

# First Floor Plan Second Floor & Roof Plans

Site Plan, Roof Plan Civil Survey
Area Plan & Streetscape
Existing Plan & Photos
Basement Floor Plan

Exterior Elevations

Block Area Diagrams

Sheet Index

Applicable Codes & Regulations
California Residential Code
California Energy Code
California Plumbing Code
California Electrical Code
California Electrical Code
California Electrical Code California Mechanical Code 2013 Edition 2013 Edition Menlo Park Municipal Code

Along with any other local and state laws and regulations

#### TREE PROTECTION INSTRUCTIONS

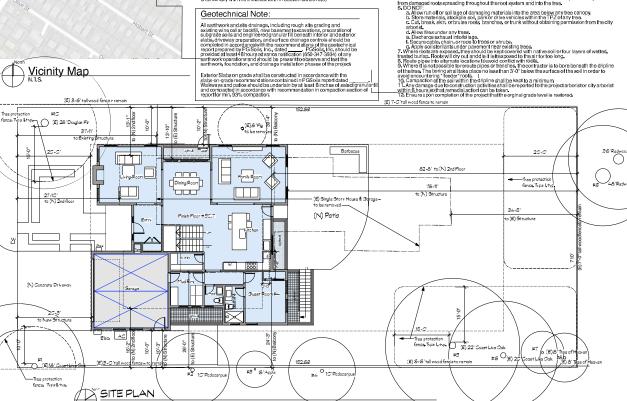
The Tree Protection Zone (TPZ) shall be defined with protective fencing. The fencing shall be cyclone or chain link fencing on 1 1/2" 2" posts driven at least 2"-0" into the ground and standing at

cyclorise or chain instantiacy or 112 Exposure from the brunk and closing on the sidewalk, dreway and fence line with Type I Tree Protection.

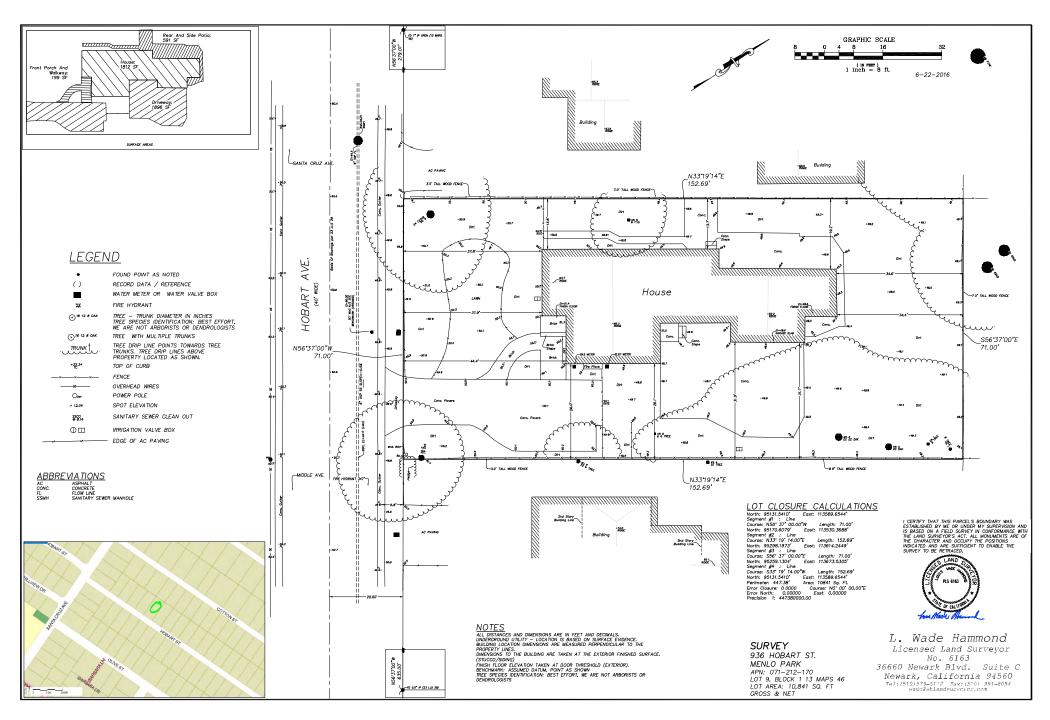
Trees #58.#10.TPZ shall be at 15-0 from the trunk closing on the sidewalk and fence line with Type.

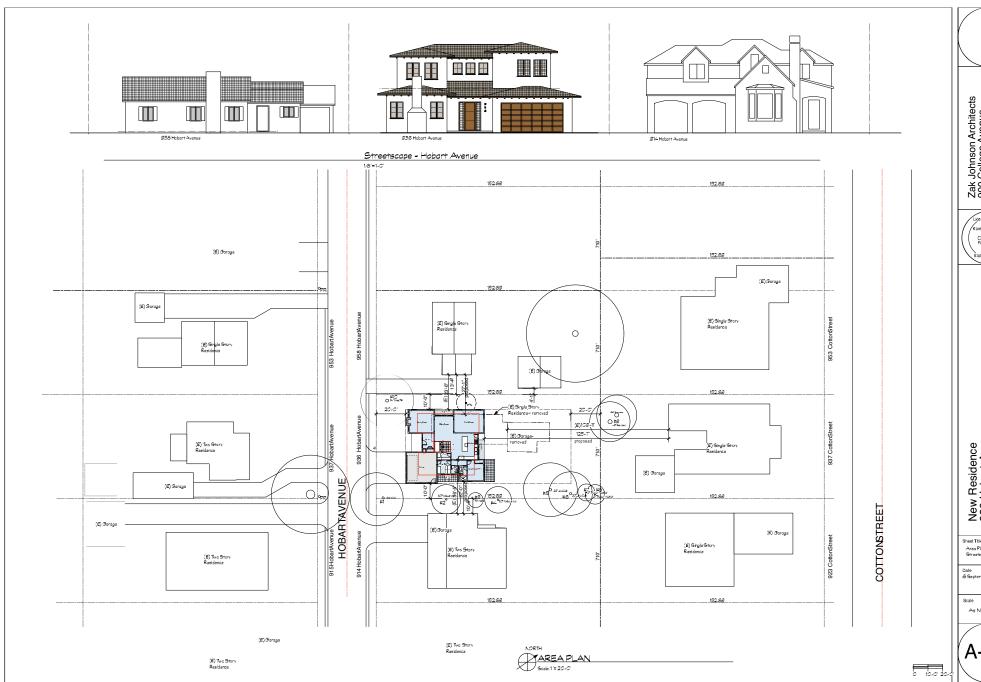
Trees #58.#10.TPZ shall be at 15-0 from the trunk closing on the sidewalk and fence line with Type.

Trees #5.8 #10 TP 25 hall be at 15 °P from the trunk closing on the sidewalk and fance line with Type. The Properties are the properties of the properties



#### D1





Zak Johnson Architects 900 College Avenue Menlo Park, CA 94025 650.329.9767 Karen Suzanne Zak C-25245 Ben.: 5/31/17 State of Califor New Residence 936 Hobart Avenue Menlo Park, CA 94025 Sheet Title Area Plan Streatecope Date & September, 2016 As Noted



#### Door Schedule

No.	Location	Size	Type	Dr. Mat'l.	Dr. Fin.	Frame Mat'l	Frame Fin_	Remarks
D1	Bedroom #5	2'-8'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	Α	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	
D2	Closet	6'-0'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	AA	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Sliding
D3	Closet	7'-6'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	AAA	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Siding
D4	Bath #5	2'-6'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	A	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Privacy Lock
D5	Bath #5	2'-4'x 8'-0'	6	Temp. Glass	NA	NA	NA	Tempered Shower Door
D6	Bath #6	2'-4'x 6'-0'	C	Temp, Class	NA	NA	NA	Tempered Shower Door
D7	Bath #6	2'-6'x 8'-0'x 13/8'	А	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Privacy Lock
D8	Utility Room	3'-0'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	A	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	
D9	Wine	2'-6'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	Α	S.C. Wood/Blas	Stain	Stain	Stain	Tempered, weatherstrip, keyed lock
D10	Basement	11'-0'x 8'-0' x 13/4'	8888	S.C. Wood/Glas	Stain	Stain	Stain	Tempered, weatherstrip, keyed lock
D11	Entry	3'-0'+(2)1'-6'x8'-0'x13/4'	E	S.C. Wood/Blas	Stain	Stain	Stain	Weatherstrip, keyed lock tempered glazing
D12	Closet	4'-0'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	AA	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	
D13	Family Room	12'-0'x8'-0'x13/4'	8888	S.C. Wood/Glas	Stain	Stain	Stain	Tempered, weatherstrip, keyed lock
D14	Kitchen	2'-8'x 8'-0' x 13/4'	В	S.C. Wood/Blas	Stain	Stain	Stain	Weatherstrip, keyed lock, tempered glazing
D15	Pantry	2'-4'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	A	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	
D16	Bedroom#4	2'-8'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	A		Paint	Wood	Paint	
D17	Closet	5'-0'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	AA	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Sliding
D18	Bath #4	2'-6'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	A	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Privacy Lock
D19	Bath #4	2'-4'x 6'-0'	E .	Temp. Glass	NA	NA	NA	Tempered Shawer Door
D20	Powder	2'-4'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	А	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Privacy Lock
D21	Mud Room	2'-8'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	A	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	
D22	Garage	2'-8'x 8'-0' x 13/4'	D	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	B-label, weatherstrip, keyed lock
D23	Barage	3'-0'x 8'-0'x 13/4'	D	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Weatherstrip, keyed lock
D24	Barage	16'-0'x8'-0'	G	Wood	Stain	Metal	Paint	OH Opener. Key Pad
D25	Bedroom#3	2'-8'x 7'-0' x 13/8'	Α	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	
D26	Closet	(3) 2'-6' x 7'-0' x 1 3/8'	AAA	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Sliding
D27	Bath #3	2'-6'x 7'-0' x 13/8'	A	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Privacy Lock
D28	Bath #3	2'-4'x 8'-0'	0	Temp, Glass	NA	NA	NA	Tempered Shower Door
D29	Bath #2	2'-6'x 7'-0' x 13/8'	A	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Privacy Lock
D30	Closet	(3) 3'-0' x 7'-0' x 1 3/8'	AAA	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Sliding
D31	Bedroom #2	2'-8'x 7'-0' x 13/8'	Α	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	
D32	Linen	(2) 1'-6' x 7'-0' x 1 3/8'	AA	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	
D33	Laundry	2'-8'x 7'-0' x 13/8'	A	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	
D34	Bedroom #1	2'-8' x 8'-0' x 13/8'	Α	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Privacy Lock
D35	Bedroom #1	(2) 2'-8' x 8'-0' x 1 3/4'	В	Wood/Glazing	Paint	Wood	Paint	Tempered, weatherstrip, keyed lock
D36	Closet	2'-6'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	Α	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Packeting
D37	Closet	2'-6'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	А	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Pocketing
D38	Bath #1	2'-6'x 8'-0' x 13/8'	А	S.C. Wood	Paint	Wood	Paint	Privacy Lock
D39	Bath #1	2'-4'x 6'-0'	C	Temp, Glass	NA	NA	NA	Tempered Shower Door
D40	Bath #1	21.81V 81.01 V 1 3/81	۵	S.C. Whod	Point	Wood	Paint	Packetina

#### Window Schedule

No.	Size	Location	Type	Area	Orient.	Jamb	Head Hgt.	Remarks
W1	3'-0'x 4'-6'	Bedroom #5	Casement	13.5sf	West	2×6	901	Egress
W2	3'-0'x 4'-6'	Bedroom #5	Casement	13.5sf	West	2×6	901	Egress
W3	3'-0'x 4'-6"	Bedroom #5	Casement	13.5sf	West	2×8	ימיפ	Egress
W4	2'-6'x 4'-6'	Bedroom #5	Casement	11.25 sf	South	2×6	יטצ	
W5	2'-6'x 4'-6"	Basement	Casement	11.25 sf	East	2×6	801	
W6	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Basement	Bi-Casement	15.75st	North	2×6	ימיפ	
W7	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Basement	Bi-Casement	15.75st	North	2×6	801	
W8	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Basement	Bi-Casement	15.75 at	North	2×6	10/8	
W9	2'-6'x 4'-6'	Basement	Casement	11.25 st	West	2×6	801	
W10	2'-6'x 4'-6"	Basement	Casement	11.25 sf	North	2×6	8/01	
W11	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Basement	Bi-Casement	15.75 af	West	2×6	10/8	
W12	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Basement	Bi-Casement	15.75st	West	2×6	8101	
W13	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Basement	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	West	2×6	801	
W14	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Living Room	Bi-Casement	15.75 af	South	2×6	801	
W15	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Living Room	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	South	2×6	801	
W16	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Living Room	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	East	2×6	801	
W17	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Living Room	Bi-Casement	1575sf	East	2×6	801	
W18	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Dining Room	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	West	2×6	8001	
W19	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Dining Room	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	West	2×6	801	
W20	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Dining Room	Bi-Casement	1575sf	West	2×6	801	
W21	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Family Room	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	East	2×6	801	
W22	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Family Room	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	East	2x6	801	
W23	1'-6'+2'-6'+1'-6' x 4'-6'	Kitchen	Casement	2475sf	North	2×6	8/01	
W24	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Bedroom #4	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	East	2×6	ลทา	Tempered
W25	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Bedroom #4	Bi-Casement	15.7581	East	2×6	801	ic iga sa
W26	3'-0'x 4'-6"	Bedroom #4	Casement	13.5sf	West	2×6	80'	Egress
W27	2'-6'x 3'-0'	Bath #4	Casement	7.5 st	East	2×6	8901	Tempered
W28	2'-6'x 3'-0'	PWD.	Casement	7.5sf	East	2×6	801	TO REAL PROPERTY.
W29	2'-6'x 3'-0"	Mud Room	Casement	7.5st	East	2×6	801	
W30	2'-6'x 3'-0'	Mud Room	Casement	7.5 st	East	2×6	801	
W31	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Garage	Bi-Casement	1575sf	East	2×6	801	
W32	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Garage	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	East	2×6	801	
W33	2'-6'x 3'-0'	Stair	Casement	7.5st	South	2×6	7101	
W34	2'-6'x 3'-0"	Stair	Casement	7.5st	South	2×6	יייס	
W35	2'-6'x 3'-0'	Stair	Casement	7.5 st	South	2×6	70	
W36	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Bedroom #3	Bi-Casement	15.75st	South	2×6	701	
W37	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Bedroom #3	Bi-Casement	1575sf	South	2×6	7101	
W38	3'-0'x 4'-6'	Bedroom#3	Casement	13.5sf	West	2×6	7101	Eoresa
W39	2'-6'x 3'-0'	PWD.	Casement	7.5sf	East	2×6	901	Tempered-obscured glazing
W40	2'-6'X 3'-0'	Mud Room	Casement	7.5sf	East	2×6	801	Tempered-obscured glazing
W41	3'-0'x 4'-6"	Bedroom #2	Casement	13.5sf	West	2×6	7101	Egress
W42	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Bedroom #2	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	North	2×6	7101	
W43	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Bedroom #2	Bi-Casement	1575sf	North	2×6	700	
W44	2'-6'x 3'-0'	Laundry	Casement	7.5 sf	North	2×6	7001	
W45	2'-6'x 3'-0'	Laundry	Casement	7.5 sf	North	2×6	7101	
W46	3'-6'x 4'-6"	Bedroom #1	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	North	2×6	8101	
W47	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Bedroom #1	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	East	2×6	10/8	
W48	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Bedroom #1	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	East	2×6	801	
W49	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Bathroom #1	Bi-Casement	15.75 sf	East	2×6	10/8	Tempered-obscured glazing
W50	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Bathroom 81	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	East	2×6	900	Tempered-obscured glazing
W51	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Bathroom #1	Bi-Casement	15.7581	South	2×6	8101	Tempered-obscured glazing
W52	3'-6'x 4'-6'	Bathroom #1	Bi-Casement	15.75sf	South	2×6	801	Tempered-obscured glazing

Size Legation Tune Area Orient Jamb Head Hat Remarks

#### Window Notes

- 1. Window and door head heights shall be installed to align where applicable.
  Head heights and window sizes are norminal.
  Labeled selfy dazing to be installed as indicated, at all locations within in 2.0° arc of the vertical edge of doors, in doors, in bathub and shower locations, windows greater than 9.5°, closer than 15° to the floor and top edge greater than 36°, and bottom of statiway and any glazing within 36° horiz. & 60° vert. of walkings surface of a statiway.
  All windows are to be clade, by Kolbo Windows, dual glazed, suncoat low oglass, U.N.O.
  4. Emergency Egness windows shall maintain a minimum operable area of 20° class with the control of the

#### Door Notes

- Lanhos shall to 4.5" min, unless noted otherwise (U.N.O).
   Lanhold safety glazing shall be installed indoors shown with glass, 2. Landoord safety glazing shall be installed indoors shown with glass, 3. Wood interior doors shall be solid core, three panet typ. U.N.O.. 4. Cabinet doors shall be Woodwork Institute of California, (W.I.C.): Custom Grade.



#### Floor Plan Notes

- 1. Contracts shall provide all necessary blocking, backing, hardware, seismic strape or other support for all fixtures, equipment, cabinetry, turnishings, bath accessories, and other tense.

  2. Acoustical batt insulation at bathrooms, bedrooms, all duct chases, and all areas of potential noise.

  3. Showers and tub/shower combinations shall be provided with individual control valves of the thermostatic mixing or pressure balance type. UPC Section 420.0.

  4. All wood with in 6" of concrete shall be foundation prade reduced or pressure 4. All wood with in 6" of concrete shall be foundation prade reduced or pressure 5. Factory built fineplaces to be installed per manufacturer's instructions and issuing. Submit manufacturer is instructions to the Gity Building Inspector for review prior to installation of the equipment and gas piping.



Zak Johnson Architects 900 College Avenue Menlo Park, CA 94025 650.329.9767



New Residence 936 Hobart Avenue Menlo Park, CA 94025

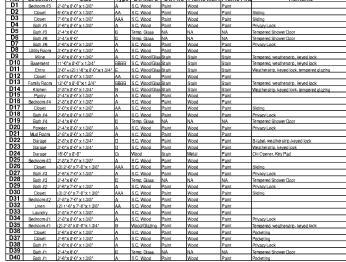
Sheet Title Basement Plan

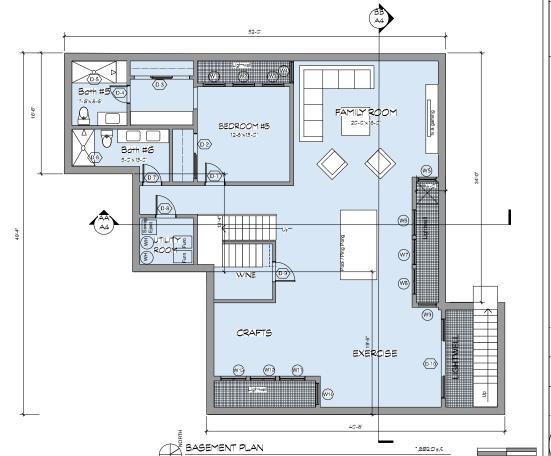
Date & September, 2016

Scale As Nored

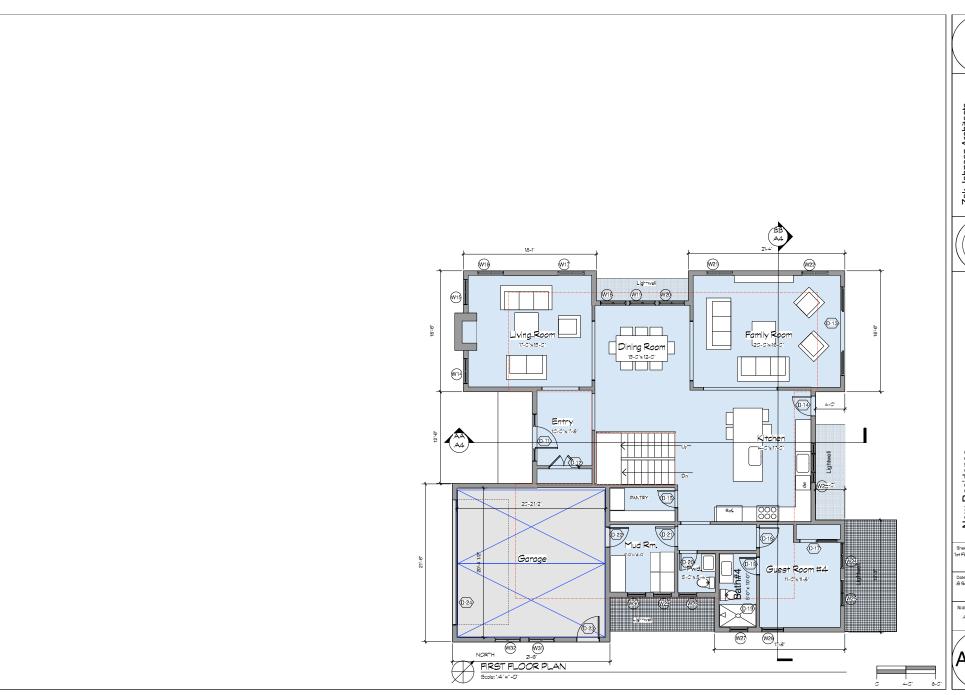
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1/8'=1-0"



Zak Johnson Architects 900 College Avenue Menlo Park, CA 94025 650.329.9767

Licensed Architect
(Karen Suzanne Zak
C-25245
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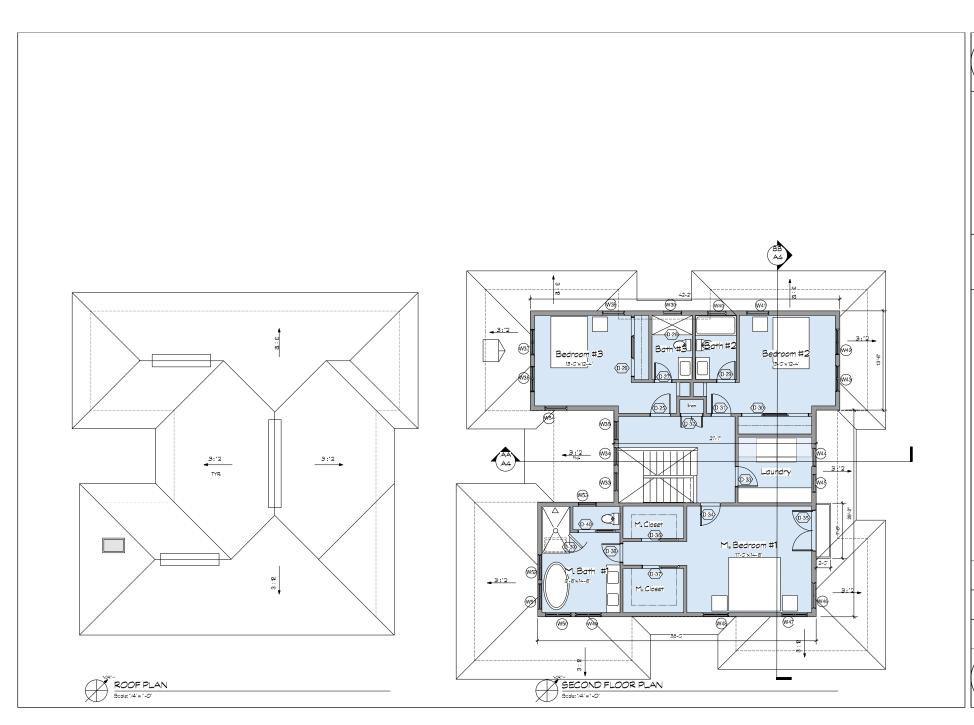
New Residence 936 Hobart Avenue Menlo Park, CA 94025

Sheet Title 1et Floor Plane

Date & September, 2016

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Licensed Architect

Karen Suzanne Zak

C-25/245

Ren: 3/31/17

State of California

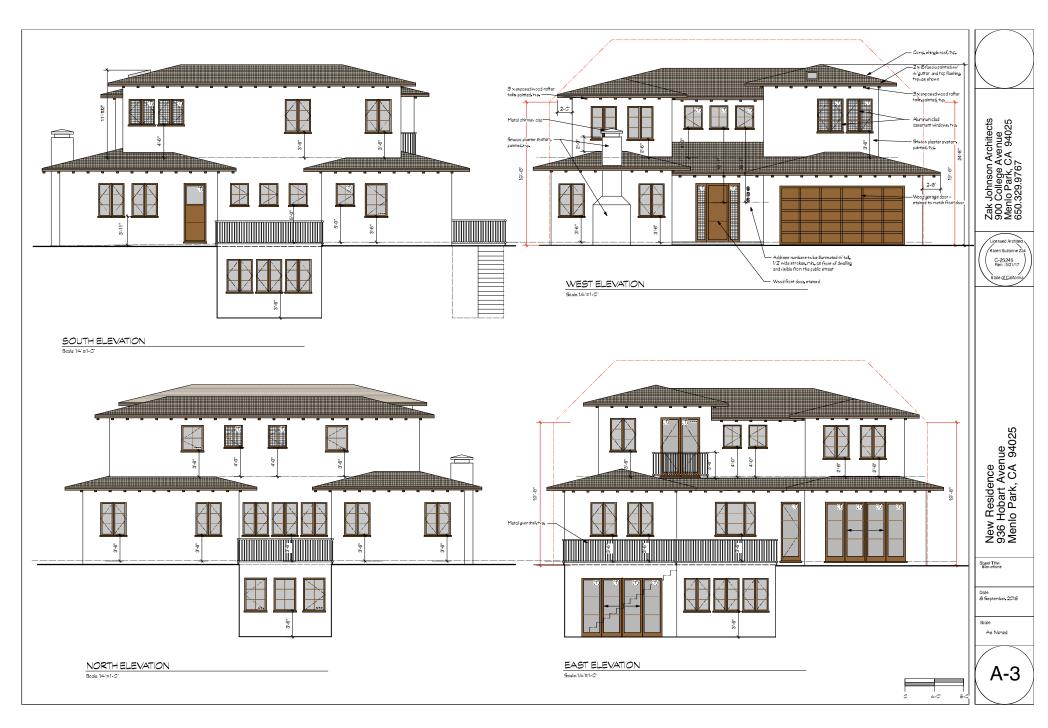
New Residence 936 Hobart Avenue Menlo Park, CA 94025

Sheet Title Second Floor Plan Roof Plan

Date & September, 2016

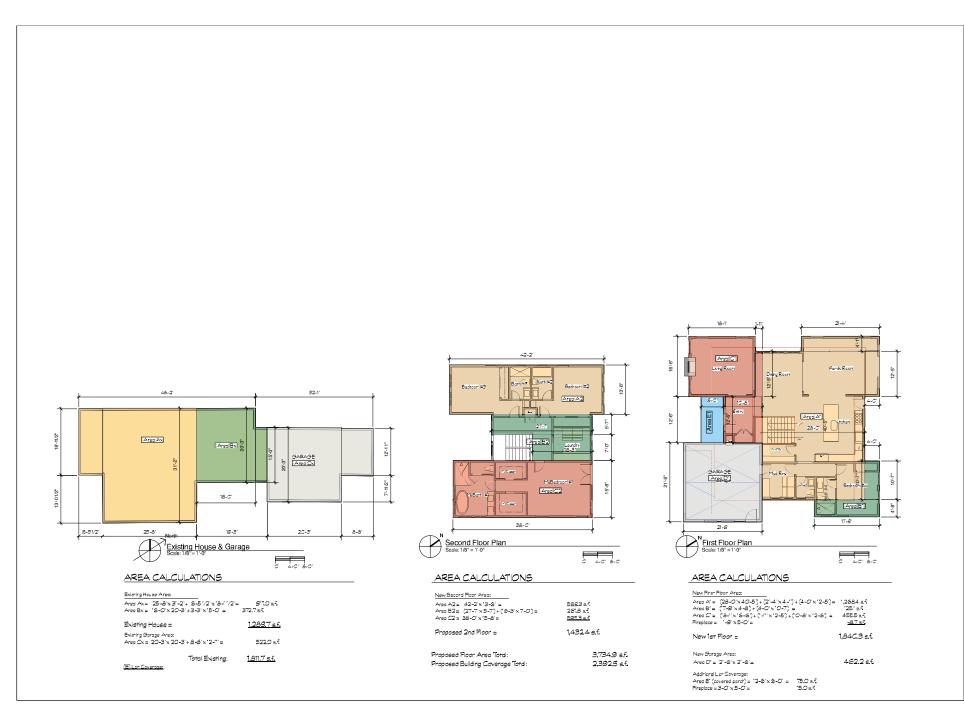
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A-2.2





D9



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New Residence 936 Hobart Avenue Menlo Park, CA 94025

Sheet Title Block Area Diagrams

Date & September, 2016

Scale

As Nored

**Project Description** 

936 Hobart Avenue Menlo Park, CA 94025

We have submitted the required application materials to the City of Menlo Park Planning Department to construct a new two-story home with a full basement at 936 Hobart Avenue to be reviewed for a Use Permit.

We are proposing to demolish the existing single story bungalow residence and garage to construct a new two-story house with basement and attached two-car garage. The new home is a two-story Spanish / California style reminiscent of the Birge Clark homes from the early to mid 1900s. West Menlo Park is an eclectic neighborhood with original craftsman bungalows mixed with mid-century ranches and new larger two story homes. The two-story California Spanish colonial revival style works well in the neighborhood and complements the adjacent houses because it breaks the massing and volume of the house into smaller more proportional features and fits well under the daylight plane. The new structure will place the second floor above the middle of the house, providing plenty of relief to the neighboring properties and minimizing the appearance of too much bulk and volume. It is our intention to use a painted stucco exterior system with a composition shingle roof and aluminum clad wood windows. By creating a two-story home, we minimize the footprint on the site and open up space for landscaping and greenery. We carefully placed the home to minimize overlap with the existing trees and to protect the privacy of the neighbors.

Jeff Chase of Pacific Excel Partners reached out and communicated with the adjacent neighbors; he was able to speak directly with the three contiguous neighbors and provided them with drawings and his contact information for feedback. Currently, no one has registered any objections. Beth Bishop, the back fence neighbor at 937 Cotton Street, expressed that she was happy that the house is located toward the front of the lot so that they are less impacted by the 2<sup>nd</sup> story.

By carefully studying the surrounding neighborhood, the existing trees, and adjacent homes; and giving thoughtful attention to the character of the house, we feel we have designed a successful project for your consideration.

Sincerely,

karen zak

RECEIVED

JUL 2 9 2016

CITY OF MENLO PARK BUILDING

Karen Zak, Architect Zak Johnson Architects 900 College Avenue Menlo Park, CA 94025

# **Advanced Tree Care**

P.O. Box 5326 Redwood City, CA 94063

936 Hobart St, Menlo Park July 28, 2016

Pacific Excel 3, LLC. Jeff Chase 700 Pleasant Valley Lane Aptos, CA 95003

RECEIVED

AUG 25 REC'D

By PLANNING

Site: 936 Hobart St, Menlo Park

Dear Jeff Chase

At your request I visited the above site for the purpose of inspecting and commenting on the heritage trees around the property. A new residence is planned, prompting the need for this tree protection report.

#### Method:

The location of the heritage trees on this site can be found on the plan provided by you. Each tree is given an identification number. The trees are measured at 54 inches above ground level (DBH or Diameter at Breast Height). A condition rating of 1 to 100 is assigned to each tree representing form and vitality on the following scale:

1 to 29	Very Poor
30 to 49	Poor
50 to 69	Fair
70 to 89	Good
90 to 100	Excellent

The height and spread of each tree is estimated. A Comments section is provided for any significant observations affecting the condition rating of the tree.

A Summary and Tree Protection Plan are at the end of the end of the survey providing recommendations for maintaining the health and condition of the trees during and after construction.

If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to call. Sincerely

Robert Weatherill

Certified Arborist WE 1936A

P.O. Box 5326 Redwood City, CA 94063

## Tree survey

Tree#_	Species	DBH	Ht/Sp	Con Rating	Comments
1	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	21.6"	40/30	65	Good health and condition, cabled Regulated
2	Fern pine Podocarpus gracilior	8"est	20/15	65	Good health and condition, neighbor's tree, Not Regulated
3	Apple Malus spp	6"est	15/8	65	Good health and condition, neighbor's tree, Not Regulated
4	Fern pine Podocarpus gracilior	10"est	35/15	50	Fair health and condition, one sided, neighbor's tree, <b>Not Regulated</b>
5	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	26.1"/26.0"	50/40	50	Fair health and condition, one sided, codon@2' included, Regulated
6	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	25.0"	45/20	50	Fair health and condition, ivy on trunk Regulated
7	Tree of heaven Ailanthus altissima	7.2"	25/10	80	Good health and condition, poor species, Not Regulated
8	Tree of heaven Ailanthus altissima	8.3"	25/10	80	Good health and condition, poor species, Not Regulated
9	Coastal redwood Seqouia sempervirens	48"/48"est	60/30	80	Good health and condition, neighbor's tree 5' from fence, <b>Regulated</b>
10	Douglas fir Pseudotsuga menziesii	28.2"	50/30	45	Drought stress, thinning Regulated

## **Summary:**

The trees on the site are a variety of natives and non-natives.

There are 3 trees, #s 2, 3 and 4, on the south east neighbor's property that are not of a size to be regulated. These trees should be protected during construction and I believe the construction setbacks will adequately do this without the need for protective fencing.

There is a large redwood, # 9, on the rear neighbor's property that should be protected during construction.

Tree #s 1, 5, 6 and 10 are regulated trees on this property that should be protected during construction.

Tree #s 7 and 8 are not regulated trees and are an invasive species that should be removed. Tree # 10 is a regulated tree that is shown to be protected. The tree is in poor health and condition and could be removed rather than designed around.

The remaining trees are not regulated and can be removed if desired

P.O. Box 5326 Redwood City, CA 94063

### **Tree Protection Plan**

1. The Tree Protection Zone (TPZ) should be defined with protective fencing. This should be cyclone or chain link fencing on 11/2" or 2" posts driven at least 2 feet in to the ground standing at least 6 feet tall. Normally a TPZ is defined by the dripline of the tree. I recommend the TPZ's as follows:-

Tree #s 1 and 6: TPZ should be at 10 feet from the trunk closing on the sidewalk, driveway and fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and 2 <sup>(6)</sup>

Tree #s 5 and 10: TPZ should be at 15 feet from the trunk closing on the sidewalk and fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and 2 (6)

Tree # 9: TPZ should be at 25 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and 2 (6)

The tree protection can be placed along the edge of the driveway whilst the driveway is still intact. After driveway has been removed the fencing should be moved out to its full extent.



IMAGE 2.15-1
Tree Protection Fence at the Dripline



IMAGE 2.15-2
Tree Protection Fence at the Dripline

## Type I Tree Protection

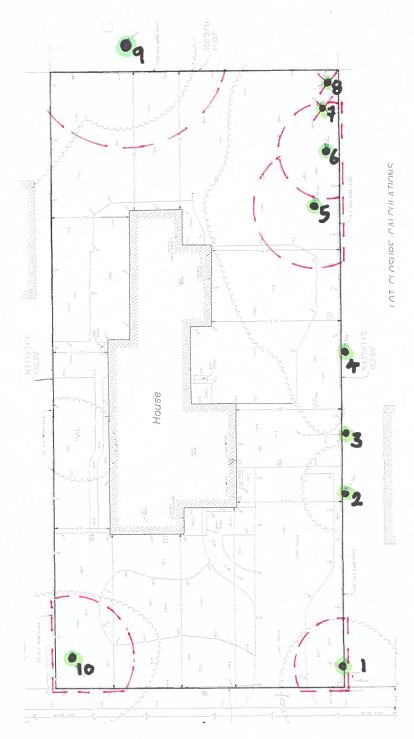
The fences shall enclose the entire area under the **canopy dripline or TPZ** of the tree(s) to be saved throughout the life of the project, or until final improvement work within the area is required, typically near the end of the project (see *Images 2.15-1 and 2.15-2*). Parking Areas: If the fencing must be located on paving or sidewalk that will not be demolished, the posts may be supported by an appropriate grade level concrete base.

P. O. Box 5326 Redwood City, CA 94063

- 3. Any pruning and maintenance of the tree shall be carried out before construction begins. This should allow for any clearance requirements for both the new structure and any construction machinery. This will eliminate the possibility of damage during construction. The pruning should be carried out by an arborist, not by construction personnel. No limbs greater than 4" in diameter shall be removed.
- 4. Any excavation in ground where there is a potential to damage roots of 1" or more in diameter should be carefully hand dug. Where possible, roots should be dug around rather than cut. (2)
- 5. If roots are broken, every effort should be made to remove the damaged area and cut it back to its closest lateral root. A clean cut should be made with a saw or pruners. This will prevent any infection from damaged roots spreading throughout the root system and into the tree. (2)

## 6. Do Not:. (4)

- a. Allow run off or spillage of damaging materials into the area below any tree canopy.
- b. Store materials, stockpile soil, park or drive vehicles within the TPZ of the tree.
- c. Cut, break, skin or bruise roots, branches or trunk without first obtaining permission from the city arborist.
- d. Allow fires under any adjacent trees.
- e. Discharge exhaust into foliage.
- f. Secure cable, chain or rope to trees or shrubs.
- g. Apply soil sterilants under pavement near existing trees.
- 7. Where roots are exposed, they should be kept covered with the native soil or four layers of wetted, untreated burlap. Roots will dry out and die if left exposed to the air for too long. (4)
- 8. Route pipes into alternate locations to avoid conflict with roots. (4)
- 9. Where it is not possible to reroute pipes or trenches, the contractor is to bore beneath the dripline of the tree. The boring shall take place no less than 3 feet below the surface of the soil in order to avoid encountering "feeder" roots. (4)
- 10. Compaction of the soil within the dripline shall be kept to a minimum. (2)
- 11. Any damage due to construction activities shall be reported to the project arborist or city arborist within 6 hours so that remedial action can be taken.
- 12. Ensure upon completion of the project that the original ground level is restored



Location of protected trees and their Tree Protection Zones

P.O. Box 5326 Redwood City, CA 94063

## **Glossary**

Canopy The part of the crown composed of leaves and small twigs. (2)

Cavities An open wound, characterized by the presence of extensive decay and

resulting in a hollow.(1)

**Decay** Process of degradation of woody tissues by fungi and bacteria through the

decomposition of cellulose and lignin<sup>(1)</sup>

**Dripline** The width of the crown as measured by the lateral extent of the foliage. (1)

**Genus** A classification of plants showing similar characteristics.

**Live Crown** The relative proportion of green crown to overall tree height<sup>(1)</sup>

Ratio

Root crown The point at which the trunk flares out at the base of the tree to become the root

system.

**Species** A Classification that identifies a particular plant.

Standard Height at which the girth of the tree is measured. Typically 4 1/2 feet above

**height** ground level

# References

- (1) Matheny, N.P., and Clark, J.P. <u>Evaluation of Hazard Trees in Urban Areas</u>. International Society of Arboriculture, 1994.
- (2) Harris, R.W., Matheny, N.P. and Clark, J.R.. <u>Arboriculture: Integrated Management of Landscape Trees, Shrubs and Vines.</u> Prentice Hall, 1999.
- (3) Carlson, Russell E. <u>Paulownia on The Green: An Assessment of Tree Health and Structural Condition.</u> Tree Tech Consulting, 1998.
- (4) Extracted from a copy of Tree Protection guidelines. Anon
- (5) T. D. Sydnor, Arboricultural Glossary. School of Natural Resources, 2000
- (6) D Dockter, <u>Tree Technical Manual.</u> City of Palo Alto, June, 2001

# Certification of Performance<sup>(3)</sup>

## I, Robert Weatherill certify:

- \* That I have personally inspected the tree(s) and/or the property referred to in this report, and have stated my findings accurately. The extent of the evaluation and appraisal is stated in the attached report and the Terms and Conditions;
- \* That I have no current or prospective interest in the vegetation or the property that is the subject of this report, and I have no personal interest or bias with respect to the parties involved;
- \* That the analysis, opinions and conclusions stated herein are my own, and are based on current scientific procedures and facts;
- \* That my compensation is not contingent upon the reporting of a predetermined conclusion that favors the cause of the client or any other party, nor upon the results of the assessment, the attainment of stipulated results, or the occurrence of any subsequent events;
- \* That my analysis, opinions, and conclusions were developed and this report has been prepared according to commonly accepted Arboricultural practices;
- \* That no one provided significant professional assistance to the consultant, except as indicated within the report.

I further certify that I am a member of the International Society of Arboriculture and a Certified Arborist. I have been involved in the practice of arboriculture and the care and study of trees for over 15 years.

Signed

Date: 7/28/16

# Advanced Tree Care

P.O. Box 5326 Redwood City, CA 94063

936 Hobart St, Menlo Park July 28, 2016

Terms and Conditions(3)

The following terms and conditions apply to all oral and written reports and correspondence pertaining to consultations, inspections and activities of Advanced Tree Care:

- 1. All property lines and ownership of property, trees, and landscape plants and fixtures are assumed to be accurate and reliable as presented and described to the consultant, either verbally or in writing. The consultant assumes no responsibility for verification of ownership or locations of property lines, or for results of any actions or recommendations based on inaccurate information.
- 2. It is assumed that any property referred to in any report or in conjunction with any services performed by Advanced Tree Care, is not in violation of any applicable codes, ordinances, statutes, or other governmental regulations, and that any titles and ownership to any property are assumed to be good and marketable. Any existing liens and encumbrances have been disregarded.
- 3. All reports and other correspondence are confidential, and are the property of Advanced Tree Care and it's named clients and their assignees or agents. Possession of this report or a copy thereof does not imply any right of publication or use for any purpose, without the express permission of the consultant and the client to whom the report was issued. Loss, removal or alteration of any part of a report invalidates the entire appraisal/evaluation.
- 4. The scope of any report or other correspondence is limited to the trees and conditions specifically mentioned in those reports and correspondence. Advanced Tree Care and the consultant assume no liability for the failure of trees or parts of trees, either inspected or otherwise. The consultant assumes no responsibility to report on the condition of any tree or landscape feature not specifically requested by the named client.
- 5. All inspections are limited to visual examination of accessible parts, without dissection, excavation, probing, boring or other invasive procedures, unless otherwise noted in the report. No warrantee or guarantee is made, expressed or implied, that problems or deficiencies of the plants or the property will not occur in the future, from any cause. The consultant shall not be responsible for damages caused by any tree defects, and assumes no responsibility for the correction of defects or tree related problems.
- 6. The consultant shall not be required to provide further documentation, give testimony, be deposed, or attend court by reason of this appraisal/report unless subsequent contractual arrangements are made, including payment of additional fees for such services as described by the consultant or in the fee schedules or contract.
- 7. Advanced Tree Care has no warrantee, either expressed or implied, as to the suitability of the information contained in the reports for any purpose. It remains the responsibility of the client to determine applicability to his/her particular case.
- 8. Any report and the values, observations, and recommendations expressed therein represent the professional opinion of the consultants, and the fee for services is in no manner contingent upon the reporting of a specified value nor upon any particular finding to be reported.
- 9. Any photographs, diagrams, graphs, sketches, or other graphic material included in any report, being intended solely as visual aids, are not necessarily to scale and should not be construed as engineering reports or surveys, unless otherwise noted in the report. Any reproductions of graphs material or the work product of any other persons is intended solely for the purpose of clarification and ease of reference. Inclusion of said information does not constitute a representation by Advanced Tree Care or the consultant as to the sufficiency or accuracy of that information.

# **Community Development**



#### **STAFF REPORT**

Planning Commission

Meeting Date: 11/7/2016 Staff Report Number: 16-089-PC

Public Hearing: Use Permit/Morteza Nassiri/317 Yale Road

#### Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve a request for a use permit revision to make changes to the floor plan, windows and roof plan of a previously approved single-family, two-story residence with a basement on a substandard lot with regard to lot width in the R-1-U (Single-Family Urban) zoning district, at 317 Yale Road. The previous use permit was approved by the Planning Commission on May 9, 2016. The recommended actions are contained within Attachment A.

## **Policy Issues**

Each use permit request is considered individually. The Planning Commission should consider whether the required use permit findings can be made for the proposal.

# **Background**

#### Site location

The subject site is located at 317 Yale Road, between College Avenue and Cambridge Avenue, in the Allied Arts neighborhood. A location map is included as Attachment B. The subject parcel is surrounded on all sides by single-family homes that are also in the R-1-U zoning district. Yale Road is developed with a mixture of one and two-story homes with a variety of architectural styles.

## **Previous Planning Commission review**

On May 9, 2016, the Planning Commission approved a use permit request at this site, to demolish an existing single-story, single-family residence, detached studio, and detached carport, and construct a new two-story, single-family residence with an attached garage on a substandard lot with regard to lot width and area in the R-1-U (Single-Family Urban) zoning district.

The Planning Commission included two project-specific conditions of approval to the use permit. The first required the applicant to increase the extent of the roof eave over the garage and reduce the height of the garage door with the objective of reducing the prominence of the garage. The second project-specific condition required the applicant to revise the site layout so the proposed residence is pushed back to align with the front of 309 Yale Road. The applicant has preliminarily complied with these conditions by aligning the proposed residence with the front of the residence at 309 Yale Road, extending the length of the eave above the garage from one foot to one foot, six inches, and reducing the height of the garage door from eight feet to seven feet, six inches.

## **Analysis**

## Project description

The proposed changes to the project include revisions to the floor plan, the windows and the roof plan. The proposed changes include the removal of the first floor bedroom and the addition of a fourth bathroom on the second floor. The proposed changes to the windows are mainly a result of revisions to the floor plans; no changes are proposed to the front elevation, the building footprint or the square footage. A data table summarizing parcel and project attributes is included as Attachment C. The only changes to the data table are the proposed front and rear setbacks, as discussed above.

The proposed changes to the previously approved left side elevation would include the following:

- Two smaller windows at the first floor nook instead of one larger window.
- An additional first floor window for the bathroom.
- The addition of a second floor bedroom window above the garage with a sill height of three feet, two
  inches.

The proposed changes to the previously approved right side elevation would include the following:

- The addition of two second floor, bedroom windows and the enlargement of a window at the master bathroom. All of these windows would have sill heights of three feet, two inches.
- Two smaller windows at the first floor dining room instead of one larger window.
- The addition of two windows at the living room.

The proposed changes to the previously approved rear elevation would include the following:

A smaller window at the first floor pantry, instead of the larger window that was proposed when this
area was a guest bedroom.

The proposed changes to the previously approved roof plan include the following:

- A gable roof over bedroom #2 instead of a hip roof.
- A small flat roof over the stairs.

The project plans and the applicant's project description letter are included as Attachments D and E, respectively. The previously approved site plan and elevations are included as Attachment F.

# Design and materials

The previously-approved residence features a style described by the architect as Spanish Eclectic. Staff does not believe the proposed changes materially change the style or neighborhood compatibility of the approved residence. No significant privacy concerns are anticipated as all newly proposed second floor windows along the side elevations would have minimum sill heights of three feet, two inches.

## Trees and landscaping

The applicant submitted an arborist report (Attachment G) detailing the species, size and conditions of the trees on or near the site, as part of the application for the use permit request previously approved by the Planning Commission. The approved site plan included some tree removals, including the removal of a heritage holly tree located on the middle-right side of the property, as well as replacement trees. One replacement tree was moved from the right to the left side of the property, as a result of the Planning Commission's condition that the residence be aligned with the residence at 309 Yale Road. No other changes to the landscaping are proposed. The proposed site improvements should not adversely affect any of the trees as tree protection measures in the arborist report will be ensured through recommended condition 3g.

## Correspondence

Staff has not received any items of correspondence on the proposed project. The applicant has indicated they have spoken with or left information for the neighboring property owners on either side.

#### Conclusion

Staff does not believe the proposed changes materially change the style or neighborhood compatibility of the approved residence. No significant privacy concerns are anticipated as all newly proposed second floor windows along the side elevations would have minimum sill heights of three feet, two inches. Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve the proposed revisions to the project.

## **Impact on City Resources**

The project sponsor is required to pay Planning, Building and Public Works permit fees, based on the City's Master Fee Schedule, to fully cover the cost of staff time spent on the review of the project.

#### **Environmental Review**

The project is categorically exempt under Class 3 (Section 15303, "New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.

#### **Public Notice**

Public Notification was achieved by posting the agenda, with the agenda items being listed, at least 72 hours prior to the meeting. Public notification also consisted of publishing a notice in the local newspaper and notification by mail of owners and occupants within a 300-foot radius of the subject property.

## **Appeal Period**

The Planning Commission action will be effective after 15 days unless the action is appealed to the City Council, in which case the outcome of the application shall be determined by the City Council.

Staff Report #: 16-089-PC Page 4

## **Attachments**

- A. Recommended Actions
- B. Location Map
- C. Data Table
- D. Project Plans
- E. Project Description Letter
- F. Approved Site Plan and Elevations
- G. Arborist Report

## **Disclaimer**

Attached are reduced versions of maps and diagrams submitted by the applicants. The accuracy of the information in these drawings is the responsibility of the applicants, and verification of the accuracy by City Staff is not always possible. The original full-scale maps, drawings and exhibits are available for public viewing at the Community Development Department.

# **Exhibits to Be Provided at Meeting**

None

Report prepared by: Corinna Sandmeier, Associate Planner

Report reviewed by:

Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner

#### 317 Yale Road – Attachment A: Recommended Actions

LOCATION: 317 Yale<br/>RoadPROJECT NUMBER:<br/>PLN2016-00093APPLICANT: Morteza<br/>NassiriOWNER: Morteza<br/>Nassiri

**REQUEST:** Request for a use permit revision to make changes to the floor plan, windows and roof plan of a previously approved single-family, two-story residence with a basement on a substandard lot with regard to lot width in the R-1-U (Single-Family Urban) zoning district. The previous use permit was approved by the Planning Commission on May 9, 2016.

DECISION ENTITY: Planning Commission

DATE: November 7, 2016

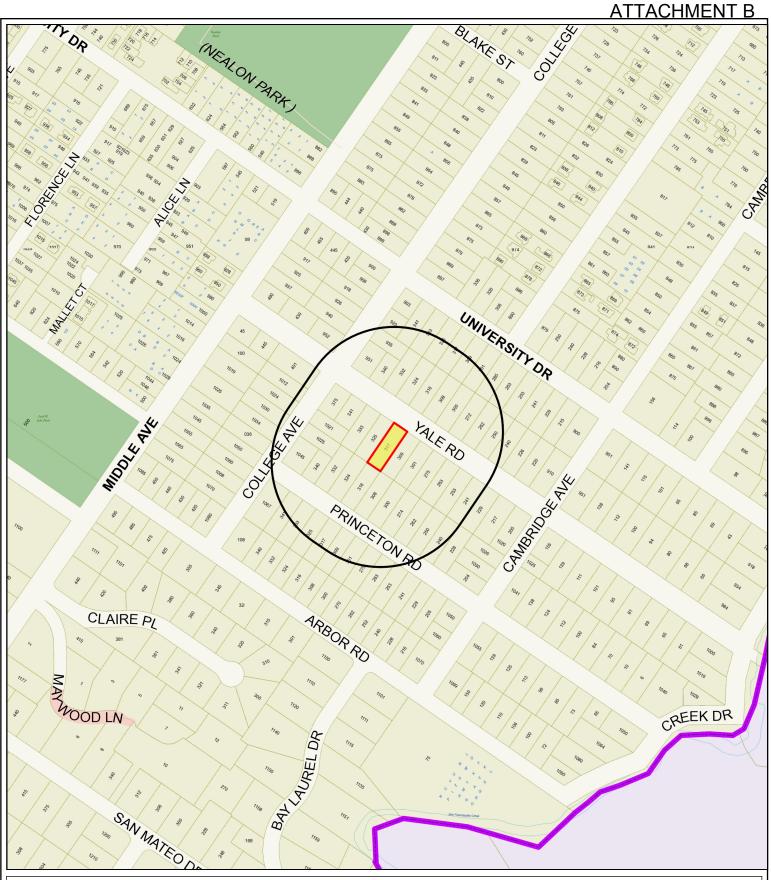
ACTION: TBD

VOTE: TBD (Barnes, Combs, Goodhue, Kahle, Onken, Riggs, Strehl)

#### ACTION:

- Make a finding that the project is categorically exempt under Class 3 (Section 15303, "New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures") of the current CEQA Guidelines.
- Make findings, as per Section 16.82.030 of the Zoning Ordinance pertaining to the granting of use permits, that the proposed use will not be detrimental to the health, safety, morals, comfort and general welfare of the persons residing or working in the neighborhood of such proposed use, and will not be detrimental to property and improvements in the neighborhood or the general welfare of the City.
- 3. Approve the use permit subject to the following *standard* conditions:
  - a. Development of the project shall be substantially in conformance with the plans prepared by Kohler Associates Architects consisting of 11 plan sheets, dated received October 25, 2016, and approved by the Planning Commission on November 7, 2016, except as modified by the conditions contained herein, subject to review and approval by the Planning Division.
  - b. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all Sanitary District, Menlo Park Fire Protection District, and utility companies' regulations that are directly applicable to the project.
  - c. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all requirements of the Building Division, Engineering Division, and Transportation Division that are directly applicable to the project.
  - d. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall submit a plan for any new utility installations or upgrades for review and approval by the Planning, Engineering and Building Divisions. All utility equipment that is installed outside of a building and that cannot be placed underground shall be properly screened by landscaping. The plan shall show exact locations of all meters, back flow prevention devices, transformers, junction boxes, relay boxes, and other equipment boxes.
  - e. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit plans indicating that the applicant shall remove and replace any damaged and significantly worn sections of frontage improvements. The plans shall be submitted for review and approval of the Engineering Division.
  - f. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit a Grading and Drainage Plan for review and approval of the Engineering Division. The Grading and Drainage Plan shall be approved prior to the issuance of grading, demolition or building permits.
  - g. Heritage and street trees in the vicinity of the construction project shall be protected pursuant to the arborist report by Kevin Kielty Arborist Services LLC, dated received March 23, 2016.

**PAGE**: 1 of 1





City of Menlo Park **Location Map** 317 Yale Road



Drawn By: CDS Scale: 1:3,600

Checked By: CDS

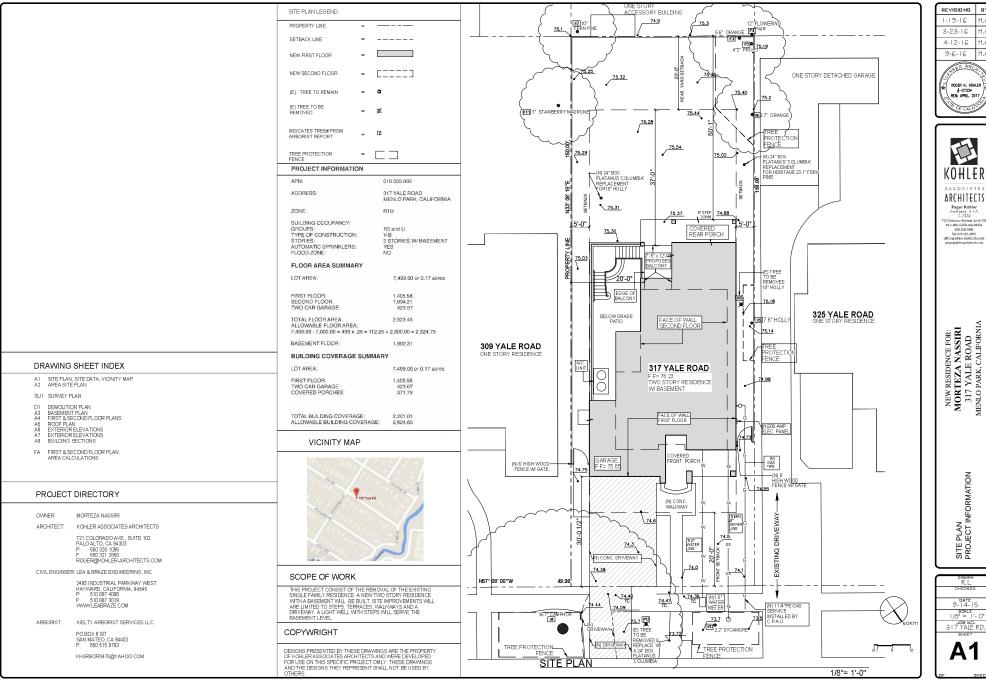
Date: 11/7/2016

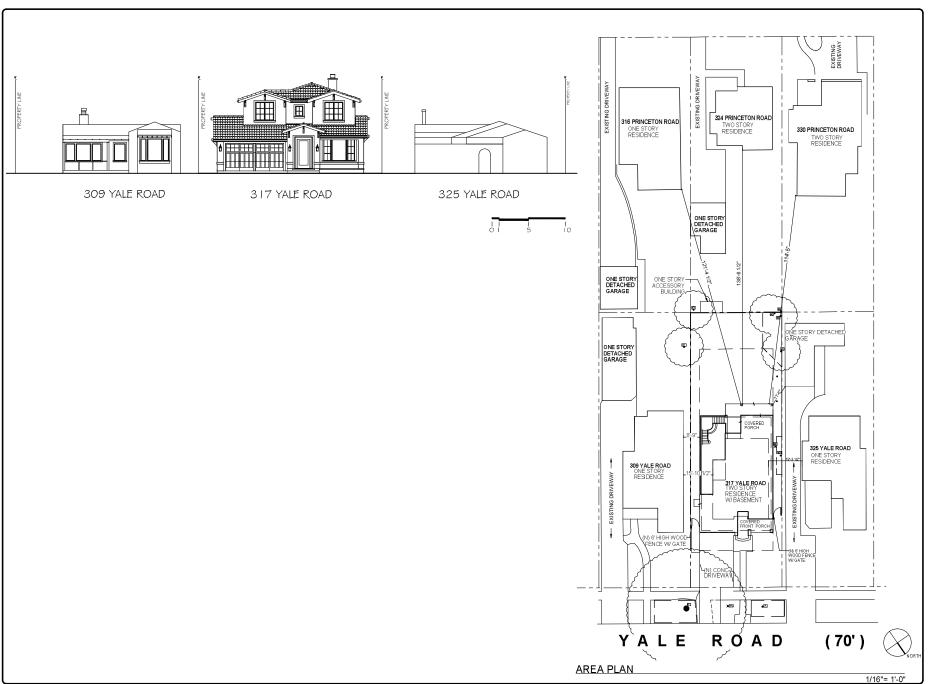
Sheet: 1

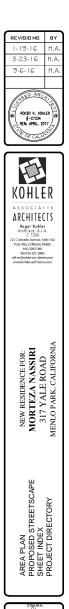
# 317 Yale Road – Attachment C: Data Table

		POSED DJECT		STING OPMENT		IING IANCE
Lot area	7,499.0	sf	7,499.0	sf	7,000.0	sf min.
Lot width	50.0	ft.	50.0	ft.	65.0	ft. min.
Lot depth	150.0	ft.	150.0	ft.	100.0	ft. min.
Setbacks						
Front	28.0	ft.	29.3	ft.	20.0	ft. min.
Rear	50.1	ft.	55.5	ft.	20.0	ft. min.
Side (left)	5.0	ft.	12.5	ft.	5.0	ft. min.
Side (right)	5.0	ft.	4.3	ft.	5.0	ft. min.
Building coverage	2,201.1	sf	2,520.5	sf	2,624.7	sf max.
	29.4	%	33.6	%	35.0	% max.
FAL (Floor Area Limit)	2,923.5	sf	2,520.5	sf	2,924.8	sf max.
Square footage by floor	1,902.3	sf/basement	1,492.6	sf/1st floor		
	1,405.6	sf/1st floor	663.9	sf/carport		
	1,094.2	sf/2 <sup>nd</sup> floor	364.0	sf/studio		
	423.7	sf/garage				
	371.8	sf/porches				
Square footage of buildings	5,197.6	sf	2,520.5	sf		
Building height	24.8	ft.	15.0	ft.	28.0	ft. max.
Parking	2 cc	overed	3 co	vered	1 covered/	l uncovered
· ·	Note: Areas sh	nown highlighted in	ndicate a nonco	onforming or sub	standard situ	ation.
Trees	Heritage trees:	: 2*	Non-Heritage	trees: 10**	New Trees:	3
	Heritage trees		Non-Heritage	trees	Total Number	er of
	proposed for re		proposed for		Trees:	12
		tree is located in non-heritage trees				nboring

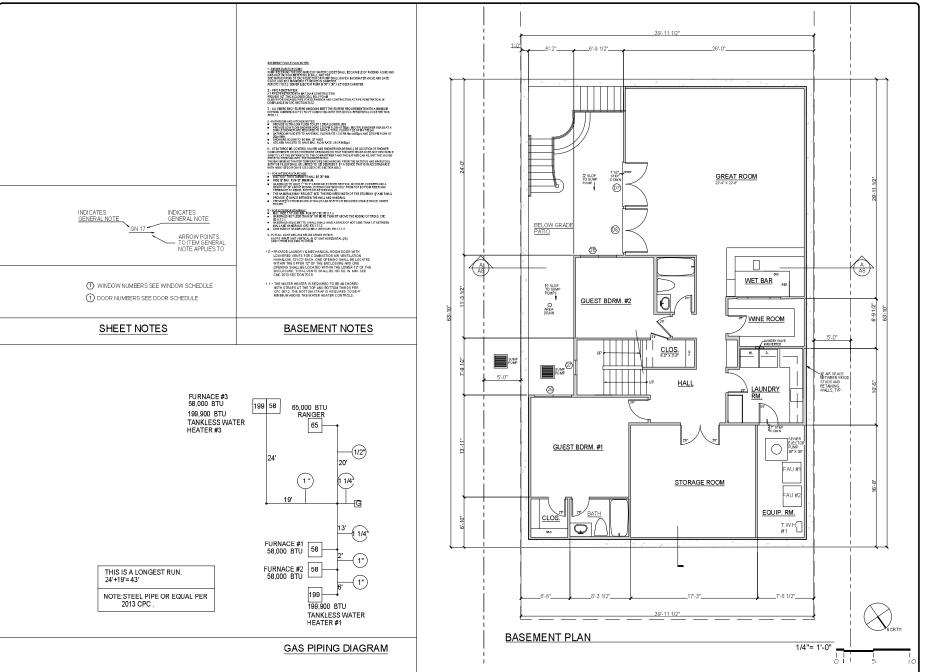
## ATTACHMENT D



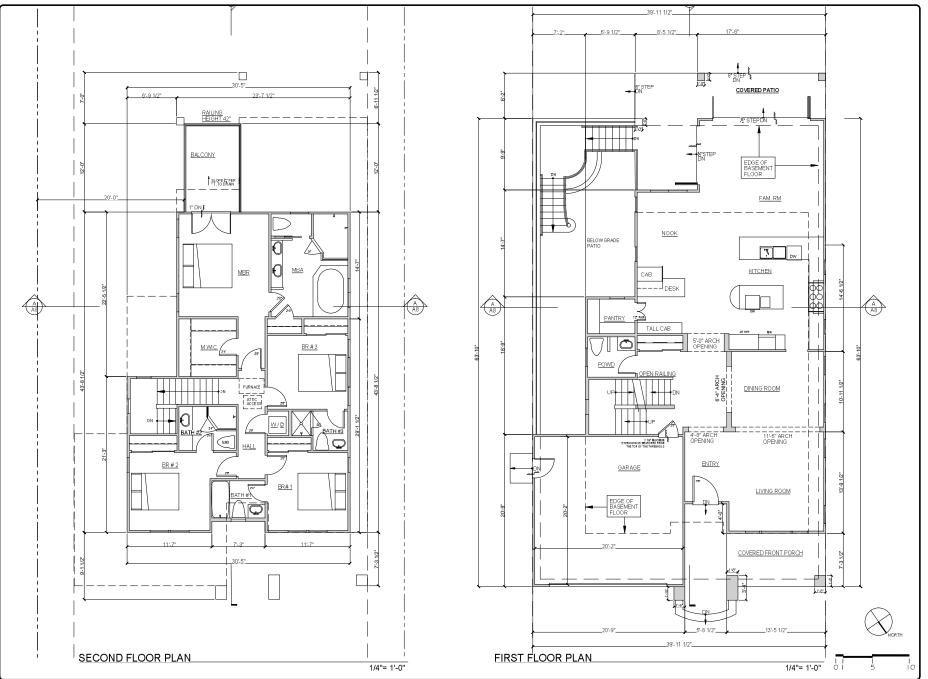


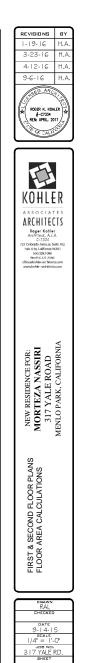


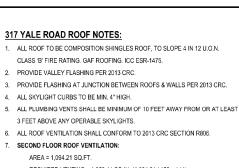












REQUIRED VENTING = 1,050.44 SQ.IN. (1,094.21 / 150 x 144)

(3) 2" DIA. HOLES PER RAFTER BAY x 45 BAYS =423.9 SQ.IN.

(7) ROOF VENTS (97.50 SQ. IN. FREE FLOW AREA) = 682.5 SQ.IN.

ACTUAL VENTING PROVIDED = 423.9 + 682.5 = 1106.4 SQ.IN.

#### FIRST FLOOR ROOF VENTILATION AT LIVING & DINING ROOM & KITCHEN:

AREA = 103.57 SQ.FT.

REQUIRED VENTING = 99.42 SQ.IN. (103.57 / 150 x 144)

(3) 2" DIA. HOLES PER RAFTER BAY x 18 BAYS = 169.56 SQ.IN. (O.K.)

#### FIRST FLOOR ROOF VENTILATION AT NOOK & FAMILY ROOM:

AREA = 225.02 SQ.FT.

REQUIRED VENTING = 216.02 SQ.IN. (225.02 / 150 x 144)

(3) 2" DIA. HOLES PER RAFTER BAY x 10 BAYS = 94.2 SQ.IN.

(2) ROOF VENTS (97.5 SQ. IN. FREE FLOW AREA) = 195 SQ.IN.

ACTUAL VENTING PROVIDED = 94.2 + 195 = 289.2 SQ. IN. (O.K.)

#### FIRST FLOOR ROOF VENTILATION AT POWD ROOM & PANTRY:

AREA = 74.25 SQ.FT.

REQUIRED VENTING = 77.34 SQ.IN. (74.25 / 150 x 144)

(3) 2" DIA. HOLES PER RAFTER BAY x 8 BAYS = 75.36 SQ.IN.

(1) ROOF VENTS (97.5 SQ. IN. FREE FLOW AREA) = 97.5 SQ.IN.

ACTUAL VENTING PROVIDED = 97.5 + 75.36 = 172.86 SQ. IN. (O.K.)

#### FIRST FLOOR ROOF VENTILATION AT STAIRS:

AREA = 52.5 SQ.FT.

REQUIRED VENTING = 50.4 SQ.IN. (52.5 / 150 x 144)

(3) 2" DIA. HOLES PER RAFTER BAY x 6 BAYS = 56.52 SQ.IN. (O.K.)

#### ROOF VENTILATION AT FRONT PORCH:

PROVIDE 2" CONTINUOUS SOFFIT VENTS FOR VENTILATION AT CEILING SOFFIT.

(1) ROOF VENT. SEE ROOF PLAN FOR LOCATION.

#### ROOF VENTILATION AT REAR PORCH:

PROVIDE 2" CONTINUOUS SOFFIT VENTS FOR VENTILATION AT CEILING SOFFIT.

#### 8. VENT HOLES TO BE -

2" DIAMETER HOLE = 3.14 SQ.IN.

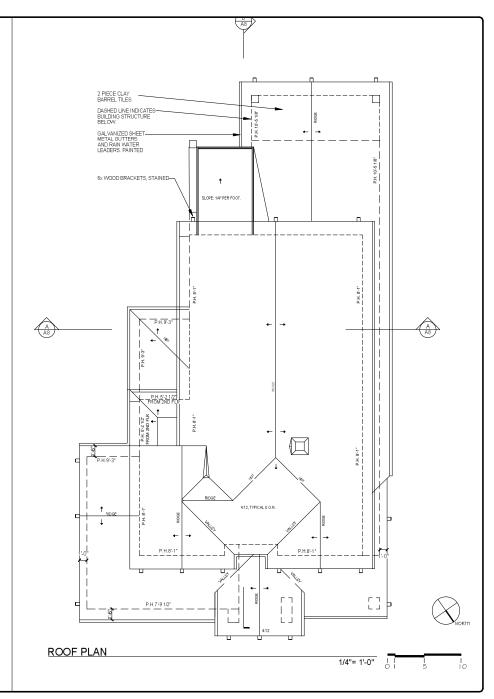
(3) 2" DIA. HOLES PER RAFTER BAY = 9.42 SQ.IN./ BAY

MIN. 3" CLEAR FROM END OF BLOCK.

MIN. 1 1/2" CLR. FROM TOP OF BLOCK.

MIN. 3" CLR. FROM OTHER VENT HOLES.

- 9. INSTALL ROOF VENTS LOCATIONS PER 2013 CRC R806.2. AND R806.2 EX.2.
- ROOF VENTS AT SLOPED ROOF TO BE O'HAGIN 'S' STYLE TILES FOR SPANISH TILE ROOF WITH 97.50 SQ. IN. OF NET FREE VENTILATION AREA.
   ROOF VENT AT FLAT ROOF TO BE AWARD METALS TRUE 38 WITH 38 SQ. IN. OF NET FREE VENTILATION AREA.









NEW RESIDENCE FOR:

MORTEZA NASSIRI
317 YALE ROAD

MENLO PARK, CALIFORNIA

DRAWN
RAL
CHECKED

14-2015

14-2015

14-2015

14-2015

17-14-2015

17-14-2015

17-14-2015

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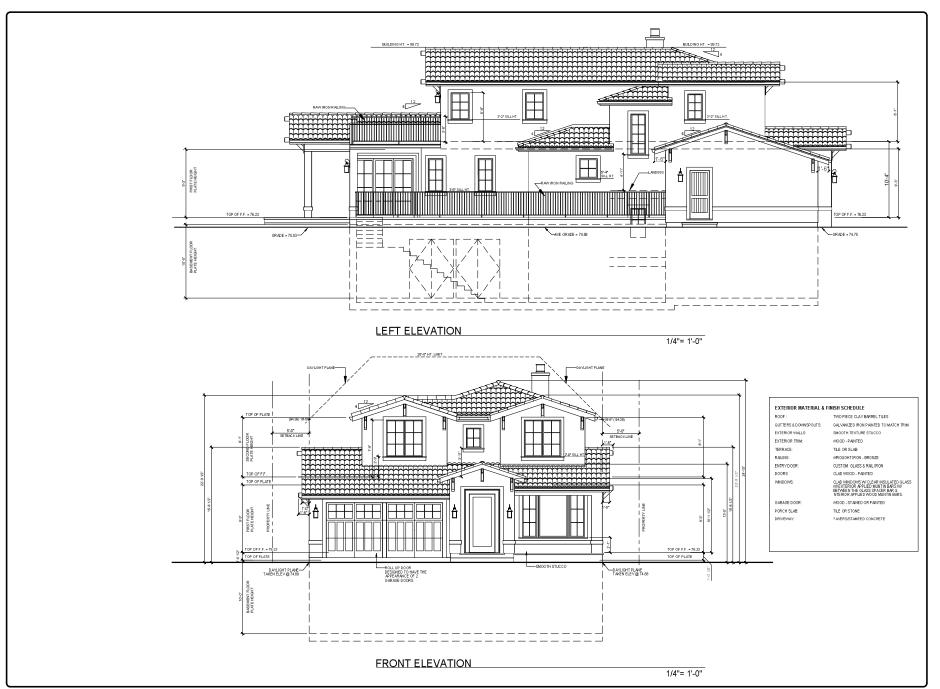
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PLAN





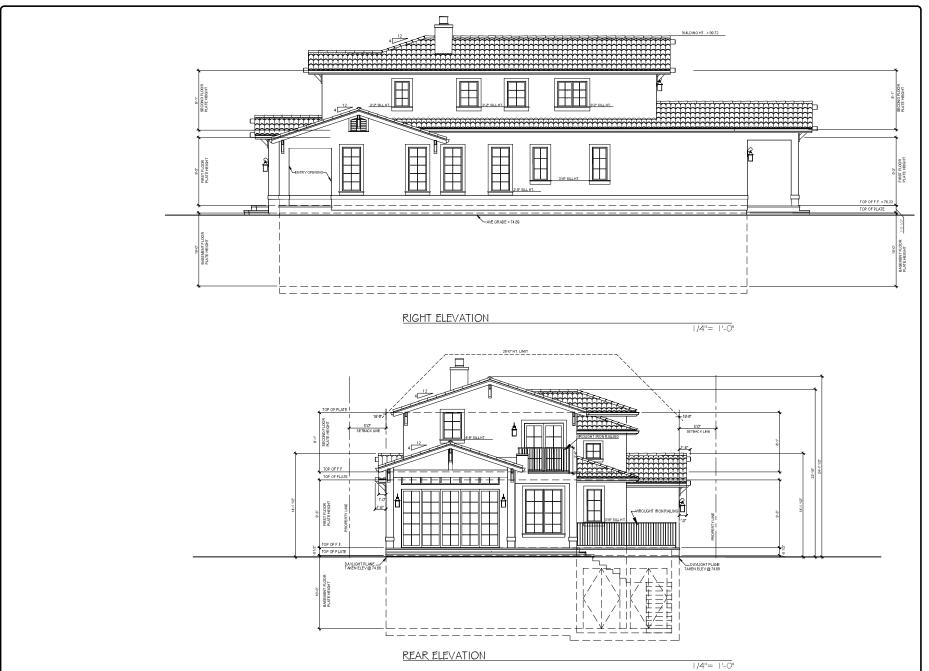
NEW RESIDENCE FOR:
MORTEZA NASSIRI
317 YALE ROAD
MENLO PARK, CALIFORNIA

EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

DRAWN RL CHECKED

DATE
9-14-2015
STALE
1/4' = 1'-0'
JOB NO.
317 YALE RD.
SHEET

**A6** 



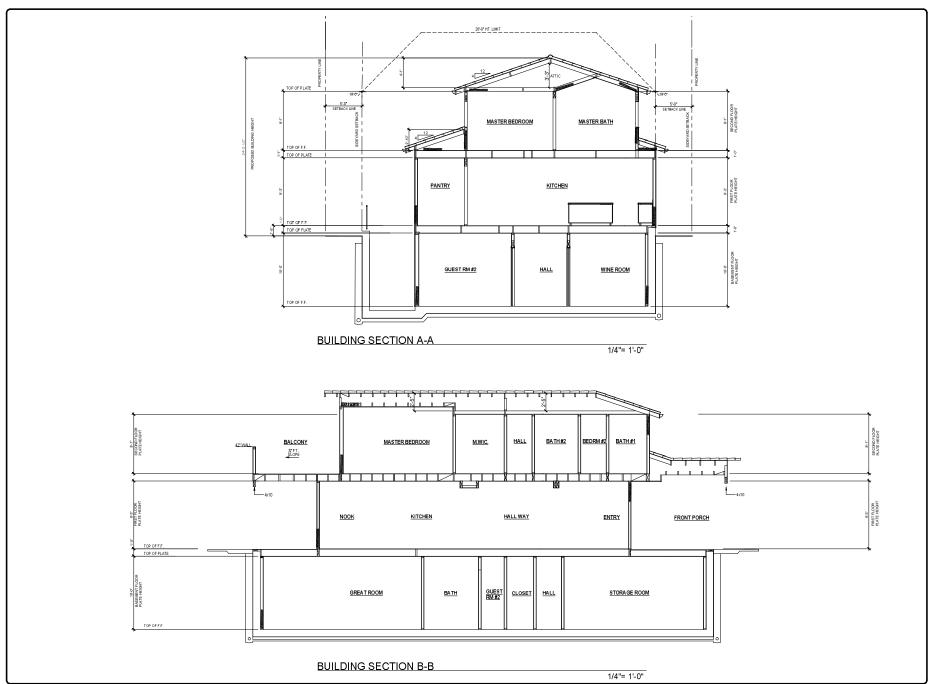






EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

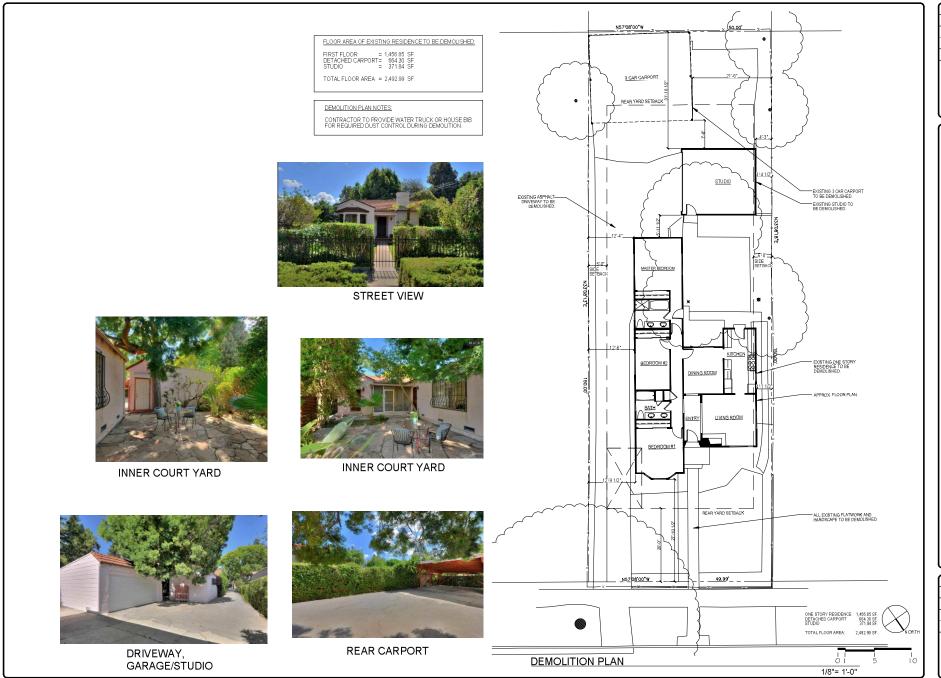
RL RL 9-14-15 SCALE 1/4" = 1'-0" JOB NO. 3 17 YALE RD.





NEW RESIDENCE FOR:
MORTEZA NASSIRI
317 YALE ROAD
MENLO PARK, CALIFORNIA BUILDING SECTIONS



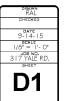








DEMOLITION PLAN PHOTOGRAPHS

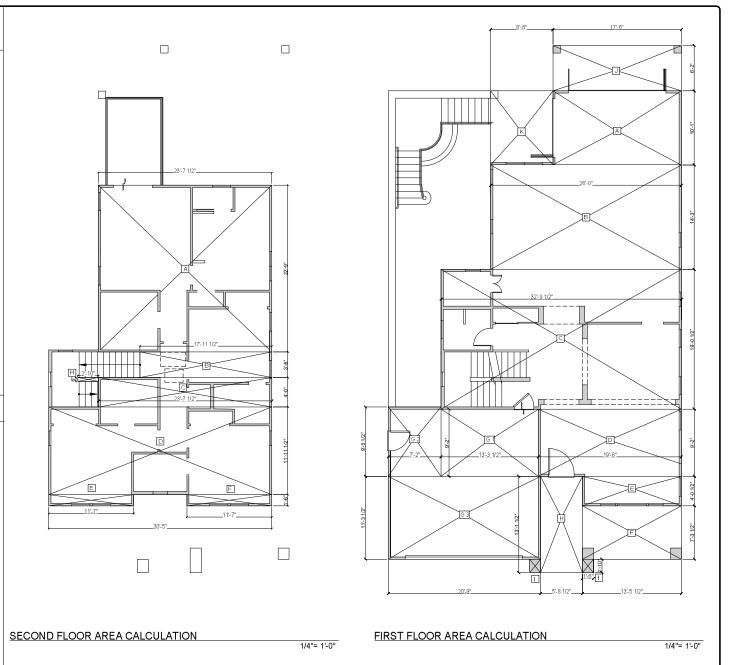


#### FLOOR AREA CALCULATIONS

FIRST FLOOR			
A	17.50	10.16	177.80
В	26.00	14.25	370.50
С	32.79	19.04	624.32
D	19.50	9.16	178.6
E	13.45	4.04	54.3
TOTAL			1405.58
GARAGE			
G1	13.29	9.16	121.7
G2	7.16	9.45	67.6
G3	20.75	11.29	234.2
TOTAL			423.6
SECOND FLC	OR		
Α	23.62	22.75	537.3
В	17.95	3.50	62.8
С	23.62	4.00	94.4
D	30.41	11.95	363.4
E	11.58	1.50	17.3
F	11.58	1.50	17.3
Н	2.83	0.50	1.42
			1094.2
			2923.4

#### BUILDING COVERAGE CALCULATIONS

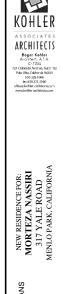
BUILDING COVERAGE CALCULATION								
F	13.45	7.29	98.05					
Н	5.70	13.12	74.78					
Ix2	1.50	1.83	5.48					
J	17.50	6.16	107.80					
K	8.50	10.08	85.68					
First floor	and gagrage		1829.22					
TOTAL BUL	IDING COVE	RAGE	2201.03					





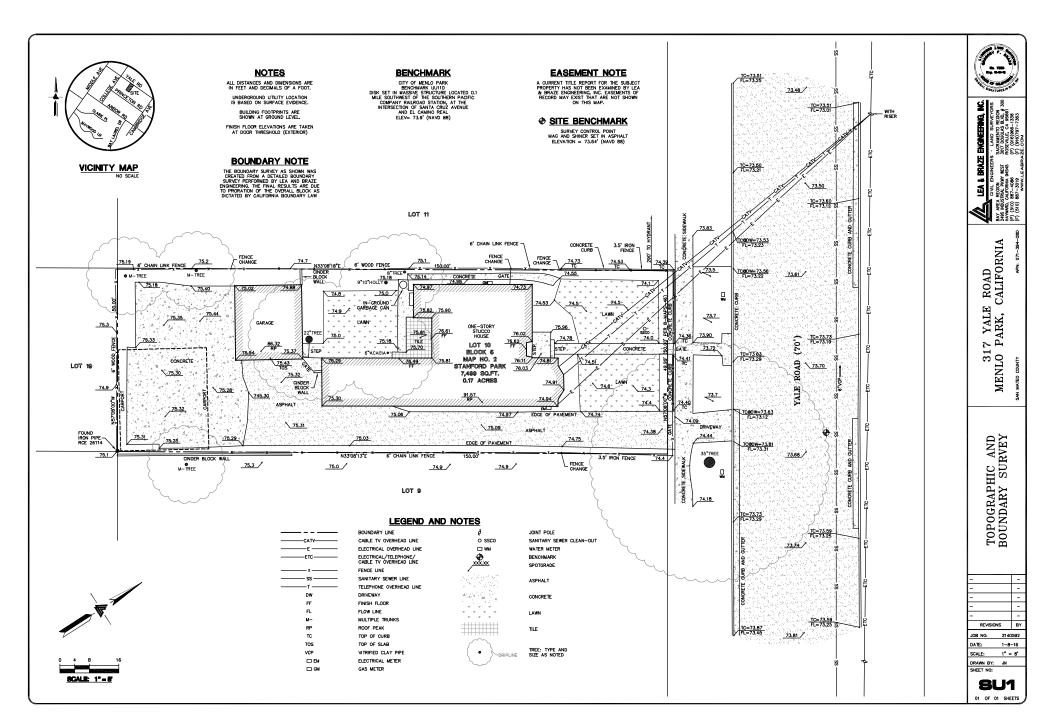














ATTACHMENT E

OCT 1 1 2016

CITY OF MENLO PARK BUILDING

DATE October 10, 2016

PAGE 1 OF 1

Project: New Home at 317 Yale Road, Menlo Park, California, 94025 Description of Proposed Change Floor Plan

To: City of Menlo Park Planning Department Attention: Corinna Sandmier

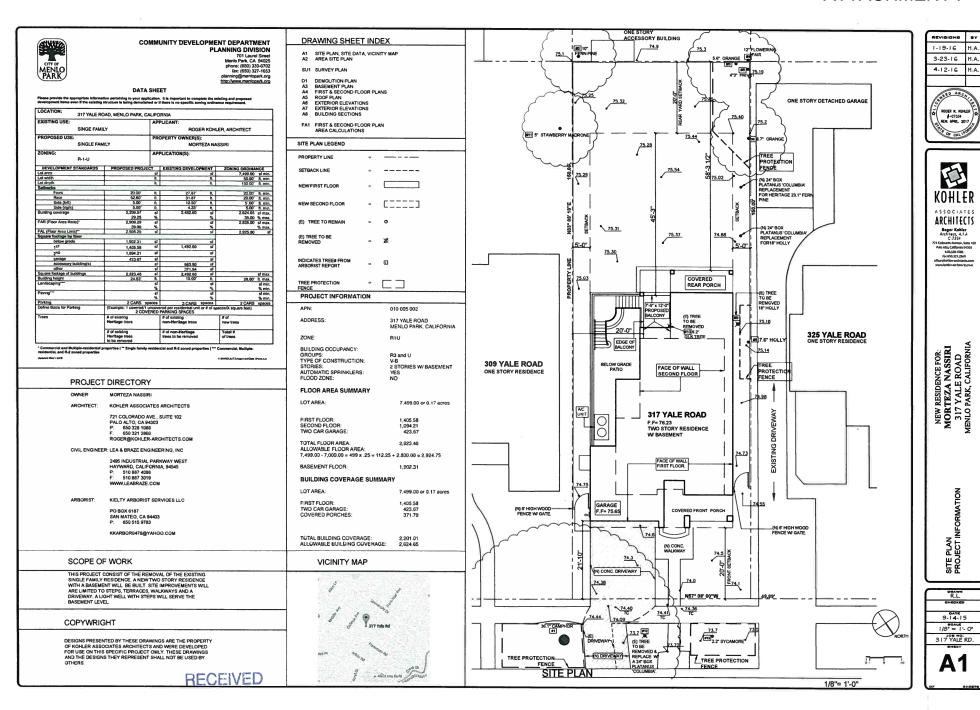
### Dear Ms. Sandmier

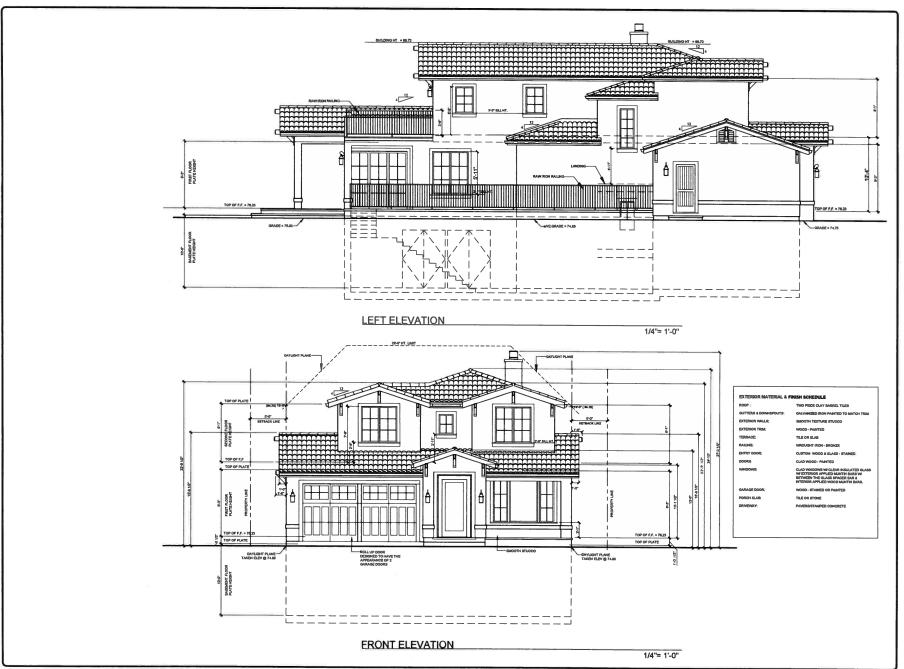
As the owner request, we rearranged the interior layout of the house and revised and relocated windows according to the new floor plan. The concept and footprint of the house didn't change. Below is an itemized list of all proposed changes:

- 1. Removed the Guest room on first floor to have a bigger Nook.
- 2. Added two windows in Dinning room to have more light in the room.
- 3. Rearranged the Master Bath, kept the same footprint just rearranged the layout to creat a smooth traffic flow.
- 4. Added a Bathroom in second floor.
- 5. Rear roof over Bedroom #2 changed from Hip to Gable to creat Cathedral ceiling.
- 6.Created small fat roof over stairs for drainage purposes.

If you you have any other questions, please feel free to give me a call or via email. Roger K. Kohler, Architect, C-7334 650-328-1086 phone 650-321-2860,

## ATTACHMENT F

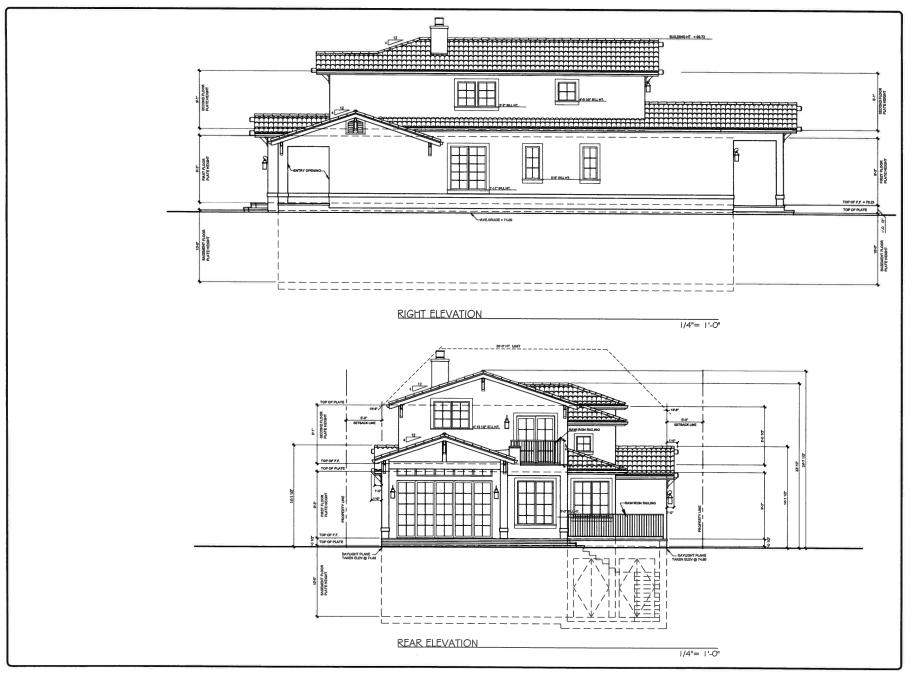








**A6** 



# Kielty Arborist Services LLC

P.O. Box 6187
San Mateo, CA 94403

MAR 2 3 2016

CITY OF MENLO PARK

February 29, 2016

Kohler Associates Architects Attn: Mr. Roger Kohler 721 Colorado Avenue Suite 102 Palo Alto, CA 94303

Site: 317 Yale, Menlo Park, CA

Dear Mr. Kohler,

At your request on Monday, February 29, 2016, I reviewed the latest plan set for the above site. Site plan A-1 dated February 23, 2016 was reviewed for this report.

# **Observations:**

The above mentioned plans were well draw with all disturbed areas well displayed. All tree canopies are well displayed.

# **Summary:**

Impacts to the trees are expected to be minor with no long term impacts. All excavation or trenching within the dripline of a protected tree will be supervised by the site arborist.

# **Inspection Schedule:**

The site will be inspected prior to the start of any demolition and again prior to the start of construction. Other inspections will be on an as needed basis. The tree protection will be inspected by the town arborist prior to the start of construction.

The information included in this report is believed to be true and based on sound arboricultural principles and practices.

Sincerely,

Kevin R. Kielty Certified Arborist WE#0476A

# Kielty Arborist Services LLC

Certified Arborist WE#0476A P.O. Box6187 San Mateo, CA 94403 650-515-9783

April 13, 2015 Revised January 11, 2015, Revised again on February 19, 2016

Kohler Associates Architects attn: Roger Kohler 721 Colorado Ave Palo Alto, CA 94303

Site: 317 Yale Menlo Park CA, 94025

Dear Mr. Kohler,

As requested on Monday, March 23, 2015 and again on January 11, 2016, I visited the above site to inspect and comment on the trees. Your concern as to the future health and safety of the trees has prompted this visit.

# Method:

The significant trees on this site were located on a to scale map provided by you. Each tree was given an identification number. This number was inscribed onto a metal foil tag and nailed to the trees at eye level. The trees were then measured for diameter at 54 inches above ground level (DBH or diameter at breast height). A condition rating of 1 - 100 was assigned to each tree representing form and vitality using the following scale:

1 - 29 Very Poor 30 - 49 Poor 50 - 69 Fair 70 - 89 Good 90 - 100 Excellent

The height of each tree was estimated and the spread was paced off.

317 Y Surve	/ale/3/23/15 Revised /2	/19/16		(2)	
	Species	DBH	CON	HT/S	PComments
1*	Camphor (Cinnamomum camp.	36.1 hora)	60	45/40	Good vigor, fair form, multi leader at 5 feet, larger surface roots, street tree.
2*	Fern pine (Podocarpus gracilio	10est or)	50	30/20	Fair vigor, fair form.
3	Orange (Citrus sinensis)	5.6	45	10/10	Poor vigor, poor form, suppressed
4*	Flowering pear (Pyrus calleryana)	12est	55	35/30	Good vigor, fair form, heavy lateral limbs, close to property line.
5	Privet (Ligustrum japonicum	4x3 n)	45	30/20	Poor-fair vigor, poor form, multi leader, in decline, shared tree, bending fence.
6	Orange (Citrus sinensis)	8.7	40	20/20	Poor-fair vigor, fair form, in decline.
7 <b>R</b>	Fern pine (Podocarpus gracilio	23.1 or)	55	45/50	Good vigor, poor form, poor location.  Planned for removal
8 <b>R</b>	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	18.0	45	35/20	Poor-fair vigor, poor form, codominant at 2 feet. <b>Planned for removal</b>
9	Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	7.6	50	25/20	Fair vigor, poor form, suppressed.
10 <b>R</b>	Silk tree (Albizia julibrissin)	6.2	55	30/25	Fair vigor, poor form, poor location against house, leans at a 45 degree angle.  Planned for removal
11*	Strawberry madrone (Arbutus 'Marina')	5est	60	15/10	Fair vigor, fair form, 4 feet from property line.
12 <b>R</b>	Dogwood (Cornus spp.)	1.5	60	10/5	Fair vigor, fair form, young, recently planted, street tree.  Planned for removal
13	Sycamore (Platanus x acerifolia	2.2	60	10/5	Fair vigor, fair form, young, recently
	ates neighbors tree.				planted, street tree.



Showing cut roots and new sidewalk installation

# **Summary:**

All trees on site are imported trees. The trees have not been maintained for many years. A new home and landscape is being designed to better fit the lot and to improve the outward appearance. Tree #1 is a large camphor street tree. A large amount of the trees roots have been severed in the past in order to try and control further damage done by the large surface roots of this street tree. This is seen on the trees root flair, as it appears large roots have been cut probably to fix the driveway area. Also there appears to be sidewalk work that recently occurred in this area, judging by the newer looking concrete. The sidewalk work was likely done because the trees roots damaged the sidewalk creating a tripping hazard. An unknown amount of root loss occurred during this work done.

At this time a new driveway is being designed in the same area as the existing driveway. The existing driveway should stay in place as long as possible throughout the proposed work. This will protect any roots that are growing underneath the driveway from compaction. Staging of materials can be done on the existing driveway. At the end of the project, during the driveway excavation, the site arborist should be onsite to inspect, document and offer mitigation measures. Hand tools shall be used when excavating the existing driveway. Any roots over 2 inches in diameter to be cut, need to be inspected by the site arborist. Impacts to the camphor street tree as a result of construction is expected to be minor. Roots in this area have already been cut multiple times for different reasons. Despite the past work done the tree is still in good health. As long as the existing driveway stays in place until the end of the project in order to protect the roots the tree will remain in fair health.

Public works is requesting that Camphor street tree #1 is protected by installing trunk wrap protection in addition to the tree protection fencing around tree #1. The trunk wrap is described as followed:

- The trunk is to be wrapped with a 2-inch layer of orange plastic construction fencing as padding from the ground up to the first branch.
- Wooden slats 2-inches thick are to be bound securely, edge to edge, on the outside of the plastic fencing.
- A single layer of orange plastic construction fencing to be wrapped and secured around the outside of the wooden slats.
- -Major scaffold limbs that hang over the driveway will require this same type of padding.

(4)

-Structural plans relating to the driveway should include specific instructions that limit excavation within the dripline of the tree to no deeper than the depth of the existing aggregate base or slab.

Tree #7 is a large podocarpus tree. The location of this tree is poor as it is located near the center of the property. The form of the tree is also poor as the tree is codominant. Podocarpus trees are fast growing and easily replaceable. At this time the owner would like to remove and replace this tree as sees fit somewhere else on the property. This is a protected tree and will need a permit for removal.

Tree #8 and #9 are both Holly trees. During the time of investigation holly tree #8 was in poor vigor and form. The tree is codominant at 2 feet and is heavily suppressing holly #9. These 2 trees are in close proximity to each other and the proposed construction. Holly #8 is a protected tree and will need to go through the permit process to be removed. Holly #8 should be removed as it is in poor health and will be moderately impacted from construction activity. Because holly tree #8 is already in poor health it is not expected to survive being moderately impacted. Holly tree #9 will remain and benefit from tree #8 being removed as more sunlight will be available.

Tree #10 is a silk tree that is located less than 1 foot from the existing home. The tree leans heavily at a 45 degree angle away from the home. This tree will be removed as the demolition and excavation for the new home will likely cut the existing roots on the tension side making the tree unsafe. Trees #7 and #8 are the only heritage sized trees proposed for removal at this time.

The city arborist indicated that the dogwood street tree #12 is in decline and should be removed and replaced with a 24" box Platanus 'Columbia' in the same location within 30 days of removal. Street tree #13 will require tree protection fencing if the existing junipers are removed or damaged. The contractor is to contact the site arborist for tree protection instructions if the junipers are removed or damaged. The following tree protection plan will help retain any remaining trees.

#### **Tree Protection Plan:**

Tree Protection Zones

Tree protection zones should be installed and maintained throughout the entire length of the project. Fencing for tree protection zones should be 6' tall, metal chain link material supported by metal 2" diameter poles, pounded into the ground to a depth of no less than 2'. The location for the protective fencing should be as close to the dripline of desired trees as possible, still allowing room for construction to safely continue. No equipment or materials shall be stored or cleaned inside the protection zones. Areas outside protection zones, but still beneath the tree's driplines, where foot traffic is expected to be heavy, should be mulched with 4-6" of chipper chips. The spreading of chips will help to reduce compaction and improve soil structure. The tree protection zones for the neighbor's trees must be maintained throughout the entire project.

# Root Cutting and Grading

Any roots to be cut shall be monitored and documented. Large roots (over 2" diameter) or large masses of roots to be cut must be inspected by the site arborist. The site arborist, at this time, may recommend irrigation or fertilization of the root zone. All roots needing to be cut should be cut clean with a saw or lopper. Roots to be left exposed for a period of time should be covered with layers of burlap and kept moist. The over dig for the foundation should be reduced as much as possible when roots are encountered.

# Trenching and Excavation

Trenching for irrigation, drainage, electrical or any other reason shall be done by hand when inside the dripline of a protected tree. Hand digging and the careful placement of pipes below or besides protected roots will significantly reduce root loss, thus reducing trauma to the tree. All trenches shall be backfilled with native materials and compacted to near its original level, as soon as possible. Trenches to be left open for a period of time, will require the covering of all exposed roots with burlap and be kept moist. The trenches will also need to be covered with plywood to help protect the exposed roots.

# Irrigation

Normal irrigation shall be maintained on this site at all times. The imported trees will require normal irrigation. On a construction site, I recommend irrigation during winter months, 1 time per month. Seasonal rainfall may reduce the need for additional irrigation. During the warm season, April – November, my recommendation is to use heavy irrigation, 2 times per month. This type of irrigation should be started prior to any excavation. The irrigation will improve the vigor and water content of the trees. The on-site arborist may make adjustments to the irrigation recommendations as needed. The foliage of the trees may need cleaning if dust levels are extreme. Removing dust from the foliage will help to reduce mite and insect infestation.

#### Demolition

All tree protection must be in place prior to the start of demolition. Demolition equipment must enter the project from the existing driveway. If vehicles are to stray off the drive the area within the dripline of a protected tree must be covered with 6 inches of chips and steel plates of 11/4 inch plywood.

The information included in this report is believed to be true and based on sound arboricultural principles and practices.

Sincerely,

Kevin R. Kielty Certified Arborist WE#0476A

# **Community Development**



# **STAFF REPORT**

Planning Commission

Meeting Date: 11/7/2016 Staff Report Number: 16-090-PC

Public Hearing: Use Permit Revision and Architectural Control

Revision/Ron Krietemeyer/1315 O'Brien Drive

#### Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve a request for use permit and architectural control revisions to a previously approved project at 1315 O'Brien Drive, which would allow the removal of 32,197 square feet of gross floor area of warehouse from the rear of the structure and construction of a new exterior rear wall consistent with the architectural style of the previously approved building, in the M-2 (General Industrial) zoning district. The recommended actions are included as Attachment A.

## **Policy Issues**

Each use permit and architectural control request is considered individually. The Planning Commission should consider whether the required use permit and architectural control findings can be made for the proposal.

# **Background**

# Site location

The project site is located at 1315 O'Brien Drive, at the corner of O'Brien Drive and Adams Drive in the Menlo Business Park. The parcel is a through lot extending from O'Brien Drive to Adams Court. The O'Brien Drive frontage is considered the front lot line, while the Adams Drive frontage is considered the corner side property line. Adams Court is directly opposite of O'Brien Drive to the north and is considered the rear. Immediately adjacent parcels are also zoned M-2 and contain a mix of office, warehouse, manufacturing, and R&D uses. A location map is included as Attachment B.

## **Previous Planning Commission review**

In March 2015, Tarlton Properties applied for a use permit and architectural control to convert, expand, and architecturally update an existing warehouse and general office building into a research and development (R&D) and warehouse building for Pacific Biosciences, a biotechnology company engaged in the study of the synthesis and regulation of DNA, RNA, and proteins.

The project proposed to divide the building into two tenant spaces, with the front portion of the building to be occupied by Pacific Biosciences, and the rear portion of the building to serve as warehouse space for a potential second tenant, though one had not been identified at that time. The project resulted in a floor area ratio (FAR) of 45.2 percent, below the maximum of 50 percent, and it conformed to all FAR, setback,

and height requirements established for the M-2 zoning district. The project included a use-based parking reduction, use of hazardous materials and outside storage of materials and equipment associated with the main R&D use, heritage tree removals, and a Below Market Rate (BMR) Agreement. On August 17, 2015, the Planning Commission approved a use permit and architectural control for the project. A building permit for the project was issued on December 17, 2015, and construction has been ongoing in recent months.

# **Analysis**

# Project description

At this time, the applicant is proposing to remove a majority of warehouse space from the rear tenant suite, which has remained vacant, and construct a new north (rear) wall along the entire back of the building. The gross floor area (GFA) of other uses in the building, as well as the south, east, and west elevations of the building, are proposed to remain consistent with the project approved in 2015. The proposed modifications would result in the removal of 32,197 square feet of GFA for a total of 188,104 square feet of GFA and a reduced FAR of 38.6 percent for the entire building, which would be well below the maximum FAR permitted for an M-2 zoned property. The proposed modifications would also conform to all setback and height requirements for the M-2 zoning district.

In addition, although the existing rear walls and roof would be removed, the concrete slab at the rear of the building, which currently serves as the floor of the warehouse space, would remain. Because the slab is approximately four feet above grade, metal railings would be installed along the sides of the slab in the area of the truck loading wells for safety purposes, per building code requirements. The slab would not be used for outdoor storage, outdoor seating, or any other use that would require a subsequent use permit revision. The proposed revisions would not affect the earlier approvals for hazardous materials use and outside storage, nor would the revisions result in a refund of BMR or other fees previously paid. The project plans and the applicant's project description letter are included as Attachments C and D, respectively.

#### Design and materials

As part of the removal of warehouse space from the back of the building, all of the existing rear wall and the rear 84 feet of the east and west side walls would be removed, which requires an architectural control revision to the previously approved project. The applicant is proposing to construct a new rear wall across the entire length of the remaining building. The proposed wall would be comparable in color, materials, and finishes to the existing rear wall, with the exception of different score lines in the concrete versus the existing wall. The proposed score lines would be fewer in number and more evenly spaced across the rear of the building.

The plans also request flexibility to incorporate future openings for windows or doors at evenly-spaced intervals across the rear wall, should future interior modifications warrant more light and access to the back of the building. If the Planning Commission agrees, staff would evaluate future requests for window or door openings along the rear wall through an administrative approval process. The request has been detailed in condition 5f. However, any future modifications requested beyond new doors or windows in the proposed locations along the rear wall would likely be brought before the Planning Commission for a subsequent architectural control review. Staff believes that the requested modifications would have limited

impacts to the previously approved building façade by keeping the changes limited to the rear of the building, and by matching the materials and finishes of the previously approved rear wall.

# Trees and landscaping

A total of 27 heritage trees were proposed to be removed as part of the original project and the City Arborist gave tentative approval based on the health and construction impacts to the trees, which was ultimately granted by the Planning Commission in August 2015.

Landscaping and site improvements proposed as part of the original project included a new entry plaza at the main entrance and an improved outdoor seating area at the front left of the building. The project was required to replace the 27 heritage tree removals at a two-to-one ratio, for a total of 54 new heritage tree replacements. The applicant proposed to plant 79 new trees, 72 of which would be 32-inch box in size and seven of which would be 60-inch box in size. The proposed plantings included the following trees: paperback maple, strawberry tree, maidenhair tree, Saratoga sweet bay, New Zealand Christmas tree, swan hill olive, London plane tree, and flowering pear tree. The revised project does not include any proposed changes to the landscaping plan originally approved by the Planning Commission in August 2015. Staff believes the approved landscaping and existing trees preserved on the property would help soften views of the proposed open slab area.

# Parking and circulation

As part of the previously-approved project, the applicant proposed to implement a transportation demand management (TDM) program to reduce additional new trips to the site below the equivalent of a new 10,000 square-foot office building, which is the City's threshold for requiring a traffic impact analysis (TIA). The TDM program was approved as part of the August 2015 Planning Commission actions and is provided as Attachment E. It includes measures such as bike lockers, showers/changing rooms, subsidized transit tickets, preferential carpool and vanpool parking, a commuter assistance center, financial incentives for alternative transportation, and a guaranteed ride home program among others. The proposed TDM program for the previously approved project showed an overall reduction in daily trips from the site and a net increase of 15 AM Peak trips and five PM Peak trips. The increases in AM and PM trips were determined to be below the equivalent 10,000 square foot office building and therefore, a TIA was not required for the approved project. At present, the proposed removal of over 32,000 square feet of warehouse area, in combination with the previously-approved TDM plan, would further reduce trips to the site and would not warrant a new trip generation analysis or TIA.

For the previously-approved project, 736 spaces were required based on the M-2 zoning district ratio of three off-street parking spaces per 1,000 square feet of GFA not in the front one-quarter of any required front yard. However, as part of that project, the applicant requested a parking reduction to permit 374 parking stalls and a parking ratio of one space per every 588 square feet of gross floor area. The applicant stated that the reduced parking rate was justified based on Pacific Biosciences' employee density, which is approximately 450 square feet per employee, and the typical operations of warehousing tenants. Furthermore, the TDM program was proposed to reduce trips to and from the site and subsequently alleviate the need for additional parking spaces. Given the applicant's robust TDM program, the anticipated employee density, and the land uses within the building, the Planning Commission granted a parking reduction for the previously approved project.

The use permit revision being requested at present would reduce the approved parking ratio from one space per every 588 square feet of gross floor area to one space per every 503 square feet of gross floor area, and would bring the project slightly closer to conformance with the required parking ratio for the M-2 zoning district.

# Correspondence

Staff has not received any items of correspondence on the proposed project.

## **Conclusion**

The proposed removal of 32,197 square feet of GFA from the existing building would result in an FAR of 38.6 percent for the project site, which would be well below the maximum FAR permitted in the M-2 zoning district. Staff believes that the requested exterior modifications would have limited impacts to the previously approved building façade by keeping the changes limited to the rear of the building, and by matching the materials and finishes of the previously approved rear wall. The proposed reduction in square footage of the building would reduce overall trips and improve the parking ratio on the site. Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve the requested use permit and architectural control revisions.

# **Impact on City Resources**

The project sponsor is required to pay Planning, Building and Public Works permit fees, based on the City's Master Fee Schedule, to fully cover the cost of staff time spent on the review of the project.

#### **Environmental Review**

The original project involved a negligible expansion of an existing use and was categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The revised project is likewise categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current CEQA Guidelines.

#### **Public Notice**

Public Notification was achieved by posting the agenda, with the agenda items being listed, at least 72 hours prior to the meeting. Public notification also consisted of publishing a notice in the local newspaper and notification by mail of owners and occupants within a 300-foot radius of the subject property.

#### **Appeal Period**

The Planning Commission action will be effective after 15 days unless the action is appealed to the City Council, in which case the outcome of the application shall be determined by the City Council.

# **Attachments**

- A. Recommended Actions
- B. Location Map
- C. Project Plans
- D. Project Description Letter
- E. TDM Program

# **Disclaimer**

Attached are reduced versions of maps and diagrams submitted by the applicants. The accuracy of the information in these drawings is the responsibility of the applicants, and verification of the accuracy by City Staff is not always possible. The original full-scale maps, drawings and exhibits are available for public viewing at the Community Development Department.

# **Exhibits to Be Provided at Meeting**

Color and materials board

Report prepared by: Tom Smith, Associate Planner

Report reviewed by: Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner

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## 1315 O'Brien Drive – Attachment A: Recommended Actions

LOCATION: 1315
O'Brien Drive

PROJECT NUMBER: APPLICANT: Ron Krietemeyer

APPLICANT: Ron Portfolio II, LLC

**REQUEST:** Request for use permit and architectural control revisions to a previously approved project, which would allow the removal of approximately 32,197 square feet of gross floor area of warehouse from the rear of the structure and construction of a new exterior rear wall consistent with the architectural style of the previously approved building, in the M-2 (General Industrial) zoning district.

DECISION ENTITY: Planning Commission

DATE: November 7, 2016 ACTION: TBD

VOTE: TBD (Combs, Ferrick, Goodhue, Kadvany, Kahle, Onken, Strehl)

#### **ACTION:**

- 1. Make a finding that the project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.
- Make findings, as per Section 16.82.030 of the Zoning Ordinance pertaining to the granting of use permits, that the proposed use will not be detrimental to the health, safety, morals, comfort and general welfare of the persons residing or working in the neighborhood of such proposed use, and will not be detrimental to property and improvements in the neighborhood or the general welfare of the City.
- 3. Adopt the following findings, as per Section 16.68.020 of the Zoning Ordinance, pertaining to architectural control approval:
  - a. The general appearance of the structure is in keeping with the character of the neighborhood.
  - b. The development will not be detrimental to the harmonious and orderly growth of the city.
  - c. The development will not impair the desirability of investment or occupation in the neighborhood.
  - d. The development provides adequate parking as required in all applicable city ordinances and has made adequate provisions for access to such parking.
  - e. The property is not within any Specific Plan area, and as such no finding regarding consistency is required to be made.
- 4. Approve the use permit and architectural control subject to the following **standard** conditions:
  - a. Development of the project shall be substantially in conformance with the plans prepared by DES Architects and Engineers consisting of 23 plan sheets, dated received October 13, 2016, and approved by the Planning Commission on November 7, 2016, except as modified by the conditions contained herein, subject to review and approval by the Planning Division.
  - b. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall comply with all Sanitary District, Menlo Park Fire Protection District, and utility companies' regulations that are directly applicable to the project.
  - c. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all requirements of the Building Division, Engineering Division, and Transportation Division that are directly applicable to the project.
  - d. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall submit a plan for any new utility installations or upgrades for review and approval by the Planning, Engineering and Building

**PAGE**: 1 of 3

LOCATION: 1315	PROJECT NUMBER:	APPLICANT: Ron	OWNER: Menlo Park
O'Brien Drive	PLN2016-00082	Krietemeyer	Portfolio II, LLC

**REQUEST:** Request for use permit and architectural control revisions to a previously approved project, which would allow the removal of approximately 32,197 square feet of gross floor area of warehouse from the rear of the structure and construction of a new exterior rear wall consistent with the architectural style of the previously approved building, in the M-2 (General Industrial) zoning district.

<b>DECISION ENTITY:</b> Planning	DATE: November 7, 2016	ACTION: TBD
Commission		

**VOTE:** TBD (Combs, Ferrick, Goodhue, Kadvany, Kahle, Onken, Strehl)

#### **ACTION:**

Divisions. All utility equipment that is installed outside of a building and that cannot be placed underground shall be properly screened by landscaping. The existing curb inlet shall be converted to a junction box and install a new curb inlet per City's standards. The plan shall show exact locations of all meters, back flow prevention devices, transformers, junction boxes, relay boxes, and other equipment boxes.

- e. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit plans indicating the removal of the existing curb, gutter, and sidewalk and installation of new curb, gutter, sidewalk, and planting strip per City standards along the entire property frontage. The plans shall be submitted for review and approval of the Engineering Division.
- f. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit a Grading and Drainage Plan for review and approval of the Engineering Division. The Grading and Drainage Plan shall be approved prior to the issuance of grading, demolition or building permits.
- g. Heritage trees in the vicinity of the construction project shall be protected pursuant to the Heritage Tree Ordinance and the Project Arborist's recommendations.
- h. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, if applicable, the applicant shall document compliance with the City's Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (WELO) in effect at the time of building permit submittal.
- 5. Approve the use permit and architectural subject to the following *project-specific* conditions:
  - a. The property owner shall retain a qualified transportation consulting firm to monitor the trips to and from the project site and evaluate the effectiveness of the TDM program one year from commencement of operations within the subject building and shall submit a memorandum/report to the City reporting on the results of such monitoring for review by the City to determine the effectiveness of the TDM program (Attachment E). This report shall be submitted annually to the City subject to review by the Planning and Transportation Divisions. If the subject site is not in compliance with the anticipated trip reductions from the TDM program the applicant shall submit a detailed mitigation and monitoring plan identifying steps to be taken to bring the project site into compliance with the maximum Daily, AM and PM trips identified in the trip generation analysis and TDM program.
  - b. Prior to or concurrent with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall execute the Below Market Rate (BMR) Housing Agreement. Within two years of building permit issuance, the applicant shall comply with the terms of the BMR Agreement, which include the payment of the in lieu fee of approximately \$422,699.35 (as of July 1, 2014), provision of two units, or a combination thereof. The BMR fee rate is subject to change annually on July 1 and the final fee will be calculated at the time of fee payment.
  - c. When chemical quantities exceed the reportable limits as defined by the California Health and Safety Code, the tenant shall provide a Hazardous Materials Business Plan (HMBP), or

**PAGE**: 2 of 3

LOCATION: 1315	PROJECT NUMBER:	APPLICANT: Ron	OWNER: Menlo Park
O'Brien Drive	PLN2016-00082	Krietemeyer	Portfolio II, LLC

**REQUEST:** Request for use permit and architectural control revisions to a previously approved project, which would allow the removal of approximately 32,197 square feet of gross floor area of warehouse from the rear of the structure and construction of a new exterior rear wall consistent with the architectural style of the previously approved building, in the M-2 (General Industrial) zoning district.

<b>DECISION ENTITY:</b> Planning	DATE: November 7, 2016	ACTION: TBD
Commission		

VOTE: TBD (Combs, Ferrick, Goodhue, Kadvany, Kahle, Onken, Strehl)

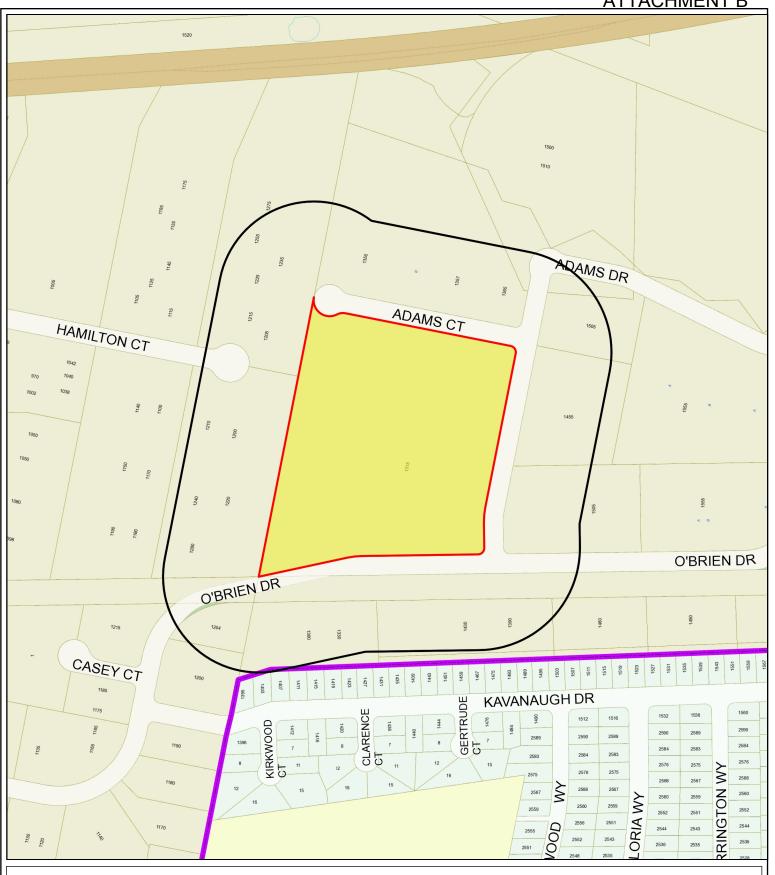
# **ACTION:**

equivalent document to the San Mateo County Environmental Health Division and Fire District.

- d. If the tenant modifies the types and/or quantities of chemicals used and stored at the site, the tenant shall obtain a revised Fire Permit from the Menlo Park Fire District.
- e. The use permit for hazardous materials used and stored at the site shall only be permitted for Pacific Biosciences or subsequent tenants within the front suite of the building.
- f. If the tenant requests window or door openings along the rear wall to be constructed as part of a future building permit, Planning staff shall evaluate the proposed windows and doors and issue an administrative approval granting such changes if they are in conformance with the areas indicated on the rear elevation of the approved plan set and compatible with the design and materials of the overall structure.

**PAGE**: 3 of 3

ATTACHMENT B





# City of Menlo Park Location Map 1315 O'Brien Drive



Scale: 1:3,600 Drawn By: TAS Checked By: THR Date: 11/7/2016 Sheet: 1

OCT 1 3 2016

# MENLO BUSINESS PARK LOT 3

CITY OF MENLO PARK BUILDING

Menlo Park, CA 94025
PLANNING SUBMITTAL
SEPTEMBER 14, 2016 (REVISED OCTOBER 10, 2016)







#### **CURRENT PROJECT DATA**

a CURRENT PROJECT SITE AREA

#### A SITE (CURRENT) AND ZONING REQUIREMENTS

b	ZOYENG DESIGNATION	M-2
С	BUILDING HEICHT LIMIT	35 FT
đ	BUILDING SETBACKS FRONT YARD FEAR YARD SIDE YARD	20 FT 0 FT 10 FT EACH SIDE
0	FLOOR AREA RATIO	0.56
f	SITE COVERAGE	50% MAX
g	M-2 REQUIRED PARKING PER ZONING ORD:NANCE	1/301

#### B CURRENT (APPROVED) PROJECT

=	COMMENT (AFTIGORED) THE	<u>ocor</u>
a	BUILDING AREA: FIRST FLOOR CHEMCAL STORAGE BURNERS (NOT SHOWN) SECOND FLOOR SECOND FLOOR TIERED SEATING TOTAL.	181 670 SQ FT 378 SQ FT 57 729 SQ FT 1 124 SQ FT 220,301 SQ FT
ь	PROPOSED FLOOR AREA RATIO	0.452
4.	SITE COVERAGE	33.01%
d	LANDSCAPING RATIO	31%
0	BUILDING SETBACKS I ROYIL YARD REAR YARD WEST SIDE YARD EAST SIDE YARD	65-191 FT 213 FT 123 FT 130-145 FT
1	BUILDINGUSE RSD WAREHOUSE MANUFACTURING TOTAL	113 332 SF 61 123 SF 45 796 SF 220,301 SF
9	PARKING REQUIRED PER ZONNIG ORDINANCE (1/300)	735 CARS
	PARKING REQUIRED PER BUILDING USE RAD (1700) WAREHOUSE (1/1000) MANUFACTURING (1/1000) TOTAL	378 CARS 62 CARS 46 CARS 486 CARS
	PARIONG PROVIDED	374 CARS
	*SEE PROJECT DESCRIPTION FOR REQUEST FOR PARKING REDUCTION	
h	PROPOSED BUILDING HEIGHT TOP OF ROOF DECK TOP OF ROOF PLATFORM TO ST TOP OF PRABAPET TOP OF BUILDING YORKER TOP OF ROOF SCREEN (TO ST	32 3° FT 35' 7° FT 35 FT 50 G° FT 47' 7° FT

#### PROPOSED PROJECT DATA

#### A SITE (PROPOSED) AND ZONING REQUIREMENTS

a	PROPOSED PROJECT SITE AREA	437 916 SQ FT
b	ZORENG DESIGNATION	M2
ŧ	BUILDING HEIGHT LIMIT	35 FT
d	BUILDING SETBACKS FROIT YARD REAR YARD SIDE YARD	20 FT 0 FT 10 FT EACH SIDE
е	FLOOR AREA RATIO	0.55
	SITE COVERAGE	50% MAX
g	M-2 REQUIRED PARKING PER ZORNIG ORDINANCE	1/300

#### B PROPOSED PROJECT

BUILDING AREA:	
FIRST FLOOR	128 873 SQ F 378 SQ F
CHEMICAL STORAGE BURIKERS (HOT SHOWT) SECOND FLOOR	57 729 SQ F
SECOND FLOOR HERED SEATING	1 174 SQ F
TOTAL	188,104 SQ. F
PROPOSED FLOOR AREA RATIO	0.336
SITE COVERAGE	26 41%
LANDSCAPING RATIO	31%
BUILDWAG SETBACKS	
FRONT YARD	65-191 FT
REAR YARD	-296 FT
WEST SIDE YARD	123 FT
EAST SIDE YARD	130-145 FT
-R2D	113 332 SF
-WAREHOUSE	28 926 SF
MANUFACTURING	45.796 SF
TOTAL:	188,164 SF
FARKING REQUIRED	
PER ZORING ORBITATICE (1/300)	628 CARS
PARKING REQUIRED PER BUILDING USE	
R&D (1/300)	378 CARS
WAREHOUSE (1/1000)	29 ÇARS
MARUFACTURING (1/1600)	46 CARS
TOTAL.	453 CARS
PARIGHG PROVIDED:	374 CARS
*SEE PROJECT DESCRIPTION FOR	
REQUEST FOR PARKING REDUCTION	
PROPOSED BUILDING HEIGHT	
TOP OF ROOF DECK	32' 3' FT
TOP OF ROOF PLATFORM	35' 7" FT
TOP OF FARAPET	25 FT
TOO OF ENTRY TOWER	50' 0" FT

#### **SHEET INDEX**

COVER SHEET

PROJECT DATA SHEET INDEX AND CONTACT TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY FOR EXISTING SITE

TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY FOR EXISTING SITE ALTA SURVEY FOR EXISTING SITE

CURRENT FIRST FLOOR PLAN

CURRENT SECOND FLOOR PLAN

CURRENT GFA D/AGRAMS

CURRENT BUILDING USE CURRENT SITE PLAN

PROPOSED SITE PLAN BUILDING SETBACKS

TRANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT (TDM) SITE PLAY

PROPOSED FIRST FLOOR PLAN

PROPOSED SECOND FLOOR PLAN PROPOSED ROOF PLAN (PLATFORM LEVEL)

SITE AREA AND BUILDING COVERAGE CALCULATION PLAN

PROPOSED BUILDING GFA DIAGRAMS PROPOSED BUILDING LISE PLAYS

CHESENT BUILDING FLEVATIONS

CURRENT BUILDING ELEVATIONS

PROPOSED BUILDING ELEVATIONS

BUILDING SECTIONS

PROPOSED LITELITY PLAN

#### CONTACT

CHENTADMNER O'BRIEN DRIVE PORTFOLIO, LLC

1530 O'BRIEN DRIVE SUITE C MENUDPARK CALIFORNIA 94025

ARCHITECTS
DES ARCHITECTS + ENGINEERS

399 BRADFORD STREET REDWOOD DITY CAUFORNIA 94053

NOTES

1. ALL EXSTRICT FRONTAGE IMPROVEMENTS THAT ARE DAMAGED
CRACKED UPLYFED OR DEPRECISED DURRING THE COURSE OF
CONSTRUCTION OR THAT WERE DAMAGED PRICE TO
CONSTRUCTION ISSAUL ER ERWONTED REPLACED AND/OR
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CITY WALL WIDT BEAR THE COSTS OF RECOVES PROCEDUR.

2 ALL FRONTAGE IMPROVEMENT WORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST VERSION OF THE GITY STANDARD DETAILS

TARLTON MENLOBUSINESS PARK LOT 3

PROJECT DATA, SHEET INDEX AND CONTACT

09/14/16 10019 004



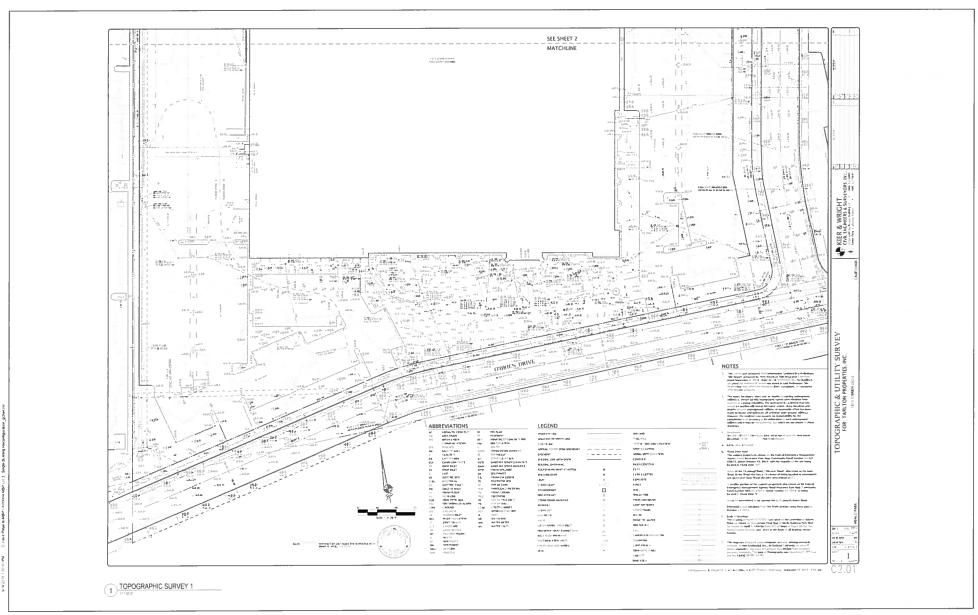






VICINITY MAP

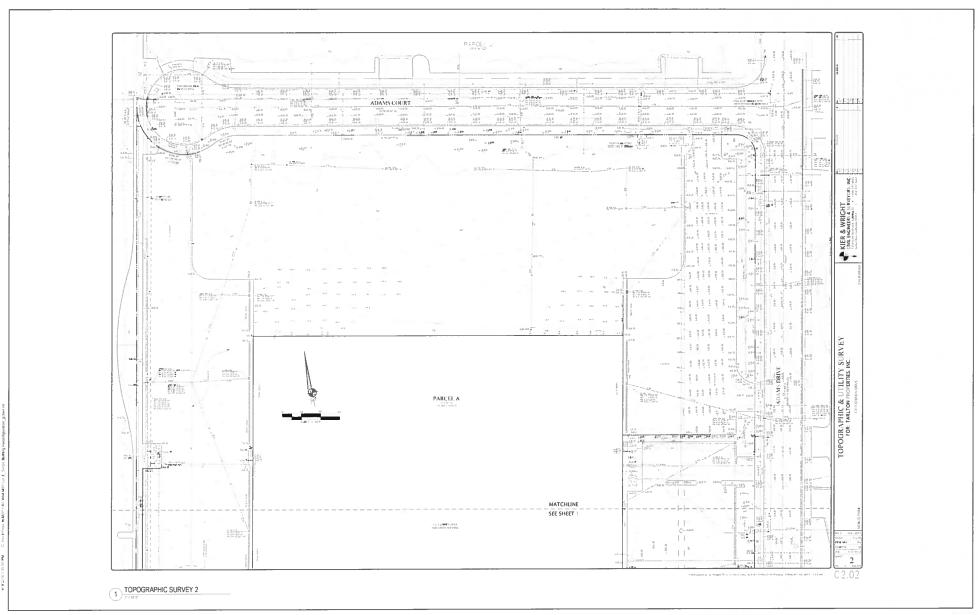






TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY FOR EXISTING SITE







TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY FOR EXISTING SITE

09/14/16 10019.004

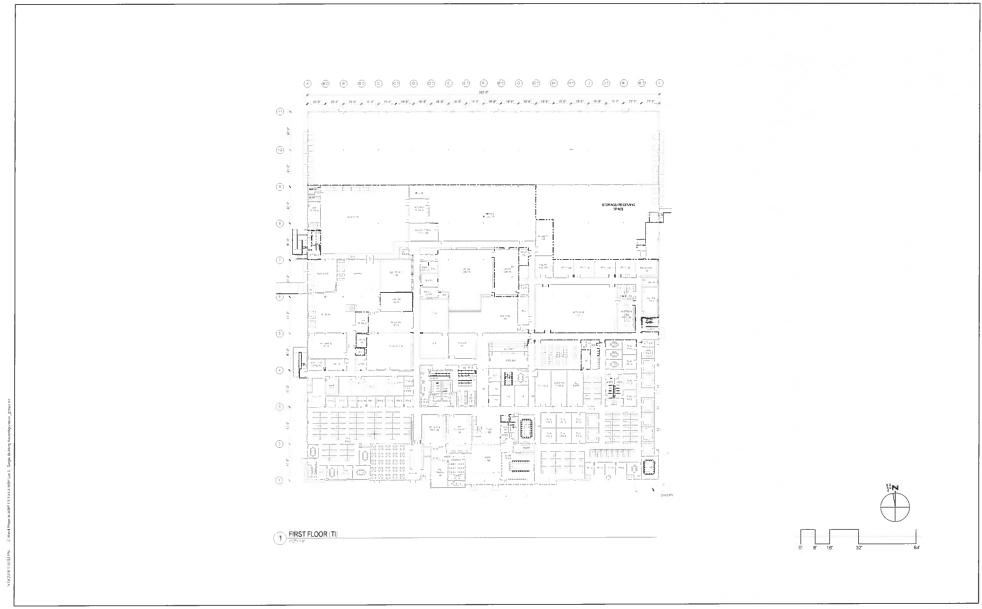






ALTA SURVEY FOR EXISTING SITE

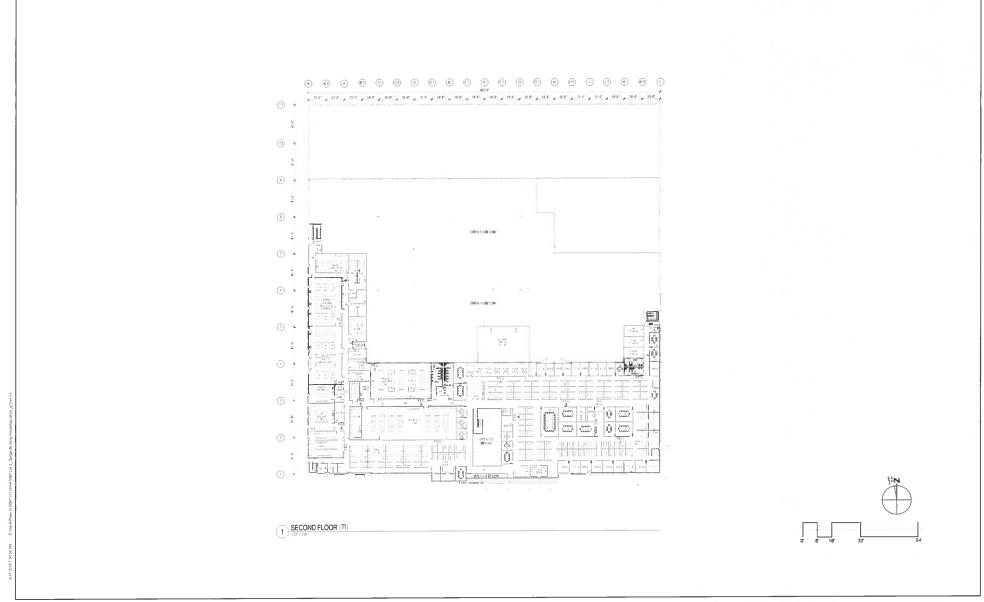






**CURRENT FIRST FLOOR PLAN** 

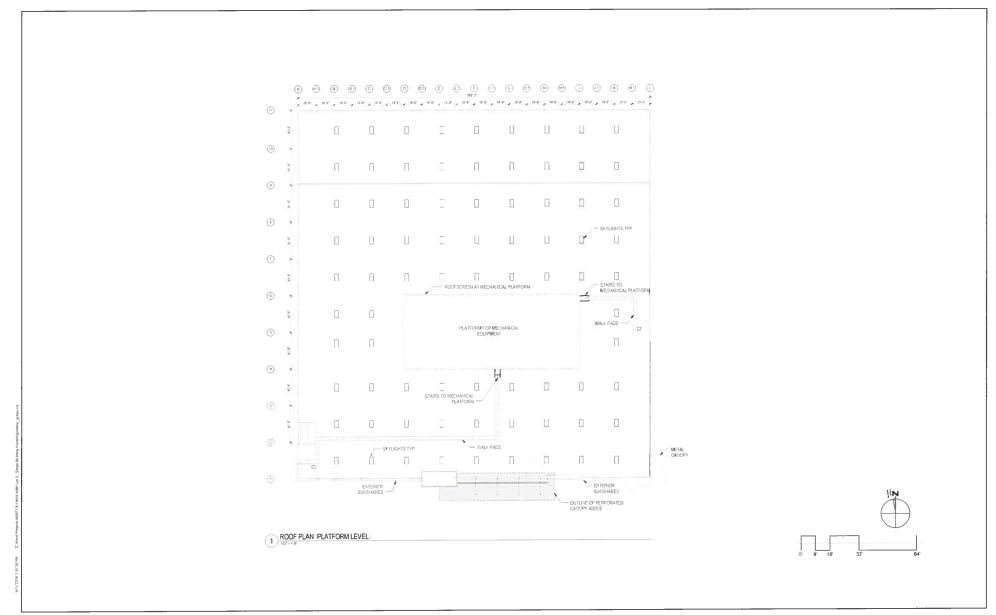






**CURRENT SECOND FLOOR PLAN** 





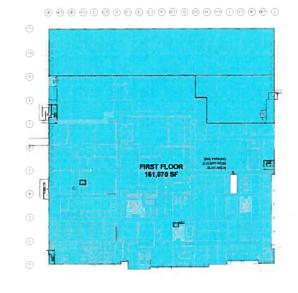


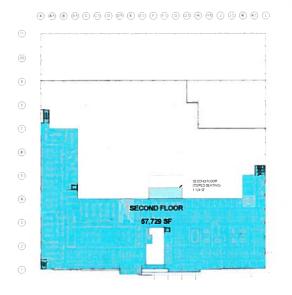
CURRENT ROOF PLAN (PLATFORM LEVEL)

09/14/16 10019 004







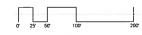


SECOND FLOOR

#### **BUILDING AREA**

FIRST FLOOR (161,415 FTPRINT-345 BIKE PKING): 161,070 SF CHEMICAL STORAGE BUNKERS (NOT SHOWN): 378 SF 57,729 SF SECOND FLOOR: 1,124 SF SECOND FLOOR TIERED SEATING: TOTAL 220,301 SF

\*\*EXISTING AND PROPOSED EXTERIOR MODIFIED COLUMNS AND PANELS ARE NOT USABLE OR OCCUPIABLE SPACE AND ARE NOT APPLICABLE TO THE CALCULATION OF GFA. SEE EXEMPTION AT 16.04.325 OF ZONING ORDINANCE.





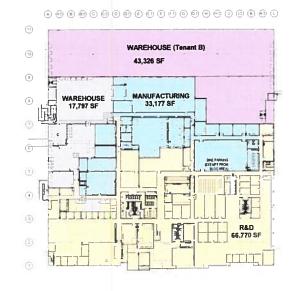


TARLTON MENLOBUSINESS PARK LOT 3

**CURRENT GFA DIAGRAMS** 







(13) 1 MANUFACTURING 12,619 SF R&D (TIERED SEATING) 1,124 SF • R&D 45,110 SF

1 FIRST FLOOR

FIRST FLOOR:

66,770 S.F. R&D: WAREHOUSE ( FOR TENANT B) 43,326 S.F. 17,797 S.F. WAREHOUSE 33,177 S.F. MANUFACTURING 161,070 S.F. TOTAL FLOOR SF

\*UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, ALL AREAS ARE

ASSIGNED UNDER TENANT A.

2 SECOND FLOOR

SECOND FLOOR:

45,110 S.F. R&D MANUFACTURING 12,619 S.F. R&D TIERED SEATING 1,124 S.F. 58,853 S.F. TOTAL

ROOF:

0 SF

TOTAL BUILDING USE:

R&D: **R&D NOT SHOWN (2 CHEMICAL**  113,004 S.F.

STORAGE BUNKERS @ 9' X 21' EACH): WAREHOUSE:

378 S.F. 61,123 S.F.

MANUFACTURING: TOTAL:

45,796 S.F.

220,301 S.F.

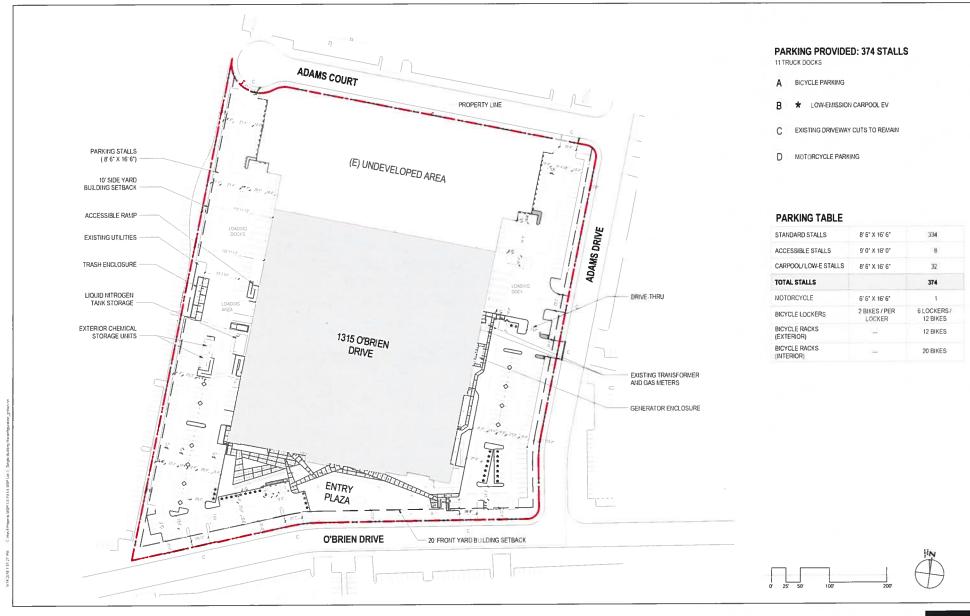


TARLTON MENLOBUSINESS PARK LOT 3

**CURRENT BUILDING USE** 

09/14/16 10019.004







**CURRENT SITE PLAN** 





# PARKING PROVIDED (SOUTH SITE): 374 STALLS

BICYCLE PARKING

★ LOW-EMISSION CARPOOL EV

EXISTING DRIVEWAY CUTS TO REMAIN

MOTORCYCLE PARKING

#### **PARKING TABLE**

STANDARD STALLS	8' 6" X 16' 6"	334
ACCESSIBLE STALLS	9°0° X 18°0°	8
CARPOOL/ LOW-E STALLS	8° 6" X 16' 6"	32
TOTAL STALLS		374
MOTORCYCLE	6°6° X 16°6°	1
BICYCLE LOCKERS	2 BIKES / PER LOCKER	6 LOCKERS / 12 BIKES
BICYCLE RACKS (EXTERIOR)	2	12 BIKES
BICYCLE RACKS (INTERIOR)	-	20 BIKES

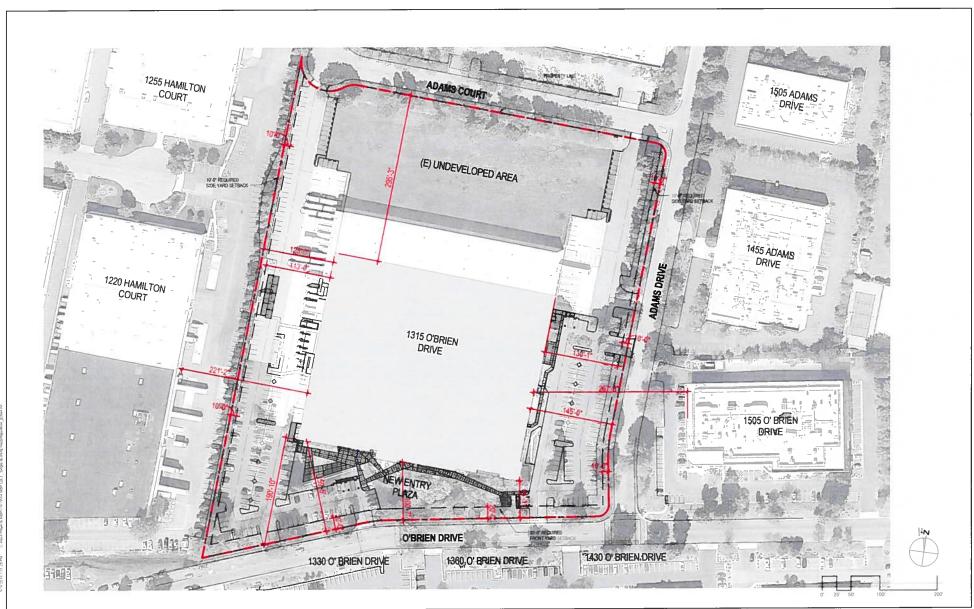


TARLTON MENLOBUSINESS PARK LOT 3

PROPOSED SITE PLAN

09/14/16 10019 004 (REVISED OCTOBER 10, 2016)



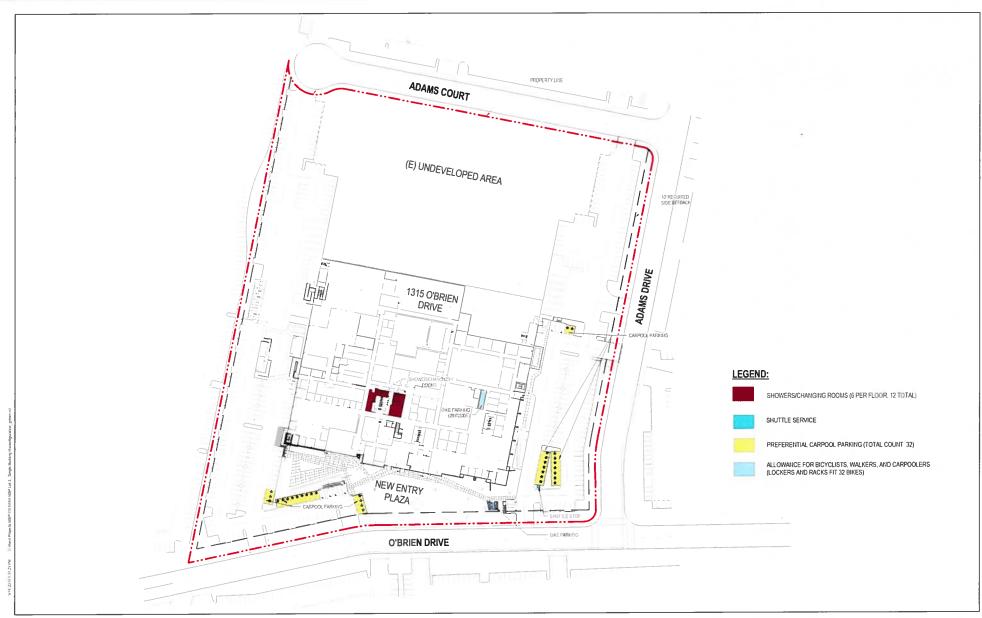




PROPOSED SITE PLAN - BUILDING SETBACKS

09/14/16 10019 004



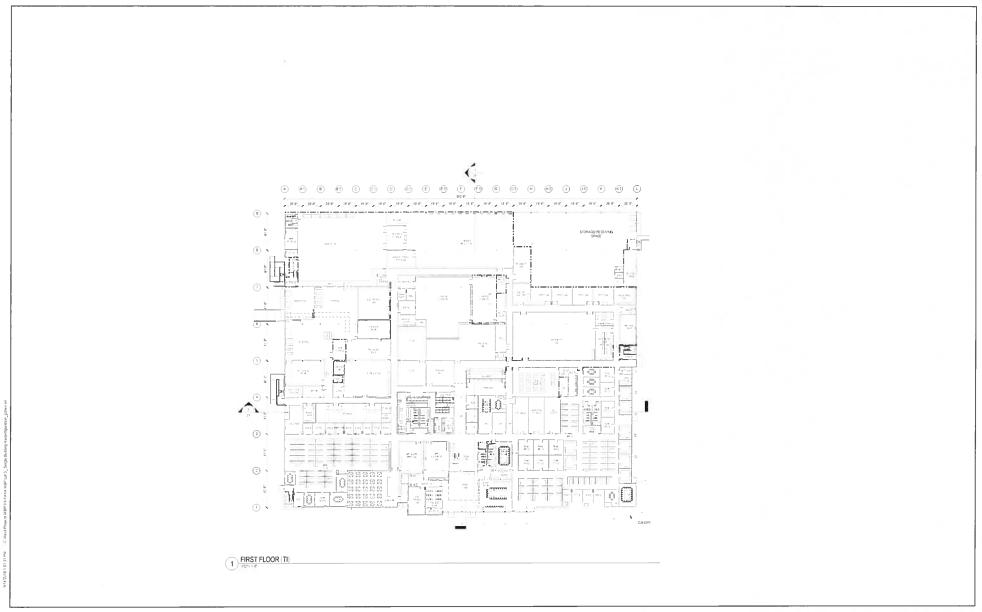




TARLTON MENLO BUSINESS PARK LOT TRANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT (TDM) SITE PLAN

FOR REFERENCE ONLY 09/14/16 10019.004



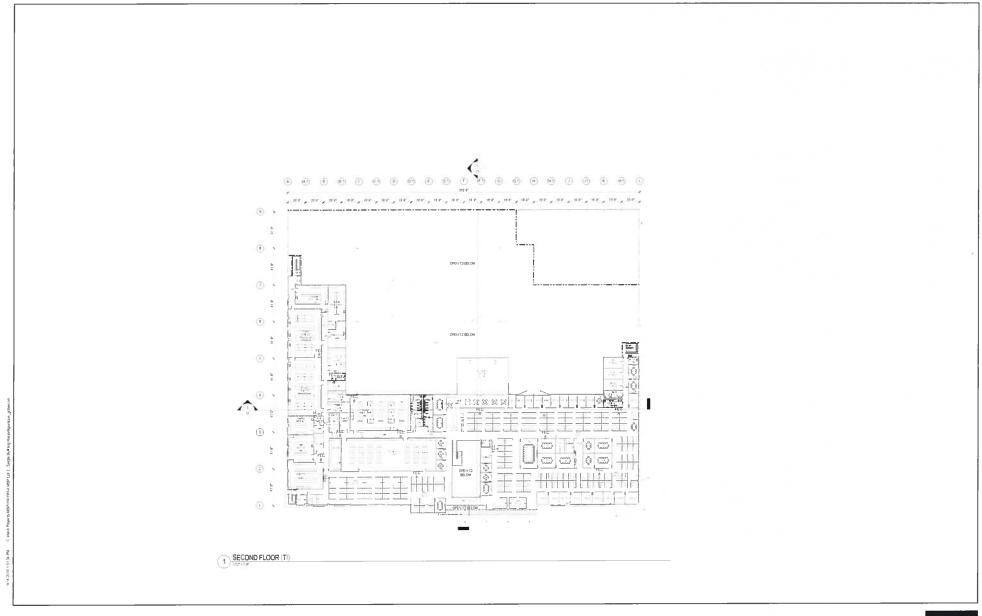




PROPOSED TENANT IMPROVEMENT FIRST FLOOR PLAN

09/14/16 10019.004

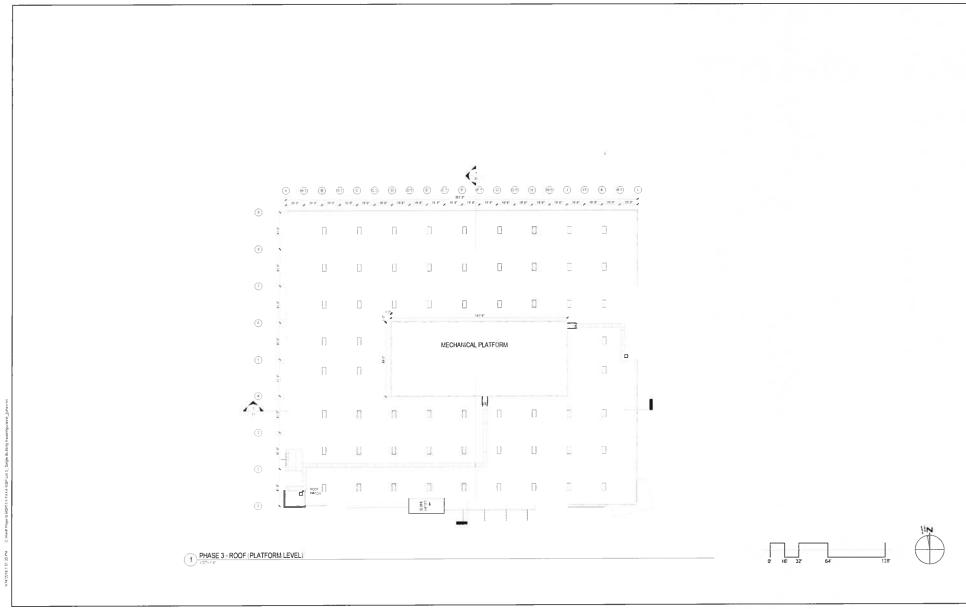






TARLTON MENLO BUSINESS PARK LOT 3 PROPOSED TENANT IMPROVEMENT SECOND FLOOR PLAN
09/14/16 10019 004

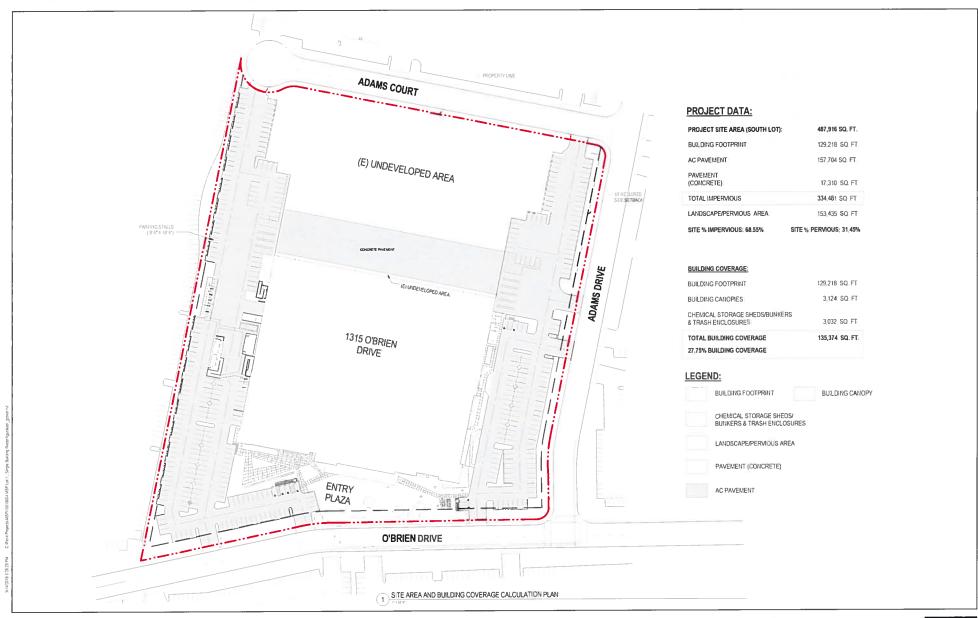






PROPOSED ROOF PLAN (PLATFORM LEVEL)

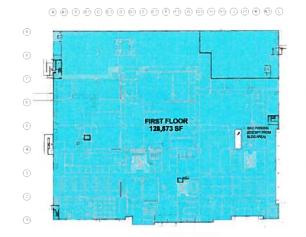






TARLTON MENLO BUSINESS PARK LOT 3 SITE AREA AND BUILDING COVERAGE CALCULATION PLAN
09/14/16 10019 004





9 SECOND FLOOR (TIERED SEATING) 1,124 SF (\*) SECOND FLOOR 57,729 SF

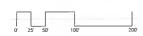
1 FIRST FLOOR AREA PLAN

2 SECOND FLOOR AREA PLAN

#### **BUILDING AREA**

FIRST FLOOR (129,218 FTPRINT-345 BIKE PKING): 128,873 SF CHEMICAL STORAGE BUNKERS (NOT SHOWN): 378 SF 57,729 SF SECOND FLOOR: 1,124 SF SECOND FLOOR TIERED SEATING: 188,104 SF TOTAL

\*EXISTING AND PROPOSED EXTERIOR MODIFIED COLUMNS AND PANELS ARE NOT USABLE OR OCCUPIABLE SPACE AND ARE NOT APPLICABLE TO THE CALCULATION OF GFA. SEE EXEMPTION AT 16.04.325 OF ZONING ORDINANCE.





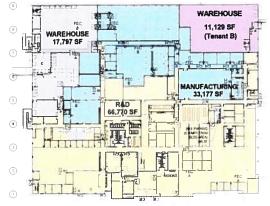


TARLTON MENLOBUSINESS PARK LOT 3

PROPOSED BUILDING GFA DIAGRAMS

09/14/16 10019 004

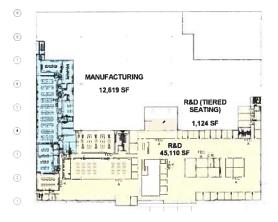




1 FIRST FLOOR

FIRST FLOOR:

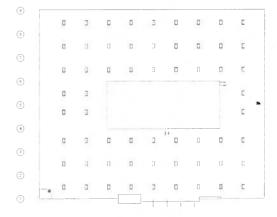
R&D:	66,770 S.F.
WAREHOUSE ( FOR TENANT B)	11,129 S.F.
WAREHOUSE	17,797 S.F.
MANUFACTURING	33,177 S.F.
TOTAL FLOOR SF	128,873 S.F.
TOTAL FLOOR OF	120,013 3,17



SECOND FLOOR.

R&D	45,110 S.F.
MANUFACTURING	12,619 S.F.
R&D TIERED SEATING	1,124 S.F.
TOTAL	58,853 S.F.

● ● ● ● © © © © ® ® © © © ® ® © © © ® © © ©



3 ROOF

ROOF:

0 SF

**TOTAL BUILDING USE:** 

R&D: **R&D NOT SHOWN (2 CHEMICAL** STORAGE BUNKERS @ 9' X 21' EACH): WAREHOUSE: **MANUFACTURING:** 

113,004 S.F. 378 S.F.

28,926 S.F. 45,796 S.F. 188,104 S.F.

\*UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, ALL AREAS ARE ASSIGNED UNDER TENANT A.



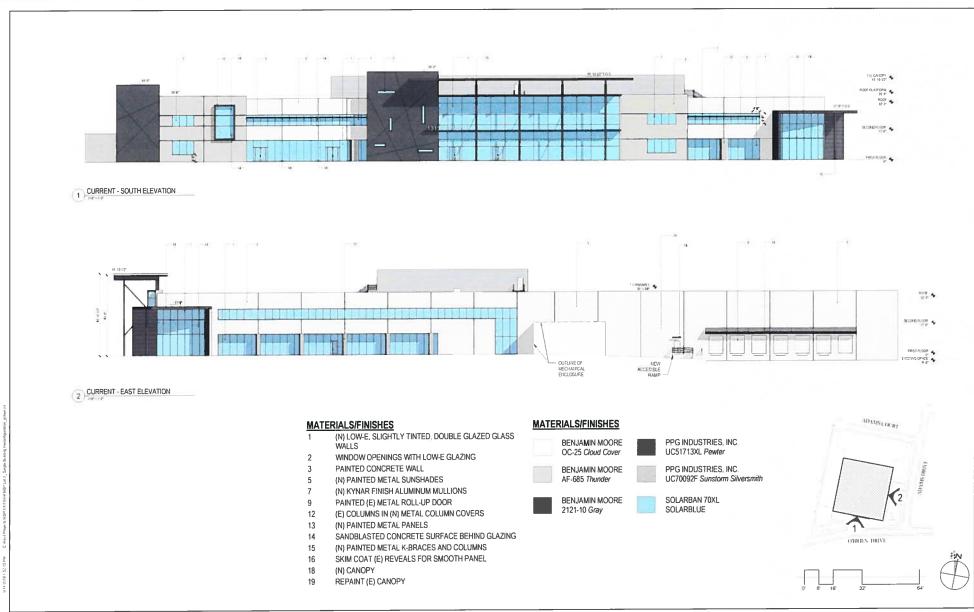
TARLTON MENLOBUSINESS PARK LOT 3

PROPOSED BUILDING USE PLANS

TOTAL:

09/14/16 10019 004



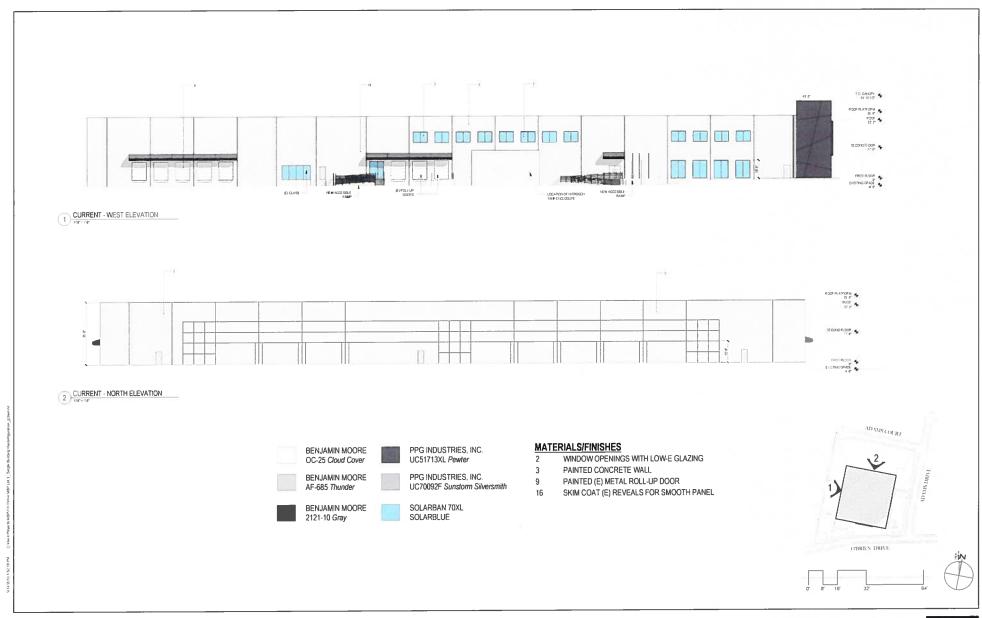




**CURRENT BUILDING ELEVATIONS** 

09/14/16 10019.004



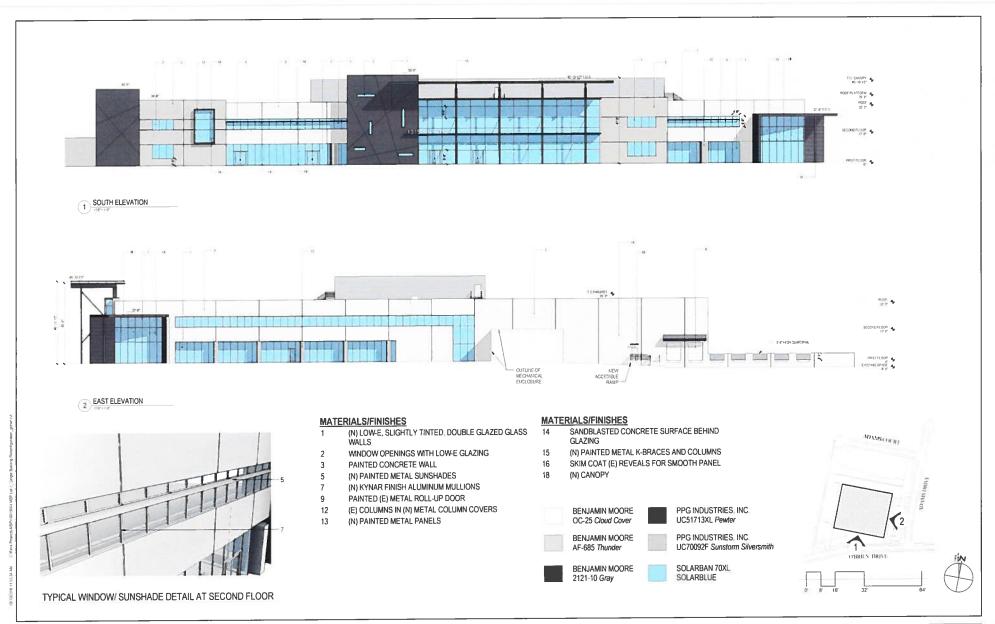




**CURRENT BUILDING ELEVATIONS** 

09/14/16 10019.004



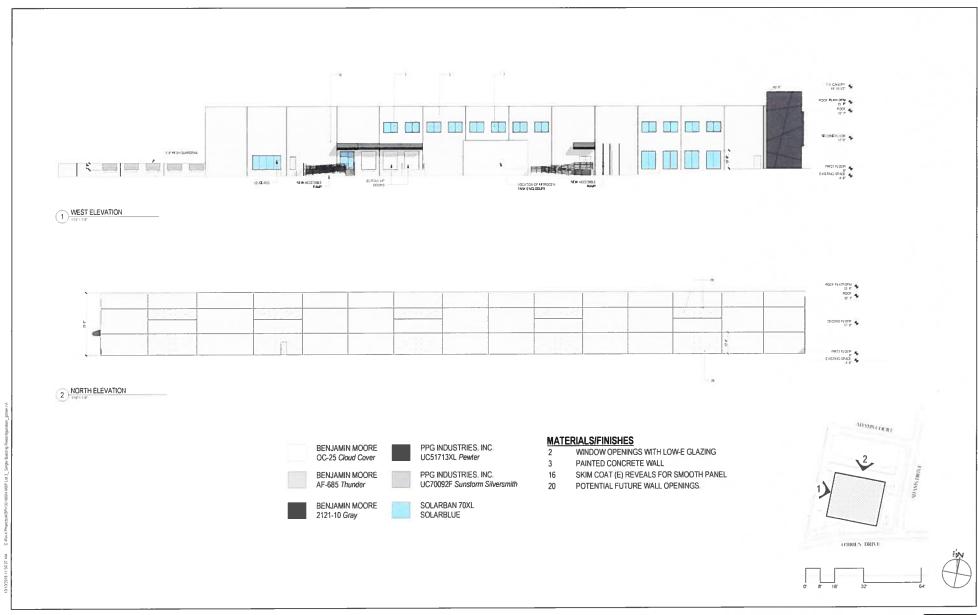




PROPOSED BUILDING ELEVATIONS

09/14/16 (REVISED OCTOBER 10, 2016)

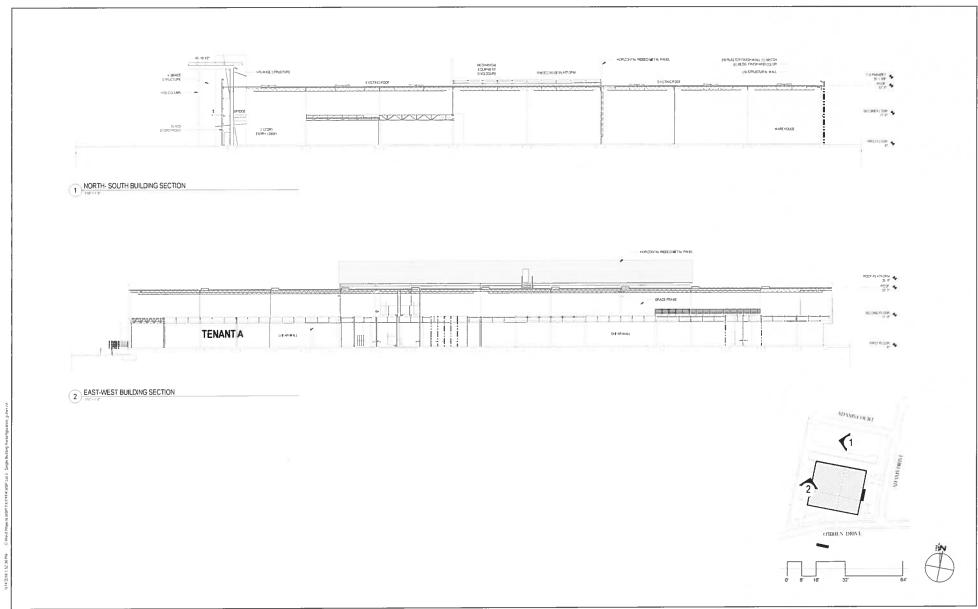




PROPOSED BUILDING ELEVATIONS

09/14/16 10019 004 (REVISED OCTOBER 10, 2016)

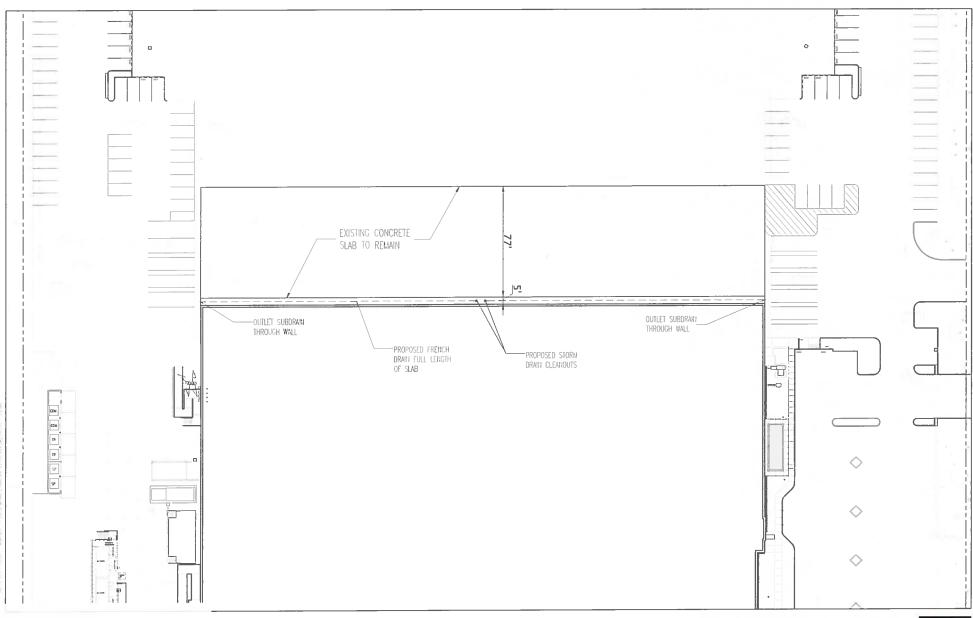






**BUILDING SECTIONS** 





PROPOSED UTILITY PLAN
09/15/16 10019.005

22





JUL 27 2016

# CITY OF MENLO PARK

## 1315 O'BRIEN DRIVE



July 25, 2016

# PROJECT DESCRIPTION FOR PLANNING APPLICATION

#### **Current Project**



Tarlton Properties owns this property that is currently in construction to make it an inspiring component of the modernized Menlo Business Park.

The total floor area of this 2 story building is 220, 301 SF. Currently, Pacific Biosciences has a lease for most of the building, about 176,975 SF with the remaining 43,326 SF designated as warehouse space for future tenant B. (This space is not currently leased).

#### **Proposed Project**

Tarlton Properties doesn't have any plans for leasing the warehouse space at this time and they wish to shorten this building by about 32,107 SF. This project will demolish the north end of the building, about 82 feet, and replacing it with a new exterior wall in its place. This wall will be a metal frame and plaster construction and will complement the new building design currently under construction. All of the existing concrete slab (where the building walls will be demolished) except 5 feet away from the newly constructed wall is intended to remain as exterior concrete paving.

#### **Discretionary Approvals**

The project application will require a Conditional Use Permit per the Menlo Park Zoning Ordinance 16.46.020. The currently approved uses within the building (warehousing, manufacturing, and assembling and offices) fall within the description of Ordinance 16.46.010 (1) and (2) and will not change other than the amount of warehouse space designated for tenant B. The area for this warehouse space is now proposed to be 11,129 SF. In addition, per 16.46.010 (3) (a), seismic compliant upgrades will be performed along with (C) structural alterations that affect more than 10,000 square feet of gross floor area of the building. Parking and landscaping will remain unchanged.



#### **MEMORANDUM**

To: Ron Krietemeyer

Tarlton Properties, Inc.

From: Michael Mowery, P.E.

Ben Huie, P.E.

Date: July 10, 2015

Subject: Transportation Demand Management (TDM) Memorandum for 1315 O'Brien

**Drive** 

Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. (KHA) was retained by Tarlton Properties, Inc. to evaluate the expected number of project trips based on the existing and proposed land uses at 1315 O'Brien Drive in the City of Menlo Park and mitigate the number of trips by implementing a Transportation Demand Management (TDM) Plan. The proposed project will realign the previous building uses. Below are the proposed sizes and land uses for the proposed site:

- 113,382 square feet of research & development (Pac Bio)
- 45,796 square feet of manufacturing (Pac Bio)
- 17,797 square feet of warehousing (Pac Bio)
- 43,541 square feet of warehousing (other tenants)

The previous use for the project site consisted of:

- 162,839 square feet of warehousing
- 56,002 square feet of general office building

These changes in land use for 1315 O'Brien Drive will result in an increase in peak hour trips generated from the project site.

#### PROJECT PEAK HOUR TRIPS

The number of project trips for the project site was estimated using the industry standard Institute of Transportation Engineer's (ITE) *Trip Generation* Manual. This reference estimates project trips based on land use from survey data. Since the proposed project is not a new project, but updating an existing land use, trip rates were calculated for both the proposed use and the previous use.

The previous land use was a distribution center with regional administrative offices including a showroom and sales offices. A distribution center does not have a specific land use in the ITE *Trip Generation* manual. There are similar land uses in the *Trip Generation* manual such as: the warehousing land use (ITE LU code 150), the general light industrial (ITE LU code 110), and the high-



cube warehouse/distribution center (ITE LU code 152). The *Dumbarton Distribution Center EIR*<sup>1</sup>, which was the name of the Menlo Business Park before 1984, was reviewed as well. It documented the distribution center as a warehousing and light industrial land use. Therefore, for trip generation purposes, the existing use for the 1315 O'Brien Drive site was a warehousing land use, along with office, as described previously. **Table 1** summarizes the trip generation for the previous use. Specific land use and trip generation breakdowns are provided in **Attachment A**.

Table 1 - Trip Generation Summary - Previous Use

	Vehicle Trips		
Previous Use	Daily	AM Peak	PM Peak
56.002 KSF Office and 162.839 KSF Warehousing	1,178	134	133

The previous land uses resulted in 134 AM peak hour trips and 133 PM peak hour trips. No adjustments for trip reductions (e.g. pass-by trips or internal capture) were used in this calculation. The previous use trips will be used as a trip credit for determining the overall net change in proposed project trips.

**Table 2** summarizes the trip generation for the proposed use. Specific land use and trip generation breakdowns are provided in **Attachment A**.

Table 2 – Trip Generation Summary – Proposed Use

	Vehicle Trips			
Proposed Use	Daily	AM Peak	PM Peak	
113.382 KSF R&D				
45.796 KSF Manufacturing	1,316	189	174	
61.338 KSF Warehousing				

The proposed land uses result in 189 AM peak hour trips and 174 PM peak hour trips. No adjustments for trip reductions (e.g. pass-by trips or internal capture) were used in this calculation. A Transportation Demand Management (TDM) program is being proposed to reduce the proposed project vehicle trips.

#### TRANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

The following summarizes an initial approach to the proposed TDM program for the proposed project at 1315 O'Brien Drive. It is assumed that the TDM program will be refined over time to adapt to changing transportation trends and to maximize the efficiency of the program. The TDM program is

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Dumbarton Distribution Center Final EIR, The Environmental Center, March 12, 1982.



specifically designed to focus on incentives and rewards for employees to participate in the program rather than penalties for not participating.

#### POTENTIAL PROGRAM ELEMENTS

Tarlton Properties, Inc. should offer a combination of program elements to encourage employees to utilize alternative modes of transportation to driving alone. Potential program elements are listed below:

- Bike lockers/racks
- Showers/changing rooms
- Shuttle service
- Subsidized transit tickets for employees
- Preferential carpool parking spaces
- Preferential vanpool parking spaces
- Vanpool program
- Commute assistance center
- Allowance program for bicyclists, walkers, and carpoolers
- Parking cash out program
- Telecommuting
- Compressed workweek program
- Alternate hours workweek program
- Join the Alliance's guaranteed ride home program

These program elements are listed in the City of Menlo Park's *Transportation Demand Management Program Guidelines*. Additionally, the City/County Association of Governments of San Mateo County (C/CAG) has its own guidelines for a TDM program mentioned in the *Revised C/CAG Guideline for the Implementation of the Land Use Component of the Congestion Management Program*. Each of these documents summarizes the potential program measures, a description of each measure, and the trip credits associated with each measure.

#### PROPOSED PROGRAM ELEMENTS

Tarlton Properties, Inc. is interested in working with the City to develop a practical TDM plan that can be both effective and provide the most value for all parties. An initial set of TDM measures are proposed for the 1315 O'Brien Drive site and is summarized in **Table 3**. The number of trip credits was determined from the City of Menlo Park's TDM Guidelines. The following provides a brief description of each proposed TDM element:

Bike Storage: Bike lockers are proposed to be located on the property. The specific location will be shown on the proposed site plan. Secure bike storage lockers for 20 bicycles are proposed. The bike lockers are furnished by the American Bicycle Security Company and provide a safe storage for bikes at work. Additionally, bike racks for 12 bicycles are proposed and will be shown on the proposed site plan.



**Table 3 – Proposed TDM Measure Summary** 

TDM Measure	Number of Trips Credited	Peak Hour Trip Credits	Program Elements	Trip Credits <sup>1</sup>
Bike Storage	One credit per 3 bike lockers/racks	1/3	32	10
Showers/Changing Rooms	Two credits per 1 shower/changing room	2	12	24
Shuttle service	One trip credit for each round trip seat on the shuttle	1	120	120
Additional credit for combination with Guaranteed Ride Home Program	Additional one trip credit for each seat	1	120	120
Subsidized transit tickets (Go Pass for Caltrain)	One trip credit for each transit pass provided	1	100	100
Preferential carpool parking	Two credits per 1 space reserved	2	32	64
Commute assistance center				
Transit brochure rack	One peak hour trip credited for each feature	1	1	1
Computer kiosk connected to Internet	One peak hour trip credited for each feature	1	1	1
Telephone	One peak hour trip credited for each feature	1	1	1
Desk and chairs	One peak hour trip credited for each feature	1	1	1
Allowance for bicyclists, walkers, and carpoolers	One trip credit for each monthly allowance offered to an employee	1	30	30
Join Alliance's guaranteed ride home program	One credit for every two slots purchased in the program with Alliance <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-
Implement flexible work hours	One peak hour credit for each employee offered the opportunity to work flexible hours	1	35	35
Combine any two of these elements and receive additional five credits	Five trip credits for combination of two elements	5	1	5
	·	Total T	rip Credits:	512

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The number of peak hour trips credited is outlined in the City of Menlo Park's *Transportation Demand Management (TDM) Guidelines*.

- Showers/Changing Rooms: Twelve shower/changing rooms are proposed for the building
  on the first floor. The shower/changing rooms provide a dedicated facility for the cyclists and
  persons walking to work. This measure, combined with the bike lockers/racks, should
  provide employees with a great alternative for commuting to work.
- Guaranteed Ride Home Program: Tarlton Properties, Inc. will also enroll its tenants in a
  Guaranteed Ride Home Program administered by the Peninsula Traffic Congestion Relief
  Alliance. The program provides employees a free taxi ride home in the case of an
  emergency. Employers will pay 25 percent of the taxi costs and the Peninsula Traffic
  Congestion Relief Alliance will pay the remaining 75 percent. There is no additional cost to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The Alliance's guaranteed ride home program operates differently than when the TDM guidelines were created. The Alliance no longer offers slots to be purchased. Trip credits for this TDM measure are combined with the shuttle service.



- join the program. This program provides a safety net when an emergency arises for those carpooling, vanpooling, taking transit, walking to work, or bicycling to work.
- Shuttle Service: A shuttle service will be provided for employees to use for commuting to work. The shuttle service is provided by Bauers and is currently being implemented in the existing business park surrounding the proposed project. A new shuttle service, specifically serving the buildings along O'Brien Drive, recently started on February 1, 2015. The shuttle service has a stop in front of 1505 O'Brien Drive. This shuttle service will include a separate BART shuttle and Caltrain shuttle. The BART shuttle will carry up to 20 passengers between the Union City BART Station and the project site during the AM and PM peak hours. The shuttle departs every 60-65 minutes. The Caltrain shuttle will carry up to 20 passengers between the Palo Alto Caltrain Station and the project site during the AM and PM peak hours. The shuttle departs every 40 minutes. The project should have a minimum of five roundtrips in the AM and PM peak periods, each carrying 20 passengers, for a total of 100 additional seats to the Caltrain station per peak hour. The shuttles should accommodate the total demand for the potential 100 Caltrain users. There is also a pick-up/drop-off location at Decoto Road/Ozark Park Way in Fremont, CA.
- Subsidized Transit Tickets: Caltrain Go Passes will be provided to employees at no cost to the employees. The Caltrain Go Pass allows for unlimited rides, seven days a week. The cost of the Go Pass is \$180 per person, but a minimum of \$15,120 per employer. This equates to 84 Go Passes at a minimum to distribute to all employees. For TDM calculations, it was assumed that 100 Go Passes will be provided for this specific site.
- Preferential Carpool Parking: 32 preferential carpool parking spaces are provided. The
  carpool parking spaces will be located close to the building's entrances to provide an
  incentive for employees to carpool. Marked carpool parking spaces will be shown on the
  proposed site plan.
- Commute Assistance Center: A Commute Assistance Center will be provided with the
  following features: transit brochure rack, computer kiosk connected to internet, telephone,
  and a desk and chairs. The center should encourage employees to use transit to commute to
  work and provide ease of access to determine the optimal mode of transportation home.
- Monthly Allowance for Bicyclists, Walkers, and Carpoolers: A monthly allowance of \$20 will be offered to those employees who walk, bicycle, or carpool to work. This measure provides further incentive to not drive alone to work. The \$20 monthly allowance equates to approximately \$1 per day.
- Flexible work hours: Employees will be offered the opportunity to work a flexible work schedule. Employees can work outside the traditional 8 AM to 5 PM work day. This measure will result in employees avoiding the AM peak (7 AM to 9 AM) and PM peak (4 PM and 6 PM) for their daily commute. It is anticipated that 35 employees would participate in this flexible work schedule.
- Combination of Two Elements: Combining at least two elements in the TDM program
  results in five additional peak hour trips. By offering complimentary TDM elements,
  experience has shown that the effectiveness of the program increases.

As shown in **Table 3**, the proposed TDM measures total to 512 trip credits. Although the TDM program results in 512 trip credits, the effectiveness of the TDM program was calculated separately.



#### EFFECTIVENESS OF TDM PROGRAM ELEMENTS

The effectiveness of the TDM plan was predicted using the COMMUTER model developed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The COMMUTER model is a spreadsheet based model that predicts the travel and emission effects resulting from an employer implemented transportation management program. The model allows for inputs to local work-trip mode shares, work trip lengths, vehicle occupancy, financial incentives for alternative modes of transportation, employer participation rates, and the level of each program to determine the predicted trip reduction rates. After inputting the specific TDM measures mentioned in **Table 3** for the proposed project, the anticipated trip reduction percentage is 21.1 percent. The 21.1 percent effectiveness is similar to other TDM plans in the local area. The COMMUTER model output for this project is shown in **Attachment B**.

The anticipated trip reduction of 21.1 percent was applied to the proposed project trips only, not the trip credits. **Table 4** shows the trip generation summary including the previous use trip credits and the TDM trip reduction.

Vehicle Trips Uses **AM PM Daily Peak Peak** Proposed Use Trips 174 1,316 189 TDM Trip Reduction (21.1%) -278 -40 -36 Previous Use Trip Credits -1,178 -134 -133 **Net New Trips** -140 15 5

Table 4 - Trip Generation Summary with Trip Credits

The net new trips for the proposed project after taking trip credits for the previous use and the TDM program are -140 daily trips, 15 AM peak hour trips, and five PM peak hour trips. The 15 AM peak hour trips and five PM peak hour trips are below the City's threshold of 16 peak hour trips (the equivalent number of peak hour trips for a 10 KSF office building).

# Attachment A

# 1315 O'Brien Trip Generation Table

TIME PERIOD		LAND USE		Trip Rate			Trips		
TIME PERIOD				Out	Total	ln	Out	Total	
		Warehousing (162.839 KSF)	1.78	1.78	3.56	280	280	560	
	Previous	General Office Building (56.002 KSF)	5.515	5.515	11.03	309	309	618	
		Total Previous Use Daily Trips				(589)	(589)	(1,178)	
		Research and Development Center (113.382 KSF)	4.06	4.06	8.11	460	460	920	
Daily		Manufacturing (45.796 KSF)	1.91	1.91	3.82	88	88	176	
	Proposed	Warehousing (61.338 KSF)	1.78	1.78	3.56	110	110	220	
		Total Proposed Use Daily Trips				658	658	1,316	
		TDM Reduction (21.1%)				(139)	(139)	(278)	
		Net New Daily Trips				(70)	(70)	(140)	
		Warehousing (162.839 KSF)	0.24	0.06	0.30	37	10	47	
	Previous	General Office Building (56.002 KSF)	1.37	0.19	1.56	77	10	87	
		Total Previous Use AM Trips				(114)	(20)	(134)	
	Proposed	Research and Development Center (113.382 KSF)	1.01	0.21	1.22	115	23	138	
AM Peak		Manufacturing (45.796 KSF)	0.57	0.16	0.73	26	7	33	
		Warehousing (61.338 KSF)	0.24	0.06	0.30	14	4	18	
		Total Proposed Use AM Trips				155	34	189	
		TDM Reduction (21.1%)				(33)	(7)	(40)	
		Net New AM Peak Trips				8	7	15	
		Warehousing (162.839 KSF)	0.08	0.24	0.32	13	37	50	
	Previous	General Office Building (56.002 KSF)	0.25	1.24	1.49	14	69	83	
		Total Previous Use PM Trips				(27)	(106)	(133)	
		Research and Development Center (113.382 KSF)	0.16	0.91	1.07	18	103	121	
PM Peak		Manufacturing (45.796 KSF)	0.26	0.47	0.73	12	21	33	
	Proposed	Warehousing (61.338 KSF)	0.08	0.24	0.32	5	15	20	
		Total Proposed Use PM Trips				35	139	174	
		TDM Reduction (21.1%)				(7)	(29)	(36)	
		Net New PM Peak Trips				1	4	5	

# **Attachment B**

# **COMMUTER MODEL RESULTS**

## **SCENARIO INFORMATION**

Description	C/CAG Base TDM Program
Scenario Filename	Tarlton1315-incAltWorkWeek.vme
Emission Factor File	
Performing Agency	Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc
Analyst	Ben Huie
Metropolitan Area	Menlo Park, CA
Area Size	1 - Large (over 2 million)
Analysis Scope	2 - Site or Employer-Based
Analysis Area/Site	1315 O'Brien Drive
Total Employment	360

## **PROGRAMS EVALUATED**

Х	Site Walk Access Improvements
	Transit Service Improvements
Х	Financial Incentives
Х	Employer Support Programs
Х	Alternative Work Schedules
	•

User-Supplied Final Mode Shares

#### **MODE SHARE IMPACTS**

Mode	Baseline	Final	%Change
Drive Alone	70.5%	55.2%	-15.3%
Carpool	6.5%	9.0%	+2.5%
Vanpool	0.0%	0.0%	+0.0%
Transit	4.3%	17.4%	+13.1%
Bicycle	7.3%	8.6%	+1.3%
Pedestrian	2.7%	2.8%	+0.1%
Other	8.7%	7.0%	-1.7%
No Trip	-	0.0%	+0.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	-

Shifted from Peak to Off-Peak	1.1%

## TRAVEL IMPACTS (relative to affected employment)

Quantity	Peak	Off-Peak	Total
Baseline VMT	4,483	2,818	7,301
Final VMT	3,688	2,425	6,113
VMT Reduction	794	394	1,188
% VMT Reduction	17.7%	14.0%	16.3%
Baseline Trips	324	204	528
Final Trips	256	170	426
Trip Reduction	68	34	102
% Trip Reduction	21.1%	16.6%	19.4%

# **Community Development**



#### **STAFF REPORT**

Planning Commission
Meeting Date: 11/7/2016
Staff Report Number: 16-091-PC

Regular Business: Architectural Control Revision/Rob Fischer/1090 El

Camino Real (555 Santa Cruz Avenue)

#### Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission approve a request for architectural control revision to allow roll-down security gates to be installed at three building entry locations along Santa Cruz Avenue, at 1090 El Camino Real in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district. The recommended actions are included as Attachment A.

## **Policy Issues**

Each architectural control request is considered individually. The Planning Commission should consider whether the required architectural control findings can be made for the proposal.

#### **Background**

#### Site location

The subject site is located at the southeast corner of El Camino Real and Santa Cruz Avenue, with El Camino Real oriented in a north-south direction. The applicant recently received approval to change the address of the subject site from 1090 El Camino Real to 555 Santa Cruz Avenue. The Menlo Center development, which occupies the remainder of the city block, consists of a mix of commercial uses (retail, restaurant, and offices). The Caltrain parking lot and train station is directly to the east, and a mix of commercial uses (restaurants, retail, offices) are located to the north, south, and west of the subject city block. The property across the street to the north at 556-558 Santa Cruz Avenue is a mixed use building containing commercial space on the ground floor and residential units above. All properties on adjacent blocks are also in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district.

#### Previous development review

On February 10, 2014, the Planning Commission approved an architectural control application at 1090 El Camino Real in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district. The project includes exterior modifications to an existing two-story commercial building in conjunction with a restaurant use. The approved exterior modifications include removing an existing arbor in the plaza shared with Menlo Center (1010 El Camino Real), relocating the main entry from the El Camino Real frontage to the Santa Cruz Avenue frontage, installing a new canopy at the main entry, adding a new exterior staircase on the Santa Cruz Avenue frontage, and constructing a new rooftop deck at the rear of the existing building. The rooftop deck includes an elevator penthouse, stair enclosure, and a canopy shade structure. The proposed restaurant includes outdoor seating on the ground floor in the plaza, as well as on the rooftop deck. The gross floor area for the building will not increase as part of the project.

On October 24, 2014, a substantial conformance memorandum was sent to the Planning Commission to review exterior changes to the approved elevations. The primary changes included exterior modifications and redistribution of existing gross floor area to allow an enclosed kitchen on the roof deck. The Planning Commission declined to pull the item for discussion, so these revisions were approved by staff.

On August 4, 2016, a subsequent substantial conformance memorandum was sent to the Planning Commission to review additional exterior changes to the approved elevations. The primary changes included changes to the building's color scheme, installation of screening for plumbing equipment, relocation of an electrical equipment cabinet, and installation of additional glass panel guardrails and light fixtures at the rooftop deck. The Planning Commission declined to pull the item for discussion, so these revisions were also approved by staff.

## **Analysis**

#### **Project description**

The applicant is proposing to install motorized roll-down metal security gates at three building entrances along Santa Cruz Avenue, including the at main entrance, and at the vestibule areas for stairs #2 and #3. According to the applicant, the roll-down gates are necessary to secure these alcoves from trespassers, transients, and other unwelcome activity due to the site's proximity to the Caltrain station. The gates would be fully retracted in their open position during business hours, at which time they would not be visible from the street. The restaurant's business hours would be seven days a week, from 8:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m., with 10:00 p.m. being the earliest closing time. The gates would be opened and closed electronically through controls inside the vestibule areas, with the ability to raise them manually in the event of an emergency.

As part of the previous architectural control application, the applicant had initially proposed metal roll-down gates to secure the vestibule areas for stairs #2 and #3. The initial design consisted of a metal chain curtain that would provide a security barrier to the stair vestibule areas while remaining visible and open to the street, with a similar aesthetic to roll-down gates employed by stores inside a shopping mall. At the time, staff believed that the aesthetics of the roll-down gate was not ideal, and recommended revisiting this component in the future, and only if there is a demonstrated security need. Condition 4a of the approval allowed staff to review roll-down gates or other security features at the vestibule areas for stairs #2 and #3, to be considered based on a demonstrated need for additional security and in conjunction with the proposed business hours.

The aesthetics of the metal security gates as currently proposed would be more opaque than the design previously contemplated, and would be a more visible feature along the Santa Cruz Avenue frontage, since they would also be installed at the main entrance vestibule. The proposal would not constitute or otherwise affect the gross floor area of the building since the gates would be rolled up the majority of the time. Furthermore, the applicant has already installed the gates. Staff believes that the current proposal would exceed staff's purview under Condition 4a, and requires a revision to the architectural control approval.

The applicant's project description letter describes the proposal in more detail, and is included as Attachment C.

### Design and materials

The proposed security gates would be constructed of aluminum perforated with a square hole pattern, and would have a natural aluminum matted finish. The coil housing that the gates roll up into would consist of painted metal matching the dark grey of adjacent storefront and windows, where the coil and coil housing would be integrated into the wall assembly and would not project beyond the adjacent walls. The motors

powering the roll-down gates would be installed inside the building and would not be visible from the street. According to Specific Plan standard E.3.5.23, storefronts should only be shuttered for security reasons, and the shutters should be located on the inside of store windows and allow for maximum visibility of the interior. The proposed security gates at the main entrance would be unique in that they would need to be installed outside the storefront windows in order to effectively secure this vestibule area. The remaining two security gate locations at the vestibule areas for stairs #2 and #3 do not have storefront windows, as they are intended to function as service entries and/or comply with building exiting requirements. The applicant has already installed the security gates without staff review or benefit of permits, and the overall appearance of the gates can be seen in the photographs on Attachment E.

#### Conclusion

Staff believes that the installation of metal security gates is not supported by a demonstrated need for security at the present time as the restaurant is still under construction and is not yet in operation; however, given that the gates would only be down and visible from the hours of 10:00 p.m. to 8:00 a.m., they would have a minimal visual impact to the streetscape during daytime hours.

#### **Impact on City Resources**

The project sponsor is required to pay Planning, Building and Public Works permit fees, based on the City's Master Fee Schedule, to fully cover the cost of staff time spent on the review of the project.

#### **Environmental Review**

The Specific Plan process included detailed review of projected environmental impacts through a program Environmental Impact Report (EIR), as required by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). In compliance with CEQA requirements, the Draft EIR was released in April 2011, with a public comment period that closed in June 2011. The Final EIR, incorporating responses to Draft EIR comments, as well as text changes to part of the Draft EIR itself, was released in April 2012, and certified along with the final Plan approvals in June 2012.

The proposed project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. As such, no additional environmental analysis is required above and beyond the Specific Plan EIR. Relevant mitigation measures from this EIR have been included as part of the approved Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) that was approved as part of the previous architectural control application, and have since been implemented. The proposed changes would not affect the preservation of the character-defining historic elements of the building in accordance with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards; therefore, the proposed project would not result in any significant impacts to historic resources.

#### **Public Notice**

Public Notification was achieved by posting the agenda, with the agenda items being listed, at least 72 hours prior to the meeting. Public notification also consisted of publishing a notice in the local newspaper and notification by mail of owners and occupants within a 300-foot radius of the subject property.

Staff Report #: 16-091-PC

## **Appeal Period**

The Planning Commission action will be effective after 15 days unless the action is appealed to the City Council, in which case the outcome of the application shall be determined by the City Council.

#### **Attachments**

- A. Recommended Actions
- B. Location Map
- C. Project Description Letter
- D. Project Plans
- E. Photographs of Existing Security Gates As Installed

#### **Disclaimer**

Attached are reduced versions of maps and diagrams submitted by the applicants. The accuracy of the information in these drawings is the responsibility of the applicants, and verification of the accuracy by City Staff is not always possible. The original full-scale maps, drawings and exhibits are available for public viewing at the Community Development Department.

# **Exhibits to Be Provided at Meeting**

Material sample

Report prepared by: Jean Lin, Senior Planner

Report reviewed by:

Thomas Rogers, Principal Planner

#### 1090 El Camino Real – Attachment A: Recommended Actions

LOCATION: 1090 EI
Camino Real (555 Santa Cruz Avenue)

PROJECT NUMBER: APPLICANT: Robert Fischer

OWNER: Dennis Grimsman

**REQUEST:** Request for an architectural control revision to allow metal roll-down doors to be installed at three building entrances along Santa Cruz Avenue in conjunction with a restaurant use at an existing commercial building in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district.

DECISION ENTITY: Planning
Commission

DATE: November 7, 2016
ACTION: TBD

VOTE: TBD (Combs, Ferrick, Goodhue, Kadvany, Kahle, Onken, Strehl)

#### **ACTION:**

- 1. Make findings with regard to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) that the proposal is within the scope of the project covered by the El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan Program EIR, which was certified on June 5, 2012. Specifically, make findings that:
  - a. The project is categorically exempt under Class 1 (Section 15301, "Existing Facilities") of the current CEQA Guidelines.
  - b. Relevant mitigation measures have been incorporated into the project through the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program approved on February 10, 2014.
- 2. Adopt the following findings, as per Section 16.68.020 of the Zoning Ordinance, pertaining to architectural control approval:
  - a. The general appearance of the structure is in keeping with the character of the neighborhood.
  - b. The development will not be detrimental to the harmonious and orderly growth of the City.
  - c. The development will not impair the desirability of investment or occupation in the neighborhood.
  - d. The development provides adequate parking as required in all applicable city ordinances and has made adequate provisions for access to such parking.
  - e. The development is consistent with the El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan.
- 3. Approve the use permit and architectural control subject to the following **standard** conditions:
  - a. Development of the project shall be substantially in conformance with the plans prepared by CCS Architecture consisting of three plan sheets, dated received November 2, 2016, and approved by the Planning Commission on November 7, 2016, except as modified by the conditions contained herein, subject to review and approval by the Planning Division.
  - b. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall comply with all Sanitary District, Menlo Park Fire Protection District, and utility companies' regulations that are directly applicable to the project.
  - c. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicants shall comply with all requirements of the Building Division, Engineering Division, and Transportation Division that are directly applicable to the project.
  - d. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall submit a plan for any new utility installations or upgrades for review and approval by the Planning, Engineering and Building Divisions. All utility equipment that is installed outside of a building and that cannot be placed underground shall be properly screened by landscaping. The existing curb inlet shall be

**PAGE**: 1 of 2

#### 1090 El Camino Real – Attachment A: Recommended Actions

LOCATION: 1090 EI	PROJECT NUMBER:	APPLICANT: Robert	OWNER: Dennis
Camino Real (555 Santa	PLN2016-00094	Fischer	Grimsman
Cruz Avenue)			

**REQUEST:** Request for an architectural control revision to allow metal roll-down doors to be installed at three building entrances along Santa Cruz Avenue in conjunction with a restaurant use at an existing commercial building in the SP-ECR/D (El Camino Real/Downtown Specific Plan) zoning district.

DECISION ENTITY: Planning
Commission

DATE: November 7, 2016
ACTION: TBD

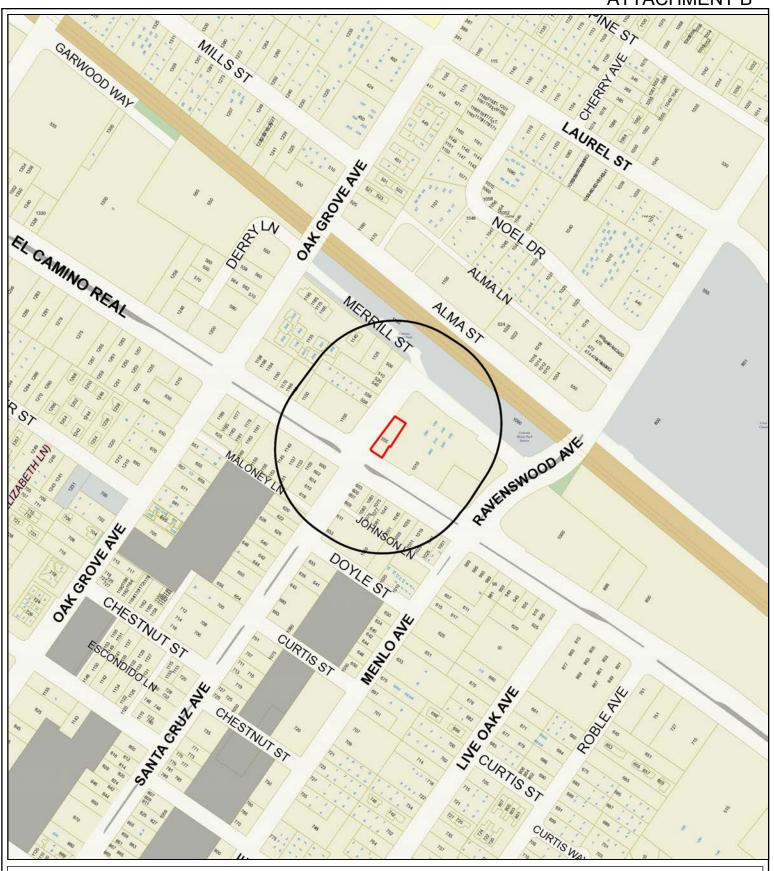
VOTE: TBD (Combs, Ferrick, Goodhue, Kadvany, Kahle, Onken, Strehl)

#### **ACTION:**

converted to a junction box and install a new curb inlet per City's standards. The plan shall show exact locations of all meters, back flow prevention devices, transformers, junction boxes, relay boxes, and other equipment boxes.

- e. Simultaneous with the submittal of a complete building permit application, the applicant shall submit plans indicating the removal of the existing curb, gutter, and sidewalk and installation of new curb, gutter, sidewalk, and planting strip per City standards along the entire property frontage. The plans shall be submitted for review and approval of the Engineering Division.
- f. Prior to commencing any construction activities in the public right-of-way or public easements, including, but not limited to, installation of the proposed canopy over the public sidewalk, the applicant shall obtain an encroachment permit for review and approval of the Engineering Division.
- 4. Approve the architectural control revision subject to the following **ongoing project-specific** conditions:
  - a. All outdoor noise amplification must meet required noise levels at any residential property line in accordance with the Noise Ordinance.
  - b. Any citation or notification of violation by the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control or other agency having responsibility to assure public health and safety for the sale of alcoholic beverages will be grounds for considering revocation of the use permit.
- 5. Approve the architectural control revision subject to the following *project-specific* conditions:
  - a. The roll-down metal security gates shall remain rolled up in their open position seven days a week during the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.

**PAGE**: 2 of 2





City of Menlo Park Location Map 1090 El Camino Real



Scale: 1:3,600 Drawn By: JPL Checked By: JPL Date: 11/7/2016 S

Sheet: 1

11.01.16

Jean Lin
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Menlo Park, CA 94025
phone (650) 330-6735
email jplin@menlopark.org



NOV 0 2 2016

CITY OF MENLO PARK BUILDING

RE: 1090 El Camino Real (BLD2014-00769), Roll-down security gates

The applicant is proposing the use of motorized roll-down metal security gates in the building alcoves facing onto Santa Cruz Ave. The purpose of the gates is to serve as a deterrent to trespassing, homeless camping, vandalism, or any other illegal use or other unwelcome activity within the street alcoves. The applicant deems this as necessary due to the immediate area's higher crime rate, as well as the building's proximity to the Menlo Park rail station, where homeless camping is a common occurrence.

The gates as proposed would be fully retracted in their open position during business hours, approximately 7AM-closing, and would not be visible to passers-by during these hours. The gates proposed are aluminum with a square hole pattern, with natural aluminum finish that is easier to maintainin, in the event of tagging, than paint. The coil housing that the gates roll up into are painted metal, the same color as the adjacent building windows and storefront. The coil and coil housing would be built to be integrated into the wall assembly so as not to project beyond the adjacent wall finish.

The gates are opened and closed with a push button inside of vestibule and a keyed electronic switch mounted on wall outside the vestibule. In the event of an emergency power outage when gates are down, the gates may be raised fully into the open position by means of a manual pull switch located inside the vestibule. The pull switch will comply with CBC section 1008.1.4.2 where power operated doors are part of the means of egress (see attached building code excerpt for reference).

Signage would be posted in vestibule stating that "DOOR TO REMAIN OPEN WHILE BUILDING IS OCCUPIED." Additional signage will be provided noting operation in case of emergency. The signage will comply with CBC section 1008.1.9.3 where lockable doors are part of the means of egress (see attached building code excerpt for reference).

Sincerely, Timothy Quayle, Senior Associate CCS Architecture (415) 864-2800 x 320 tquayle@ccs-architecture.com

- areas within the building which are within 75 feet (22 860 mm) of the revolving doors.
- 4. There is an actuation of a manual control switch, in an approved location and clearly defined, which reduces the holding force to below the 130-pound (578 N) force level.

1008.1.4.2 Power-operated doors. Where means of egress doors are operated by power, such as doors with a photoelectric-actuated mechanism to open the door upon the approach of a person, or doors with powerassisted manual operation, the design shall be such that in the event of power failure, the door is capable of being opened manually to permit means of egress travel or closed where necessary to safeguard means of egress. The forces required to open these doors manually shall not exceed those specified in Section 1008.1.3, except that the force to set the door in motion shall not exceed 50 pounds (220 N). The door shall be capable of swinging from any position to the full width of the opening in which such door is installed when a force is applied to the door on the side from which egress is made. Full-power-operated doors shall comply with BHMA A156.10. Power-assisted and lowenergy doors shall comply with BHMA A156.19.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Occupancies in Group I-3.
- 2. Horizontal sliding doors complying with Section 1008.1.4.3.
- 3. For a biparting door in the emergency breakout mode, a door leaf located within a multiple-leaf opening shall be exempt from the minimum 32-inch (813 mm) single-leaf requirement of Section 1008.1.1, provided a minimum 32-inch (813 mm) clear opening is provided when the two biparting leaves meeting in the center are broken out.

**1008.1.4.3 Horizontal sliding doors.** In other than Group H occupancies, horizontal sliding doors permitted to be a component of a means of egress in accordance with Exception 6 to Section 1008.1.2 shall comply with all of the following criteria:

- 1. The doors shall be power operated and shall be capable of being operated manually in the event of power failure.
- 2. The doors shall be openable by a simple method from both sides without special knowledge or effort.
- 3. The force required to operate the door shall not exceed 30 pounds (133 N) to set the door in motion and 15 pounds (67 N) to close the door or open it to the minimum required width.
- 4. The door shall be openable with a force not to exceed 15 pounds (67 N) when a force of 250 pounds (1100 N) is applied perpendicular to the door adjacent to the operating device.

- 5. The door assembly shall comply with the applicable fire protection rating and, where rated, shall be self-closing or automatic closing by smoke detection in accordance with Section 716.5.9.3, shall be installed in accordance with NFPA 80 and shall comply with Section 716.
- 6. The door assembly shall have an integrated standby power supply.
- 7. The door assembly power supply shall be electrically supervised.
- 8. The door shall open to the minimum required width within 10 seconds after activation of the operating device.

1008.1.4.4 Security grilles. In Groups B, F, M and S, horizontal sliding or vertical security grilles are permitted at the main exit and shall be openable from the inside without the use of a key or special knowledge or effort during periods that the space is occupied. The grilles shall remain secured in the full-open position during the period of occupancy by the general public. Where two or more means of egress are required, not more than one-half of the exits or exit access doorways shall be equipped with horizontal sliding or vertical security grilles.

1008.1.5 Floor elevation. There shall be a floor or landing on each side of a door. Such floor or landing shall be at the same elevation on each side of the door. Landings shall be level except for exterior landings, which are permitted to have a slope not to exceed 0.25 unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (2-percent slope).

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Doors serving individual dwelling units in Groups R-2 and R-3 where the following apply:
  - 1.1. A door is permitted to open at the top step of an interior flight of stairs, provided the door does not swing over the top step.
  - 1.2. Screen doors and storm doors are permitted to swing over stairs or landings.
- 2. Exterior doors as provided for in Section 1003.5, Exception 1, and Section 1020.2, which are not on an accessible route.
- 3. In Group R-3 occupancies not required to be adaptable or accessible, the landing at an exterior doorway shall not be more than  $7^3/_4$  inches (197 mm) below the top of the threshold, provided the door, other than an exterior storm or screen door, does not swing over the landing.
- 4. Variations in elevation due to differences in finish materials, but not more than \(^{1}/\_{2}\) inch (12.7 mm).

1008.1.6 Landings at doors. Landings shall have a width not less than the width of the stairway or the door, whichever is greater. Doors in the fully open position shall not reduce a required dimension by more than 7 inches (178 mm). When a landing serves an occupant load of 50 or more, doors in any position shall not reduce the landing to

less than one-half its required width. Landings shall have a length measured in the direction of travel of not less than 44 inches (1118 mm).

Exception: Landing length in the direction of travel in Groups R-3 and U and within individual units of Group R-2 need not exceed 36 inches (914 mm).

1008.1.7 Thresholds. Thresholds at doorways shall not exceed  ${}^{3}/_{4}$  inch (19.1 mm) in height above the finished floor or landing for sliding doors serving dwelling units or  ${}^{1}/_{2}$  inch (12.7 mm) above the finished floor or landing for other doors. Raised thresholds and floor level changes greater than  ${}^{1}/_{4}$  inch (6.4 mm) at doorways shall be beveled with a slope not greater than one unit vertical in two units horizontal (50-percent slope).

**Exception:** In occupancy Group R-2 or R-3, threshold heights for sliding and side-hinged exterior doors shall be permitted to be up to  $7^3/_4$  inches (197 mm) in height if all of the following apply:

- 1. The door is not part of the required means of egress.
- 2. The door is not part of an accessible route as required by Chapter 11A or 11B.
- 3. The door is not part of an adaptable or accessible dwelling unit.

1008.1.8 Door arrangement. Space between two doors in a series shall be 48 inches (1219 mm) minimum plus the width of a door swinging into the space. Doors in a series shall swing either in the same direction or away from the space between the doors.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. The minimum distance between horizontal sliding power-operated doors in a series shall be 48 inches (1219 mm).
- 2. Storm and screen doors serving individual dwelling units in Groups R-2 and R-3 need not be spaced 48 inches (1219 mm) from the other door.
- 3. Doors within individual dwelling units in Groups R-2 and R-3 other than *adaptable or accessible* dwelling units.

1008.1.9 Door operations. Except as specifically permitted by this section egress doors shall be readily openable from the egress side without the use of a key or special knowledge or effort.

1008.1.9.1 Hardware. Door handles, pulls, latches, locks and other operating devices on doors required to be accessible by Chapter 11A or 11B shall not require tight grasping, tight pinching or twisting of the wrist to operate.

These design requirements for door handles, pulls, latches, locks and other operating devices, intended for use on required means of egress doors in other than Group R and M occupancies with an occupant load of 10 or less, shall comply with SFM Standard 12-10-2, Section 12-10-202 contained in the CCR, Title 24, Part 12, California Referenced Standards Code.

1008.1.9.2 Hardware height. Door handles, pulls, latches, locks and other operating devices shall be installed 34 inches (864 mm) minimum and 48 inches (1219 mm) maximum above the finished floor. Locks used only for security purposes and not used for normal operation are permitted at any height.

Exception: Access doors or gates in barrier walls and fences protecting pools, spas and hot tubs shall be permitted to have operable parts of the release of latch on self-latching devices at 54 inches (1370 mm) maximum above the finished floor or ground, provided the self-latching devices are not also self-locking devices operated by means of a key, electronic opener or integral combination lock.

**1008.1.9.3 Locks and latches.** Locks and latches shall be permitted to prevent operation of doors where any of the following exists:

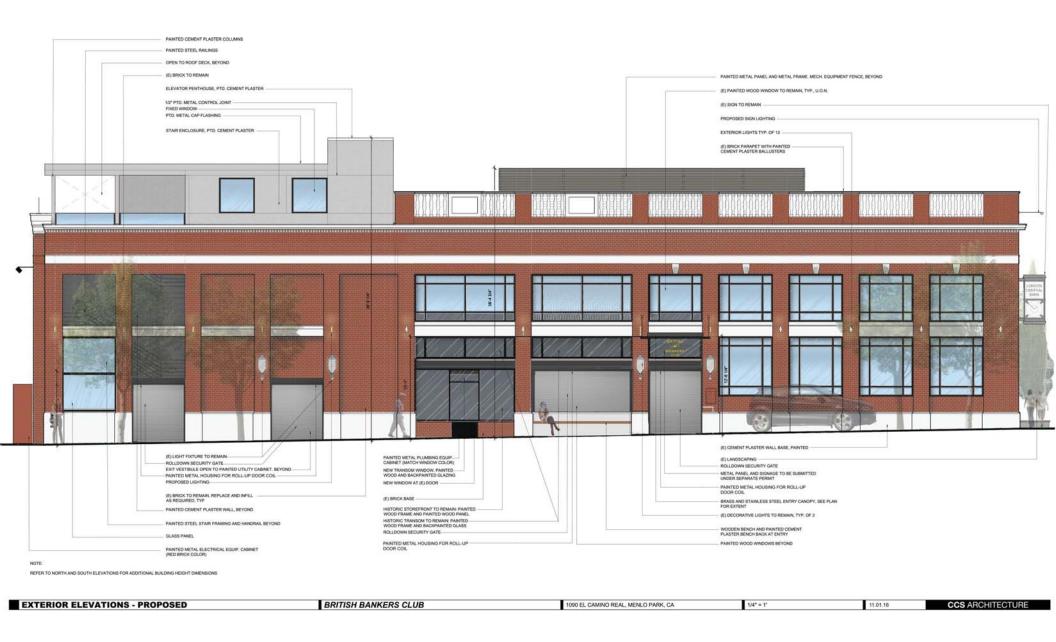
- 1. Places of detention or restraint.
- 2. In buildings in occupancy Group A having an occupant load of 300 or less, Groups B, F, M and S, and in places of religious worship, the main exterior door or doors are permitted to be equipped with key-operated locking devices from the egress side provided:
  - 2.1. The locking device is readily distinguishable as locked;
  - 2.2. A readily visible durable sign is posted on the egress side on or adjacent to the door stating: THIS DOOR TO REMAIN UNLOCKED WHEN BUILDING IS OCCUPIED. The sign shall be in letters 1 inch (25 mm) high on a contrasting background; and
  - 2.3. The use of the key-operated locking device is revokable by the building official for due cause.
- 3. Where egress doors are used in pairs, approved automatic flush bolts shall be permitted to be used, provided that the door leaf having the automatic flush bolts has no doorknob or surfacemounted hardware.
- 4. Doors from individual dwelling or sleeping units of Group R occupancies having an occupant load of 10 or less are permitted to be equipped with a night latch, dead bolt or security chain, provided such devices are openable from the inside without the use of a key or tool.
- 5. Fire doors after the minimum elevated temperature has disabled the unlatching mechanism in accordance with listed fire door test procedures.

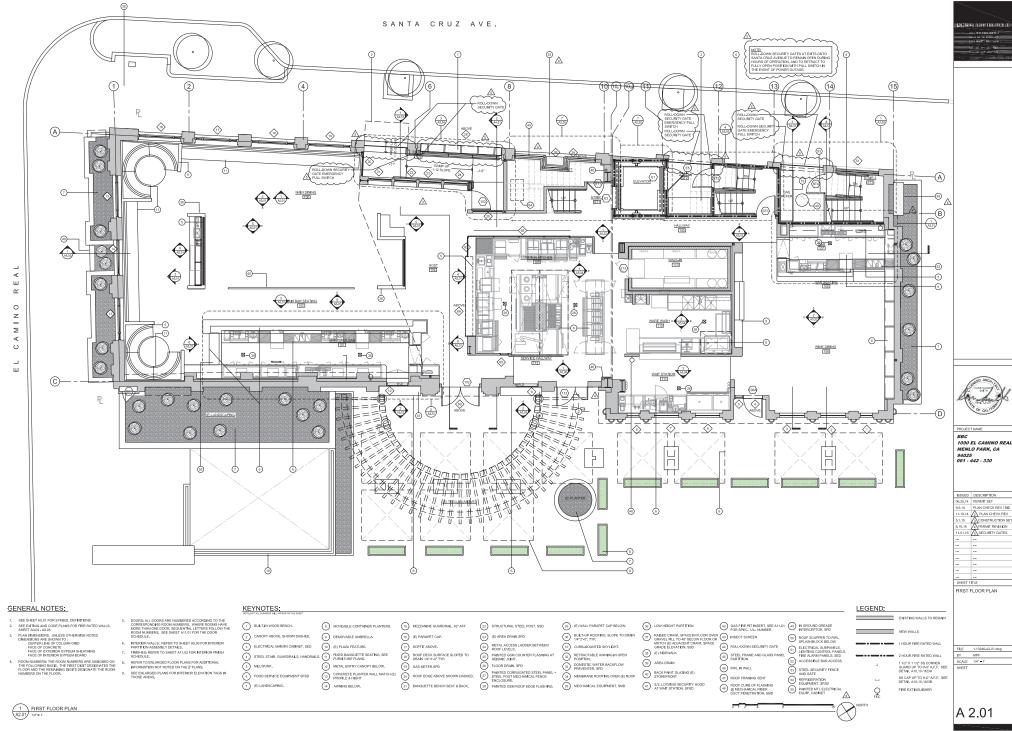
1008.1.9.4 Bolt locks. Manually operated flush bolts or surface bolts are not permitted.

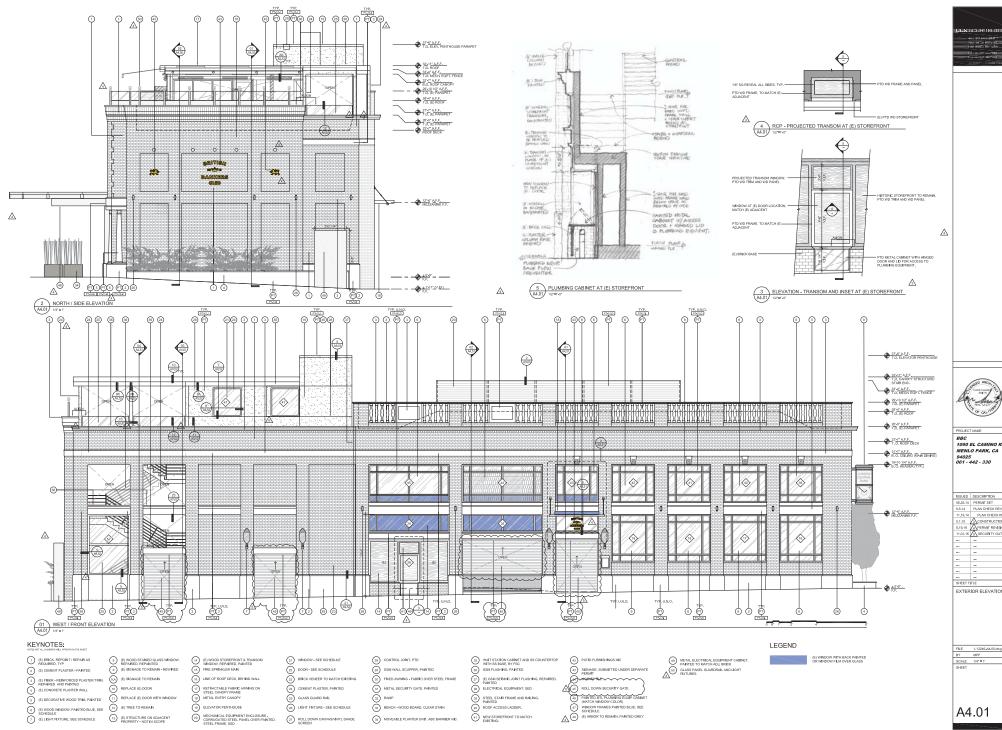
#### **Exceptions:**

1. On doors not required for egress in individual dwelling units or sleeping units.

# ATTACHMENT D









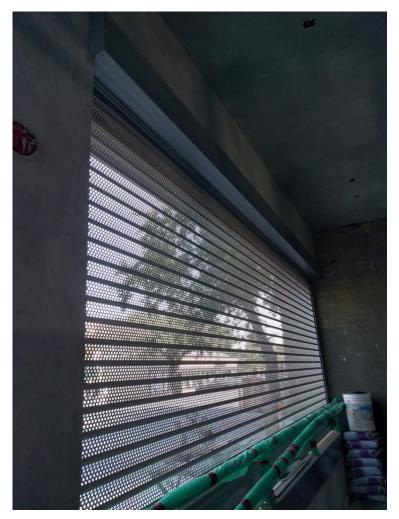
06.25.14 PEAN CHECK REV / BI
11.19.14 PLAN CHECK REV
5.1.15 CONSTRUCTION SE
8.19.16 PERMIT REVISION
11.01.16 SECURITY GATES

EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

FILE 1.13246-A4.00.dwg



Security gate rolled down at the main entrance



Interior view of security gate